YEAR 35 PROPOSED

CONSOLIDATED PLAN

FISCAL YEAR 2010
As Amended June 4, 2009



Deborah McColloch, Director

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Director of Housing, on behalf of the City, to file applications with the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for a Community Development Block Grant (CDBG); to participate in the HOME Investment Partnership program and the Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) program; and for a Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) grant; and to file applications with the Commonwealth to obtain grants under the Act of April 12, 1956, P.L. 1449, Section 4, as amended, to prevent and eliminate blight; authorizing the Director of Housing and Director of Commerce to file applications to obtain other grants from the Commonwealth; authorizing the Director of Commerce to use the Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program; and authorizing the Director of Housing and the Director of Commerce to enter into all understandings and assurances contained in such applications and take all necessary action to accept the grants; all under certain terms and conditions.

THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA HEREBY ORDAINS:

SECTION I

The Director of Housing, on behalf of the City, is hereby authorized to file an application with the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for a Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) in an amount up to fifty-two million two hundred seventy thousand seven hundred ninety-four dollars (\$52,270,794) under Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-383), as amended, including all understandings and assurances therein.

SECTION 2

The Director of Housing is hereby designated as the authorized representative of the City to act in connection with the application and is hereby directed to provide such additional information as may be required by HUD, to take such additional actions as may be required to complete the application, and to accept the grant.

SECTION 3

The provision in the application providing for the use of up to thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) for interim construction financing is approved subject to the provision that the amount of fifty-two million two hundred seventy thousand seven hundred ninety-four dollars (\$52,270,794) contained in the CDBG Application is awarded.

Further, said monies shall only be made available for obligation upon certification by the Director of Finance that unexpended CDBG funds are available for Interim Construction Assistance and that any amounts made available are guaranteed by an irrevocable Letter of Credit or other security acceptable to the Director of Finance. At such time the Director of Finance may authorize amounts to be provided from this appropriation

which amounts shall be financed by CDBG revenues. Amounts which are repaid shall be credited as program income to finance Community Development activities.

SECTION 4

In accordance with the application, the Director of Finance is specifically authorized, with the concurrence of HUD to, as of June 30, 2008, transfer all unliquidated encumbrances and other available balances for Community Development Program Year XXXII to Program Year XXXIII. Further, any questioned cost items from Program Year XXXI which are determined by HUD to be ineligible costs shall be transferred to Program Year XXXIII, after such costs are removed. Program regulations governing such transferred funds shall be determined by HUD. The Director of Finance shall notify the Clerk of Council periodically concerning Program Year XXXIII transfers.

SECTION 5

The Director of Housing is hereby authorized, on behalf of the City, to file an application, including all understandings and assurances therein, with HUD for up to sixteen million five hundred forty-five thousand three hundred ninety-two dollars (\$16,545,392) under the HOME Investment Partnership program under Title II of the National Affordable Housing Act of 1990 (P.L. 101-625), to enter into an agreement with HUD to implement the HOME Investment Partnership program, and to take any and all other action necessary to complete the application, participate in the HOME Investment Partnership program, and otherwise carry out the purposes of this ordinance.

SECTION 6

The Director of Housing is hereby authorized, on behalf of the City, to file an application, including all understandings and assurances therein, with HUD for up to eight million seven hundred sixteen thousand three hundred seventy-six dollars (\$8,716,376) under the AIDS Housing Opportunity Act (42 U.S.C. 12901) for a Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) grant, to enter into an agreement with HUD to implement the HOPWA program, and to take any and all other action necessary to complete the application, participate in the HOPWA program, and otherwise carry out the purposes of this ordinance.

SECTION 7

The Director of Housing is hereby authorized, on behalf of the City, to file an application, including all understandings and assurances therein, with HUD for up to two million three hundred three thousand four hundred six dollars (\$2,303,406) under Title IV of the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act of 1987, as amended (P.L. 102-550), for an Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG), to enter into an agreement with HUD to implement the ESG program, and to take any and all other action necessary to complete the application, participate in the ESG program, and otherwise carry out the purposes of this ordinance.

SECTION 8

The applications for CDBG, HOME, HOPWA and ESG funding which the Director of Housing is authorized to file shall be substantially in the form set forth in Exhibit "A" hereto and

known as the Year 35 Consolidated Plan ("Plan"). The Chief Clerk of the Council shall keep copies of Exhibit "A" on file and make them available for inspection and review by the public.

SECTION 9

The Director of Housing, on behalf of the City, is hereby authorized to file an application or applications and, if an application or applications are accepted, to execute a contract or contracts with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to obtain a grant or grants for a blight prevention program under the Act of April 12, 1956, P.L. 1149, as amended, to prevent and eliminate blight in an activity(ies) as identified, determined and authorized by the Year 35 Consolidated Plan for housing and community development purposes in an amount not to exceed nine million dollars (\$9,000,000). The Director of Housing is further authorized to provide additional information and to furnish any documents as may be required by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to act as the authorized correspondent of the City. Concurrent with the filing of any application with the Commonwealth, copies shall be provided to the Chief Clerk of Council, who shall keep the application on file and make it available for inspection and review by the public.

SECTION 10

The City, through the Office of Housing and Community Development, will comply with laws and regulations dealing with the grant request for a State-Local blight prevention grant as stated in the Act of April 12, 1956, P.L. 1449, as amended; further, the City will assume the full local share of project costs; and further, the City will reimburse the Commonwealth for the State's share of any expenditure found by the Commonwealth to be ineligible.

SECTION 11

The Director of Housing, on behalf of the City, is hereby authorized to file an application or applications and, if an application or applications are accepted, to execute a contract or contracts with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to obtain a grant or grants from the Elm Street Program administered by the Department of Community and Economic Development in an amount not to exceed one million three hundred thousand dollars (\$1,300,000). The Director of Housing is further authorized to provide additional information and to furnish any documents as may be required by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to act as the authorized correspondent of the City. Concurrent with the filing of any application with the Commonwealth, copies shall be provided to the Chief Clerk of Council, who shall keep the application on file and make it available for inspection and review by the public. The City will assume the full local share of project costs; and further, the City will reimburse the Commonwealth for the State's share of any expenditure found by the Commonwealth to be ineligible.

SECTION 12

The Director of Commerce, on behalf of the City, is hereby authorized to file an application or applications and, if an application or applications are accepted, to execute a contract or contracts with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to obtain a grant or grants from the Main Street Program administered by the Department of Community and Economic Development in

an amount not to exceed one million three hundred thousand dollars (\$1,300,000). The Director of Commerce is further authorized to provide additional information and to furnish any documents as may be required by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to act as the authorized correspondent of the City. Concurrent with the filing of any application with the Commonwealth, copies shall be provided to the Chief Clerk of Council, who shall keep the application on file and make it available for inspection and review by the public. The City will assume the full local share of project costs; and further, the City will reimburse the Commonwealth for the State's share of any expenditure found by the Commonwealth to be ineligible.

SECTION 13

The Director of Housing, on behalf of the City, is hereby authorized to file an application or applications, including all understandings and assurances therein, and, if an application or applications are accepted, to execute a contract or contracts with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to obtain a grant or grants from the Neighborhood Stabilization Program administered by the Department of Community and Economic Development in an amount not to exceed six million dollars (\$6,000,000). The Director of Housing is further authorized to provide additional information and to furnish any documents as may be required by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to act as the authorized correspondent of the City. Concurrent with the filing of any application with the Commonwealth, copies shall be provided to the Chief Clerk of Council, who shall keep the application on file and make it available for inspection and review by the public. The City will assume the full local share of project costs; and further, the City will reimburse the Commonwealth for the State's share of any expenditure found by the Commonwealth to be ineligible.

SECTION 14

The Director of Commerce is hereby authorized, on behalf of the City, to file an application or applications, including all understandings and assurances therein, with HUD to use the Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program at a level up to twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000); to enter into an agreement with HUD to implement the loan guarantee program pursuant to such application; to pledge CDBG funds (including program income derived from such funds) which the City of Philadelphia is entitled to receive pursuant to Section 108 of the Act or other adequate security as determined by HUD and the City including but not limited to a promise to repay by the City as security for the repayment of loans guaranteed under the Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program; to execute notes evidencing the City's obligation to repay such loans; to act as the authorized representative of the City in connection with the application(s); and to take any and all other action necessary to complete the application(s), participate in the Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program and otherwise carry out the purposes of this Ordinance.

SECTION 15

The City Solicitor shall include in the grant applications and agreements referred to herein such other terms and conditions as she deems necessary or desirable to protect the best interest of the City.

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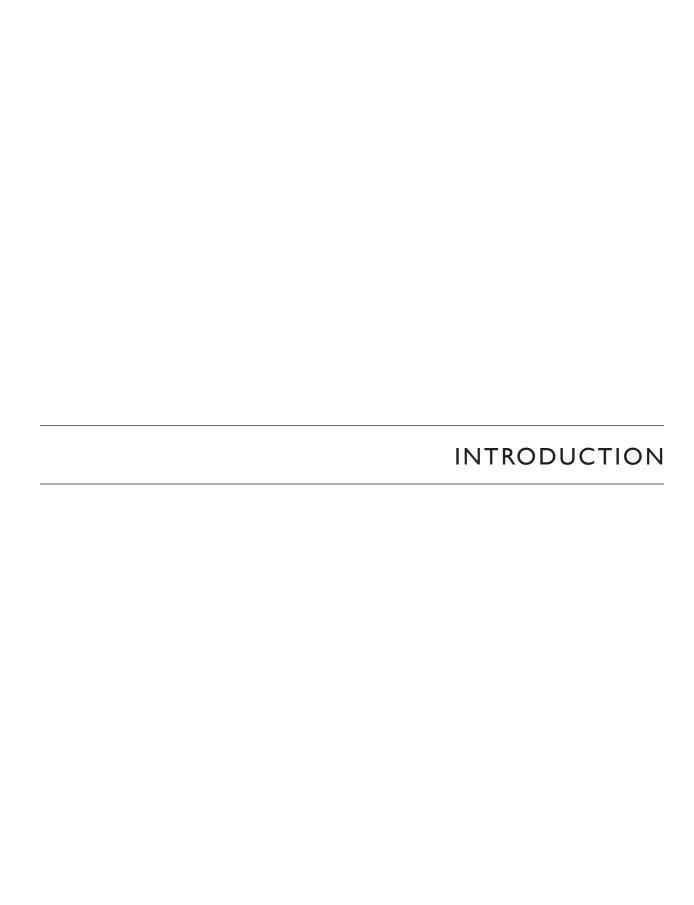
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Introduction

The Year 35 Consolidated Plan, published by the Office of Housing and Community Development (OHCD), replaces five documents previously required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD): the Final Statement and Plan for the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program, the HOME program description, the Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA) application, the Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) application and the Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS). OHCD publishes two versions of the Consolidated Plan for public review: the Preliminary Consolidated Plan and the Proposed Consolidated Plan, which is submitted to the Mayor and City Council for consideration. In accordance with the Citizen Participation Plan, included in the Appendices of this document, public hearings are held following publication of the Preliminary Consolidated Plan and publication of the Proposed Consolidated Plan. The Year 35 Consolidated Plan represents OHCD's plan and corresponding budget for housing and community development activities in Year 35, fiscal year 2010.

The housing and community development activities described in the Year 35 Consolidated Plan include housing production (the creation of new housing units through vacant structure rehabilitation or new housing construction); housing preservation (the maintenance and upgrading of existing housing stock which is occupied or suitable for occupancy); housing activities such as rental assistance and other activities for homeless persons and persons with special needs; public and social services, such as housing counseling; employment and training; and community economic development programs and services.

The primary resources available to support these activities include the Community Development Block Grant, and the HOME, ESG and HOPWA programs administered by HUD. Other funding sources include the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED),

the Philadelphia Housing Trust Fund earnings and program income generated by real estate sales and other activities.

OHCD is the lead agency overseeing the development of the Consolidated Plan. OHCD is responsible for policy making and planning related to housing and community development activities for the City of Philadelphia. OHCD is also responsible for the organization and administration of the housing budget. OHCD staff administers contracts with public agencies such as the Philadelphia Redevelopment Authority (RDA) and the Philadelphia Housing Development Corp. (PHDC) as well as with subrecipient nonprofit organizations which conduct planning activities and perform services in support of activities funded under the Consolidated Plan. In addition, as the largest CDBG entitlement community in the five-county metropolitan region, OHCD is the grantee and administrator of HOPWA funding for the entire region.

CONSOLIDATED PLANNING PROCESS

OHCD undertakes a planning process that calls for citizen participation to be obtained through public hearings and input to be solicited from relevant City agencies and other organizations providing housing services. A public hearing was held on the Year 35 Preliminary Consolidated Plan, and all citizen comments received were considered in developing the Year 35 Proposed Consolidated Plan. Public hearings on the Year 35 Proposed Consolidated Plan will be held in City Council. The City Council hearing meets the requirements for public review and comment which are outlined in the Citizen Participation Plan. The final version of the Year 35 Consolidated Plan as adopted by City Council will be submitted to HUD for review and approval.

CITIZEN PARTICIPATION

In accordance with 24 CFR Section 91.105, OHCD developed a Citizen Participation Plan setting forth the City's policies and procedures for citizen participation. A draft Citizen Participation Plan was printed and

made available for public comment on April 7, 2000. OHCD received comments on the proposed *Citizen Participation Plan* until May 7, 2000. OHCD reviewed all comments received and adopted a final *Citizen Participation Plan* on May 12, 2000. This plan is included in the "Appendix" of the *Consolidated Plan*.

CONSULTATION

In accordance with 24 CFR Section 91.100, OHCD consults with other public and private agencies that provide assisted housing, health services and social services (including those focusing on services to children, elderly persons, persons with disabilities, persons with HIV/AIDS and homeless persons) during preparation of the *Consolidated Plan*. These agencies may include but are not limited to the following:

- AIDS Activity Coordinating Office (AACO)
- Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program (CLPPP)
- Coordinating Office for Drug and Alcohol Abuse Programs (CODAAP)
- Department of Human Services (DHS)
- Diana T. Myers & Associates
- Energy Coordinating Agency (ECA)
- Liberty Resources
- Licenses and Inspections (L&I)
- Office of Mental Health/Mental Retardation (OMH/MR)
- Office of Supportive Housing (OSH)
- Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED)
- Philadelphia Citizens for Children and Youth (PCCY)
- Philadelphia Corporation for Aging (PCA)
- Philadelphia Department of Public Health (DPH)
- Philadelphia HIV/AIDS Housing Advisory Comittee

- Philadelphia Housing Authority (PHA)
- Philadelphia Housing Development Corp. (PHDC)
- Philadelphia Redevelopment Authority (RDA)

These organizations are asked to provide certain data on current and projected housing needs, inventory, services and plans to provide housing and services in the future.

Also, copies of the Year 35 Preliminary Consolidated Plan were submitted to housing officials in the jurisdictions adjacent to Philadelphia. These jurisdictions include: Abington, Bensalem, Bristol, Haverford, Lower Merion, Upper Darby, Norristown, Bucks County, Chester County, Delaware County and Montgomery County in Pennsylvania; and Camden, Cherry Hill, Gloucester County and Burlington County in New Jersey.

CONTENTS

According to HUD regulations, the Consolidated Plan consists of four required sections: a three- to fiveyear comprehensive analysis of needs and housing market conditions (the "Housing and Homeless Needs Assessment" and the "Housing Market Analysis"); a three- to five-year strategy for addressing identified housing, homeless and community development needs (the "Strategic Plan"); and an annual description of the specific activities to be undertaken in the upcoming fiscal year to meet identified housing, homeless and community development needs (the "Action Plan" and its associated Budget). Only the "Action Plan" is required to be published every year. In Year 35 OHCD will publish the annual "Action Plan" and its associated Budget and the Appendices in the Year 35 Consolidated Plan. The Year 35 Preliminary Plan will contain the "Action Plan" and its associated Budget and Appendices. Key data from the "Housing and Homeless Needs Assessment" and the "Housing Market Analysis" sections as well as information requested by City Council are not published in the Preliminary Consolidated Plan, but are included in the Proposed Plan. Descriptions of each component of the Year 35 Consolidated Plan follow:

Housing and Homeless Needs Assessment

A description of the City's housing conditions, affordability and needs, including those extremely low-, low- and moderate-income persons, the homeless and persons with special needs including the needs of persons with HIV/AIDS in the metropolitan region, and the extent of lead-based paint hazards. This section will not be revised in Year 35 but key data will be made available as an Appendix to the Consolidated Plan.

Housing Market Analysis

A description of housing market and inventory conditions; areas of racial and/or low-income concentrations; inventories of public and assisted housing; and inventories of housing and services for the homeless and persons with special needs, including persons with disabilities and persons with HIV/AIDS. This section will not be revised in Year 35 but key data will be made available as an Appendix to the Consolidated Plan.

Strategic Plan

A description of the City's three- to five-year strategy for meeting the needs described above, including its approach, goals, objectives and priorities for increasing affordable housing, addressing the needs of the homeless and special-needs populations, reducing lead-based paint hazards, reducing poverty, addressing nonhousing community development needs and improving the coordination of resources. This section will not be revised in Year 35.

Action Plan

A description of the resources expected to be made available and the specific activities which the City intends to carry out in the coming fiscal year to address the needs identified above, the geographic distribution of these activities and the populations to be served, including the homeless and those with special needs.

Budget

The budget to support the Action Plan, including CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA, DCED and other

anticipated resources, administrative cost calculations and other required budgetary information.

Appendices

Other documentation required by HUD and Philadelphia City Council as well as additional narrative, maps and other materials.

Copies of the *Plan* are available from OHCD's Communications Department and on the Internet at www.phila.gov/ohcd.

THE CITY AND THE CONSOLIDATED PLAN

The administration of Mayor Michael A. Nutter is committed to improving the lives of people in Philadelphia: people who live, work, learn, invent and play here. The City government is guided by the values of respect, service and integrity. It aims to produce a government that works smarter, faster and better.

Four core service areas will be emphasized to produce specific results:

Economic Development and Jobs

Philadelphia grows as a green city. The goals are to create and retain jobs, to prepare the Delaware Waterfront and the Philadelphia International Airport to be centers of economic development, to make Philadelphia a lead center of innovation, to increase high school graduation rates by 50 percent, to double the number of residents with a bachelor's degree, and to add 75,000 people to Philadelphia's population.

Enhancing Public Safety

Philadelphia becomes the safest large city in the country. The goals are to increase the feeling of safety at home, in school, in the neighborhood, at work and at play. A specific goal is to reduce the homicide rate by 50 percent in five years.

Investing in Youth and Protecting the Most Vulnerable

Philadelphia's youth and vulnerable populations have the opportunity to thrive. The goals are to assure that all children are ready to learn, to improve life expectancy and health and safety, to provide housing opportunities for 25,000 households, including mortgage foreclosure prevention, and to provide housing and supportive services for all homeless persons in Philadelphia.

Reforming Government

City government will reform to work better and cost less. The goals are to meet customer service standards for all city services, including redress where standards are not met, increase positive perceptions of city services and the trustworthiness of government, build a sound fiscal foundation for stable public services now and in the future, and to promote sustainable city services that save money today and avoid costs tomorrow.

The City's annual Consolidated Plan outlines the activities that are proposed to be funded in the coming fiscal year from a variety of sources, primarily from the federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and HOME Investment Partnership, the Philadelphia Housing Trust Fund, the Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development and other federal, state and local sources. The Consolidated Plan outlines many activities which support the City's core services areas, including:

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND JOBS

Using CDBG funds, the Commerce Department targets neighborhood commercial corridor revitalization, enhances community-based development project, and stabilizes and expands the City's employment base. OHCD's housing production programs leverage outside resources and create jobs and economic opportunities.

ENHANCING PUBLIC SAFETY

Through the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society and other entities, OHCD supports citywide and targeted greening and blight removal efforts. These activities increase the feeling of safety at home and in the neighborhood.

Investing in Youth, Protecting the Most Vulnerable

OHCD supports housing preservation activities that invest in existing houses for long-term viability and affordability and prevent homelessness. Investment in housing production provides opportunities for first-time homebuyers and acts as a catalyst for neighborhood revitalization. OHCD-funded housing counseling and foreclosure prevention activities help

to prevent vacancy and keep families in their homes. OHCD supports the most vulnerable Philadelphians by providing affordable rental housing for seniors and families and by providing rental assistance and other housing for persons with AIDS.

REFORMING GOVERNMENT

OHCD expects the highest ethical standards from its employees, delegate agencies and nonprofit subrecipients. OHCD is establishing customer service standards and will provide appropriate customer redress when standards are not met.



Introduction

The "Action Plan" portion of the Year 35 Consolidated Plan documents the activities that the City of Philadelphia proposes to undertake in Year 35 to accomplish the goals and objectives established in the "Strategic Plan." These activities also reflect the City's housing and community development priorities described in the "Strategic Plan." This "Action Plan" includes a program description of the major programs to be carried out in Year 35 and a list of the housing development organizations selected through a competitive process to receive CDBG or HOME funding to develop housing for low- and moderate-income families. The "Action Plan" also outlines the activities to be funded through the Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA) program and a budget for the City's housing and community development activities.

Affordable Housing Production

This section of the "Action Plan" describes the City's housing investment strategies that address the housing affordability crisis, produce affordable housing units through rehabilitation and new construction, and promote homeownership as a form of community reinvestment.

Affordable Homeownership Housing

I. Neighborhood-Based Homeownership Housing

The City continues to support the creation of new or rehabilitated housing for homeownership affordable to low- and moderate-income households. In the past, the City has selected neighborhood-based homeownership developments through a Request for Proposals (RFP) or another planning process. In Year 35, the City proposes to support the development of previously identified homeownership projects, including developments selected through the Housing Trust Fund RFPs issued in 2006, 2007 and 2008. The units will be developed through neighborhood-based community development corporations (CDCs) and developers who have formed partnerships with neighborhood organizations.

2. New Construction

The construction of new affordable housing for sale to homebuyers is increasingly important in rebuilding neighborhoods in the most blighted areas of Philadelphia. In addition to providing affordable housing, new housing construction at scale can rebuild housing markets and increase value in communities affected by disinvestment and abandonment. New construction can also provide residents with modern amenities including off-street parking and larger lots at lower density. New construction may be used in conjunction with the Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency's (PHFA) Homeownership Choice Program. In Year 35, in addition to HOME and HTF funds, the City proposes to allocate DCED Housing and Redevelopment Assistance funding to new-construction homeownership activities which are ready to go to construction.

AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING

I. Neighborhood-Based Rental Production

In its role as the City of Philadelphia's housing finance agency, RDA has developed a reliable process for delivering CDBG and HOME funds for rental housing production by private, nonprofit and CDC developers through a competitive RFP approach. Since 1993, most tax-credit supported rental housing ventures in Philadelphia have been financed through a combination of CDBG- or HOME-development subsidies combined with Low-Income Housing Tax Credits. RDA underwriting staff has developed a close working relationship with counterparts at PHFA, the state agency that administers tax-credit financing allocated to Pennsylvania. Because of this close working relationship and the capability of many developers of Philadelphia affordable-housing ventures, the City has succeeded in receiving substantial awards of tax-credit financing in every funding cycle since 1993.

Financing for the rehabilitation and new construction of rental projects is provided using CDBG, HOME and HTF funds in accordance with the Rental Project Selection Criteria. Project financing for rental ventures is usually made available in the form of a long-term, low- or no-interest loan. Financing administered by OHCD through RDA may leverage PHFA PennHOMES funds and Low-Income Housing Tax Credits, and in some cases, foundation funding.

In order to promote transitional and permanent housing for special-needs populations, projects recommended to receive financing must allocate 20 percent of the developed units for special-needs housing. Also, in order to ensure the most efficient use of funds, OHCD will require any project which does not achieve settlement within six months to undergo a RDA staff review. Following RDA review, OHCD may decide to withdraw project funding, extend its commitment or have a different development entity undertake the construction to ensure project completion.

2. Public Housing Production

The City's housing agencies support the Philadelphia Housing Authority (PHA) in its development efforts in a variety of ways, including the acquisition of property through Act 94 and Urban Renewal condemnation by RDA and participation in planning efforts for PHA development priorities by OHCD. OHCD has supported PHA in the following ways:

- Schuylkill Falls HOPE VI Development: In Year 26, OHCD committed up to \$1.2 million for the development and construction of 135 multifamily affordable housing units for Phase I of the Schuylkill Falls HOPE VI Development. Phase I is completed and the development is now known as Falls Ridge.
- Martin Luther King Plaza HOPE VI Development: In Year 25, OHCD committed to assist in financing the acquisition associated with the Martin Luther King Plaza HOPE VI site. In Year 29, OHCD allocated \$200,000 in funding support for this commitment. The City Capital Program provided a total of \$3.1 million in FY 2000 and FY 2001 for streets, sidewalks and utilities. In Year 28, OHCD provided \$638,500 in prior years' reprogrammed funds for demolition to support this HOPEVI development. In Year 29, OHCD provided \$1.012 million in prior years' reprogrammed funds to support demolition and environmental remediation for the final phase of this development. This project is under construction.
- Ludlow HOPE VI Development: OHCD has made substantial financial commitments to the Ludlow neighborhood through the Ludlow Village homeownership ventures. OHCD's support of Pradera Homes II and Pradera Homes III provided important leveraging for PHA's successful Ludlow HOPE VI application. The City also provided vacant land in Ludlow to PHA for sites for the new construction of homeownership units as part of HOPE VI. The City provided \$1.5 million in DCED funds to support the construction of 50 homeownership units. These units are completed.

■ Mill Creek HOPE VI Development: During Year 27, PHA received a HOPE VI award for revitalization of the area around 46th and Parrish Streets. OHCD supported this effort by assisting with the financing of the St. Ignatius Senior Housing developments and with Homestart within the West Philadelphia Empowerment Zone. In Year 30, OHCD allocated \$400,000 of prior years' CDBG funding for site improvements at Mt. Olivet Village. Mill Creek is now known as Lucien E. Blackwell Homes.

PHA encourages its residents to become more involved in management and to participate in homeownership. The City encourages PHA residents to become homeowners using ADDI or settlement assistance funds.

3. Development Financing/Homeless and Special-Needs Housing

OHCD plans to maintain its commitment for the development of permanent housing for the following Philadelphia residents: the homeless; persons with substance abuse; mentally ill and mentally disabled persons; persons with AIDS and disabled persons.

During Year 35, OHCD intends to provide development financing to projects selected through a competitive process. An RFP will be issued by OHCD to provide development financing for projects serving special-needs populations.

4. Housing Development Assistance

OHCD proposes to continue its support of rental developments which receive other federal funding through the Housing Development Assistance budget. In general, the program provides gap funding for construction activities. For rental development with commitments of HUD 202 (elderly) or HUD 811 (disabled) financing, the OHCD subsidy is capped at \$15,000 per unit, based upon a dollar-for-dollar match of other funds, provided funds are available.

Interim-Construction Financing

In Year 35, OHCD proposes to commit up to \$30 million in CDBG funds to provide interim-construction financing to eligible developers who have received a funding commitment. Interim-construction assistance loans, or float loans, are CDBG funds which are borrowed against budgeted but unexpended CDBG activities. Eligible developers may receive float loans at zero-percent interest for up to one year. The amount of the individual loan will be determined by the underwriting standards of the financing agency, as outlined in "Selection Criteria for Rental Projects," "Selection Criteria for Homeownership Projects" and "Selection Criteria for Special-Needs Projects" listed in the "Appendices." All loans will be made for eligible activities in accordance with federal regulations. The savings generated by reducing the constructionfinancing costs will be used to reduce the development subsidy for each approved venture.

OHCD will also ensure that if the repayment period of a float loan is extended past the prescribed period set by federal regulations, the loan will be identified. OHCD will report it as a new float loan activity, in accordance with federal regulations, in the subsequent Consolidated Plan or through an amendment to the existing Consolidated Plan. In the event of a float loan default, OHCD will identify the activities from which funds will be reprogrammed.

In Year 29, OHCD implemented an interim-construction financing product in consultation with PHFA and Regional Housing Legal Services. The goal was to reduce the amount of PennHOMES funding required for projects in the Low-Income Housing Tax Credits program. PennHOMES savings realized in the program are made available to finance additional Philadelphia rental ventures. This product was based on the successful City-State Bridge Loan Program last used in Year 25.

The City may also use a float loan to improve the timeliness of payment to developers. In the event of a default on any of these float loans, OHCD will

reprogram funds in accordance with the Amendment Policy listed in the "Appendices."

Funding Approach for Housing Production

OHCD selects development ventures for funding through competitive Requests for Proposals (RFPs). These RFPs include homeownership and rental development, special-needs housing and rental developments seeking Low-Income Housing Tax Credits from PHFA. Selected developments are added to the production pipeline. RFPs may also be issued for specific sites which have been assembled by the City and are available for development.

In Year 35, production ventures recommended for CDBG, HOME or HTF funding are identified by project type (rental, homeownership) and location. The level of funding subsidy is determined by technical staff based on detailed review of these ventures and supporting financial documentation, including applications submitted to PHFA. Review and decision-making will be based on the Rental, Homeownership and Special-Needs Project Criteria published in the "Appendices" section of this *Plan*.

Funding is proposed to support activities which represent a continuation of development ventures to which commitments had been made in prior years or which were added to the production pipeline as a result of RFPs.

YEAR 35 ACTIVITIES FOR ESTABLISHED CDCs

In Year 35, OHCD plans to work with the following established CDCs on the activities described. In addition to these activities listed, many CDCs participate in Homeownership Rehabilitation Program (HRP), provide housing counseling or may take part in the Targeted Housing Preservation Program. The activity summary on the following pages is not intended to represent all Year 35 activities:

AchieveAbility

 In conjunction with Mt. Carmel CDC, planning and redevelopment of vacant houses in the vicinity of 58th and Vine Streets.

Allegheny West Foundation

- Development of a nine-unit homeownership development known as Stable Homes for Stable Families. This scattered-site rehabilitation project was selected through the 2008 HTF RFP.
- Continued participation in the Main Street and Elm Street programs funded by DCED.

Asociación Puertorriqueños en Marcha

- Completion of 22 homeownership units and rehabilitation of three homeownership units in Ludlow known as Ludlow Village V/Pradera Homes III. This development has received Homeownership Choice NRI funding.
- Construction of 13 energy-efficient homeownership units adjacent to Pradera Homes, known as the Sheridan Street Green Building Initiative. This venture received PHFA Excellence in Design funding and an HTF award in 2007.
- Preservation of a 20-unit rental development known as One APM Plaza. This venture was selected through the 2008 HTF RFP.

Community Ventures

 Development of 44 units of affordable rental senior and family housing in the 1500 block of Poplar and 800 block of North 16th Streets. This development,

- known as Francisville East, was selected through the 2007 HTF rental RFP.
- Construction of I I affordable homeownership units at 32nd and Diamond Streets. Community Ventures was selected as the developer through an RFP in 2007.

Friends Rehabilitation Program

- Development of a homeownership venture on 31st Street in Strawberry Mansion. This development received PHFA NRI funding in 2008 and an HTF award in 2007.
- Development of a second phase of Home in Belmont, selected through the Year 29 RFP process.

HispanicAssociation of Contractors & Enterprises

- Development of Lawrence Court I, a 50-unit homeownership venture in the 3300 block of North Lawrence Street. This development was awarded PHFA Homeownership Choice funds in 2008.
- Participation in the St. Hugh Revitalization Plan, with a goal of rehabilitating vacant structures for homeownership through HRP.
- Development of a 10-unit new-construction homeownership project, located in the 2700 blocks of Howard and Hope Streets. This project was recommended in the Year 29 Homeownership RFP process.
- Completion of repairs at Lehigh Park I and II, an affordable rental venture at 5th Street and Lehigh Avenue.
- Continued participation in the Main Street and Elm Street programs funded by DCED.

Impact Services Corp.

- Planning for the re-use of a vacant parcel at 124 E. Indiana Ave., including affordable housing and green space.
- Revitalization of Hancock Manor, a 45-unit rental property located at 2nd Street and Allegheny Avenue. This development received preservation tax credits in 2008.

New Kensington CDC

- Continued implementation of the Open Space Management sideyard acquisition and disposition program.
- Continued support of Greensgrow, the urban agriculture economic development venture located at 2501-7 E. Cumberland St.
- Development of mixed-income homeownership units in the 400 block of Moyer Street.
- Continued participation in the Elm Street program funded by DCED.

Nicetown CDC

If Low-Income Housing Tax Credits are awarded, development of 37 new-construction rental units located on the 4300 block of Germantown Avenue, known as Nicetown Court. This venture received an HTF award in 2007.

Norris Square Civic Association

In conjunction with a for-profit partner, completion of new-construction housing in the 2300 and 2400 blocks of Howard Street, known as Norris Square Town Houses (formerly Hunter School Homeownership Initiative). The project received PHFA Homeownership Choice funding in March 2004.

People's Emergency Center CDC

- Completion of Bernice Elza Homes, a six-unit special-needs rental development which received McKinney and HOME funds.
- Development of Fattah Homes and Jannie's Place, two special-needs developments which have received commitments of McKinney funds. Jannie's Place requires Low-Income Housing Tax Credits.
- Rehabilitation of 4008 Haverford Avenue for homeownership using Elm Street funding.
- Continued participation in the Main Street and Elm Street programs funded by DCED.

Philadelphia Neighborhood Housing Services

- Continuation of the Model Blocks Program.
- Rehabilitation of vacant structures through HRP.

Project H.O.M.E.

■ The construction of a 79-unit building located at 1211-13 Clover St., known as St. John the Evangelist House. This venture, being developed in association with the Bethesda Project, will serve homeless individuals with special needs. It has received an award of McKinney development funding and an allocation of Low-Income Housing Tax Credits. It was selected through the 2007 HTF rental RFP.

The Partnership CDC

- Development of 12 units of affordable-rental housing in the 100 and 200 blocks of South 60th Street, using PHFA Mixed-Use Facility Financing Initiative (MUFFI) and HOME funds.
- Construction of four units of affordable homeownership housing in the 4500 block of Sansom Street. This venture received an HTF award in 2007.

Universal Community Homes

- If Low-Income Housing Tax Credits are secured, development with Nicetown CDC of Nicetown Court, a 37-unit new-construction rental development in the 4300 block of Germantown Avenue.
- Development of Osun Village, a senior housing development located at 2308-12 Grays Ferry Ave., in conjunction with Odunde. This project has received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits.

Women's Community Revitalization Project

- Completion of 49 new-construction rental units located at Percy Street and Indiana Avenue, known as Evelyn Sanders Townhomes, Phase I.
- If Low-Income Housing Tax Credits are received, the construction of 31 units of affordable rental housing in the 3000 blocks of North Percy and Hutchinson Streets. This development, Evelyn Sanders Townhomes, Phase II, was selected through the 2008 HTF rental RFP.

YEAR 35 ACTIVITIES FOR EMERGING CDCs

Other current CDC activities to be supported by OHCD include the following. This list is not inclusive of all CDCs or all CDC activities. In addition to these activities, CDCs may participate in the HRP.

Francisville CDC

In conjunction with Community Ventures, development of affordable rental housing units located at 15th and Poplar Streets.

Greater St. Matthew CDC

 Development of affordable and market-rate homeownership housing, using OHCD and M. Night Shyamalan Foundation funding.

Ludlow Community Association

In conjunction with APM, completion of the next phase of Ludlow Village, known as Ludlow Village V/ Pradera Homes III, on a site bounded by Oxford, Franklin, 8th and Jefferson Streets.

Mt. Carmel CDC

In conjunction with AchieveAbility, planning and development of vacant houses and lots in the area of 58th and Vine Streets. Acquisition was completed using NTI bond proceeds.

Phoenix Project CDC

In conjunction with Resources for Human Development, development of approximately 12 homeownership units for low- and moderate-income people in West Philadelphia.

Tioga United

Development of 6 scattered-site homeownership units. This venture received an HTF award in 2007.

Budget Detail - CDBG Year 35 (FY 2010) (in thousands)

CDBG YEAR 35-FISCAL YEAR 2010

	CDBG	номе	HOPWA	State	HTF	ARRA	Other	TOTAL
AFFORDABLE HOUSING PRODUCTION								
A. Affordable Homeownership Housing								
Neighborhood-Based Homeownership		1,558						1,558
2. New Construction Program		3,087		2,850				5,937
Subtotal: Affordable Homeownership Housing	0	4,645	0	2,850	0	0	0	7,495
B. Affordable Rental Housing								
Neighborhood-Based Rental Production	1,524	3,277			3,187			7.988
2. Development Financing for Homeless		3,000						3,000
& Special-Needs Housing								
3. Housing Development Assistance		1,400						1,400
Subtotal: Affordable Rental Housing	1,524	7,677	0	0	3,187	0	0	12,388
C. American Recovery & Reinvestment Act (ARRA)								
- Housing Gap Financing						5,750		5,750
Subtotal: American Recovery & Reinvestment Act (ARRA)	0	0	0	0	0	5,750	0	5,750
TOTAL: AFFORDABLE HOUSING PRODUCTION	1,524	12,322	0	2,850	3,187	5,750	0	25,633

Housing Preservation

An important indicator of a real estate market's economic well-being is the physical condition of its housing stock. Many Philadelphia neighborhoods have rental and owner-occupied housing that is beginning to show signs of deterioration. Increasingly, there are vacant houses on blocks with a recent history of stability. A significant portion of the city's elderly live in these areas. The City's housing and neighborhood preservation strategies will seek to stabilize housing markets in decline or stimulate housing markets that are stagnant or in danger of decline. Generally, housing preservation investments take the form of housing counseling services; lowering barriers to purchasing a home for low- and moderate-income households; moderate subsidies to rehabilitate vacant properties; mortgage foreclosure prevention activities and financial assistance to homeowners to help repair and improve their properties.

The activities described in this section are designed to respond to the Year 35 priority of promoting homeownership and housing preservation.

Housing Counseling

I. Settlement Grants

During Year 28, OHCD ended CDBG funding for settlement grant assistance for first-time low- and moderate-income homebuyers. The implementation of federal Title X lead hazard abatement regulations has mandated that properties receiving federally funded settlement assistance be visually inspected. This inspection requirement, combined with a labor arbitration award and reduced CDBG resources, made it impractical to continue the program. Buyers who had signed agreements of sale by Jan. 17, 2003, were allowed to complete the program and to receive settlement grants of up to \$800.

In Years 29-34, the City has supported Settlement Assistance using NTI bond proceeds. In Year 35,

OHCD proposes to allocate General Funds to support the program.

2. American Dream Downpayment Initiative

Since Year 30, the City has received American Dream Downpayment Initiative (ADDI) funds from HUD. These funds, which are a set-aside within the HOME program, are available for downpayment assistance, including settlement costs, of up to \$10,000, up to a maximum of 6 percent of the purchase price of the house.

The City is targeting these funds to approved City-sponsored new construction or substantial rehabilitation developments, in particular to mixed-income developments or developments in areas of rapidly escalating home-sale prices. The goal is to increase the affordability of units to low- and moderate-income households while preserving sales prices at the full appraised value.

Assistance is limited to first-time homebuyers with incomes less than 80 percent of area median income. Beneficiaries must receive prepurchase counseling from an OHCD-approved housing counseling agency. In order to meet the HUD requirement of targeted outreach to residents of public housing and other families assisted by public housing, each developer who intends to use ADDI funds must detail and follow an outreach plan targeted to these persons as part of the marketing plan. Marketing plans must be reviewed and approved in advance by OHCD to ensure compliance with this federal requirement. The City will spend the remaining ADDI funds in Year 35.

3. Neighborhood and Citywide Housing Counseling

OHCD plans to support neighborhood-based and citywide organizations offering housing counseling services to low- and moderate-income people. OHCD-funded services provided by these agencies include mortgage counseling, default and delinquency counseling, tenant support and housing consumer education. OHCD supports a wide range of housing counseling services, including those to people with specialized needs. OHCD issued a Request for Proposals for housing counseling agencies to be funded

in Year 33. The following housing counseling agencies were funded in Year 34, and as long as contractual and programmatic requirements are met, are proposed to be funded in Year 35:

	ACORN Housing	\$140,000
	ActionAIDS (HOPWA)	\$260,000
	Asociación Puertorriqueños en Marcha	a \$72,675
	Carroll Park Community Council	\$128,500
	Ceiba	\$274,000
	Center in the Park	\$42,750
	Congreso de Latinos Unidos	\$115,000
	Congreso de Latinos Unidos (HOPWA	3) \$40,000
	Consumer Credit Counseling Service	\$85,000
	Diversified Community Services	\$80,000
•	Hispanic Association of Contractors & Enterprises	\$238,450
	Housing Association of Delaware Valley	\$285,000
	Intercommunity Action	\$41,000
	Intercultural Family Services	\$114,000
	Korean Community Development Services Center	\$110,000
	Liberty Resources	\$52,250
	Mt. Airy USA	\$71,000
	New Kensington CDC	\$209,000
	Northwest Counseling Service	\$285,000
	Philadelphia Council for Community Advancement	\$228,000
	Philadelphia Senior Center	\$52,250
	Southwest CDC	\$80,000
	Tenant Union Representative Network	\$277,400
	The Partnership CDC	\$114,000
	Unemployment Information Center	\$192,250
•	United Communities Southeast Philadelphia	\$152,475

■ Urban League of Philadelphia \$133,000

■ West Oak Lane CDC \$104,000

4. Anti-Predatory Lending Activity

In Year 27, OHCD initiated a program to combat predatory lending and help stabilize neighborhoods. Predatory lending practices include charging exorbitant fees and interest rates and persuading homeowners to incur mortgage debt in excess of their needs or ability to pay. The anti-predatory lending initiative includes housing counseling specifically targeted to help consumers recognize and avoid predatory lending practices, credit counseling and helping victims of predatory lending refinance at conventional market rates. Anti-predatory lending programs are targeted to low- and moderate-income homeowners. The Homeownership Counseling Association of Delaware Valley provides training and technical assistance to OHCD-funded housing counselors in the areas of mortgage default and delinquency and anti-predatory lending counseling. Community Legal Services manages a housing consumer hotline to provide information and referral services to callers with loan questions, as well as those facing foreclosure. Formerly known as the Don't Borrow TroubleSM hotline, the newly named SaveYourHomePhilly hotline provides information to combat predatory loans and foreclosures.

In FY 2003, using NTI bond proceeds, the City created anti-predatory loan products (PHIL-Plus and Mini-PHIL) to help homeowners refinance existing loans or access loans with reasonable credit terms. In FY 2006, the City allocated NTI bond proceeds to continue the operation of these programs. In FY 2009, NTI bond proceeds in the amount of \$60,000 were allocated. OHCD proposes to support these programs in Year 35 using CDBG resources.

5. Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)

Since Year 30, OHCD has supported financial literacy counseling by the Campaign for Working Families. This program helps low-income families access the federal earned-income tax credit. It is managed by the Greater Philadelphia Urban Affairs Coalition.

6. Foreclosure and Vacancy Prevention Activities

In Year 35, OHCD proposes to support activities aimed at preventing mortgage foreclosures and property vacancies. The subprime lending and credit crisis has led many homeowners to face rising mortgage payments which may lead to the loss of their homes. OHCD has long supported mortgage default and delinquency counseling through its network of housing counseling agencies, and vacancy prevention through the HomeSMART (Start Managing Assets, Repairs and Titles) program.

In April 2008, the City of Philadelphia initiated the Residential Mortgage Foreclosure Diversion Program (Diversion Program), an innovative program which offers homeowners who are facing foreclosure the opportunity to meet with their lenders in order to negotiate an alternative to foreclosure. Under the auspices of the Philadelphia Court of Common Pleas, more than 3,500 homeowners have been scheduled to attend a special court hearing where proposals to cure the mortgage default are negotiated between the lender's attorney and the homeowner, with assistance from a City-funded housing counselor. City-funded legal assistance or pro bono attorneys are also available to assist the homeowner if necessary. This program is a partnership between the City of Philadelphia and its subrecipient agencies, the Philadelphia Court of Common Pleas, lenders and housing advocates.

In Years 25 and 26, OHCD supported the vacancy prevention activities of the Vacancy Prevention Committee of the Philadelphia Partners in Homeownership. One-half of the houses in Philadelphia are owned by people over 55 and data collected by the Boettner Center of Financial Gerontology of the University of Pennsylvania show that 45 percent of older people have not made plans to either sell or transfer the titles in their homes. Thus, over the next 15-20 years, nearly half the houses in the city are at risk of abandonment as no plans have been made for their maintenance or ultimate disposition. Known as the HomeSMART Program, the vacancy prevention activities included a training program for housing counselors and senior-service providers to help older

homeowners understand the value of estate planning, how it can benefit them and their communities, and the establishment of a "tangled title" fund to help resolve title problems which prevent occupants from obtaining loans and grants for repairs or the smooth transfer of title of the residence.

In Year 27, OHCD supported the HomeSMART Program through the expenditure of the remaining balance of funds allocated in prior years. In Year 27, the eligibility for the tangled title funds was expanded to include all ages, not just seniors, and the maximum grant increased to \$2,000. Although the concept of vacancy prevention has been expanded, it still includes and emphasizes issues and information pertaining to the elderly. HomeSMART is offered to households earning up to 50 percent of area median income. OHCD continued to support the HomeSMART program in Years 28-34 and proposes to continue support in Year 35.

In Year 35, OHCD proposes to support Community Legal Services (CLS) to expand mortgage foreclosure legal services to low-income homeowners facing foreclosure. CLS attorney-paralegal teams will help homeowners with recently filed foreclosure lawsuits to negotiate with lenders to modify mortgage loan terms to preserve homeownership or will represent the homeowner to defend foreclosure, as appropriate. CLS will manage the SaveYourHomePhilly hotline.

In Year 35, using CDBG resources, OHCD proposes to continue expanded housing counseling activities carried out by housing counseling agencies to provide additional mortgage foreclosure efforts, including default and delinquency counseling. Many housing counselors have relationships with mortgage lenders and are well-positioned to negotiate loan work-outs. In addition, housing counseling agencies work with homeowners to obtain Homeowner Emergency Mortgage Assistance Program (HEMAP) assistance from PHFA, or, if necessary, appeal initial HEMAP refusals. Housing counseling agencies will also assist clients in accessing PHFA's Homeownership Equity Recovery Opportunity (HERO) and Refinance to Affordable Loan (REAL) programs.

EMERGENCY REPAIRS, WEATHERIZATION AND HOUSING PRESERVATION

Basic systems repairs and weatherization activities are grant-assistance programs which have been combined into a two-tier service delivery structure administered by PHDC. The Weatherization Assistance Program provides an energy audit which guides a combination of services designed to lower energy consumption. The Tier I services of the Basic Systems Repair Program (BSRP) consist of the Emergency Repair Hotline Program and Emergency Heater Hotline. These programs give PHDC an emergency response capability through which qualified preapproved contractors are assigned to complete needed basic systems repairs or replacements requiring relatively low expenditures of grant funds. Tier II provides additional funding for cases which require higher levels of rehabilitation.

Because demand for these programs is great, OHCD supports the commitment to keep these programs open year-round. In Year 29 the funding for Tier I was reduced because the City did not receive full funding from the state. Despite this reduction, the program remained open year-round. During Year 26, the Title X rule on lead-based paint hazards was implemented. At this juncture, PHDC and OHCD review every Basic Systems Repair case for potential disruption of painted surfaces. Written exemptions, as allowed in Section 35.115 of Title X, are being utilized to forego lead-removal processes. The BSRP work is proclaimed as "emergency actions immediately necessary to safeguard against imminent danger."

In Year 35, OHCD will continue to comply with the Title X regulations. Following are summaries of funding levels and program requirements for each tier.

I. Emergency Repair Hotline Program and Emergency Heater Hotline

PHDC maintains an Emergency Repair Hotline Program to maximize housing assistance funds provided to the City and to accelerate the response to plumbing, electrical and roofing emergencies of low-income homeowners. This Tier I service, designed to serve

as an early intervention system, supports emergency repairs at a cost of up to \$4,000 per property to eligible low-income homeowners. Current costs for Tier I service average \$3,250 per property.

Eligible homeowners whose properties require rehabilitation assistance exceeding the per-unit cap are automatically referred to the Weatherization/ BSRP for Tier II services, described as follows.

OHCD also plans to allocate funds for the Emergency Heater Hotline, another Tier I program aimed at eliminating the heating problems of low-income people. This program provides heater repairs at a cost of up to \$2,000 per property for eligible homeowners/ occupants. The program is carried out by the Energy Coordinating Agency (ECA) under contract to PHDC. Current costs for Emergency Heater Hotline assistance average \$280 per property.

To be eligible for service under either hotline program, a household's income may not exceed 150 percent of the federal poverty income guidelines (see "Appendices").

The Tier I hotlines, as well as referrals from the Weatherization Assistance Program, together serve as an intake mechanism for all of the housing preservation programs administered by PHDC. Callers to the hotlines whose houses are found to require a level of rehabilitation exceeding Tier I are automatically referred to the Tier II program described as follows.

2. Weatherization and Basic Systems Repair Program

To make the most efficient use of housing assistance funding, the City proposes the continued linkage of the Weatherization Assistance Program funded by DCED and BSRP funded by CDBG. To the extent possible, these programs work in concert to provide homeowner rehabilitation assistance. BSRP Tier II was expanded in Year 32 to address repairs such as rebuilding chimneys, relining chimney flues and replacing windows which address energy-related issues. This expansion is part of the City's effort to

address the energy crisis by supporting weatherization and related repairs for low-income households.

To be eligible for service under BSRP, a household's income may not exceed 150 percent of the federal poverty guidelines.

To be eligible for service under Weatherization, a household's income may not exceed 60 percent of state median income.

The Weatherization Assistance Program provides the eligible household with an energy audit which utilizes the technology of a "blower door" to determine air leaks in the building. The results of the audit determine the type of assistance needed to reduce energy consumption. The types of service that may be provided under Weatherization include: air-sealing measures, such as weatherstripping, caulking and repair of primary windows and doors; wrapping of hot water heaters, heating pipes and ducts; sealing basement openings, crawlspaces and chaseways; insulating and air-sealing of the roof area; repair and efficiency modifications to central heating systems; electrical load reduction measures; and in-home energy education. Eligible households whose properties meet DCED guidelines for property suitability may receive weatherization assistance of up to \$2,885 per property. Weatherization assistance is available to homeowners and renters but BSRP services are only available to homeowners.

In the Tier II category of BSRP, an eligible homeowner may receive up to \$17,500 of rehabilitation assistance through BSRP. Typical Tier II repairs include heating system replacement, plumbing drainage system replacement, water service replacement, wiring, roof replacement and structural systems repair (floors, walls, etc.) Eligible homeowners receiving Tier II services may also receive weatherization assistance. Currently, the average cost for Tier II services is \$8,330 per property.

During Year 34, the City will consider changes to BSRP Tier II to place liens against properties receiving assistance. The repayment of liens would not be required unless the property is sold to a non-household member under certain terms and

conditions. Income from lien repayments would be used to support additional home-repair grants through BSRP. If adopted, program changes would take effect in Year 35.

In Year 31, the City allocated HTF funds to a Targeted Housing Preservation Program (THPP) to support home repairs, including facade and systems repair. These repairs may be targeted around existing or new developments or in specific neighborhoods and will be carried out by community-based organizations such as CDCs. In Year 32, OHCD issued a Request For Proposals for a Program Administrator to implement THPP and PHDC was selected. CDCs or community organizations submit proposed packages of houses to be preserved, negotiate with contractors and assist homeowners in carrying out the program. This program began in Year 34.

3. SHARP Home Repair Program

OHCD plans to continue its support of the Senior Housing Assistance Repair Program (SHARP) sponsored by the Philadelphia Corporation for Aging. SHARP provides essential repairs averaging \$1,475 per property to the homes of residents who are 60 or older. This figure includes Pennsylvania Lottery funds and CDBG funds.

4. Utility Emergency Services Fund

OHCD also plans to continue to support the work of the Utility Emergency Services Fund (UESF) to meet utility emergencies. UESF provides grants to lowincome families who have utility arrearages and are in danger of having utility services discontinued.

5. Energy Coordinating Agency

OHCD proposes to continue to support the work of the Energy Coordinating Agency (ECA) in organizing government, utility and community weatherization and fuel assistance services to low-income Philadelphians. ECA sponsors community-based Neighborhood Energy Centers to provide direct services as well as information and referral to low-income community residents. ECA implements the Emergency Heater Hotline program with heater repairs up to \$2,000 per property for eligible homeowners/occupants.

HOME EQUITY FINANCING AND REHABILITATION ASSISTANCE

I. Homeownership Rehabilitation Program

The Homeownership Rehabilitation Program (HRP) provides financing for the acquisition and rehabilitation of vacant houses requiring moderate rehabilitation for sale to low- and moderate-income first-time homebuyers. Financing is provided through a combination of private debt and CDBG or HTF subsidy. Homebuyers are required to finance 100 percent of the after-rehabilitation value of the property and to participate in a program of prepurchase housing counseling. A subsidy averaging up to \$35,000 per property in each development package is provided. In certain cases, the subsidy may be deepened as needed to match on a dollar-for-dollar basis any corporate or foundation grant funds, contributed developer fees and/or Title I funds brought to the financing package by the developer CDC. Identification of appropriate properties, financial packaging and development is carried out by the participating CDC or private developer which earns a developer's fee. HRP is now administered by PHDC.

2. PHIL Loan

The Philadelphia Home Improvement Loan (PHIL) program administers home-improvement loans of up to \$25,000 at below-market rates. Interest rate and loan amount depend on the applicant's income level and the level of rehabilitation to be completed.

3. Philadelphia Neighborhood Housing Services (PNHS) Program

OHCD plans to continue to support the PNHS program which provides neighborhood revitalization services including home-improvement loans, first-home purchase mortgages, community-improvement grants and loans, and neighborhood planning, community organizing and housing development services to its Full Service Neighborhoods: Cobbs Creek and Morris Park.

PNHS maintains ties to the Fern Rock-Ogontz-Belfield and Overbrook neighborhoods as Self-Reliant Neighborhoods, offering technical assistance, housing development services and home-improvement loans.

To assist existing homeowners whose properties need rehabilitation and improvement, PNHS provides home-improvement loans of up to \$30,000 for up to 20 years at below-market interest rates. Under the Community Improvement Program, homeowners and PNHS jointly contribute funding to support the cost of improvements/repairs to steps and sidewalks, retaining walls and porches.

In addition, landscaping, weatherization, exterior paint and trees may be provided under this program. PNHS is a self-help program that has succeeded in leveraging 100 percent of CDBG program dollars through homeowner reinvestment in loans and community improvements co-pay and through private subsidies and sale proceeds of vacant-property rehabilitation projects.

OHCD plans to continue its support of the Model Blocks Program in Year 35. PNHS provides exterior improvements to owner-occupied houses in specific neighborhoods with active CDCs. Exterior treatments may include brick-cleaning, painting and front aluminum siding; energy-conservation treatments of new windows, doors and roofs; porch additions, railings, lamp posts and flower barrels. The subsidy is matched with PNHS loan funds or homeowner payments. To reinforce affordable housing development, OHCD proposes to continue to support supplemental community improvement programs in neighborhoods targeted by PNHS in Year 35.

4. Impact Services Building Materials Exchange Program

OHCD plans to maintain the funding of this program which provides tools and building materials to low-and moderate-income people. The Building Materials Exchange will generate \$160,000 of CDBG program income for \$123,000 of CDBG investment in Year 34.

5. Employer-Assisted Housing

In Years 28 to 34, NTI bond proceeds were allocated to support a variety of new housing programs, including Employer-Assisted Housing, which designed and marketed the HomeBuyNow program to Philadelphia employers. The City will spend the remaining Employer-Assisted Housing funds in Year 35.

Budget Detail - CDBG Year 35 (FY 2010) (in thousands)

CDBG YEAR 35-FISCALYEAR 2010

	CDBG	НОМЕ	норwа	State	HTF	ARRA	Other	TOTAL
HOUSING PRESERVATION								
A. Housing Counseling								
1. Settlement Grants							350	350
2. Neighborhood and Citywide Housing Counseling	3,677		300					3,977
3. Anti-Predatory Lending Activity								
- Homeownership Counseling Association of Delaware Valley	65							65
- Community Legal Services	220							220
- Anti-Predatory Loan Products	60							60
4. GPUAC-Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)	48							48
5. Foreclosure and Vacancy Prevention Activities						1,000		1,000
- Tangled Title Fund	50						50	100
- Housing Counseling Agencies	700							700
Subtotal: Housing Counseling	4,820	0	300	0	0	1,000	400	6,520
B. Emergency Repairs, Preservation & Weatherization								
1. Emergency Repair Hotline - Tier 1				2,500				2,500
2. Heater Hotline - PHDC/ECA				1,200				1,200
3. Weatherization & Basic Systems Repair Programs								
- Tier 2	9,871				500	850		11,221
4. Targeted Housing Preservation					400			400
5. Weatherization (DCED to PHDC)				2,341				2,341
6. SHARP Home Repair Program	325							325
7. Utility Emergency Services Fund	525					1,000		1,525
8. Energy Coordinating Agency	800							800
Subtotal: Repairs, Preservation & Weatherization	11,521	0	0	6.041	900	1,850	0	20,312
C. Home Equity Financing & Rehab Assistance								
1. Homeownership Rehab Program	700							700
2. PHIL Loans	700						4,000	4,700
3. Neighborhood Housing Services								
- Loan Program	257							257
4. Impact Services Building Materials Exchange Program	123							123
5. Neighborhood Stabilization Program							12,000	12,000
Subtotal: Home Equity Financing & Rehab Assistance	1,780	0	0	0	0	0	16,000	17,780
TOTAL: HOUSING PRESERVATION	18,121	0	300	6,041	900	2,850	16,400	44,612

Homeless and Special-Needs Housing

The activities described in this section are designed to respond to the Year 35 objective of developing and providing more permanent and transitional housing for homeless people and other low-income people with specialized housing and service needs. Year 35 resources combine housing development with service delivery and rental assistance. This section also describes the expenditures of Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA) funds and Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) funds.

EMERGENCY SHELTER GRANT FINANCING

The mission of the Office of Supportive Housing (OSH) is to plan for and assist individuals and families to move toward independent living and self-sufficiency and includes the provision of assessment, emergency housing and relocation, transitional and permanent housing and services. OSH administers emergency shelter and shelter-related supportive service funding available to the City. A major funding source is the federal Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) Program which is allocated to the City as an entitlement program through OHCD.

In Year 35, OHCD will continue to assign the administration of ESG funds, under a Memorandum of Understanding, to OSH to assist in the funding of operational costs, essential service costs and administrative costs related to the provision of emergency shelter for homeless individuals and families. This funding leverages and augments state and local funds used by the City to provide 2,830 yearround shelter beds.

Every three years OSH issues a new competitive Request for Proposals to select nonprofit organizations to provide emergency shelter and related services and determines what components will be funded by ESG and other sources. Selection criteria include agency capacity, experience and track record, budget, quality of case management and supportive services, facility consistency with local building and health codes, experiences providing services to persons with behavioral health issues, ability to provide services quickly and quality of linkages to community service agencies, professionals and housing opportunities. OSH's contract provisions allow for the department to renew contracts for up to three years with existing providers if they are providing satisfactory service. During the term of the contract, OSH monitors the performance. If the contractor does not meet acceptable standards of service provisions and is not able to adhere to a corrective action plan, the contract may be terminated.

In Year 35, the City of Philadelphia will provide General Fund resources to meet the required match requirement for the ESG Program.

Housing Assistance/ Mental Health

OHCD plans to continue its commitment to respond to the need for assisted housing for persons with mental illness. During Year 35, OHCD plans to allocate funding for the provision of rental assistance for persons receiving supportive services under programs administered by the Office of Behavioral Health (OBH). The supportive services provided include treatment, case management, socialization, recreation and residential support to this targeted population.

RENTAL ASSISTANCE TO THE HOMELESS

In Year 35, OHCD plans to continue its support of the Philadelphia Transitional Housing Program which provides housing counseling, case management and rental assistance to homeless persons to promote self-sufficiency. Also, in Year 35 OHCD plans to continue to provide rental assistance to persons with HIV/AIDS.

The City has determined that homeless persons and persons with HIV/AIDS have unmet housing needs and

that the provision of rental assistance under the HOME program will narrow the gaps in benefits and services received by these persons. Local market conditions which informed this determination were outlined in the "Housing and Homeless Needs Assessment" and "Housing Market Analysis" sections of the Year 33 Consolidated Plan.

During Year 32, OHCD transferred responsibility for the oversight of the competitively awarded federal Shelter Plus Care (S+C) Program to OSH. S+C provides rental assistance to homeless persons/households with histories of mental illness, substance abuse or persons with AIDS through contracts with various nonprofit organizations.

Homelessness Prevention

In Year 31, the City allocated NTI and HTF funds to a Homeless Prevention Program to prevent or reduce homelessness. This includes emergency assistance to maintain households in their own residences when eviction or mortgage foreclosure is imminent. The funds may also be used for security deposits, utility assistance or long-term hotel, motel or boarding home rental assistance. The Homeless Prevention includes an array of shelter diversion and homeless prevention activities. OSH assumed policy oversight and administration of the program and issued competitive RFP processes to select providers for the varied shelter diversion and homelessness prevention activities.

In Year 32, using HTF funds, OHCD initiated a rental-assistance program aimed at helping formerly homeless persons or households living in transitional housing to maintain stable housing for up to three additional years after their transitional housing ended. OHCD issued an RFP for a housing provider to manage this program which was implemented in 2007. OHCD supported the rental assistance program in Year 34 using HTF resources

Housing Opportunities for Persons With Aids (Hopwa)

The HOPWA region for which OHCD administers funding includes Philadelphia, Bucks County, Montgomery County, Delaware County and Chester County. HOPWA funding to the five-county region is allocated based on the region's AIDS caseload compared to the rest of the nation.

Consultation and Coordination

The original HOPWA regulations issued by HUD mandated that the City, as grantee, work closely with the Ryan White CARE Act Planning Council for the region in allocating funding and in designing HOPWA-funded housing programs for persons with AIDS.

While the revised regulations governing the application for the Consolidated Plan eliminated this formal requirement, OHCD continued to coordinate with Ryan White CARE Act Planning Council by meeting monthly with the Housing Committee of the Philadelphia HIV Commission, the Ryan White Title I Planning Council for the entire region. In 1995 the Mayor designated the Philadelphia HIV Commission as the Ryan White Title I Planning Council for the region. A new Housing Committee of the commission was appointed jointly by the Health Commissioner and the Housing Director in 1997 and filled the role previously held by The Philadelphia AIDS Consortium's (TPAC) Housing Subcommittee. In 2000, the City restructured the Ryan White Planning Council and eliminated the Housing Committee as a standing committee. OHCD now appoints an HIV/AIDS Housing Advisory Committee. Through this committee, local government representatives as well as advocates, persons with HIV/ AIDS, and service and housing providers meet to advise OHCD on HIV/AIDS housing policy and programs.

Project Sponsor Selection

In 1997, OHCD selected project sponsors through an RFP for housing counseling, emergency grants and rental assistance. In cooperation with AACO and TPAC, in Year 25 OHCD centralized the administration of HOPWA-funded and Ryan White-funded emergency grants. The Philadelphia Health Management Corp. was selected by RFP to contract with the City to administer these funds and the program was renamed the Direct Emergency Financial Assistance Program (DEFA). During Year 28, Philadelphia Community Health Alternatives (PCHA) was selected to provide additional rental assistance units. PCHA is now called the Mazonni Center. In Year 35, OHCD intends to continue to contract with existing project sponsors for emergency grants, existing rental assistance vouchers, operating costs and supportive services and housing counseling activities carried out by suburban providers. Philadelphia agencies providing housing counseling activities for persons with HIV/AIDS were selected as part of a broader housing counseling RFP issued by OHCD in March 2007.

OHCD will issue a Request for Proposals for a provider or a provider to administer approximately 50 additional HOPWA-funded rental assistance vouchers in Year 35. If HOPWA funding is sustained at the Year 35 level in future years, additional vouchers will become available.

Urgent Needs to be Met

OHCD proposes to allocate HOPWA funds to program activities in the five counties of Southeastern Pennsylvania, including Philadelphia, as described on the following page. This allocation plan supports the most urgent and immediate housing needs by concentrating on direct housing assistance, including rental assistance vouchers, short-term (emergency) payments to prevent homelessness and direct operating costs for community-based and other residences. Funding is continued for information/referrals (housing counseling) and for supportive services linked to housing services for persons with mental illness and substance-abuse issues. In Year 28, funding was increased for the DEFA program because of increased demand for assistance in paying utility bills. Since 1999, DEFA has been available to persons with HIV as well as to persons with full-blown AIDS.

A permanent inventory of affordable housing units for low-income persons with HIV or AIDS will be

created by acquiring, constructing or rehabilitating new housing units. In Year 35, OHCD may provide housing development financing for HIV or AIDS housing using prior year funds. These funds will be made available through the RFP for Special-Needs Housing to be issued by OHCD in 2009. No new HOPWA funds are proposed for housing development. Units created through this RFP will be available for persons with HIV as well as those with AIDS.

Private and Public Funding Sources

For most of the housing activities to be funded, there is little other public or private funding available. The Ryan White CARE Act funds case management services which serve as the basic social service system for persons with HIV/AIDS. Ryan White funds in the Philadelphia region have not traditionally been used to provide housing or housing services and regulations severely limit the kind and nature of housing which can be provided. In Years 23 and 24, Philadelphia's CDBG program funded housing counselors at ActionAIDS and at Congreso de Latinos Unidos. Montgomery County's CDBG program has funded a half-time housing counselor through Family Service of Montgomery County and also provides HOME-funded rental vouchers. Gaudenzia House provides drug and alcohol treatment services for clients in its HOPWA-funded rental assistance program. The City's HOPWA-funded rental-assistance program complements its HOMEfunded housing voucher program for persons with AIDS. The City of Philadelphia and Delaware County both utilize HUD's Shelter Plus Care program to provide housing vouchers and supportive services for homeless persons with HIV/AIDS and other special needs. HUD's McKinney Act homeless programs have provided development financing for several AIDS housing ventures in the region. Private foundation fundraising and fundraising by The AIDS Fund support many of the organizations which carry out HOPWAfunded activities.

Goals

Using Year 35 HOPWA funds, the City expects to provide housing for 850 households through short-term payments to prevent homelessness, through

tenant-based rental assistance or units provided in HOPWA-funded housing facilities. Additional HOPWA funds received for Year 35 will allow for approximately 50 new rental assistance vouchers for two years.

Adaptive Modifications Program for Persons With Disabilities

OHCD plans to maintain as a priority increasing housing accessibility for disabled people using additional state funding. The Adaptive Modifications Program is available for homeowner-occupied and renter-occupied homes which need to be made accessible for people with disabilities. This program received NTI bond proceeds, state DCED, CDBG and HTF funds in Years 31-34. The City proposes to continue funding the Adaptive Modifications Program in Year 35.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND PLANNING

OHCD intends to fund technical assistance and planning efforts in Year 35 to support homeless and special-needs housing initiatives. OHCD proposes to fund the People's Emergency Center CDC to assist other private organizations through workshops on homeless housing and supportive services. OHCD will continue to fund the provision of technical assistance to organizations developing housing for, or providing assistance to, persons with disabilities. OHCD now appoints an HIV/AIDS Housing Advisory Committee.

Budget Detail - CDBG Year 35 (FY 2010) (in thousands)

CDBG YEAR 35-FISCAL YEAR 2010

	CDBG	НОМЕ	HOPWA	State	HTF	ARRA	Other	TOTAL
HOMELESS & SPECIAL-NEEDS HOUSING								
A. Emergency Shelter Grant	50						2,303	2,353
B. Housing Assistance - MH/MR		100						100
C. Rental Assistance/Homeless	200	2,469	300					2,969
D. HOPWA			8,007					8,007
E. Adaptive Modifications Program	350			500	1,504			2,354
F. Technical Assistance/Planning								
1. Homeless	25							25
2. Disabled	25							25
G. Homeless Prevention Program					784			784
H. Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Services						7,162		7,162
TOTAL: HOMELESS & SPECIAL-NEEDS HOUSING	650	2,569	8,307	500	2,288	7,162	2,303	23,779

HOPWA BUDGET DETAIL CDBG YEAR 35 (FY 2010)

HOPWA Eligibility Category	Rental Assistance*	Short Term Payments & Emergency Grants	Operating Costs	Information Referrals & Housing Counseling	Supportive Services	Sub-Total Program Costs	Sponsor's Admin Costs	Contract Total
ActionAIDS				\$242,000		\$242,000	\$18,000	\$260,000
ActionAIDS (Job Training)					\$60,500	\$60,500	\$4,500	\$65,000
Bucks Co. Family Services	\$163,000			\$31,500		\$194,500	\$13,000	\$207,500
Calcutta House			\$227,850			\$227,850	\$17,150	\$245,000
Catholic Social Services					\$305,000	\$305,000	\$18,000	\$323,000
CO-MHAR	\$475,200				\$346,643	\$821,843	\$52,787	\$874,630
Congreso	\$525,000			\$157,500		\$682,500	\$44,500	\$727,000
Delaware County	\$420,000			\$160,000		\$580,000	\$40,000	\$620,000
Family Services of Chester County	\$128,500			\$20,300		\$148,800	\$11,200	\$160,000
Gaudenzia	\$65,100					\$65,100	\$4,900	\$70,000
Keystone House			\$153,450			\$153,450	\$11,550	\$165,000
Mazzoni Center	\$458,000			\$181,020		\$639,020	\$48,000	\$687,020
Montgomery County Family Services	\$78,000			\$25,000		\$103,000	\$7,000	\$110,000
Non-Profit Housing Development Corp.	\$108,000				\$80,815	\$188,815	\$10,000	\$198,815
Philadelphia Health Management Corp. (AACO Housing)				\$144,000		\$144,000	\$10,000	\$154,000
Philadelphia Health Management Corp. (DEFA)		\$234,500		\$26,000		\$260,500	\$19,500	\$280,000
TURN	\$1,690,000			\$583,000		\$2,273,000	\$170,000	\$2,443,000
Additional Rental Assistance Vouchers (RFP)	\$800,000			\$225,000		\$1,025,000	\$57,411	\$1,082,411
Subtotal	\$4,110,800	\$234,500	\$381,300	\$1,570,320	\$792,958	\$7,089,878	\$500,087	\$7,589,965
OHCD Administration Costs							\$250,000	\$250,000
Grand Total	\$4,910,800	\$234,500	\$381,300	\$1,795,320	\$792,958	\$8,114,878	\$807,498	\$8,922,376

^{*} Including Permanent Housing Placement

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING

Employment, contracting and purchasing on OHCDfunded construction and economic development projects are governed by both local and federal requirements. The City of Philadelphia's Neighborhood Benefit Strategy, implemented by Council Bill #9900563, requires project sponsors to return half the economic value of housing production, preservation and economic development activities to the local community through employment, contracting and purchasing. Federal Section 3 guidelines require that 30 percent of all construction and construction-related new hires be residents of the local area where the project occurs. OHCD will continue to make affirmative action and employment and training for neighborhood residents an integral part of its program in Year 35. OHCD will also continue to issue periodic reports highlighting accomplishments and opportunities in these areas.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT NETWORK

In Year 29, OHCD ended its support of a housing-employment-training network through neighborhood-based training and employment opportunities. With implementation of the Workforce Investment Act and the Greater Philadelphia Works Program, OHCD continued to coordinate the activities with other public and private resources that move people from welfare to work. Because of the reduction in CDBG funding in Year 29, OHCD ended its support of neighborhood-based employment and training activities. The Philadelphia Workforce Development Corp. (PWDC) offers employment and training programs. In Year 35, OHCD proposes to fund only those employment and training activities ineligible for PWDC support.

OHCD proposes to continue to support the activities of the Communities in Schools Program ineligible for PWDC funding by providing support to coordinate the Student Hospitality Internship Program (SHIP), Culinary and Hospitality Program (CHP)

and Transitional Opportunities Promoting Success (TOPS) programs. Through these various initiatives, Communities in Schools of Philadelphia, in partnership with the School District of Philadelphia, will offer educational/training opportunities to high school students who will have an opportunity to learn and experience various aspects of the hospitality industry. The School District's expanded academic program will make the students uniquely qualified to pursue career opportunities in the growing hospitality and tourism industry in Philadelphia.

OHCD proposes to provide support to ActionAIDS for its Positive Action Program. This program is a return-to-work program for people living with HIV and AIDS. It will be funded in part through PWDC. The HOPWA funds will be used to serve persons who are ineligible for the PWDC program.

YOUTHBUILD PHILADELPHIA

YouthBuild involves high school dropouts between the ages of 18 and 21 in a program that enables them to complete their academic education and learn job skills by rehabilitating housing in their communities for low-income occupancy. The program is comprehensive with a strong emphasis on leadership development, decision-making and involvement in community issues. Components of the program include counseling, peer support groups, driver's education, cultural and recreational events and job placement. OHCD's support for YouthBuild is for activities which are ineligible for PWDC funding.

Over the past several years, OHCD has provided development subsidies for YouthBuild activities in Point Breeze, Southwest Center City, Ludlow, Germantown, Allegheny West and North Central Philadelphia. In Year 35, OHCD proposes to continue to support the Philadelphia YouthBuild program with operating support and development subsidies provided on a project-by-project basis through the Neighborhood-Based Homeownership or Rental Production budgets. YouthBuild also receives operating support from HUD.

Budget Detail - CDBG Year 35 (FY 2010) (in thousands)

CDBG YEAR 35-FISCAL YEAR 2010

	CDBG	НОМЕ	норwа	State	HTF	ARRA	Other	TOTAL
EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING								
A. Employment/Training Network								
1. Communities in Schools	171							171
2. ActionAIDS			65					65
B. YouthBuild Philadelphia	600							600
TOTAL: EMPLOYMENT & TRAINING	771	0	65	0	0	0	0	836

VACANT LAND MANAGEMENT AND COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS

Before investment can take root and growth can occur, certain impediments must be removed. In the case of neighborhood development, one of the greatest impediments is blight in all its forms—vacant buildings, trash-strewn vacant lots, abandoned autos, litter, graffiti and dangerous street trees. Blight undermines a community's quality of life by depressing property values and creating a perception that an area is unsafe and unclean. Because the presence of blight is crucial to business and family location decisions, the City must eradicate it to revitalize Philadelphia neighborhoods successfully.

Using CDBG, bond financing, City General Operating and City Capital funding, a substantial investment has been made in acquisition, demolition and environmental clearance, site improvements, community gardening and other community improvement activities. In Year 35, OHCD proposes to continue successful programs in community gardening and open space management.

In Year 35, the City will establish an Acquisition Loan Fund using City General Fund resources. The purpose of the fund is to provide financing for acquisitions initiated using Qualified Redevelopment Bonds but which are unable to be conveyed to a redeveloper for fair market value.

MANAGEMENT OF VACANT LAND

In the case of open spaces and vacant lots, the focus of the City's efforts will be to establish a comprehensive land management system that includes keeping vacant lots reasonably free of debris; open space planning; neighborhood greening projects to stabilize vacant lots; and education and technical assistance support for community stewards of vacant land.

I. Environmental Clearance

OHCD proposes to allocate CDBG funds for environmental clearance and soil remediation for sites proposed for housing development activity in Year 35.

2. Pennsylvania Horticultural Society and Philadelphia Green

While essential, surface cleaning is insufficient to transform urban vacant land into community assets. Without additional treatments, soon after lots are cleaned, illegal dumping recreates the previous trashstrewn conditions. Working with the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society (PHS), the City will break this cycle of cleaning and deterioration through its "Green City Strategy." The Green City Strategy is a partnership among City agencies, community residents, organizations and businesses to:

- 1. conduct basic housekeeping of all vacant lots;
- 2. "clean and green" select vacant lots;
- 3. landscape community gateways and key lots;
- 4. plant street trees;
- 5. improve municipal parks and public spaces; and
- 6. plan open spaces.

In Year 30, a consulting firm hired by PHS and the City made recommendations for a long-term vacant land maintenance plan. In addition, a study released by the University of Pennsylvania showed a direct relationship between greening and increased real estate values. In January 2005, the William Penn Foundation awarded a two-year, \$2-million grant to PHS for greening and community organizing efforts. Several corporations pledged support for park improvements and commercial corridor projects. Private supporters include: Citizens Bank, which has supported improvements in 10 neighborhoods from Vernon Park in Germantown to Jefferson Square and Wharton Square Parks in South Philadelphia; and Moon Nurseries, which donated labor and materials to green a traffic island on Ogontz Avenue in West Oak Lane. Federal grants totaling approximately \$550,000 supported vacant land maintenance and tree planting in Year 30. Additional federal grants totaling \$376,000 and City funds supported the work in Year 31. The City invested more than \$17 million from its Operating Budget in Years 29 through 34. In Year 35, the City proposes to support PHS' vacant land management with both CDBG and General Fund resources.

In addition, OHCD will use CDBG resources to support activities related to planning, maintenance and improvement of open spaces in low- and moderate-income neighborhoods in a number of ways. OHCD proposes to maintain support for PHS' Philadelphia Green program. This program provides technical assistance and gardening supplies for organized community gardeners. In 2005, the City received a grant from the Pennsylvania Department of Conservation and Natural Resources (DCNR) to prepare a comprehensive parks, recreation and open space plan, known as GreenPlan Philadelphia: The City's Blueprint for Sustainable Open Space. In Years 31 and 33, OHCD supported GreenPlan Philadelphia by providing CDBG resources to PHS for community outreach and neighborhood-based planning activities.

3. Neighborhood Gardens Association:

In Year 35, OHCD proposes to support the Neighborhood Gardens Association to be matched dollar-for-dollar by private funding sources for the installation of watering systems and other physical improvements at land-trust garden sites in low- and moderate-income neighborhoods.

4. New Kensington Open Space Management Program:

In the past, OHCD supported the New Kensington Open Space Management Program through the Philadelphia Green program. New Kensington's efforts have included comprehensive planning and greening of Frankford Avenue, creation and maintenance of gardens throughout the New Kensington neighborhood, the development of a Garden Center at Frankford and Berks Street to provide educational and gardening materials for community residents, and implementation of a sideyard program. Under the sideyard program, OHCD committed CDBG funding to acquire scattered vacant lots in the New Kensington/Fishtown Urban Renewal Area neighborhood for conveyance to adjacent homeowners interested in developing these properties as gardens, yards or parking areas. In Year 35, OHCD proposes to support New Kensington CDC to continue the Open Space Management Program.

SITE AND COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS

In Year 28, a total of \$6.845 million was allocated in the City's FY 2003 Capital Program to support site improvements and infrastructure associated with housing activities. Of this amount, \$1 million was allocated to support site improvements in the Cecil B. Moore Homeownership Zone. This amount repays \$1 million in City Capital Funds previously allocated to this project which were returned to the Capital Program in FY 2002. This allocation of \$1 million completes the City's match requirement pledged to the project in its proposal to HUD for Homeownership Zone funding.

A total of \$3.5 million in City Capital Funds was allocated to support the redevelopment of Richard Allen Homes by the Philadelphia Housing Authority (PHA). This investment funded infrastructure improvements to support the construction of 178 new units adjacent to the Poplar Nehemiah homeownership development.

City Capital Funds of \$2.145 million were allocated for streets and underground utilities for the Schuylkill Falls HOPE VI development. This funding allocation completes the City's Capital commitment to the project.

The City Capital Program also allocated \$200,000 to support site improvements for LudlowVillageV/Pradera Homes III homeownership development of 22 new-construction houses in the 1500 blocks of North Franklin and North 8th Streets. This development is under construction. Because of reduced resources available in the City's Capital Program, no City Capital funds are proposed for OHCD- or PHA-supported housing development in FY 2008, FY 2009 or FY 2010.

To reinforce affordable housing development, OHCD proposes to continue to support supplemental community improvement programs in neighborhoods targeted by PNHS in Year 35.

Budget Detail - CDBG Year 35 (FY 2010) (in thousands)

CDBG YEAR 35-FISCAL YEAR 2010

	CDBG	НОМЕ	HOPWA	State	HTF	ARRA	Other	TOTAL
VACANT LAND MANAGEMENT &								
COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS								
A. Acquisition								
1. Acquisition Loan Fund							2,000	2,000
Subtotal: Acquisition	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,000	2,000
B. Management of Vacant Land								
1. Environmental Clearance	100							100
2. Philadelphia Green Community Program	400							400
3. PHS Vacant Land Management	500						2,400	2,900
4. Neighborhood Gardens Association	25							25
5. New Kensington Open Space Management	71							71
Subtotal: Management of Vacant Land	1,096	0	0	0	0	0	4,400	5,496
C. Site and Community Improvements								
1. PNHS Community Improvements	200							200
Subtotal: Site and Community Improvements	200	0	0	0	0	0	0	200
TOTAL: VACANT LAND MANAGEMENT &	1,296	0	0	0	0	0	4,400	5,696
COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS								

COMMUNITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

The activities described in this section are designed to respond to the Year 35 objective of creating economic opportunity by: assisting businesses; revitalizing neighborhood commercial areas; eliminating blight in targeted neighborhoods; enhancing community-based development projects; stabilizing and expanding the City's employment base, and expanding workforce development programs. These activities are consistent with the City of Philadelphia's Strategic Plan and align with the Jobs and Economic Development core service area. The Commerce Department will manage these activities.

In Year 35, the City will fund community economic development services in three broad categories:

- business assistance;
- targeted neighborhood commercial area assistance;
 and
- community-based organization assistance.

In addition to City agencies and smaller nonprofit organizations, the Philadelphia Industrial Development Corp. (PIDC) is a key partner in the implementation of this plan, especially through its provision of business assistance. PIDC lending and related services will create low- and moderate-income employment opportunities (at least 51 percent of the created and/ or retained employment opportunities will be available for low- and moderate-income people), and will assist in the prevention or elimination of blight. In addition, PIDC projects will stimulate investment in economic activity in the city, the generation of tax ratables throughout the city and investment by other lending institutions. PIDC generally operates on a citywide basis except where programs are specifically designed to serve targeted areas.

The Commerce Department's ReStore Philadelphia Corridors (ReStore) will continue to be a major component of the City's targeted neighborhood

commercial area strategy and will serve as the framework for commercial corridor assistance in Year 35. The goal of ReStore is to revitalize neighborhood commercial corridors and shopping areas and re-establish their historic roles as central places to shop, to work and to meet neighbors. To achieve this goal, ReStore has adopted the following strategies:

- focus planning and data analysis on strengthening corridors;
- align and leverage resources;
- make neighborhood commercial corridors more welcoming places;
- develop systems to attract and retain businesses on corridors; and
- support effective corridor management organizations.

In addition to CDBG funds, state Main Street funds and other City resources, the City dedicated \$59 million from a December 2006 Cultural and Commercial Corridor Bond issuance to support ReStore. Most of these capital funds will be spent in Year 34 and Year 35, breathing new life into long-neglected commercial corridors by putting in new curbs, sidewalks, lighting, trees and façade work so these areas will be appealing places for residents to shop and work. Corridors located throughout the city will receive assistance that increases their ability to participate in the market and bring quality goods and services to local residents. Businesses on corridors will receive services designed to help them prosper and serve as job-creating engines for their communities. Community development corporations (CDCs), Main Street groups, Business Improvement Districts (BIDs), business associations and other nonprofit organizations will help deliver and manage these business and corridor services.

As part of the targeted neighborhood commercial area strategy, community-based organization assistance will support CDCs, Main Street groups, business

associations and other nonprofit organizations that help deliver and manage business assistance and corridor services, as well as those that perform economic development activities in Targeted Neighborhood Commercial Areas.

BUSINESS ASSISTANCE

The City proposes to implement the following programs, designed to provide direct financial and technical assistance to businesses, on a citywide basis. Where feasible, these programs will support the Commerce Department's ReStore by providing such services to targeted neighborhood-based commercial corridors in low- and moderate-income neighborhoods.

I. The Growth Loan Program

PIDC will provide low-interest, second-mortgage financing for business expansion in the city. Combined with private financing, this revolving loan pool contributes to the capital necessary to complete private business expansion that could not occur solely through private financial markets. At least 51 percent of the created and/or retained employment opportunities realized through these loans will be available for low- and moderate-income people. These projects will also retain and expand the retail base to provide retail goods and services to neighborhoods or assist in the prevention or elimination of slums or blight. In addition, PIDC projects will stimulate investment in economic activity in the city, the generation of tax ratables throughout the city and investment by other lending institutions.

2. For Profit Business Assistance Program

The Commerce Department and various nonprofit partners will provide managerial and technical assistance to retail or commercial firms that will provide goods and/or services to the city's low- and moderate-income neighborhoods or to businesses that create employment opportunities for low- and moderate-income people. The City will procure services from several nonprofit organizations to provide technical assistance to new and existing small

businesses. These organizations include: Philadelphia Development Partnership, Women's Opportunity Resource Center, Women's Business Development Center, The Business Center at New Covenant and The Enterprise Center. Funding will not exceed \$200,000 for any single organization. The types of technical assistance may include: developing detailed business plans, preparing financial projections for business operations, merchandising, advertising, planning for controlled growth, credit assessments; preloan counseling, loan packaging, providing assistance for management and organization structure, assisting in procurement, and designing and implementing system controls tailored to the needs of the client firm. There will be increased coordination between these activities and neighborhood commercial area assistance.

3. Small Business Revolving Loan Fund (SBRLF)

The Commerce Department will explore new partnership opportunities for providing financing for small business start-up and expansion. Potential partners would assist small businesses in obtaining financing for expansion and start-up, working capital and real estate acquisition for business uses. In Year 35, this small business financing would be supported through program income or prior year CDBG funding.

4. Section 108 Loan Program

The City will implement the Section 108 Loan Program, funded in prior years, to expand the capacity for commercial and industrial lending and to assist potential downtown development. It is anticipated that \$20 million of Section 108 funding will be applied for during 2010. Loans will be used to support an array of development needs, including but not limited to acquisition, site preparation, construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, machinery and equipment acquisition, infrastructure improvements and related project costs. The goals of these loans will be to create or retain permanent jobs for residents of Philadelphia, especially those with low- and moderate-incomes, to stimulate private investment to expand retail goods and services in the neighborhoods, to eliminate blight and to generate tax ratables for the City. Under the

Section 108 Loan Program, the City is allowed to borrow funds against its future CDBG entitlement receipts. Although this activity is expected to be self-sustaining (as private developer debt service payments repay the City for Section 108 loan obligations), future CDBG entitlement receipts and other security offered by the City are used to guarantee all Section 108 loans. Any use of future CDBG funds for this purpose will reduce CDBG funds allocated to economic development activities in an equal amount for the years affected.

5. Section 108 Loan Guarantee Payments

In the event that a PIDC Section 108-funded loan is unable to meet its interest and/or principal payment, then PIDC may utilize the CDBG funding authorized under this agreement upon receipt of written approval from the City. The funds will be transferred from otherwise unallocated prior or current year CDBG Program Income. It is anticipated that such repayments will not exceed \$1.7 million during Year 35.

6. Small Business Loan Guarantee Program

PIDC has developed a small business loan guarantee program that is designed to improve the access of small businesses to mainstream lenders. This program will provide a guarantee of up to 50 percent and up to a maximum of \$250,000 that will leverage other private financing. Funds will be eligible for a broad range of activities including lines of credit for working capital and term loans for machinery and equipment, renovations, new construction, and property acquisition. It is anticipated that the first loans receiving the guarantee will be made during Year 35.

TARGETED NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL AREA ASSISTANCE

The City proposes to implement a number of programs in Targeted Neighborhood Commercial Areas (TNCAs) in low- and moderate-income communities. Some of these programs will provide assistance to businesses and community-based organizations located in these areas, especially those working on targeted commercial corridors. Other programs will directly eliminate blight and revitalize commercial areas while leveraging public and private investments, such as federal Empowerment Zone funds, BID assessments and private commercial development. The City will also conduct community development planning and economic development planning in these areas to ensure that these programs are effective and provide maximum benefit to low- and moderate-income residents.

City investments and services to specific TNCAs will vary depending upon the level of organization, existence of plans, capacity of local CDCs or other neighborhood-based organizations, feasibility and proximity to other public and private investments. The City will coordinate CDBG resources with bond proceeds, other City funds, state, and other federal resources to achieve the greatest impact on targeted corridors. (See Appendix for list of TNCAs)

I. Storefront Improvement Program

The City will use CDBG funds, bond proceeds and other City funds to make grants to businesses located in TNCAs. The Storefront Improvement Program (SIP) is the successor program to the previous Small Business Commercial Improvement Program (SBCIP). As with its predecessor, SIP provides rebates for façade and security improvements on commercial buildings in TNCAs. The City may designate specific commercial corridors for targeted block façade grants, through which the City will pay for uniform façade improvements on all or most of the commercial buildings on a block. This program will be coordinated by the Commerce Department with Community-Based Organizations (CBOs) providing outreach to business owners and assisting with the application process.

2. Targeted Corridor Revitalization Management Program

The City proposes to undertake Targeted Corridor Revitalization Management Program (TCMP) activities in support of ReStore. The range of activities under TCMP will include, but not be limited to:

- strengthening neighborhood commercial corridors through planning and research;
- making commercial corridors more welcoming and viable through revitalization and elimination of blight;
- increasing availability of jobs and retail goods and services through business development and retention;
- strengthening businesses through marketing, technical assistance and financing.

These activities will be carried out primarily by Community-Based Development Organizations (CBDOs) in the following areas. The specific activities that will be carried out by each group will be based upon the ReStore strategy and determined by a work plan developed by the CBDO in conjunction with the City. The amount of funding that will be made available will be based upon the work plan.

a. Central Germantown Commercial Area

The City will support the Central Germantown Council (CGC) to undertake an economic development program which will assist in the revitalization of the Central Germantown Commercial District. This commercial district serves the Germantown area which is a low- to moderate-income neighborhood. At least 51 percent of this area is inhabited by very low-, low- and moderateincome persons. CGC will provide direct assistance to for profit businesses and nonprofit organizations which act as a key service providers and employers in this area. The principal goal of this program is to enable businesses to remain and expand while providing needed goods, services and employment opportunities for low- and moderateincome residents. The primary target area will include the following streets: Chelten Avenue (Wissahickon Avenue to Baynton Street), Germantown Avenue (Harvey Street to Coulter Street), Wayne Avenue (Schoolhouse Lane to Rittenhouse Lane), Maplewood Mall and Armat Street (Baynton Street to Greene Street), Green Street

(Schoolhouse Lane to Harvey Street) and Vernon Park (between Germantown Avenue and Greene Street).

The City proposes to fund CGC up to \$150,000 to carry out TCMP activities.

b. Frankford

The City will support Frankford CDC (FCDC) to undertake economic development activities designed to enhance economic opportunities and create a sustainable neighborhood as a clean, safe, attractive and welcoming place that will benefit, low- and moderate-income residents of the targeted neighborhood. These activities include neighborhood revitalization, programs designed to assist businesses, and community economic development. FCDC will work with local businesses, the local business association, and with other local neighborhood organizations, when appropriate, to aid in the stabilization and revitalization of the targeted low- and moderate-income neighborhood. The primary target area will incorporate Frankford Avenue, from Church to Bridge Streets and the surrounding business area.

The City proposes to fund FCDC up to \$100,000 to carry out TCMP activities.

c. North 22nd Street and Allegheny West

The City will support the Allegheny West Foundation (AWF) to undertake economic development activities designed to enhance economic opportunities and create a sustainable neighborhood as a clean, safe, attractive and welcoming place that will benefit, low- and moderate-income residents of the targeted neighborhood. These activities include neighborhood revitalization, programs designed to assist businesses, and community economic development. AWF will target the area bounded by 17th Street to the East, Ridge Avenue to the West, Lehigh Avenue to the South and the railroad lines North of Westmoreland Street.

The City proposes to fund AWF up to \$75,000 to carry out TCMP activities.

d. Cecil B. Moore Avenue Commercial Area

The City will support the Beech Corporation (Beech) to undertake economic development activities in the Cecil B. Moore Avenue Commercial Area. Funded activities will

include neighborhood revitalization, programs designed to assist businesses, and community economic development. Funded activities will target the area bounded by Broad Street to the East and 20th Street to the West.

The City proposes to fund Beech up to \$75,000 to carry out TCMP activities.

e. North 5th Street and Lehigh Avenue

The City will support the Hispanic Association of Contractors and Enterprises (HACE) to undertake economic development activities designed to enhance economic opportunities and create a sustainable neighborhood as a clean, safe, attractive and welcoming place that will benefit, low- and moderate-income residents of the targeted neighborhood. These activities include neighborhood revitalization, programs designed to assist businesses and community economic development. Funded activities will target the 2600 through 3000 blocks of North 5th Street.

The City proposes to fund HACE up to \$75,000 to carry out TCMP activities.

f. 5th and Olney Commercial Area

The City will support the Korean Community Development Services Center (KCDSC) to undertake economic development activities designed to enhance economic opportunities and create a sustainable neighborhood as a clean, safe, attractive and welcoming place that will benefit, low- and moderate-income residents of the targeted neighborhood. These activities include neighborhood revitalization, programs designed to assist businesses and community economic development. Funded activities will target the area from Somerville Avenue north to Godfrey Avenue and one block east and west of North 5th Street on Tabor Road, Olney Avenue, Chew Avenue, Grange Avenue, Nedro Avenue and Champlost Avenue.

The City proposes to fund KCDSC up to \$75,000 to carry out TCMP activities.

g. Fishtown and Kensington

The City will support the New Kensington CDC (NKCDC) to undertake economic development activities designed to enhance economic opportunities and create a sustainable neighborhood as a clean, safe,

attractive and welcoming place that will benefit, low- and moderate-income residents of the targeted neighborhood. These activities include neighborhood revitalization, programs designed to assist businesses and community economic development. Funded activities will target the 1200 through 3100 blocks of Frankford Avenue, as well as East Girard Avenue.

The City proposes to fund NKCDC up to \$100,000 to carry out TCMP activities.

h. Market Street and South 60th Street

The City will support The Partnership CDC to undertake economic development activities designed to enhance economic opportunities and create a sustainable neighborhood as a clean, safe, attractive and welcoming place that will benefit, low- and moderate-income residents of the targeted neighborhood. These activities include neighborhood revitalization, programs designed to assist businesses and community economic development. Funded activities will target the 4000 through 6300 blocks of Market Street, as well as South 60th Street.

The City proposes to fund The Partnership CDC up to \$100,000 to carry out TCMP activities.

i. Lancaster Avenue

The City will support The Peoples Emergency Center CDC (PECCDC) to undertake economic development activities designed to enhance economic opportunities and create a sustainable neighborhood as a clean, safe, attractive and welcoming place that will benefit, low- and moderate-income residents of the targeted neighborhood. These activities include neighborhood revitalization, programs designed to assist businesses and community economic development. Funded activities will target the 3800 through 4400 blocks of Lancaster Avenue.

The City proposes to fund PECCDC up to \$75,000 to carry out TCMP activities.

i. Woodland Avenue

The City will support Southwest CDC to undertake economic development activities designed to enhance economic opportunities and create a sustainable neighborhood as a clean, safe, attractive and welcoming place that will benefit, low- and moderate-income

residents of the targeted neighborhood. These activities include neighborhood revitalization, programs designed to assist businesses and community economic development. Funded activities will target the 5900 through 6700 blocks of Woodland Avenue.

The City proposes to fund Southwest CDC up to \$75,000 to carry out TCMP activities.

3. Main Street

In addition to CDBG and bond funds, the Commerce Department utilizes state funding to carry out a Main Street Program component. The City's Main Street Program uses a five-point approach of organization, economic restructuring, promotion, design and public safety to structure a local incremental, comprehensive strategy for targeted corridors. Organizations selected to participate in the program engage in the following improvement activities on a neighborhood commercial corridor for a minimum of five years:

- Main Street Management, to coordinate improvement activities on the corridor;
- **Façade Renovation**, to improve the visual appearance of storefronts in the Main Street district;
- Building Renovation, to enhance commercial business opportunities for area residents;
- Creation of Downtown Anchors, to provide funding for major commercial and cultural facilities that will draw people to the Main Street district; and,
- Streetscape Enhancement, which will only be provided for communities that have an established Main Street program, and which have generated sufficient revitalization activity to sustain streetscape improvements.

Commerce will implement the Main Street Program, funded with State resources, through eight community-based organizations selected in prior years.

4. Targeted Neighborhood Economic Development Program

The City proposes to support Neighborhood-Based Organizations (NBOs) to undertake business and neighborhood support programs in Empowerment Zone areas and other economically distressed areas. These NBOs will provide services that enhance employment opportunities, the majority of which will be available for low- and moderate-income residents. The NBOs will improve the ability of businesses to locate and expand in these areas, as well as to assist them in recruiting area residents as employees. The expansion of employment opportunities will enable low- and moderate-income persons to find and retain jobs near their neighborhoods.

5. Community Planning

The City will conduct community planning activities in and near several TNCAs, including the areas surrounding the Point Breeze, the Germantown and Lehigh Avenue TNCAs. The plans will help guide future commercial revitalization, business assistance and physical development activities.

6. Business Improvement District Assistance

The City proposes to award funds to support the activities of Business Improvement Districts and other community-based organizations that provide community services such as street and sidewalk cleaning, public safety services and neighborhood beautification.

7. Gap Financing

The City will use proceeds from the Corridor Bonds, as well as other funds, to provide funding in TNCAs and other commercial corridors for development projects seeking gap financing, anticipated to range between \$100,000 and \$1,000,000. Eligible projects must indicate consistency with City or community plans for their corridor.

COMMUNITY-BASED ORGANIZATION ASSISTANCE

I. Neighborhood Development Fund

PIDC will provide financial assistance to nonprofit businesses, CDCs or joint ventures of these entities. Coordinating with the Commerce Department, PIDC may fund activities to provide financial assistance to economic development projects that help stabilize and foster economic growth in distressed areas of the city. Funding for this program will come from prior year appropriations.

2. Neighborhood Development Grant Activities

The City will allocate CDBG resources to support community-based economic development activities. The Commerce Department will target appropriate investments to selected commercial centers based on their level of organization, existence of plans, feasibility, capacity of local CDCs or other neighborhood-based organizations and proximity to other public and private investments. This work will be coordinated with Targeted Neighborhood Commercial Area Assistance.

In Year 35, these funds will be combined in one pool but may be used for activities similar to those in prior years, as described below:

- Predevelopment grants of up to \$50,000 each to support predevelopment activities associated with community sponsored economic development ventures. Predevelopment activities may include but are not limited to architectural/engineering services and financial packaging of development projects. Every award must be matched on a one for one basis with non City funds.
- Planning grants of up to \$50,000 each to support economic development planning activities targeted to neighborhood commercial revitalization and blight elimination. Every award must be matched on a one for one basis with non City funds and applicants must coordinate their planning activities with staff of the Commerce Department and Philadelphia City Planning Commission.

- Neighborhood development grants of up to \$250,000 each to neighborhood based economic development projects as gap financing. The grant program may be used in conjunction with PIDC's Neighborhood Development Fund. Grant requests must accompany public financing packages that demonstrate the financial need for the subsidy.
- Neighborhood Commercial Area Transformation (NCAT) grants of up to \$500,000 each to support predevelopment activities that will substantially transform older, income-impacted communities. Projects should not only create permanent jobs but should also assist in changing the nature of the existing economically distressed neighborhoods. Eligible activities may include but are not limited to architectural, engineering and financial packaging of development projects by community-based development organizations (CBDOs). Applicants must demonstrate evidence of at least \$4 of non-City funds for every \$1 of NCAT funds.

3. Capacity Building Assistance for NBOs

In Year 35, the City proposes to fund capacity-building activities for NBOs working on neighborhood commercial corridors. Such activities may include but will not be limited to, Main Street training, technical assistance with planning, organizational development, real estate development, fundraising, financial management, board and organizational development.

Budget Detail - CDBG Year 35 (FY 2010) (in thousands)

CDBG YEAR 35-FISCAL YEAR 2010

			_					
	CDBG	НОМЕ	норwа	State	HTF	ARRA	Other	TOTAL
COMMUNITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT								
A. Business Assistance								
Growth Loan Program (PIDC)	3,750							3,750
Small Business Revolving Loan Fund	2,455							2,455
3. Small Business Loan Guarantee Pool (PIDC)							1,000	1,000
4. Section 108 Loan Program (PIDC)							20,000	20,000
5. Technical Assistance to Small Business	700							700
Subtotal: Business Assistance	6,905	0	0	0	0	0	21,000	27,905
B. Targeted Neighborhood Commercial Area Assistance								
Storefront Improvement Program	200						100	300
Targeted Corridor Revitalization Management Program (CDCs)	1,100							1,100
3. Main Street Program				500				500
Targeted Economic Development Program (CDCs)	300							300
5. Neighborhood Plans	200							200
6. Business Improvement District Assistance (CDCs)	500							500
7. Gap Financing							2,100	2,100
Subtotal: Neighborhood Commercial Corridor Assistance	2,300	0	0	500	0	0	2,200	5,000
C. Community-Based Organization Assistance								
1. Neighborhood Development Fund (PIDC)	1,000							1,000
2. Neighborhood Development Grants	1,000							1,000
3. Neighborhood Planning Grants	200							200
4. Capacity Building Assistance for CDC's	140							140
5. CDC Tax Credit Program							3,000	3,000
Subtotal: Community-Based Organization Assistance	2,340	0	0	0	0	0	3,000	5,340
D. American Recovery & Reinvestment Act (ARRA)								
Transit-Oriented & Livable Communities Commercial Development Fund						4,397		4,397
2. Creative Industry Workforce Grants						500		500
Subtotal: ARRA Neighborhood Grant Activities	0	0	0	0	0	4,897	0	4,897
TOTAL: COMMUNITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	11,545	0	0	500	0	4,897	26,200	43,142

COMMUNITY PLANNING AND CAPACITY BUILDING

This section describes capacity building assistance proposed for neighborhood organizations and emerging CDCs.

CDC SUPPORT SERVICES AND PLANNING

OHCD will continue to support a structured program of technical assistance to help neighborhood-based non profit and citizen organizations participate in community development activities. During Year 35, OHCD intends to support NeighborhoodsNow to provide technical assistance and support policy activities needed to strengthen low-income neighborhoods. NeighborhoodsNow is a nonprofit organization that develops market-driven programs designed to improve the health and competitiveness of Philadelphia's lowand moderate-income neighborhoods. OHCD intends to support NeighborhoodsNow's Transit-Oriented Development (TOD) and Healthy Neighborhoods Initiatives. TOD helps CDCs revitalize neighborhoods by building housing, mixed-use or commercial facilities in close proximity to transportation hubs. Healthy Neighborhoods focuses on helping to strengthen communities that are experiencing early signs of disinvestment such as an increase in vacancies and foreclosures. In Year 35, OHCD intends to increase support to NeighborhoodsNow to implement its Vital Neighborhoods program with CDCs in three neighborhoods where pilot programs have been completed: New Kensington CDC, Mt. Airy Restoration Corp. and Fairmount CDC. Funds will be used for staffing and block improvements.

During Years 25 and 26, OHCD worked with the Local Initiatives Support Corp. (LISC) to conduct an assessment of the development training needs of CDCs participating in OHCD-funded development projects. Based on the assessment, specialized training programs have been developed to support CDC

development activities. OHCD intends to continue the training programs during Year 35.

LISC will continue to provide technical assistance to CDCs participating in OHCD-funded development projects. This may include asset management, resource development, pre-development activities and commercial corridor planning and development.

OHCD intends to continue to provide support to the Community Design Collaborative which provides architectural planning and design assistance to CDCs located in neighborhoods with OHCD-funded community development activities.

OHCD has supported the Philadelphia Association of Community Development Corporations (PACDC) to provide technical assistance to OHCD-supported CDCs in the development of comprehensive plans for addressing their information technology needs, to assist in the development and maintenance of websites for the marketing of CDC programs and services and to work with a network of community-based nonprofit organizations to inventory and track vacant land in their respective service areas. OHCD proposes to continue to provide funding for these activities in Year 35.

NEIGHBORHOOD SERVICES

OHCD funds neighborhood-based organizations for information and referral services, citizen participation and neighborhood planning. In Year 31, OHCD issued a Request for Proposals to fund organizations as Neighborhood Advisory Committees (NACs). In Year 35, OHCD proposes to fund the following organizations as NACs, with the exception of those organizations which have not resolved audit and/or contract compliance issues:

- AchieveAbility
- Allegheny West Foundation
- Carroll Park Community Council
- Diversified Community Services

- Grays Ferry Community Council
- Greater Brewerytown CDC
- Hunting Park NAC
- Kensington Area NAC
- Kensington South Neighborhood Advisory
 Committee
- Logan CDC
- New Kensington CDC
- Nicetown CDC
- Norris Square Civic Association
- Pennsport Civic Association
- South Philadelphia H.O.M.E.S. Inc.
- Southwest CDC
- Strawberry Mansion Neighborhood Action Center
- Susquehanna Action Council
- The Partnership CDC
- United Communities CDC
- West Poplar NAC
- Whitman Council
- Wister Neighborhood Council Inc.

NACs are funded on an area-benefit basis. Eligible service areas must contain at least 51 percent low-or moderate-income residents, based on census data provided to the City by HUD.

Budget Detail - CDBG Year 35 (FY 2010) (in thousands)

CDBG YEAR 35-FISCAL YEAR 2010

	CDBG	НОМЕ	HOPWA	State	HTF	ARRA	Other	TOTAL
COMMUNITY PLANNING & CAPACITY BUILDING								
A. CDC Support Services & Planning								
1. NeighborhoodsNow T/A Program	200							200
2. LISC	48							48
3. Community Design Collaborative	89							89
4. Philadelphia Association of CDCs	35							35
B. Neighborhood Services	1,700							1,700
TOTAL: COMMUNITY PLANNING &	2,072	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,072
CAPACITY BUILDING								

SECTION 108 LOAN REPAYMENTS

Although the commitment to repay prior years' Section 108 financing reduces the amount of funds available to support new activities in Year 35, the Section 108 financing made available in the past produced substantial benefits for Philadelphia neighborhoods. A complete listing of Section 108financed affordable housing activities is provided in the "Appendices." These activities include new housing construction, vacant property rehabilitation, the development of homeless/special needs housing, acquisition and relocation services in the Logan Triangle Area, continuation of home-repair services through the Basic Systems Repair Program and the Adaptive Modifications Program. In addition, securing Section 108 financing made it possible for the City to leverage outside financing from two sources: the Homeownership Zone program which awarded \$5.52 million to support homeownership production in the Cecil B. Moore Avenue neighborhood and \$59.8 million in Low-Income Housing Tax Credits and PennHOMES financing administered by the Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency to support affordable rental housing production. Finally, new tax ratables will be generated for the City through the new housing construction and vacant-structure rehabilitation activities financed through Section 108 loans.

In CDBG Year 34, a substantial commitment of funding was allocated for the repayment of Section 108 financing secured in previous years to support affordable housing production and preservation activities. In Year 35, \$5.443 million is required for repayment of Section 108 principal and interest.

Budget Detail - CDBG Year 35 (FY 2010) (in thousands)

CDBG YEAR 35-FISCAL YEAR 2010

	CDBG	НОМЕ	HOPWA	State	HTF	ARRA	Other	TOTAL
SECTION 108 LOAN PRINCIPAL & INTEREST REPAYMENTS-HOUSING								
A. Rental & Homeownership Development (Year 21)	2,371							2,371
B. Year 24	1,517							1,517
C. Year 25	1,555							1,555
TOTAL: SECTION 108 LOAN PRINCIPAL & INTEREST REPAYMENTS-HOUSING	5,443	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,443

Neighborhood Planning and Development by Area

This section of the Year 35 Consolidated Plan describes current housing and community development activities for CDBG-eligible areas of the city: North Philadelphia West of Broad Street, North Philadelphia East of Broad Street, Kensington/Frankford/Northeast, West Philadelphia, Center City, South Philadelphia and Northwest Philadelphia.

CDBG ELIGIBLE AREAS FOR NEIGHBORHOOD PLANNING ACTIVITIES

Neighborhood planning activities, which are qualified as eligible under the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program on an area basis, must be located within census tracts with populations with at least 51 percent low- or moderate-income residents (persons with income 80 percent or less of the area's median income). The census tract map in the "Appendices" shows CDBG-eligible census tracts computed from 2000 census data.

As the 2000 census tract map illustrates, CDBG-eligible census tracts are concentrated in North Central Philadelphia with other significant concentrations in some areas of Kensington/Frankford/Northeast, West, South and Northwest Philadelphia.

Housing preservation activities, CDBG-funded services (such as housing counseling and job training) and housing production are available to income-eligible households living anywhere in Philadelphia. Household income standards for programs are included in the "Appendices."

Successful neighborhood development requires careful and extensive preparation. Planning is the process that helps communities sort through and prioritize needs while assisting the City in allocating resources to meet those needs.

GEOGRAPHIC TARGETING OF CDBG ACTIVITIES

In January 2005, OHCD issued a Request For Proposals (RFP) for acquisition and development financing for homeownership projects including HRP. Sixty-five proposals were received and 29 were recommended for acquisition and/or development financing. Eleven of these proposals requested acquisition for development through HRP. Proposals seeking to use the state Homeownership Choice Program were reviewed for feasibility, consistency with program objectives and likelihood of success in obtaining funding. The RDA or OHCD has issued RFPs for rental development and special-needs housing in recent years. OHCD has accepted unsolicited proposals for senior and disabled housing in conjunction with HUD 202- and 811-financing and made funding awards based upon the criteria stated in the Appendix Selection Criteria for Rental Projects. In December 2006, OHCD issued an RFP for special-needs housing production. Special-needs developments were incorporated into the City's 2007 McKinney Continuum of Care application. Because of the backlog of City-supported general rental projects seeking Low-Income Housing Tax Credits from PHFA, no rental RFP was issued in Years 31 or 32. In 2006, OHCD issued RFPs for development financing funded with the Philadelphia Housing Trust Fund (HTF). In 2007, OHCD issued RFPs for rental and homeownership development supported by HTF earnings. In 2008, OHCD issued RFPs for special-needs housing development and for rental and homeownership development funded by the HTF and other resources.

CITYWIDE HOUSING AND DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

In the area of Housing Production, funding through the Housing Development Assistance budget line item (gap financing for Section 202 and Section 811 housing development projects and other federally subsidized housing development) will be available for qualified projects, so long as funds are available. The HRP will provide financing for the acquisition and rehabilitation of vacant houses requiring moderate rehabilitation for sale to low- or moderate-income first-time homebuyers. Financing will be provided through a combination of loans and subsidies and the program will be carried out by participating CDCs. Using NTI funds, HRP was expanded to include rehabilitation by for-profit developers and properties sold to buyers with incomes more than 80 percent of area median income.

In the area of Homeownership and Housing Preservation, nearly all programs will be made available to income-eligible residents on a citywide, not targeted, basis. Under Home Equity Financing and Rehabilitation Assistance, the NHS Loan Program will continue to be offered in PNHS target areas, both the Full-Service neighborhoods of Cobbs Creek and Morris Park and the Self-Sufficient neighborhoods of Overbrook and Fern Rock-Ogontz-Belfield.

North Philadelphia

The collapse of the manufacturing base of North Philadelphia's economy in the 1960s, '70s and '80s led to a decrease of 43 percent of the community's population between 1970 and 2000. According to the 2000 census, 40 percent of North Philadelphia's population lived in poverty, approximately twice the citywide figure. By 1980 depopulation also left the area with thousands of long-term vacant houses. For more than 20 years, OHCD has allocated much of its CDBG allocation to North Philadelphia. This area encompasses 14.3 square miles. It is bounded on the west by the Schuylkill River, on the south by Spring Garden Street, on the north by Route One and Wingohocking Street and on the east by Front Street, "B" Street and Whitaker Avenue. It includes census tracts 130-142, 144-149, 151-157, 162-169, 171-176 and 194-203. The demolition of vacant properties has created the opportunity for large-scale new construction of housing, both affordable and market rate. Housing development in North Philadelphia is increasingly focused on new construction rather than rehabilitation.

The area of North Philadelphia East of Broad Street has been one of the most diverse and distressed sections of the city. Located here are several PHA housing developments, including Richard Allen Homes, a successful HOPE VI project. Despite the poverty, there is an active real estate market in Eastern North Philadelphia. Eastern North Philadelphia is the center of Philadelphia's growing Latino population. Of four North Philadelphia census tracts that showed population increases from 1990 to 2000, three were in that area.

In recent years, the expansion of the Center City real estate market to the north and Temple University's evolution from a commuter school to a residential campus have affected the North Philadelphia housing market. Market-rate rental housing near Temple and new construction market-rate sales housing in Brewerytown and Spring Garden are now possible. The City supports the creation of market-rate housing while preserving opportunities for affordable housing.

North Philadelphia: West of Broad Street

GOALS

Neighborhood Planning and Community Organizations

North Philadelphia West of Broad Street has many strong neighborhood organizations and several CDCs which provide neighborhood strategic planning in their areas.

2. Housing Rehabilitation

OHCD's efforts to restore residential housing in North Philadelphia West of Broad Street have been undertaken by CDCs and PHDC, through the Homestart Program, and through rental rehabilitation projects sponsored by private and nonprofit developers. The designation of the Cecil B. Moore Homeownership Zone, which will provide 293 units of homeownership housing, is especially notable. The Homestart Program rehabilitated rowhouses for homeownership in Strawberry Mansion, Francisville, Brewerytown and South Lehigh. In Years 18, 19 and 20, OHCD allocated Homestart funding to the North Philadelphia West of Broad Street area. Public/private partnerships such as that between Community Ventures Inc. and Concerned Citizens of Francisville have led to successful rental and homeownership projects. Private for-profit developers have also contributed by developing rental units in large brownstones in the West Diamond Street area and in converting the former Sartain School into affordable apartments.

3. New Construction

As the demolition of long-term vacant buildings increased in North Philadelphia, the new construction of housing became more important in rebuilding the area. New-construction homeownership developments include ventures by CDCs in Francisville and on Diamond Street. When completed, the Cecil B. Moore Homeownership Zone is expected to be more than 85-percent new-construction units. Private developers

have built both rental and homeownership units in the Sharswood area and in Francisville. PHA's Raymond Rosen and Richard Allen units have transformed large areas of North Central Philadelphia. Special-needs housing developers such as Project H.O.M.E. and Calcutta House have also produced new-construction units for their populations.

4. Economic Development

Economic and demographic decline have devastated North Philadelphia's shopping areas, forcing the closure of small necessity and convenience stores. Retail corridors serve as neighborhood main streets, shaping the quality of life of the surrounding residential areas. Rebuilding these commercial centers is as important to rebuilding North Philadelphia as is renovating vacant houses. OHCD coordinates housing revitalization with the commercial revitalization undertaken in accordance with the City's economic development programs. The Commerce Department's ongoing efforts to promote economic revitalization in the Cecil B. Moore Development District, with its Entrepreneurial Center, in Strawberry Square and in the Hunting Park West Enterprise Zone are extensions of this objective.

AREA NEIGHBORHOODS

The West of Broad Street neighborhoods that have emerged as development centers and their activities are:

I. Francisville

Community Ventures Inc., a neighborhood-based, nonprofit development corporation, has rehabilitated, with the support of the Concerned Citizens of Francisville, 34 rental units for low- and moderate-income families. This major rental rehabilitation project was previously funded with Pennsylvania Department of Community Affairs (DCA), federal MEND and CDBG monies. In Year 16, the Francisville/Rainbow Project, which was also previously funded with DCA money, provided 20 units of permanent rental housing for homeless people. OHCD also allocated \$500,000 for the acquisition and rehabilitation

of Project H.O.M.E., 1515-23 Fairmount Ave., for 48 transitional housing units. In Year 18, OHCD provided \$1.06 million in CDBG funds for the rehabilitation of 33 rental units, known as the Fairmount Apartments, 700-800 N. 16th St., by the Ingerman Group.

Twenty-one scattered-site PHA units were completed during Year 18, using Year 15 CDBG funds. In Year 17, OHCD allocated \$700,000 (\$350,000 in Year 17 funds and \$350,000 in Year 16 funds) to Community Ventures to finance 21 lease/purchase units, known as the Francisville III project. This project, which was completed in 1993, involved both the rehabilitation of existing properties and the construction of new, single-family units which were sold to low- and moderate-income families.

Beginning in Year 18, OHCD supported the development of Francisville IV, a 21-unit homeownership project, carried out by Community Ventures in cooperation with Francisville CDC. Phase I, composed of II units, is complete. Phase II, another 10 units, was completed during Year 25. Francisville IV is a combination of new construction and rehabilitation of existing structures. In Year 25, OHCD supported planning and acquisition activities for Francisville VI, an eight-unit homeownership venture on the 800 block of Uber Street, and Francisville Seniors, a 42-unit senior housing venture on the 1700 block of Edwin Street. In Year 26, OHCD supported the development of these housing ventures, to be carried out by Community Ventures in cooperation with Francisville CDC. Francisville VI was completed in Year 27. Francisville Seniors, a 42unit new-construction and rehabilitation project was completed in Year 28. Francisville was also the site for a pioneering community garden project known as a Greene Countrie Towne.

OHCD supported the Francisville V project, known as Vineyard Place, 17th Street and Ridge Avenue, by providing up to \$300,000 in Year 19 CDBG funding for the acquisition and spot condemnation of properties, for architectural plans and demolition and site work for the development of a homeownership project. OHCD supported Francisville V as part of Home in North

Philadelphia by providing \$1.466 million in HOME funds to construct 14 units for homeownership. This project was completed in Year 24.

In Year 21, OHCD supported the Francisville Affordable Housing Design Competition conducted by the Foundation for Architecture by providing funds to acquire and assemble the designated sites on the 1500 block of Poplar Street and the 800 block of 15th Street.

In Year 31, OHCD agreed to support Community Ventures' Francisville Homeownership development through HRP. This venture rehabilitated eight properties to create seven units of moderate-income homeownership opportunities in a rapidly appreciating area. These properties are completed.

In Year 33, OHCD allocated HTF earnings to support Francisville East, a 44-unit rental development for seniors and families sponsored by Community Ventures, contingent on the receipt of Low-Income Housing Tax Credits. This development is located in the 1500 block of Poplar and 800 block of North 16th Streets. It received tax credits in 2008 and will be under construction in Year 35.

During Year 34, the City issued an RFP for a mixed-income homeownership development on a large Cityowned parcel at 19th and Wylie Streets, across from the Francisville Playground.

2. Cecil B. Moore

As the first RDA urban renewal project in 20 years, the Cecil B. Moore Development District totally integrates housing development, commercial revitalization, capital improvements and human development initiatives. Combining Year 13, Year 15 and Year 18 CDBG and DCA funds, OHCD allocated \$11.7 million in permanent financing and more than \$8 million in short-term Float Loan financing toward rehabilitating 140 rental units for low- and moderate-income families in the 1500 block of North Gratz Street and the 1700 block of North 16th Street. The rehabilitation of the 140 units on Gratz and North 16th Streets by National Temple Limited Partnership III included the

modernization of PHA scattered-site units as well. This project was completed in December 1992. The capital program supported site improvements along Gratz and 16th Streets in conjunction with this development program. In Year 34, in response to the rental RFP, OHCD agreed to support the preservation of rental units on the 1500 block of North Gratz Street by 1260 Housing Development Corp., contingent on the award of preservation tax credits by PHFA. 1260 now owns the rental units formerly developed by National Temple on North Gratz and North 16th Streets.

In Year 17, OHCD allocated \$303,000 to support costs associated with National Temple's new Nehemiah Project. Twelve pilot units on the 1600 block of Gratz Street and the 1500 block of North Bouvier Street were rehabilitated during Year 18.

OHCD made a commitment to implement the homeownership housing development proposed in the Cecil B. Moore Nehemiah plan, even with the HUD Nehemiah funding being withdrawn. Throughout Year 21, OHCD and RDA staff organized a predevelopment planning process involving OHCD, RDA, PHDC staff and community members, modeled after the successful approach used to organize the Poplar Nehemiah venture. In April 1997, the City was awarded funding under the Homeownership Zone Program to develop a total of 296 units of housing in the Cecil B. Moore neighborhood. Included in this count are the 14 housing units in the 1600 block of North 19th Street developed by the Beech Corp. in conjunction with PHDC and 10 units in the vicinity of 1900 West Master Street which were completed by Tenth Memorial CDC in conjunction with PHDC.

The City received a grant of \$5.52 million and \$18 million in Section 108 loan funds to support the Cecil B. Moore Homeownership Zone. The boundaries of the Homeownership Zone are Montgomery Avenue on the north, Master Street on the south, North Bouvier Street on the east and North 20th Street on the west. Construction of the first 29 houses, on the 1400 through 1700 blocks of North 18th Street and 1600 through 1700 blocks of West Oxford Street was

completed in Year 24. Three additional units in Phase I-A were completed in Year 27. In Year 25, construction began on Phase I-B, 39 units of new construction at the former Sink Ironworks site on the 1800 block of Jefferson Street and rehabilitation on the 1400 block of North 18th Street. These were completed in Year 27.

In Year 25, OHCD also supported planning and predevelopment work for Phase II of the Homeownership Zone, consisting of 78 new-construction units and 25 rehabilitated units. The first 42 of the units, located generally along Bouvier Street from Master Street to Montgomery Avenue, were completed in 2005. Three historic brownstone buildings in the 1700 block of North 18th Street were converted into owner-occupied duplex units by PHDC. These units were completed in Year 29.

During Year 28, the remaining units in Phase II were combined with Phase III. The area for Phase III is roughly Master Street to Montgomery Avenue, from 19th Street to 20th Street. In December 2002, the RDA issued an RFP for a development partner to complete the remaining 151 units in this expanded Phase III. The goals of the RFP were to increase impact and value by building at scale and to develop in accordance with a master plan for the area.

A joint venture between OKKS Development and the Michaels Development Corp. was selected in the RFP process. This joint venture formed a Community-Based Development Organization with H.E.R.B. Inc., known as H.E.R.B. CDC to serve as developer of the remaining 151 units. Construction began on the first 64 units, known as Phase III-1, in December 2005 and was completed in 2006. The final phase of 87 units also received Homeownership Choice funds from PHFA. Construction of 54 of the final 87 units began in 2008 and the remaining 33 units will begin construction in 2009.

In Year 21, OHCD supported the development of 34 rental units and four homeownership units on the 1600 block of North 16th Street, known as Cecil B. Moore Village, by The Regis Group.

In Year 23, OHCD funded acquisition through eminent domain for Sharswood Court, a 71-unit affordable rental venture on the 1400 blocks of North 22nd and North 23rd Streets and the 2100 and 2200 blocks of Master, Harlan, Sharswood and Stewart Streets. In Year 25, OHCD supported the new construction of Sharswood Court with \$1.6 million in HOME funds and \$500,000 in CDBG funds for environmental remediation for a total funding commitment of \$2.1 million. This project was completed in Year 26. In Year 29, the City supported the development of Sharswood Townhomes Phase II, 60 new-construction rental units by the Michaels Development Corp. This project received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits from PHFA and was completed in Year 32. In the Year 29 Homeownership RFP, the acquisition of 34 parcels within the acquisition zone was recommended for the Michaels Development Corp., to support the new construction of homeownership units.

OHCD assisted Habitat for Humanity-North Central with acquisition, foundation work and demolition to support its homeownership program in the Cecil B. Moore neighborhood. In 1997, OHCD provided funding for building the foundations for six homeownership units at 1901-25 Morse St. In 1998, the City provided \$212,000 in Economic Stimulus funds for foundation work on five homeownership units at 1801-09 Montgomery Ave. and 1801 N. Gratz St. In Year 25, OHCD provided \$102,000 in CDBG funds for demolition and drainage work associated with the new construction of three homeownership units at 1819-27 N. Gratz St. These units were completed. In Year 26, OHCD supported Habitat for Humanity-North Central with \$120,000 in CDBG funds for new foundations for six new-construction homeownership units at 1810-26 N. 18th St. These units are completed. The work of Habitat for Humanity-North Central supports the Cecil B. Moore Homeownership Zone efforts. In Year 28, OHCD funded the installation of foundations and other site work for the new construction of three additional units by Habitat for Humanity. These units are completed.

The Commerce Department began the implementation of a broad-based economic development initiative in the Cecil B. Moore Avenue area in Year 17. Specifically, this effort assists the Beech Economic Development Corp. to undertake economic, housing and community development activities designed to create or retain permanent jobs, increase the availability of goods and services and provide low- and moderate-income housing. This Targeted Neighborhood Commercial Area comprises 51 percent or more of low- and moderate-income residents and encompasses the 1400 through 2000 blocks of Cecil B. Moore Avenue.

3. Broad Street and Susquehanna Avenue (North Central)

Diamond Street, in the Broad and Susquehanna area, has been a major center for housing rehabilitation in North Philadelphia. During past years OHCD supported rehabilitation of PHA scattered-site houses on the 1500 block of Diamond Street and ACDC's reconstruction of duplexes on the 1700 block of Diamond Street for both homeownership and rental opportunities. ACDC completed new construction of the Eleanor Miller homeownership project on the 1700 block of Page Street. ACDC also rehabilitated Dorothy Lovell Gardens which provides 23 units for homeless people at 2114-16 N. Gratz and 1821-23 W. Diamond Streets.

In Year 18, OHCD allocated up to \$820,000 to ACDC for the Gratz Commons project located in the vicinity of North 19th and Diamond Streets. Completed in 1995, this project involved the rehabilitation or new construction of 39 rental units. The City allocated funds for the development of the south side of the 1600 block of Diamond Street by ACDC for the new construction of 17 townhouses. This project was completed in Year 24.

In Year 26, OHCD supported acquisition on the north side of the 1600 block of Diamond Street, in anticipation of future development. Using NTI funds, in Year 28, OHCD supported additional acquisition

and encapsulation activities for future development on this block.

Located just west of the area, the Raymond Rosen Apartments was a major PHA priority for modernization. In accordance with the proposed development approach for PHA off-site replacement units, in Year 23 OHCD supported the acquisition and site preparation costs for the new construction of 152 replacement housing units associated with the Raymond Rosen site. Construction of the Raymond Rosen off-site replacement housing in the area of 21st Street and Woodstock Street and 20th Street and Montgomery Avenue was completed in Year 28.

In Year 26, OHCD supported the acquisition of vacant land on the 1400 block of Susquehanna Avenue for future development as senior rental housing. During Year 29, NTI funds were allocated for additional acquisition for this development, known as Susquehanna Village. This project combines senior and family housing and received \$2.1 million in HOME and CDBG funds. The project received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits from PHFA and was completed in Year 32 with Community Ventures as the developer.

In Year 26, OHCD supported the rehabilitation of four vacant structures on the 2200 block of North Park Avenue, in coordination with YouthBuild and the block association. This project was completed by PHDC.

In Year 25, OHCD supported the acquisition of eight vacant structures in the Susquehanna neighborhood for rehabilitation through the Homestart Program. The rehabilitation was completed in Year 27. Using NTI funds, 10 additional vacant properties were acquired through condemnation for Homestart in South Lehigh. These properties were rehabilitated in Years 30 and 31.

In Year 34, OHCD supported the development of the Norris Street Townhouses, developed by PHDC, as eight new-construction homeownership units located at 16th and Norris Streets. This project is under construction.

4. Strawberry Mansion

Strawberry Mansion has also benefited from concentrated housing rehabilitation and commercial revitalization assistance. During the 1980s, Commerce Department grants helped build Strawberry Square, a major neighborhood retail center. Through its Special Acquisition and Homestart programs, OHCD coordinated rehabilitation for homeownership on blocks near the shopping district. In Year 18, OHCD allocated up to \$1 million from its Homestart Program in Strawberry Mansion. The allocation of these funds resulted in the rehabilitation of additional properties for homeownership. Using Year 19 funds, OHCD provided \$550,000 for the rehabilitation of eight additional Homestart properties in Strawberry Mansion.

OHCD allocated \$3.3 million for the environmental remediation and new construction of 28 homeownership units at 29th and Dauphin Streets, a development known as Mother Dabney Square. This project, completed in 1997, was developed by PHDC in cooperation with the Strawberry Mansion Housing Coalition. In addition, in Year 19, OHCD allocated \$250,000 to PHDC for the rehabilitation of four homeownership units on the 2900 block of York Street, developed in cooperation with the Strawberry Mansion Housing Coalition. These units are completed.

During Year 17, OHCD provided \$904,000 in CDBG funds to Philadelphia Landed Interests to rehabilitate the former Most Precious Blood School, 2821-27 W. Sedgley Ave., into 32 rental units for low-income people. This project was completed in January 1993. Using a combination of Year 17 and prior years' CDBG and DCA funds, OHCD allocated permanent financing of \$905,862 and bridge financing of \$1.2 million to Mansion Court Associates for the rehabilitation of 24 rental units in the 1800 through 2000 blocks of North 32nd Street. Known as Mansion Court, this project complements previous OHCD investment in the projects listed below. OHCD's support with Year 20 funds provided 21 rental units. Mansion Court is completed. Mansion Court has been proposed to be converted to homeownership units using HRP subsidy.

A limited partnership formed by Pennrose Properties completed the rehabilitation of 48 rental units, known as Diamond I, for low- and moderate-income people in the vicinity of 31st-33rd and Diamond Streets with prior years' rental rehabilitation funds. Pennrose rehabilitated an additional 32 rental units, known as Diamond II, in the same area and completed the rehabilitation of the former Sartain School, providing 35 units for elderly occupancy. In Year 33, OHCD supported the successful application for preservation tax credits by Pennrose Properties for capital improvements to Diamond I and II. This preservation development should be under construction in 2009. During Year 18, OHCD allocated up to \$1.3 million to Pennrose Properties for the rehabilitation of approximately 35 rental units, known as the Diamond III project. Of the \$1.3 million allocated for the Diamond III project, \$1.2 million was temporarily loaned to the Mansion Court project.

With the repayment of the \$1.2-million loan, the Diamond III project, located in the 2900 through 3200 blocks of Diamond Street, was completed. OHCD allocated up to \$500,000 in Year 18 funds to acquire properties for rehabilitation for Diamond III and other projects.

In Year 19, OHCD allocated \$500,000 in HOME funding to PHDC to carry out the Housing Association Reinvestment Corp. project, known as HARC II, which involved the new construction of 10 units for homeownership in the 2600 block of Oakdale Street. This project was completed in Year 24.

In Year 21, OHCD funded Homestart in Southwest Strawberry Mansion to support neighborhood planning efforts in that area. OHCD funded Homestart in Strawberry Mansion in Years 22 and 23.

In Year 22, OHCD supported planning and acquisition for the rehabilitation of scattered units for homeownership developed by Project H.O.M.E., known as St. Elizabeth's Homeownership. In Year 23, Project H.O.M.E. completed Phase I, four units through the HRP. In Year 24, OHCD provided \$709,000 in HOME funds for St. Elizabeth's Homeownership Phase II,

eight units on the 1800 block of North 23rd Street and the 2200 block of Berks Street. This project was completed in Year 25. Also, OHCD has supported other development ventures of Project H.O.M.E.

In Year 24, OHCD provided HOME funding for Rowan Homes I, eight rental units for previously homeless families, on the 2700 block of Diamond Street. OHCD also provided a combination of HOME and CDBG funds for Rowan Homes II, 30 transitional housing units on the 1900 block of Judson Street. Rowan Homes I was completed in Year 27 and Rowan Homes II was completed in Year 26.

In the Year 29 Homeownership RFP, acquisition was recommended for St. Elizabeth's Homeownership V, sponsored by Project H.O.M.E. This project will rehabilitate up to 44 homeownership units in the 1800 and 1900 blocks of North 23rd Street, 1800 block of North Croskey Street and 1800 and 1900 blocks of North 24th Street. It received Neighborhood Revitalization Initiative (NRI) funds from PHFA's Homeownership Choice program and also HOME funding and funding through HRP. Phase I is completed. HTF funds awarded in 2006 allowed the creation of an accessible unit in this development.

In Year 32, the City supported repairs and improvements to St. Elizabeth's Recovery Residence, 1850 N. Croskey St., using PennHOMES and HOME funds. This project was selected through the Year 31 Special-Needs RFP and also received HTF funds in 2006 and 2007. This project was completed in Year 34.

In Year 24, OHCD engaged in planning activities for the rehabilitation of non-PHA vacant structures on the south side of the 3100 block of Berks Street as PHA replacement units or private-market rental units. In Year 25, OHCD supported acquisition through eminent domain of nine privately owned vacant structures. Friends Rehabilitation Program was selected through a site-specific RFP as developer of these units for homeownership using federal HOME funds. This development was completed in Year 29.

In Year 28, the City supported the application for Low-Income Housing Tax Credits by Pennrose Properties and the Strawberry Mansion Housing Coalition for the rehabilitation of the Vernon Apartments (formerly known as the Clifford), located at 33rd and Clifford Streets. OHCD provided subsidy for this 68-unit development. This project was completed in Year 31.

OHCD will support an 11-unit new-construction affordable homeownership development at 32nd Street and Cecil B. Moore Avenue. An RFP for this site was issued in Year 32 and Community Ventures was selected as developer. This project will be under construction in 2009.

OHCD will support the Strawberry Mansion Homeownership Venture Phase I, sponsored by the Friends Rehabilitation Program. This development of 26 units received an HTF award in 2007 and received PHFA NRI funding in 2008. It will be under construction in 2009.

In Year 32, OHCD issued the Strawberry Mansion Housing Strategic Plan for the area between Diamond, Berks, 30th and 33rd Streets. This document proposes future homeownership and rental housing ventures. The acquisition of vacant structures on blocks adjacent to the Blaine School for rehabilitation as affordable homeownership was one initiative identified in the plan.

5. Allegheny West and Tioga Nicetown

Allegheny West and Tioga Nicetown have benefited from the industrial and commercial development programs subsidized by CDBG as they are located in the Hunting Park West Enterprise Zone and are designated neighborhood commercial corridors.

In Year 16, OHCD funded Bancroft Court/The Allegheny, a new construction development of 60 rental townhouses at 1604 W. Allegheny Ave. This project, developed with the C.O.L.T. Coalition, was completed in 1992. In Year 17, OHCD provided \$397,500 in Year 17 and prior years' funds and \$371,000 in MEND funds to Edgewood Manor Associates, a limited partnership formed by The Regis Group, to rehabilitate 49 rental units at 1501 and 1510 W. Allegheny Ave.

In Year 19, OHCD allocated up to \$664,337 in Section 108 funding for the development of 32 rental units (24 new construction, eight rehabilitation), known as Tioga Gardens, at 1801 W. Tioga St. and 3526 N. 18th St. In Year 28, OHCD supported Tioga Arms, a 30-unit tax-credit rental rehabilitation project located at 1828 W. Tioga St. This development was selected in the Year 26 Special Needs RFP and was completed in 2006.

In Year 20, OHCD funded the rehabilitation of the Edgewood Manor II, 1508 W. Allegheny Ave., by The Regis Group and the Ingerman Group, to provide 56 rental units. Using Year 20 funds, OHCD also supported Tara Development, in cooperation with the C.O.L.T. Coalition, for the rehabilitation of St. Joseph's, 1511-27 W. Allegheny Ave., to provide 62 units of elderly housing. This project is completed.

In Year 21, OHCD supported PHDC and the Philadelphia Community Civic Organization for acquisition and planning activities for the development of the 2500 blocks of Sterner, Seltzer and Silver Streets, the 3-S Project. In Year 22, OHCD committed \$1.5 million for Phase I, the rehabilitation of 16 units of homeownership on the 2500 block of Silver Street. In Year 22, OHCD supported the acquisition of 10 more units for homeownership on the 2500 block of Sterner Street. In Year 26, OHCD supported acquisition and predevelopment activities for Phase II, the development of 2500 Sterner Street. Phase II was completed using federal HOME funds.

In Year 25, OHCD supported the acquisition of four vacant structures in the Lower Tioga neighborhood for rehabilitation through the Homestart Program. The rehabilitation was completed in Year 27.

In Year 27, OHCD supported the Allegheny West Foundation (AWF) to rehabilitate up to six properties for homeownership through the YouthBuild program. These properties are located at 2818 and 3060 N. 25th St., 3110 N. 35th St., 2847 and 2849 N. Garnet St. and 2810 N. Wishart St. Also in Year 27, OHCD supported the acquisition of up to 11 properties in the "Forgotten Blocks" area, including the 2800 block of

Garnet Street, 1900 block of Somerset Street, and 2700 and 2800 blocks of North 19th Street. In the Year 29 Homeownership RFP, AWF was selected to rehabilitate 14 vacant units as a second phase of the Forgotten Blocks project. These properties were acquired with NTI funds. This project received HTF funds in 2006 and is completed. Phase III received an HTF award in 2007 and will be under construction in Year 35.

In response to the HTF RFP in 2008, AWF was awarded HTF funds to rehabilitate nine scattered-site homeownership units, known as Stable Homes for Stable Families.

AWF was selected in Year 30 to participate in the Elm Street and Main Street programs funded by DCED. AWF will focus on the North 22nd Street commercial corridor and surrounding neighborhoods. Using PHFA MUFFI, Elm Street and Main Street funds, AWF proposed to construct a mixed-use, commercial and residential facility at 20th Street and Lehigh Avenue. This project received an HTF award in 2007 and was completed in 2009.

In Year 33, OHCD proposed to support construction of three units of infill housing for homeless families, located at 1735-39 Belfield Ave., developed by Raise of Hope. This development will be under construction in Year 35.

In 2007, Gaudenzia received an HTF award to develop Clearfield Place at Venango, a 30-unit special-needs residence at 2100 Venango St. This development received additional HTF support for an additional 15 new construction units, for a total of 45 units. It is under construction.

In 2007, Tioga United Inc. received an HTF award to rehabilitate six units of scattered-site homeownership housing in Tioga.

In 2007, Nicetown Court, a 40-unit new construction rental venture sponsored by Nicetown CDC, received an HTF award and allocation of HOME funds contingent upon the receipt of Low-Income Housing Tax Credits. This development is located at 4340-50 Germantown Ave.

6. Brewerytown

In Year 19 OHCD provided \$520,000 for the rehabilitation of eight units of Homestart housing in Brewerytown. In Year 20, OHCD allocated \$975,000 for 15 additional Homestart units and in Years 21, 22 and 23 continued its support of the Homestart program in Brewerytown.

In Year 25, OHCD supported the acquisition of vacant structures in Brewerytown for rehabilitation through Homestart. These properties were completed in Year 31. Five additional Homestart units were completed in Year 33.

7. Spring Garden

A partnership of the Spring Garden CDC and The Community Builders developed and managed rental properties in the Spring Garden neighborhood. Known as the Spring Garden Revitalization Project, this venture involved the historic rehabilitation and new construction of 97 units of housing in 38 existing buildings and two vacant lots. Seventy-two units were reserved for public housing, 19 units were targeted to low-income households and six units are available for moderate-income households with rents restricted to 60 percent of median income. Although the project used a combination of Low-Income Housing Tax Credits, a \$1.862-million CDBG subsidy and other City funding, the CDBG funds were restricted to the rehabilitation portion only. This mixed-income, mixedfinance development was completed in Year 28.

In 2007, Spring Garden Community Revitalization, a 58-unit rental venture by the Spring Garden Civic Association and Michaels Development Corp., received an HTF award. This venture requires Low-Income Housing Tax Credits, federal HOME funds through OHCD, and development financing from PHA. It is under construction.

North Philadelphia: East of Broad Street

GOALS

I. Neighborhood Planning and Community Organizations

OHCD has supported neighborhood planning and participation in the area of North Philadelphia East of Broad Street by funding community organizations in many communities. In addition, several community groups were funded by Philadelphia Neighborhood Development Collaborative (PNDC) to carry out neighborhood strategic planning. These groups are Asociación Puertorriqueños en Marcha (APM), and the Hispanic Association of Contractors and Enterprises (HACE). OHCD will continue discussions on area revitalization plans with these and other groups including Norris Square Civic Association, the Ludlow Community Association (LCA), Women's Community Revitalization Project (WCRP) and Ceiba.

2. Homeownership for Neighborhood Revitalization

In recent years, homeownership in Eastern North Philadelphia has become a focus of OHCD's program. The large tracts of vacant land in Eastern North Philadelphia have led to proposals for newly constructed homeownership units by neighborhood-based organizations (NBOs) including LCA, Nueva Esperanza, Norris Square Civic Association, HACE and APM.

The 176-unit Poplar Nehemiah development, with its modern amenities and green space, serves as a model for other new construction ventures. APM and LCA have constructed more than 200 homeownership units in the Ludlow and Pradera developments, building a market in Eastern North Philadelphia. Sales prices in this area have tripled in the last 10 years. The Hunter School Homeownership Initiative sponsored by the Norris Square Civic Association and Lawrence Court sponsored by HACE each received Homeownership Choice funding from PHFA and are extending new-

construction opportunities north and east. These developments also build on prior homeownership and rental development by the Norris Square Civic Association and HACE.

In prior years, OHCD invested heavily in vacant structure rehabilitation in Eastern North Philadelphia. In Years 15 through 19, the Homestart Program rehabilitated vacant single-family houses near the North Philadelphia Train Station. In Years 17 and 18, OHCD funded Centro Pedro Claver's Homeowner Assistance Program to support the rehabilitation of approximately 70 homes in Eastern North Philadelphia. In Years 13-18, OHCD supported rehabilitation under Philadelphia Rehabilitation Plan's (PRP) Eastern North Philadelphia Initiative which provided homeownership opportunities. In addition to renovation of housing for homeownership, OHCD provided \$2.9 million during Years 14-16 for the significant rehabilitation of the PHA scattered-site buildings that constitute a major portion of Eastern North Philadelphia's housing stock. OHCD has made a significant investment of CDBG and HOME funds for the rehabilitation and new construction of affordable housing in the North Philadelphia area East of Broad Street.

3. CDC and Private Rental Housing

In addition to housing for homeownership, rental housing has been a focus of OHCD funding in Eastern North Philadelphia in recent years through both CDCs and other nonprofits, through private developers and through joint ventures between nonprofits and community groups. CDCs and nonprofits active in Eastern North Philadelphia which have developed rental housing include Norris Square Civic Association, APM, HACE and WCRP.

4. Economic Development

Commercial revitalization is important in the City's investment in Eastern North Philadelphia. Especially significant has been the Commerce Department's support of the 5th Street Golden Block shopping area around 5th Street and Lehigh Avenue under the TNCA program. Other TNCA areas in Eastern North Philadelphia include Germantown and Lehigh Avenues,

Germantown and Erie Avenues and North Marshall Street. The American Street Corridor remains a target for development assistance under the Commerce Department's Enterprise Zone Program.

AREA NEIGHBORHOODS

The following neighborhoods have emerged as centers of OHCD investment in recent years:

I. East and West Poplar

In Year 18, OHCD allocated up to \$1 million in CDBG funds for the acquisition of property in support of the Poplar Nehemiah Project being carried out by the Poplar Enterprise Development Corp. The Poplar Project received a Nehemiah grant directly from HUD, in addition to support provided by OHCD. Since Year 19, OHCD continued to support acquisition and new construction for this development through a combination of CDBG and Section 108 loan funds. All phases of the Poplar Nehemiah Project were completed in Year 26 for a total of 176 new construction homeownership units. (Phase I, 64 units, was completed in Year 22; Phase IA, II units, in Year 23; Phase IIA, 44 units, in Year 24; Phase IIB, 57 units, in Year 26.) In addition, OHCD provided PHA up to \$320,000 in Year 20 CDBG funds for demolition at Richard Allen Homes, 1015 Parrish St., as part of its overall renewal activities at Richard Allen. Richard Allen Homes was awarded HOPE VI funds to redesign the development and reduce the density. PHA received \$50 million in HOPEVI funds for the creation of 408 units in a mixed-income neighborhood. Phase I, the Gladys B. Jacobs Senior Building, located on the 1100 block of Fairmount Avenue, is an 80-unit, five-story building that was completed in Year 23. Phase II, I 50 three-story townhouses, was completed in Year 26. Phase III, an additional 178 new townhouses, is completed.

In Year 24, OHCD provided \$20,000 in CDBG funds to Friends Rehabilitation Program for planning work associated with the Alphonso Deal Housing Development, an affordable housing venture in the vicinity of 10th and Wallace Streets. This site is now under construction with Spring Arts Point, a mixed-

income, new-construction residential complex which includes seven affordable homeownership units. In Year 32, OHCD committed NTI Equitable Development funds to support these seven units. Spring Arts Point is under construction.

In Year 29, OHCD supported the construction of Simpson MidTown Apartments, a 40-unit HUD 202 senior housing development at 10th and Green Streets, by providing \$600,000 in federal HOME funds. This project was completed in 2005.

2. North Philadelphia Train Station area

The North Philadelphia Train Station area, which runs from west of Broad Street to east of Broad Street, has been a target area for Homestart. In Year 17, OHCD rehabilitated 16 units for homeownership in the area bounded by 5th to 22nd Streets and Susquehanna to Erie Avenues under Homestart. During Year 18, OHCD provided funding for the rehabilitation of 19 homeownership units under Homestart. In Year 19, OHCD funded the rehabilitation of 11 Homestart houses by providing up to \$745,000 in funding.

3. Ludlow

OHCD continues to support new construction and housing rehabilitation in this area. In Year 17, PHA scattered-site units were rehabilitated with prior-year funds and OHCD allocated \$480,000 in DCA funds to HACE to finance the construction of 24 rental units, known as Villas de HACE, at 1429-31 Marshall St. and 1426-44 N. 6th St. This project was completed in 1992.

Since Year 17, OHCD has funded LCA, in partnership with PHDC, for the development of new-construction homeownership units, known as Ludlow Village, on the 1500 and 1600 block of North 7th, North 8th and Franklin Streets. The first two units were developed as a pilot project to test the effectiveness of a modular housing approach. They were completed in 1994. Construction of five of these units, which were built in the traditional "stick-built" method, was completed in 1997. Sixteen additional units were completed in Year 25, using a combination of Year 21 and Year 22 funds totaling \$2.5 million. In addition, LCA rehabilitated four

scattered-site homeownership units with YouthBuild to support the Ludlow Village development.

In Year 25, OHCD provided \$2.9 million in HOME funds for Ludlow Village IV, the new construction of 25 homeownership units on the east side of the 1600 block of North Franklin Street and the west side of North 7th Street. This development was completed in Year 27. In addition, in Years 25 and 26 OHCD was involved in a collaborative planning effort with PHA for a HOPEVI application to include Ludlow. This proposal was not funded by HUD. PHA submitted a revised Ludlow HOPEVI application to HUD in February 2005 and received a funding commitment from HUD. Ludlow HOPEVI is completed. OHCD provided \$1.5 million in DCED funds to support homeownership units as part of the Ludlow HOPEVI.

In Year 26, OHCD supported acquisition and planning efforts for Ludlow Village V on the site bounded by Oxford Street on the north, Franklin Street on the east, Jefferson Street on the south and 8th Street on the west. In Year 31, APM became the developer for this venture which received PHFA NRI funds. This project is now known as Ludlow Village V/Pradera Homes III. Construction began in Year 33 and will be completed in Year 34.

In response to the Year 34 HTF RFP, OHCD allocated HTF earnings to support the preservation of One APM Plaza, located at 2327-33 N. 7th St. This facility provides 20 affordable rental units and is owned by APM.

In Year 22, OHCD supported planning and acquisition efforts of WCRP for the development of rental units at 6th and Berks Streets. In Year 24, OHCD provided \$1.09 million in CDBG and HOME funds for the new construction of 26 rental units at this site, known as Lillia Crippen Townhouses. This development was completed in Year 25.

In addition, OHCD provided funding to WCRP for the new construction of 20 units of rental housing at 6th Street and Montgomery Avenue, selected through the Year 23 Special-Needs RFP. This venture, known as Lillia Crippen Homes II, was completed in Year 27.

In 1999, the City provided \$1 million for acquisition and related costs for 57 properties for a new homeownership initiative on the 1900 block of North 8th and 700 block of West Berks, 1700 block of North Franklin and 700 block of West Norris Streets. This development, known as Pradera Homes (The Meadows) provided for the construction of 50 homeownership units. The project was awarded \$1.7 million by PHFA through its Homeownership Choice Demonstration Program. OHCD provided a total of \$2.68 million in HOME funds to support Pradera Homes. This venture was completed in Year 28. In Year 30, OHCD supported the construction of an additional 53 homeownership units, Pradera Homes II, by APM, located at 8th and Berks Streets. Pradera II received additional Homeownership Choice funds in Year 30. This phase was completed in Year 32.

In 2007, OHCD supported APM's application for PHFA Excellence in Design funding for the Sheridan Street Green Building Initiative. This 13-unit homeownership development at 1801-1869 N. Sheridan St. received an HTF award in 2007 and will be under construction in 2009.

In 2009 the Home Depot Foundation awarded a \$1-million grant over four years to the Philadelphia office of the Local Initiatives Support Corp. and the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society for an environmentally friendly housing and community greening program in partnership with APM. The grant will be used to support Philadelphia Green's planting of trees in the vicinity of Berks Street, Germantown Avenue and Norris Street, and to clean vacant lots and school yards in the area. These efforts will support related plans for APM's Sheridan Street Green Buildings Initiative and will also retrofit homes in the area to make them more energy efficient.

OHCD allocated up to \$550,400 in Year 18 HOME funds to Laragione Development for the rehabilitation and new construction of four rental and four homeownership units at 1213, 1215, 1300 and 1302 N. Franklin St. These units were completed in 1995.

In addition, OHCD committed CDBG funding for acquisition and demolition in connection with the construction of the Borinquen Plaza retail center at the site bounded by Norris, Berks, 6th and 5th Streets. This development was carried out by APM and completed in 1999.

Using Temple Apollo funds, OHCD proposes to support new-construction affordable homeownership units at 10th and Diamond Streets, part of a mixed-income, mixed-use development. Site assembly is underway. An RFP was issued for a developer and Mosaic Developer Corp. was selected.

4. 5th Street and Lehigh Avenue

The residential area around the "Golden Block" NCR has been an important center for housing rehabilitation. The community has worked with the leadership of St. Christopher's Hospital to design a comprehensive homeowner rehabilitation, rental rehabilitation and social service adaptation for the hospital's former site along 5th Street. OHCD and the Commerce Department provided \$1.6 million in Year 17 and prior-years' funds to the Canus Corp. in permanent financing for the rehabilitation of 29 rental units, known as Lehigh Park Center Apartments, at the St. Christopher's Hospital site on 5th Street and Lehigh Avenue. HACE took over the management of Lehigh Park I and II in 2003. In Year 30, OHCD supported HACE in making needed repairs to the buildings.

An additional \$1.305 million in Year 18 funds was provided as a bridge loan. Once the bridge loan was repaid, the funds were used for the rehabilitation of the former Morris Pavilion building into 48 rental units known as Lehigh Park, in the 2600 block of North 5th Street. This project is completed. OHCD provided \$195,000 in Year 18 CDBG funds for the rehabilitation by PRP and HACE of homeownership units adjacent to the St. Christopher site.

OHCD allocated up to \$2 million in Year 19 CDBG funds to HACE to finance the new construction of 80 rental units at 161-71 W. Allegheny Ave., known as Villas del Caribe. This project was completed in 1997. In Year 21, OHCD committed \$745,000 for

the development of 52 units of elderly rental housing by HACE at 173-83 W. Allegheny Ave., known as Casa Caribe. This project, which is also funded with HUD Section 202 funds, was completed in 1998. In Year 28, OHCD provided \$855,000 in gap financing to Caribe Towers, at 3231 N. 2nd St., a 57-unit senior building developed by HACE with support from the HUD Section 202 program. This development, which was selected through the Year 27 Rental RFP, was completed in Year 30.

In Year 33, OHCD agreed to provide HTF earnings to support the preservation of Hancock Manor, a 45-unit development at 164-176 W. Allegheny Ave. owned by Impact Services, which provides housing for homeless veterans and families. This development requires preservation tax credits from PHFA.

In Year 28, OHCD committed \$25,000 for the development of a neighborhood strategic plan for the St. Hugh neighborhood, bounded by 5th Street on the west, B Street on the east, Allegheny Avenue on the south and Glenwood Avenue/Venango Street on the north. This plan was completed in Year 29. In Year 28, acquisition of 13 vacant structures in the area surrounding the St. Hugh Church and School was initiated, using NTI bond proceeds. These properties were rehabilitated by HACE using HRP funds.

Using HTF, DCED Housing and Redevelopment Assistance and HOME funds, OHCD proposes to support HACE's Lawrence Court I development, located on the 3300 block of North Lawrence Street. This 50-unit new-construction affordable homeownership development received Homeownership Choice funds from PHFA in 2008.

OHCD provided \$480,000 in Year 17 funds to WCRP to construct 24 rental units, known as Adolfina Villanueva Townhouses I, at 701-17 W. Somerset St. This project was completed in 1992. In Year 18 OHCD allocated up to \$100,000 to WCRP for the acquisition and related costs associated with the development of Adolfina Villanueva Townhouses II, 719-35 W. Somerset St. OHCD provided up to \$1.12 million in Year 19 funding (\$620,000 CDBG, \$500,000 HOME) to WCRP

for the development of 30 new-construction rental units at this location.

5. Fairhill/Hartranft

OHCD supported APM to develop 12 rental units (six new construction, six rehabilitation) in the 2300 block of North 7th Street. This development supported APM's 24-unit rental project in the same block, using Year 16 funds. This project is completed. During Year 18, OHCD allocated funds to acquire properties in the surrounding area for future housing development by APM. With Year 19 funds, OHCD provided APM with up to \$1.25 million in CDBG funds for its Jardines de Borinquen new-construction rental development which provided 45 units at 2008-50 N. 6th St. and 2011-57 N. Marshall St. This project is completed. OHCD supported the development of Jardines de Borinquen II, on the 2000 block of North 7th and Marshall Streets, a 45-unit rental project, by APM using Years 20 and 21 funds. This project was completed in 1997. In Year 21, OHCD also supported the acquisition and planning activities for eight units of new-construction homeownership at 7th Street and Susquehanna Avenue. In Year 25, OHCD provided \$1.03 million in HOME and CDBG funds for the development of these units. The project was completed in Year 27.

As part of OHCD's commitment to use CDBG resources to support the development of replacement public housing units necessitated by the demolition and lower-density redevelopment of the Southwark Plaza housing development, the RDA issued an RFP in January 1998 for the new construction of affordable rental housing for low-income persons on the 2200 block of North 6th Street and vicinity. The winning proposal was submitted by APM for the development of 42 units of affordable rental housing known as Taino Gardens. Eleven units are reserved for eligible tenants. OHCD supported this development with \$1.5 million in a combination of CDBG and HOME funds in Year 24. Construction was completed in Year 25.

Through Section 108 loan funds, OHCD provided \$1.713 million to the efforts of North Philadelphia

Community Help to rehabilitate 43 rental units for low- and moderate-income people on the 2700 block of North 11th Street. This project was completed in Year 26. In Year 18, OHCD allocated up to \$1.2 million in CDBG, DCA and federal HOME funds to Michaels Development Corp. for the new construction of 70 rental units at 2200 N. 13th St. This project was completed in 1994.

OHCD supported the Village of Arts and Humanities in the development of Village Homes, a six-unit new-construction homeownership venture on the 2500 blocks of North Warnock and North 11th Streets. The project received acquisition and planning funds from DCA and in Year 25, OHCD provided \$800,000 in HOME funds. This project was completed in Year 27.

In the Year 29 Homeownership RFP, the acquisition of 12 vacant lots in the 2700 blocks of Hope and Howard Streets was recommended for HACE. This site will support the development of 10 new-construction units.

In Year 30, OHCD supported predevelopment activities for the rehabilitation of 2848-50 N. 9th St. by Women of Excellence. This development, called Project Restoration, provides 14 units for homeless women. It was selected through the Year 29 Special Needs RFP and received McKinney funding in 2004. It was completed in 2007.

In Year 30, the City supported the acquisition of a site at Percy Street and Indiana Avenue for the development of new-construction rental units by WCRP, called Evelyn Sanders Townhomes. Phase I, 49 units, received HTF funds and Low-Income Housing Tax Credits in Year 32. It is under construction. In 2007, HTF earnings were allocated to a Phase II. This development requires Low-Income Housing Tax Credits.

6. Norris Square

Since Year 16, OHCD has supported the rehabilitation and new-construction housing efforts of the Norris Square Civic Association for revitalization of the Norris Square neighborhood. OHCD supported acquisition and site preparation and provided \$790,000

in construction subsidies for the new construction of 21 units of rental housing on the 100 block of West Norris Street, known as Los Balcones. This project was completed in 1994.

Since Year 18, OHCD has supported acquisition, demolition, environmental remediation and planning activities associated with the development of a former warehouse located at 104-18 W. Norris St., known as La Torre. Norris Square Civic Association constructed 10 units of homeownership housing on this site. This project was completed in Year 29. In addition, OHCD provided \$860,270 in Year 19 and Year 20 HOME funds for the rehabilitation of nine scattered-site homeownership units, known as Hope Street I and II. These projects are completed.

In accordance with OHCD guidelines for supporting elderly developments with HUD Section 202 financing, in Year 25 OHCD provided \$525,000 in prior years' HOME funds for the development of 35 units of elderly housing on the 2100 block of North Howard Street, at the Norris Square Senior Center. This project was completed in Year 26.

In Years 25 and 26, OHCD supported planning and acquisition efforts for a 33-unit homeownership development on the 2300 and 2400 blocks of North Howard Street, to complement the investment of the School District of Philadelphia in construction of a new Hunter Elementary School on the east side of the 2400 block of North Howard Street. Additional acquisition was funded in Years 28 and 29 with NTI bond proceeds. This development, which is known as Norris Square Town Houses (formerly the Hunter School Homeownership Initiative), was awarded Homeownership Choice funding in 2004. This venture, reconfigured as 48 new-construction units, received a commitment of HTF funds in 2006 and is under construction.

In Year 25, OHCD committed up to \$340,000 in CDBG funds to support the rehabilitation of a vacant warehouse building, located at 135-41 W. Norris St., into the Norris Square Childcare Center. This early childhood development facility provides care for

200 preschool children. This project was completed in 2001.

OHCD allocated up to \$100,000 in Year 18 funds to United Hands Community Land Trust for the acquisition costs associated with its scattered-site homeownership project. In Year 19, OHCD provided \$500,000 in HOME funds for the rehabilitation of 10 properties for homeownership. At the request of United Hands Community Land Trust, this project was carried out by PHDC.

During Year 17, OHCD provided \$1.22 million in financing to develop a 20-unit new-construction homeownership project at 1727 N. Hancock St., sponsored by Nueva Esperanza. This project was completed during Year 18. OHCD provided up to \$1.3 million in HOME funds to Nueva Esperanza for the development of Villa Esperanza II, a 15-unit new-construction homeownership development on the 2300 block of Mascher Street. This project was completed in 1997.

In Year 28, OHCD supported acquisition and planning activities for a new-construction rental development of up to 32 units in the area west of Orianna and Diamond Streets. This project, sponsored by WCRP, was selected for acquisition in the Year 27 Special-Needs RFP and for development in the Year 28 Special-Needs RFP. This project, known as Karen Donnally Townhouses, was completed in Year 30. OHCD provided \$2,215,700 in CDBG and HOME funds in Year 29 to support construction. This project is completed.

In Year 29, OHCD supported WCRP to build the Iris Nydia Brown Townhouses, 12 new-construction rental units for very low-income families, located at 2742-62 Mascher St.This venture received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits and was completed in Year 31.

7. Hunting Park

In Year 19, OHCD allocated up to \$130,000 in CDBG funds to the Hunting Park CDC for planning and acquisition for homeownership in the area near Reese, Fairhill and 6th Streets. In Year 21, OHCD provided \$412,200 in HOME funds for the rehabilitation of four

homeownership units on the 4200 block of Darien Street. In Year 25, OHCD funded the acquisition of three vacant properties identified by Hunting Park CDC to be added to its existing inventory to create a scattered-site rehabilitation package. OHCD awarded HTF funds to Nueva Esperanza to support the rehabilitation of these units through HRP. Two units have been completed.

8. Franklinville

In Year 19, OHCD allocated up to \$75,000 in CDBG funding to Centro Pedro Claver for acquisition for a homeownership project. During Year 20, OHCD assisted Centro Pedro Claver in planning activities which identified four appropriate properties for rehabilitation: 704 W. Venango St., 3638 N. Darien St., 3627 N. Marshall St. and 3547 N. 7th St. Known as Franklinville I, these properties are completed.

9. Olde Kensington and Kensington South

In prior years, OHCD has supported a variety of development projects in Olde Kensington, including single-family rehabilitation for homeownership and a 25-unit, new-construction homeownership development at 3rd and Cadwallader Streets known as Kensington Gardens. In Year 21, OHCD supported WCRP's new-construction project of 21 rental units at Master and Orianna Streets, known as Johnnie Tillman Homes. This project was completed in 1997.

In Year 21, OHCD funded Nueva Esperanza for acquisition and soil remediation at 1322-40 N. Hancock St. for the future new construction of homeownership units. In Year 25, OHCD provided \$490,000 in HOME funds for the new construction of seven homeownership units at this site. This project was completed in Year 26.

10.Yorktown

In Year 17, OHCD funded an environmental assessment of the 1400 block of North 13th Street to determine the suitability for housing development. In Year 20, OHCD supported additional testing of the site. In Year 21, OHCD funded the development of Yorktown Arms for 56 rental units of elderly housing. This project was completed in 1997. In Year 28, OHCD supported

Yorktown Arms II, a 37-unit addition to Yorktown Arms. This project received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits and was selected through the Year 27 Rental RFP. This project was completed in Year 32.

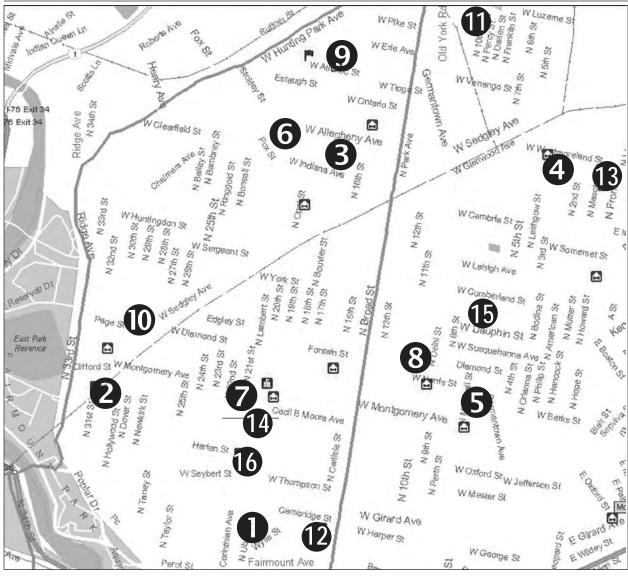
In the Year 29 Homeownership RFP, acquisition of three scattered-site properties in Yorktown for development by the Yorktown CDC through the HRP was recommended.

In Year 24, OHCD supported the rehabilitation of II01 W. Oxford St. The property is completed.

II. Northern Liberties

In Year 33, OHCD supported the development of Mt. Tabor Cyber Village Housing for Seniors, located at 973 N. 7th St. This 56-unit, new-construction rental housing venture received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits and a 2007 HTF award. The sponsor is Mt. Tabor Community Education and Economic Development Corp. It was completed in Year 34.

LOCATIONS OF YEAR 35 PROPOSED ACTIVITIES: NORTH PHILADELPHIA



19th and Wylie	Homeownership
2 32nd/Cecil B. Moore Homeownership	Homeownership
Forgotten Blocks III	Homeownership
4 Lawrence Court I	Homeownership
Sheridan Street Green Building	Homeownership
6 Stable Homes for Stable Families	Homeownership
7 Strawberry Mansion Homeownership	Homeownership
8 Tenth and Diamond	Homeownership
9 Tioga Homeownership	Homeownership

10	Diamond Street Preservation	Rental
1	Evelyn Sanders II	Rental
12	Francisville East	Rental
13	Hancock Manor Preservation	Rental
14	Temple II Preservation	Rental
15	One APM Plaza Preservation	Special Needs
16	Thompson Street Apartments	Special Needs

Kensington/Frankford/ Northeast

GOALS

The area east of Front Street along the Delaware River has undergone enormous economic change in the last four decades as many factories closed and population decreased. New immigrants have joined the older residents in many communities. The area comprises parts of census tracts 143, 158-161, 177-193, 293-302, 315-318, 325-326, 330-332.

Neighborhood Planning and Community Organizations

OHCD supports neighborhood planning in this area by funding groups located in Kensington. In Year 27, OHCD funded the preparation of Neighborhood Strategic Plans in Tacony and Mayfair. In Year 30, OHCD funded a Neighborhood Strategic Plan for Bridesburg.

2. Homeownership for Neighborhood Revitalization

OHCD supports the rehabilitation and new construction of single-family rowhomes for homeownership in Kensington and Frankford. In past years, OHCD has supported homeownership rehabilitation by the New Kensington CDC, the Kensington Housing Partnership and Kensington Homeownership Program which linked neighborhood groups with PHDC to create rehabilitated homeownership housing. OHCD has also funded new construction by Frankford CDC for homeownership in Frankford.

3. Economic Development

The Commerce Department's TNCA program assists business strips at Frankford and Allegheny Avenues, Kensington and Allegheny Avenues, in Kensington/ Harrowgate and in the 4400-5300 blocks of Frankford Avenue.

AREA NEIGHBORHOODS

I. New Kensington/Fishtown

In Year 16, OHCD provided \$514,000 to the New Kensington CDC to rehabilitate seven units for homeownership, consistent with the guidelines of the Homestart Program. OHCD provided \$520,000 in Year 17 funds to this organization to finance a seven-unit homeownership project. In Year 18, OHCD allocated \$560,000 to New Kensington CDC to rehabilitate eight properties for homeownership.

In Year 19, OHCD allocated to New Kensington CDC up to \$600,000 in HOME and CDBG funding to rehabilitate eight properties for homeownership and for acquisition for future rehabilitation.

In Year 21, OHCD supported New Kensington CDC for acquisition for future development of homeownership units and the completion of currently funded projects. In Year 22, OHCD supported New Kensington CDC for the development of 10 homeownership units. In Year 23, OHCD supported New Kensington CDC for the acquisition of an additional 10 units for homeownership. In Year 25, OHCD provided \$729,000 in HOME funds for the rehabilitation of 10 scatteredsite homeownership units: 2117, 2306 E. Cumberland St., 2059, 2079, 2081 E. Hagert St., 2559 E. Norris St., 2020 E. Sergeant St., 2547 Tulip St., and 2347, 2349 E.York St. These properties are completed. In addition, in Year 25 OHCD provided acquisition funding for additional scattered-site homeownership units: 2178 E. Cumberland St., 2045, 2047 E. Dauphin St., 2417, 2436 E. Firth St., 2209 E. Gordon St., 2064, 2065 E. York St. These properties were completed in Year 32.

In Year 26, OHCD supported planning and predevelopment costs associated with the new construction of four homeownership units on the 2400 block of East Dauphin Street, based upon the designs submitted by Wesley Wei in the Francisville Affordable Housing Design Competition held in 1995.

In Year 31, OHCD proposed to support the development of mixed-income homeownership units in the

400 block of Moyer Street. This development should be under construction in Year 35.

In 1999, the City provided \$175,000 for acquisition and related costs for the Greensgrow Philadelphia Project, an urban agriculture venture growing hydroponic lettuce, tomatoes and herbs located at 2501-27 E. Cumberland St. In addition, in Year 23, OHCD provided funding for a feasibility study for the New Kensington Center to be developed in a former factory building located at the corner of Coral and Letterly Streets. This site is now 27 units of rental housing, known as Coral Street Arts House. This project was completed in 2005.

In Year 29, OHCD supported the development of Neumann Senior Housing, a 70-unit HUD Section 202 project, located at 1601 Palmer St., with \$1.05 million in HOME funds. This development is sponsored by North County Conservancy and is completed. In addition, in Year 30, OHCD supported the rehabilitation of 67 units of senior housing known as Neumann North, selected through the Year 28 rental RFP. This development, which is adjacent to Neumann Senior Housing, located at 1741 Frankford Ave., received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits. This project is completed.

In Years 23-27, OHCD supported an Open Space Management Program in New Kensington, in conjunction with the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society (Philadelphia Green), Neighborhood Gardens Association and the New Kensington CDC. OHCD provided funding for the acquisition of 127 lots for use as sideyards and parking, as well as operational support for the Open Space Management Program. OHCD intends to continue its support of this program in Year 35.

2. Kensington/East of Front Street

In Years 17 and 18, OHCD provided a total of \$555,595 to KAN/KARP for the development of King's Highway Apartments, a 10-unit rental development on the 3000 block of Frankford Avenue. In Year 22, OHCD supported planning activities of KAN/KARP for the revitalization of the 2900 and 3000 blocks of Frankford

Avenue. In Year 25, OHCD provided \$1.174 million in HOME funds for the rehabilitation of 31 units of affordable rental housing on the 2900 and 3000 blocks of Frankford Avenue, known as Kings Highway II. This development is completed.

In Year 30, OHCD and KAN/KARP engaged in planning for the area around the new Willard School at Trenton and Auburn Streets to identify opportunities for new housing to support the school.

In Year 18, OHCD allocated up to \$250,000 for acquisition and up to \$750,000 for the rehabilitation of approximately 20 homeownership units under the Kensington Homeownership Program. This homeownership initiative continues OHCD's commitment to providing additional homeownership opportunities in Kensington which began under the Kensington Housing Partnership (KHP) venture. Approximately 60 properties were acquired utilizing \$594,000 in CDBG Year 14 funds allocated to the KHP program. In addition, \$340,000 in Year 15, \$750,000 in Year 16 and \$750,000 in Year 17 funds were allocated for the rehabilitation of approximately 50 properties by KHP and PHDC. OHCD's total commitment to the KHP projects through Year 18 was \$3.434 million. In Year 19, OHCD provided \$500,000 in Section 108 funds to rehabilitate nine properties for homeownership in the area designated by KAN/ KARP.At the request of KAN/KARP, this development was carried out by PHDC.

In 2006, OHCD allocated HTF funds to Impact Services to rehabilitate a structure located at 124 E. Indiana Ave. into eight housing units for homeless, dually-diagnosed veterans. The Veterans Administration is also supporting this venture.

In 2007, Covenant House Pennsylvania received an HTF award to develop a new residence known as Rights of Passage on the 2600 block of Kensington Avenue.

3. Frankford

In Year 18, OHCD allocated \$845,000 to Frankford CDC (then called CDC of Frankford Group Ministry) for the acquisition of property, environmental clean-up

of the site and new construction of 12 homeownership units, known as the Meadow II project at 4629-39 Paul St. The acquisition of the site also supported the development of a rental project for the elderly, known as Meadow House, which was funded under the HUD 202 program. Meadow House is completed. OHCD allocated \$500,000 in Year 19 HOME funds to Frankford CDC for the construction of an additional 12 homeownership units at Meadow II. Meadow II is completed. In Year 21, OHCD supported Frankford CDC for the acquisition of properties through Act 94 condemnation on the 4600 block of Cloud Street for future homeownership development. In Year 22, Frankford CDC received development subsidies through the Philadelphia Bankers' Development Initiative (a City-funded program) for the rehabilitation of eight homeownership units on the 4700 block of Griscom Street. In Year 24, OHCD provided \$424,600 in HOME funds for the development of four units of homeownership housing on the 4600 block of Cloud Street. This project was completed in Year 25. In Year 24, OHCD supported acquisition for the development of 15 units of new-construction homeownership housing on the 1800 block of Wilmot Street, known as the Wilmot Meadow Development. OHCD provided \$1.773 million in HOME funds for construction in Year 25. This project is completed.

In Year 27, OHCD supported Frankford CDC for the development of Gillingham Court, an II-unit new construction homeownership venture located at 4541-4547 Tackawanna St. This site has been remediated and OHCD plans to issue an RFP for a new developer. Frankford CDC was selected in Year 30 to participate in the Main Street program funded by DCED. Frankford CDC will focus on the Frankford Avenue commercial corridor.

4. Bridesburg/Port Richmond

In Year 30, OHCD funded a Neighborhood Strategic Plan in Bridesburg, in consultation with the Bridesburg CDC. The plan will address a range of community development issues, including riverfront activity along the North Delaware River and housing options.

In Port Richmond, OHCD supported Octavia Hill Association in the preservation of 32 units of affordable rental housing at 2423-29 E. Cambria St. This project was completed in 1997.

5. Juniata Park

In Year 25, OHCD provided \$1.65 million to the restoration of the Carl Mackley Apartments located at 1401 E. Bristol St. Originally built in 1934 as a labor-sponsored housing project for union members of the local workforce, the building was rehabilitated in 1999 as 184 units of affordable rental housing.

In 2003, using NTI bond funds, the City supported the acquisition of a six-acre site along Frankford Creek, between Cayuga and Wingohocking Streets. This site will become a 50-unit mixed-income homeownership project, the Twins at PowderMill. This project received PHFA Homeownership Choice funding in 2003 and required a City subsidy. In Year 32, Impact Services became the developer. This venture received an HTF award in 2007 and is under construction. It will be completed in Year 34.

6. Pennypack

In Year 24, OHCD provided \$186,500 in HOME funds for the new construction of 50 units of senior housing, known as Manor Glen, located at 8401 Roosevelt Blvd. Financed through the HUD Section 202 program, the development was carried out by Evangelical Senior Housing. The project was completed in 1999.

7. Mayfair/Tacony

In Year 27, OHCD funded the preparation of Neighborhood Strategic Plans in Mayfair and in Tacony. These plans allow community-based organizations to effectively address a wide range of community development issues, establish priorities and make choices among available community improvement options, consistent with NTI. The Mayfair Strategic Plan, which was conducted in consultation with the Mayfair CDC, considers the area bounded by Pennypack Creek, Frankford Avenue, Harbison Avenue and Roosevelt Boulevard. The Tacony Strategic Plan, which was conducted in consultation with the Tacony Civic Association, considers the area bounded by

Cottman Avenue, the Delaware River, Levick Street and Frankford Avenue.

8. Somerton

In Year 28, OHCD provided \$30,000 for planning and predevelopment activities for the rehabilitation of the FOP Senior Apartments, located at 730 Byberry Rd. Improvements to this 106-unit building, which was built in 1971 through the HUD Section 202 program, were financed with tax credits, PennHOMES and NTI funding. This project was completed in Year 30.

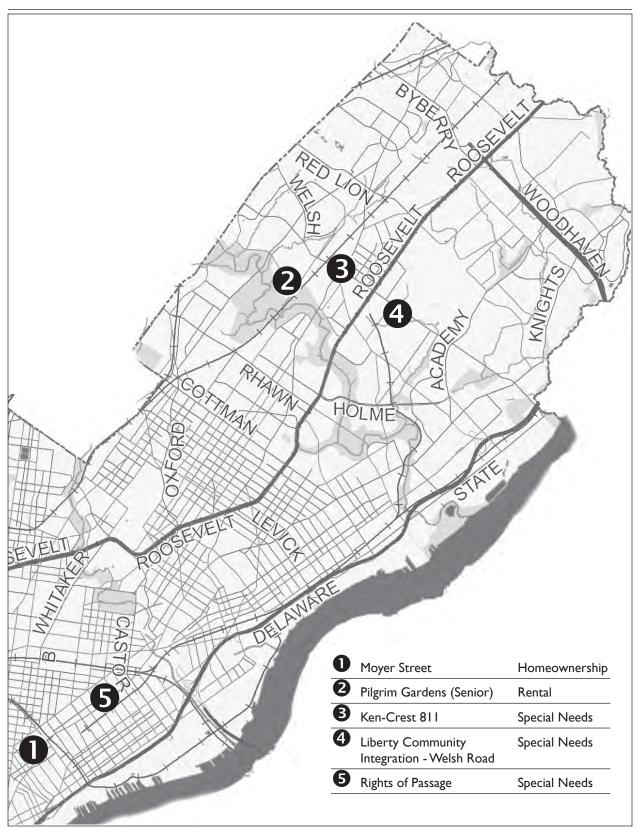
In Year 29, OHCD supported Center Park III, a 39-unit HUD 202 senior project, located at 1901 Red Lion Rd. This development is sponsored by the Jewish Federation. This project was completed in 2005.

9. Northeast Philadelphia

In Year 32, OHCD supported the creation of 62 seniorrental units located at 7023 Rising Sun Ave., known as Pilgrim Gardens. This development received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits and an HTF award.

In Year 34, in response to the HTF RFP, OHCD awarded HTF earnings to Liberty Resources to acquire and make accessible five condominium units at 7600 E. Roosevelt Blvd. This development has also received Section 811 funds. It is under construction.

Locations of Year 35 Proposed Activities: Kensington/Frankford/ Northeast



WEST PHILADELPHIA

After North Philadelphia, West Philadelphia has received the next greatest share of CDBG resources for neighborhood planning, housing rehabilitation, newconstruction housing and economic development.

The area encompasses census tracts 52-75, 77-88, 90-96, and 100-116. OHCD has funded neighborhood planning through community groups in Belmont, Carroll Park and Haddington. The rehabilitation of rowhouses as single-family homeownership units and the creation of affordable rental units in multifamily developments have been priorities for OHCD in West Philadelphia over the years. OHCD supports the Philadelphia Neighborhood Housing Services program in two West Philadelphia neighborhoods: Cobbs Creek and Morris Park. Many West Philadelphia neighborhoods including Parkside, Mantua, Belmont, Mill Creek, Dunlap, Saunders Park, Southwest Philadelphia, Paschall and Eastwick have received development support from OHCD.

GOALS

I. Neighborhood Planning and Community Organizations

OHCD has historically supported neighborhood planning activities in West Philadelphia by funding NACs in many communities. In addition, in Years 16, 17 and 18 OHCD supported the West Philadelphia Coalition of Neighborhoods and Businesses to promote neighborhood development.

2. Homeownership for Neighborhood Revitalization

OHCD has supported renovation of single-family rowhomes for homeownership in the West Philadelphia neighborhoods in greatest need. During Year 16, OHCD invested some of its Homestart budget for the rehabilitation of homes in this area. OHCD selected properties for renovation in the Southwest Philadelphia, Mantua and East Parkside areas. This activity built upon the Year 15 Homestart projects in

Southwest Philadelphia and Mantua. In Year 17, OHCD allocated more than \$1 million for the rehabilitation of Homestart properties in West Philadelphia and committed additional funding for Homestart in Mantua and Southwest Philadelphia in Year 19. In Years 20 through 24 and in Year 26, OHCD funded additional Homestart units in Mantua. In conjunction with the West Philadelphia Empowerment Zone, five Homestart houses were completed in Carroll Park, Cathedral Park and Mill Creek. The Partnership CDC has been active in using HRP for rehabilitation in Walnut Hill. PNHS rehabilitated single-family properties in Carroll Park.

3. Multifamily Building Renovations

The city's largest concentration of multifamily rental buildings is located in West Philadelphia. Because many of these have been vacant or significantly deteriorated, their rehabilitation has been a primary developmental objective of OHCD. Using CDBG and/or MEND funds, the RDA has rehabilitated the Art Apartments (30 units), Walnut Park Plaza (123 units) and the Glademore Apartments (81 units). During Year 15, a total of 104 units at the Admiral Court and Dorset Apartments were rehabilitated.

In Year 15, 80 rental units in the 5100 block of Regent Street were rehabilitated. During Year 16, the Dunlap School at 51st and Race Streets was rehabilitated to provide 35 senior-citizen apartments. Two rental projects for the homeless in West Philadelphia, the Von Louhr Apartments (25 units) at 15-25 S. 61st St., and the People's Emergency Center project (11 transitional and nine permanent units) at 3902 Spring Garden St., were completed in Year 16. Locust Towers, a previously vacant 40-unit building, was rehabilitated in Year 17. Seventy-nine rental units were rehabilitated in the 4700 block of Chestnut Street and the surrounding area by the LIH/Chestnut group including the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation. This project was completed in 1992. Bernice Arms, 6000 Baltimore Ave., was completed in 1999 by Pennrose Properties. The Chatham Apartments, a 40-unit rehabilitation development at 242 S. 49th St., was completed in 2000 by the Ingerman Group. The Holmes School, a 42-unit senior rental development with retail space

at 55th and Chestnut Streets, was completed in 2002 by Neighborhood Restorations. A 33-unit building, 4901 Spruce St., was rehabilitated by Pennrose Properties in Year 30.

4. Economic Development

West Philadelphia neighborhoods surround a number of important neighborhood shopping centers. Throughout the past decade, area commercial revitalization has been among the CDBG's important economic development objectives in West Philadelphia. Support for major service retail corridors was maintained in Year 31. These include 52nd and Market Streets, Lancaster Avenue (4000-4600), Baltimore Avenue (5000-5100), 49th Street and Baltimore Avenue (Cedar Park), 60th and Market Streets, Lansdowne Avenue (5900-6200) and Woodland Avenue. The West Parkside Enterprise Zone is one of the city's Enterprise Zones with ongoing support from the Commerce Department. In addition, a portion of West Philadelphia was designated as part of Philadelphia's Empowerment Zone.

AREA NEIGHBORHOODS

I. Haddington/Dunlap

In Year 16, \$1.95 million in DCA prior year funds was invested to renovate Dunlap School at 503 I W. Race St. into 35 units of housing for elderly people. In addition, \$36,000 in CDBG Year 16 funds was allocated for the rehabilitation of four rental units at 519-21 N. 55th St. by Philadelphians Concerned About Housing (PCAH). OHCD allocated an additional \$525,000 for 21 units of special-needs housing to PCAH for Haddington I in the vicinity of 54th and Summer Streets. This project was completed in 1997. OHCD continued its commitment to the neighborhood by providing an additional \$1.5 million to PCAH for an additional 28 scattered-site units of special-needs housing, known as Haddington II. This project was completed in 1998. OHCD also provided \$1.5 million in Section 108 loan funds for an additional 20 units of scattered-site rental housing, known as Appletree Housing. This project was completed in Year 26. In Year 27, OHCD supported PCAH in its next venture, known as Avondale Housing. This development, which provides 18 units

of permanent housing for single-parent families in transitional housing programs, was completed in Year 28. In Year 28, OHCD supported Ruby Housing, an II-unit scattered-site rental rehabilitation project sponsored by PCAH. This development was selected in the Year 27 Special-Needs RFP and provides permanent supportive housing for formerly homeless families. This venture was completed in Year 29. In Year 29, OHCD supported PCAH's Woodcrest Housing development, the acquisition and rehabilitation of II scattered-site properties in the vicinity of 54th and Parrish Streets. This development was selected through the Year 28 Special-Needs RFP and was completed in Year 30. PCAH is now known as AchieveAbility.

At the request of Haddington Leadership Organization, PHDC completed the rehabilitation of three scattered-site homeownership units, using Year 18 funds. In Year 16, OHCD funded the Greater Germantown Housing Development Corp. (GGHDC) to assist the West Philadelphia Housing Development Corp. (WPHDC) with acquisition and startup costs. In Year 17, OHCD continued its financial support of WPHDC by allocating \$500,000 to its rehabilitation program. At the request of WPHDC, PHDC completed the rehabilitation of four homeownership units.

In Year 22, OHCD allocated \$400,000 to the construction of Booth Manor, a 50-unit rental development for the elderly located at 5522 Arch St., sponsored by the Salvation Army. CDBG funds were combined with \$4.788 million in federal Section 202 funds. This project was completed in 1998.

In 2007, OHCD provided an HTF award to support the development of Booth Manor II, 50 units of senior rental housing that is receiving HUD Section 202 funding. This development is located at 5520 Arch St., adjacent to Booth Manor and is sponsored by the Salvation Army. It was completed in Year 34.

In Year 23, OHCD allocated \$1.5 million for the rehabilitation of the former Brooks School, located at 5631-43 Haverford Ave., into 33 units of affordable rental housing. Developed by the Ingerman Group,

this project was completed in 1998. To support the Brooks School development, PHDC rehabilitated a duplex unit (homeowner's unit plus rental unit) at 5623 Wyalusing Ave. through the Homestart Program. This property was completed in Year 28.

In the Year 29 Homeownership RFP, AchieveAbility was selected to rehabilitate up to 10 scattered-site units for homeownership in Haddington and Cobbs Creek. This project, known as Dewey Housing, was completed in Year 33.

OHCD has supported the planning and acquisition efforts of the Mt. Carmel CDC in an area bounded by 57th Street on the east, 59th Street on the west, Vine Street on the north and Arch Street on the south. Working with AchieveAbility, Mt. Carmel CDC intends to pursue a strategy of rehabilitation of vacant structures, some infill new construction and development of green space.

OHCD supported Cecil Housing, the rehabilitation of II units of scattered-site housing by AchieveAbility. This project was selected through the Year 29 Special-Needs RFP and received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits in 2006. This development was completed in 2007.

2. Parkside

Parkside was a major center for West Philadelphia development throughout the 1980s. The city's Special Acquisition homeowner rehabilitation program rebuilt a significant section of East Parkside. This is one of the major areas where industrial development and housing rehabilitation can reinforce each other. OHCD provided financing of \$835,000 in Years 16 and 17 CDBG funds to rehabilitate 18 units at 4150-52 Parkside Ave. by the Parkside Historic Preservation Corp. This project was completed in 1993. In Year 19, OHCD allocated \$2 million in Section 108 funds for the rehabilitation of the Brentwood Apartments (44 units) at 4120-40 Parkside Ave. by Pennrose Properties in conjunction with the Parkside Historic Preservation Corp. This project is complete. In addition, OHCD provided \$852,500 for the development of 16 units of affordable rental housing at the Brantwood, 4144 Parkside Ave., developed by Parkside Historic Preservation Corp. and Pennrose Properties. This project was completed in 1999.

In Year 29, OHCD supported 1260 Housing Development Corp.'s Pennsgrove Permanent Housing Initiative, the construction of 10 housing units for persons with mental illness. This development was selected through the Year 28 Special-Needs RFP and received McKinney funding. Because site control and zoning approvals could not be obtained for the Pennsgrove location, this project was combined with funding for Powelton Heights, a 48-unit affordable rental development for persons with mental illness, located at 4113-43 Warren St. Powelton Heights was completed in 2006.

In Year 26, OHCD supported planning and acquisition activities for the rehabilitation of up to 32 units of homeownership housing in the West Philadelphia Empowerment Zone through a joint venture between Parkside Association of Philadelphia and Community Ventures. In Year 27, OHCD funded the acquisition of these units. OHCD funded the rehabilitation of these units through a combination of CDBG, HOME and Empowerment Zone resources. Twenty-six units, in two phases, were completed in Year 31.

3. Overbrook

Overbrook remains connected to Philadelphia Neighborhood Housing Services (PNHS) as a Self-Reliant Neighborhood. The Lansdowne Avenue retail corridor from 59th to 63rd Streets received support through the Commerce Department. OHCD provided \$345,330 to PNHS to rehabilitate seven units for homeownership, located at 1650 N. Allison St., 5537 and 5543 Jefferson St., 5512 Lansdowne Ave., 5727 N. Park Ave., 5839 N. 12th St. and 5735 N. 13th St. These properties were completed in Year 24.

4. Wynnefield

In Year 19, OHCD allocated up to \$1.5 million in CDBG funds to Kearsley/Christ Church Hospital for the new construction of 60 units of elderly housing at 2100 N. 49th St. in a facility which provides a continuum of care. This project is completed.

In Year 28, OHCD supported Monument Mews, a 60-unit rental new-construction development on the Methodist Services for Families and Children Campus at 4300 Monument Rd. This development will serve formerly homeless and/or low-income special-needs households and was selected through the Year 27 Special-Needs RFP. It is under construction. In Year 29, OHCD supported the rehabilitation of an additional II units of rental housing at 4300 Monument Rd., known as Fresh Start. This development was selected through the Year 28 Special-Needs RFP and was completed in Year 33.

In response to the HTF RFP, in Year 34 OHCD supported the development of Ivy Residence II, a Section 202 senior residence being developed by the Salvation Army at 4050 Conshohocken Ave. This development will provide 53 new-construction rental units.

5. Mantua

Mantua has been a development area of the City's housing programs for more than a decade. OHCD invested \$1 million in Year 16 CDBG funds in the renovation of vacant houses for homeownership under Homestart. In Year 17, OHCD allocated additional funds to rehabilitate another seven homes in Mantua under its Homestart Program. OHCD allocated \$495,000 in Year 19 funds for the rehabilitation of seven Homestart houses in Mantua. OHCD provided \$670,000 for the development of nine Homestart units in Mantua in Year 20. In Year 25, OHCD supported the rehabilitation of five additional Homestart units. OHCD has also supported PHA scattered-site renovation here using CDBG funds and allocated \$16,000 in Year 16 funds to upgrade the heating system at Stephen Smith Towers, 1030 Belmont Ave. In Year 19, OHCD allocated \$1.3 million in HOME funds for the new construction of 22 rental units, known as Spencer's Place, at 36th and Aspen Streets, developed by Pennrose Properties. This development was completed in 1997. Mantua was an NTI acquisition zone.

In Year 30, the City supported the application for Homeownership Choice Program funding from PHFA

for Union Hill Homes, 51 new-construction and one rehabilitated affordable for-sale units located in the vicinity of Union and Aspen Streets. This project received Homeownership Choice funds in 2005 and will be completed in Year 34.

In Year 31, OHCD agreed to support the development of Mantua Presbyterian Apartments at 34th Street and Haverford Avenue, a HUD-funded 66-unit Section 202 senior development, by committing \$350,000 in HTF funds and \$975,000 in HOME funds. It was completed in Year 34.

OHCD supported the development of the Melon Supportive Independent Living development by 1260 Housing Development Corp., a 10-unit new-construction rental venture located at 3616-3628 Melon St. This development was allocated HTF funds in 2006 and was completed in Year 33.

OHCD also supported the development of the Mantua Supportive Independent Living development, 1260 Housing Corp.'s 10-unit Section 811 venture located at 3613-3619 Fairmount Ave. This project is completed.

6. Carroll Park

In Year 19, OHCD allocated \$850,000 in Section 108 loan funds to PNHS and the Ingerman Group for the rehabilitation of 30 rental units in the Hestonville Apartments at 5400 Lansdowne Ave. This project was completed in 1995. In Year 22, PNHS expanded its program to the Carroll Park community, as a full service PNHS neighborhood offering the full range of NHS programs and services. In Year 26, OHCD supported planning and predevelopment activities for the rehabilitation of seven scatteredsite homeownership units. These units were completed in 2005. In Year 27, OHCD supported the rehabilitation of seven Homestart properties in conjunction with the Empowerment Zone. These properties were completed in Year 28. In Year 31, OHCD proposed to rehabilitate up to five additional Homestart properties in conjunction with the Empowerment Zone.

In the Year 29 Homeownership RFP, acquisition of 21 scattered-site properties in Carroll Park for

development by Resources for Human Development through the HRP was recommended.

In Year 32, OHCD helped to plan for the development of up to 12 units for homeownership by the Phoenix Project CDC in conjunction with Resources for Human Development.

7. Cathedral Park

OHCD supported Habitat for Humanity-West Philadelphia through acquisition of properties on the 4900 block of West Stiles Street. In Year 26, OHCD provided \$12,260 in CDBG for the acquisition of two additional properties on this block for rehabilitation as homeownership units through the Habitat for Humanity program.

In Year 27, OHCD funded the rehabilitation of one Homestart unit in conjunction with the Empowerment Zone. Using NTI acquisition funding, the City is acquiring properties in the 4900 block of Girard Avenue. This site will be developed as new-construction homeownership units, using a combination of HOME and Empowerment Zone funding.

8. Belmont/Mill Creek Area

In Year 20, OHCD allocated up to \$600,000 in City Economic Stimulus funding for the new construction of 135 homeownership units to be developed at 46th and Market Streets by Philadelphia Interfaith Action (PIA). In Year 21, OHCD allocated an additional \$2.35 million in Economic Stimulus funds for a total commitment to PIA of \$2.95 million. FY '95 City Capital funds supported infrastructure and site improvements for this development. This project is completed. In Year 18, OHCD supported the Sarah Allen project by providing \$1.03 million to the Friends Rehabilitation Program (FRP) to construct and rehabilitate 36 rental units at 41st and Parrish Streets. OHCD continued this commitment to the Sarah Allen project in Year 20 by funding the rehabilitation of 87 units of elderly housing at this site. This OHCD funding commitment supported the rehabilitation of the former Sarah Allen Nursing Home building which received an award of \$6.96 million in federal Section 202 funding. In Year 21, OHCD provided \$900,000

for Sarah Allen IV, a combination of rehabilitation and new construction of 40 rental units which was completed in 1998. In Year 24, RDA issued an RFP for the development of scattered-site rental units in the vicinity of 41st and Brown Streets. FRP in conjunction with the Belmont Improvement Association was selected as the developer. In Year 26, OHCD provided \$1.15 million in CDBG and HOME funds for this 27-unit development, now known as Belmont Gardens. This project was completed in 2001.

In Year 22, OHCD supported the acquisition of 15 properties for rehabilitation into homeownership and rental housing to be developed by FRP. In Year 25, OHCD provided \$750,000 in HOME funds for Belmont Homes, eight units of homeownership and two rental units. This project was completed in Year 26. In Year 27, OHCD supported Home in Belmont, a scattered-site homeownership development of eight rehabilitated properties and one new-construction unit for a total of nine housing units. This project was completed in Year 31. A second phase of Home in Belmont is planned. These two ventures will support the Sarah Allen development.

In Year 22, OHCD supported the acquisition for Belmont Affordable Homes, a 37-unit scattered-site rental development in the vicinity of 42nd Street, Belmont Avenue and Parrish Street. This project, formerly known as the Waverly Development, was carried out in two phases. Belmont Affordable I, consisting of 17 units, was completed in 1997. Belmont Affordable II, consisting of 20 units of rental housing, was completed in 1998. In Year 27, OHCD supported Belmont Affordable III, an additional 46 units of rental housing, using a combination of CDBG funds and Low-Income Housing Tax Credits. This project was completed in Year 28. In Year 28, OHCD supported Belmont Homes IV, an II-unit affordable tax-credit development in the area of 42nd Street and Girard Avenue, selected in the Year 27 Rental RFP. This is completed. In Year 29, OHCD supported Belmont Homes V, 24 rental units, selected through the Year 28 Rental RFP. This project was completed in Year 30.

In Year 23, OHCD provided \$1.15 million to H.E.L.P.I, a combination of new construction and rehabilitation of 40 units of permanent homeless housing at 4900 Wyalusing Ave. This development, based upon the successful New York model, was completed in 1998. In Year 24, OHCD provided \$980,000 to H.E.L.P. II for 50 units of transitional homeless housing at 4901 Wyalusing Ave. This project was completed in 1999.

In Year 20, OHCD allocated \$1.5 million for the modular construction of 72 rental units at 45th and Parrish Streets, known as Jameson Court, by Michaels Development Corp. This development was completed in 1997.

During Year 27, PHA was awarded a HOPE VI grant for the comprehensive redevelopment of public and affordable housing in Mill Creek, known as Lucien E. Blackwell Homes. The Mill Creek HOPE VI development is completed.

In Year 27, OHCD provided \$350,000 in gap financing for the St. Ignatius Senior Housing development, 67 new-construction rental units, at 42nd Street and Fairmount Avenue. This project, known as Angela Court I, was completed in 2003. In Year 31, OHCD agreed to support the development of Angela Court II, located at 44th Street and Fairmount Avenue, which will provide 54 senior rental units. This development received HTF funding in 2006 and 2007 and was completed in Year 33.

In conjunction with the West Philadelphia Empowerment Zone, OHCD supported one Homestart rehabilitation in Mill Creek in Year 27. This unit is completed.

In Year 30, OHCD provided \$400,000 in prior years' CDBG funding to support site improvements at Mt. Olivet Village, a PHA rehabilitation project in the Mill Creek revitalization area.

9. Cobbs Creek

In Year 23, PNHS expanded its program to the Cobbs Creek community. Cobbs Creek is a Full Service PNHS neighborhood, offering the full range of rehabilitation and loan services, community improvements and technical assistance provided by PNHS. In Year 24,

OHCD provided \$1.75 million for the rehabilitation of 6000 Baltimore Avenue into 46 units of elderly housing. The development, carried out by Pennrose Properties, was completed in Year 25. In Year 25, OHCD provided \$300,000 in CDBG funds for the environmental remediation of the former Holmes School, located at 55th and Chestnut Streets. In Year 26, OHCD provided an additional \$1.5 million in CDBG and HOME funds for the rehabilitation of the building into 40 units of senior housing. The City also provided \$750,000 in Economic Stimulus funds to support the creation of commercial space in the building. This project, developed by Neighborhood Restorations Inc., was completed in Year 27.

In the Year 29 Homeownership RFP, AchieveAbility, formerly known as Philadelphians Concerned About Housing, was selected to rehabilitate 10 scattered-site units for homeownership in Haddington and Cobbs Creek. This project, known as Dewey Housing, was completed in Year 33.

In Year 31, the City provided \$250,000 in prior years' reprogrammed HOME funds to support The Partnership CDC's development of 14 units of affordable rental housing in the 100 and 200 blocks of South 60th Street. This project is receiving Mixed Use Facility Financing Initiative (MUFFI) funds from PHFA.

10. Walnut Hill and Garden Court

In prior years, OHCD supported the rehabilitation of apartment buildings in Walnut Hill, including 104 units at the Admiral Court and Dorset. In Year 25 OHCD provided \$1.797 million in HOME and CDBG funds for the rehabilitation of the Chatham Apartments, 242 S. 49th St., into 40 units of affordable rental housing. The developer was the Ingerman Group. In Year 29, OHCD supported the moderate rehabilitation of 4901 Spruce St., a 33-unit building, by Pennrose Properties. This development, which was selected through the Year 27 Rental RFP, received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits and was completed in Year 30.

In Year 18, OHCD provided up to \$52,000 to PCAH to rehabilitate one rental unit at 135 S. 51st St.

In Year 21, OHCD supported the rehabilitation of 12 scattered-site units for homeownership by The Partnership CDC. This development was completed in Year 25. In Year 22, OHCD supported the acquisition and planning efforts of The Partnership CDC for the rehabilitation of eight more scattered-site homeownership units. This development is completed.

In Year 27, the City supported the acquisition of 10 properties in Garden Court for rehabilitation by The Partnership CDC through HRP.

In 2007, The Partnership CDC received an HTF award to construct two duplexes (owner's unit plus a rental unit) in the 4500 block of Sansom Street.

11. University City

In Year 24, OHCD provided \$825,000 in HOME funds to support Ralston/Mercy Douglass House, a HUD Section 202 project consisting of the new construction of 55 units of elderly housing at 39th and Market Streets. This project was completed in Year 27.

12. West Powelton

OHCD has long supported the work of People's Emergency Center CDC (PEC CDC) to provide homeownership opportunities in the neighborhood surrounding the People's Emergency Center. In Year 19, OHCD provided \$452,500 for the rehabilitation of eight scattered-site units for permanent housing for formerly homeless families. Known as Partnership Homes, this project was completed in 1996. In Year 25, OHCD supported the development of Imani Homes II, a seven-unit rental development in the 4000 block of Green Street for formerly homeless persons. This development received funding through the HUD McKinney program in 1999 and was completed in 2002. In Year 26, OHCD supported the development of Imani Homes III, a five-unit rental development on the 300 block of North 41st Street. This project received McKinney funding in 2000 and is completed. In Year 27, OHCD supported the development of Imani Homes IV, an eight-unit permanent supportive rental housing project on the 3900 block of Lancaster Avenue and the 4000 block of Green Street. This project received McKinney funding in 2001 and was completed in 2005. In Year 28, OHCD supported acquisition funding for Imani Homes V, an II-unit supportive-service rental housing project for persons with special needs. This project, located on the 3800 block of Haverford Avenue, received development financing in Year 29 and is completed. In Year 30, OHCD awarded PEC CDC funding for an additional I0 units of supportive-service rental housing to be located in and around the 3900 block of Haverford Avenue. This project is now part of Cloisters III, a 50-unit affordable rental housing development financed with Low-Income Housing Tax Credits and completed in Year 32.

OHCD is supporting the development by PEC CDC of Fattah Homes and Bernice Elza Homes, scattered-site rental units for formerly homeless families located in the vicinity of 40th and Brandywine Streets, using McKinney and HOME funds. Bernice Elza Homes received an HTF award in 2007 and is under construction. Fattah Homes received a MUFFI award from PHFA. This development will provide retail space on Lancaster Avenue and apartments for formerly homeless families.

OHCD is supporting the new construction by PEC CDC of 23 units, including a 17-unit new building located at 611-27 N. 40th St., known as Jannie's Place, using HTF, HOME and McKinney funds. This development requires the awarding of Low-Income Housing Tax Credits from PHFA. Jannie's Place also includes the preservation of six rental units at 3900 Spring Garden St. using Low-Income Housing Tax Credits.

PEC CDC was selected in Year 30 to participate in the Elm Street and Main Street programs funded by DCED. PEC CDC will focus on the Lancaster Avenue commercial corridor and surrounding neighborhoods.

In Year 27, OHCD provided up to \$255,000 to support the rehabilitation of the Rudolphy/Mercy Douglass Home for the Blind, located at 3827 Powelton Ave., into 17 rental units for independent living. This project received HUD Section 811 financing and was completed in Year 28.

13. Upper Southwest Philadelphia/ Elmwood

In Year 19, OHCD allocated up to \$660,000 in funds from Year 19 CDBG and Section 108 to the South 55th Street Partnership to rehabilitate 20 rental units at 800-18 S. 55th St. This project was completed in 1997.

14. Cedar Park

In Year 21, OHCD committed \$700,000 to Baltimore Avenue Revitalization Corp. for acquisition and demolition costs associated with the construction of a community-based outpatient medical center located at 5008-28 Baltimore Ave. This project was completed in 1998.

15. Southwest Philadelphia

Southwest Philadelphia below Baltimore Avenue remains among the most depressed areas of West Philadelphia. In Year 18, OHCD funded the Southwest CDC to provide neighborhood planning activities in the area. OHCD invested more than \$800,000 in Year 16 for rehabilitation under the Homestart Program. OHCD provided \$330,000 for five Homestart properties in Southwest Philadelphia in Year 19, using prior years' funds. OHCD supported Homestart in Year 23. Woodland Avenue is a major retail service corridor which has received support through the Commerce Department.

OHCD provided \$1,181,800 in Years 26 and 27 HOME funds to support the new construction of 15 homeownership units on the 4700 block of Reinhard Street. Developed by The Nonprofit Housing Development Corp., this project is completed.

During Year 22, OHCD worked on a conservation/ preservation approach to address deterioration in the First Genesis area of Southwest Philadelphia. Six severely deteriorated properties were demolished and eight vacant properties were encapsulated in order to protect them for future rehabilitation.

During Year 24, four vacant properties were marketed through the Homestart Program. Rehabilitation of these properties was completed during Year 25. Condemnation was initiated during Year 24 on additional vacant properties in the 6000 blocks of Kingsessing Avenue and Allman Street.

Using NTI bond proceeds, the City acquired properties in the area from 56th to 60th Streets, Woodland Avenue to Chester Avenue, for the Southwest Renewal Initiative. Through this venture, the Board of City Trusts, PHDC and Presbyterian Homes will redevelop projects for homeownership in conjunction with HRP. HTF funds were provided in 2006. Phases I and 2, a total of 25 units, are completed. Five additional houses, sponsored by PHDC, will begin construction in Year 34.

In Year 29, OHCD funded the Greenway Presbyterian Apartments, a HUD 202-funded senior development located at 2050 S. 58th St. Consistent with the selection criteria, this 68-unit development received \$1.02 million in HOME funds. This project was completed in 2005.

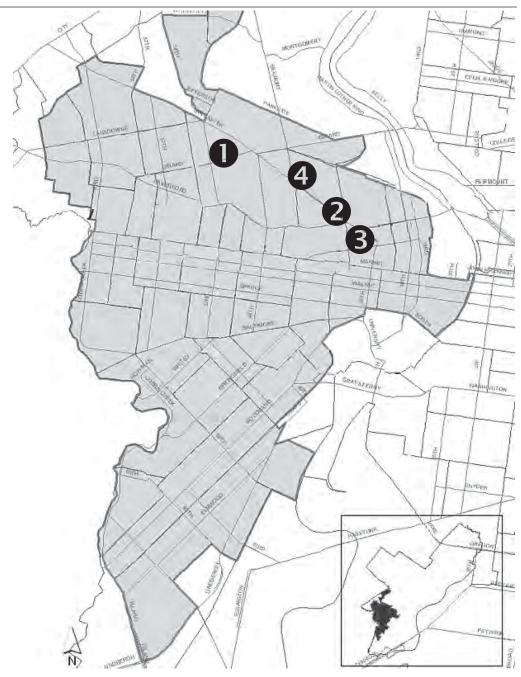
In 2007, OHCD provided an HTF award and HOME funds to support the Reba Brown Senior Residence located at 1413 S. 50th St. This 75-unit rental development is sponsored by Mt. Zion CDC and has received HUD Section 202 funding. It will be completed in Year 34.

16. Eastwick

In Year 30, the City proposed to support Inglis Apartments at Elmwood, on the 6100 block of Eastwick Avenue. This new-construction apartment building provides 40 rental units for persons with physical disabilities. This project was selected through the Year 29 Special-Needs RFP. It received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits and was completed in Year 33.

In Year 34, in response to the Rental Development RFP, OHCD proposed to support HELP USA's new-construction rental development located at 6100 Eastwick Avenue with HTF and HOME funds, contingent on the awarding of Low-Income Housing Tax Credits from PHFA. This development will provide 63 rental units.

LOCATIONS OF YEAR 35 PROPOSED ACTIVITIES: WEST PHILADELPHIA



0	4900 Girard Homeownership	Homeownership
2	Fattah Homes	Special Needs
8	Jannie's Place	Special Needs
4	Ogden Gardens	Special Needs

CENTER CITY

I. Chinatown North

Due to development pressure from the Pennsylvania Convention Center and other commercial development, the opportunity to increase the supply of affordable housing in the Chinatown area is very limited. For this reason, the Philadelphia Chinatown Development Corp. has expanded development north of Vine Street for its community, in census tracts 1, 2, 5, 126 and 127. In Year 19, OHCD allocated \$1.8 million in HOME funds for the acquisition, planning and development of 36 new-construction homeownership units at 8th and Vine Streets by the Philadelphia Chinatown Development Corp. This project is completed. In Year 24. OHCD allocated funds for the acquisition of a site at the northwest corner of 9th and Wood Streets for future homeownership development. In Year 27, OHCD supported the construction of 10 units of homeownership housing on this site, known as Sing Wah Yuen. Construction was completed in 2003.

2. Center City

In Year 28, OHCD supported the rehabilitation of Kate's Place, 1929 Sansom St., into 144 affordable rental units. The development is sponsored by Project H.O.M.E. and received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits. This project was selected through the Year 27 Rental RFP and will maintain an affordable housing resource in this area of Center City. This project was completed in Year 30.

In Year 31, OHCD supported repairs to Casa Farnese, located at 13th and Lombard Streets. This project is completed.

In Year 33, OHCD agreed to support St. John the Evangelist House, a 79-unit new-construction facility for homeless adults located at 1211-13 Clover St. This development is sponsored by Project H.O.M.E. and the Bethesda Project. It received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits and will begin construction in 2009.

SOUTH PHILADELPHIA

South Philadelphia is the most economically and racially diverse area of the city. Neighborhoods of desperate poverty coexist with those of considerable affluence, held together by a strong middle-class foundation of single-family rowhomes. In recent years, the extension of Center City's strong real estate market has made market-rate housing possible in much of South Philadelphia. The section of South Philadelphia that has received the most OHCD assistance is comprised of census tracts 13-51. South Philadelphia neighborhoods that have received OHCD assistance include Queen Village, Pennsport, Whitman, Hawthorne, Point Breeze and Southwest Center City. Significant development initiatives in selected neighborhoods remain. The Port of Philadelphia is an Enterprise Zone under the auspices of the Commerce Department.

GOALS

I. Neighborhood Planning and Community Organizations

OHCD has supported neighborhood planning in South Philadelphia by funding community organizations in several neighborhoods including Grays Ferry. OHCD supports the following organizations to carry out community planning: Grays Ferry Community Council, Pennsport Civic Association, Whitman Council, Diversified Community Services, South Philadelphia H.O.M.E.S. and United Communities CDC.

2. Homeownership for Neighborhood Revitalization

A neighborhood development goal is to preserve low-income housing while retaining a delicate balance among low-, moderate- and upper-income residents. To accomplish this, OHCD targeted CDBG funds for homeownership through Homestart in South Philadelphia from Years 16 to 27. The Jefferson Square homeownership development produced both affordable (subsidized) and market-rate units. Universal Community Homes has built new, affordable

homeownership units in Point Breeze. PHA has built new-construction homeownership units using HOPEVI funds in Grays Ferry and Hawthorne.

3. Private and CDC Rental Development

With its easy accessibility to Center City, South Philadelphia has been a focus for rental development by both private developers and CDCs. In 1991 the Ingerman Group completed a large-scale rental rehabilitation project on the 1900-2100 blocks of Christian Street in Southwest Center City. In Year 17, OHCD provided financing for the conversion of the former Landreth School in Point Breeze into 51 rental units. This project was completed in 1992. In Year 18, OHCD allocated \$300,000 to the Hawthorne CDC to acquire and rehabilitate properties for rental units, \$1.094 million to Pennrose Properties and the Housing Consortium for Disabled Individuals for 27 newconstruction rental units on South 16th Street, and \$715,000 in Year 18 and prior years' funds to Octavia Hill and YouthBuild for 22 units of rehabilitated rental housing in Point Breeze. Universal Community Homes has produced affordable rental housing in Southwest Center City and Point Breeze.

AREA NEIGHBORHOODS

I. Queen Village

Located in the vicinity of 4th Street and Washington Avenue, the Courtyard Apartments at Riverview (formerly Southwark Plaza) is surrounded by Queen Village and is one of PHA's largest developments. With a total development cost of approximately \$58 million, Courtyard Apartments at Riverview was supported primarily by \$39.5 million in Major Reconstruction of Obsolete Projects (MROP) grants supplied by HUD to PHA with additional contributions of limited partner equity proceeds and CDBG funds of \$2 million. Developed by a joint venture of Southwark Development Corp., Affordable Community Housing Advocates Inc., Housing Association of Delaware Valley and the National Housing Partnerships Inc., the renovated development consists of 165 units of elderly housing in the one remaining high-rise building and 305 newly constructed townhouses for a total of 470 units.

The development was completed in Year 26. The Queen Village Neighbors Association has been a leading force in involving PHA tenants and residents of the surrounding community in joint projects and dialogue.

2. Jefferson Square

As part of OHCD's commitment to use CDBG resources to support the development of replacement public housing units, as a result of the demolition which reduced density redevelopment at Southwark Plaza, the RDA issued an RFP in January 1998 for the rehabilitation of Mt. Sinai Hospital North Building, located at 430 Reed St., into rental housing for elderly persons. The winning proposal was submitted by Michaels Development Corp. which developed 37 units for eligible residents. In Year 24, OHCD provided \$1.678 million in CDBG and HOME funds to support this venture which was completed in Year 26.

In 1998, the City committed \$3 million in Economic Stimulus funds to support acquisition and development of 94 homeownership units in the Jefferson Square neighborhood, bounded by Federal Street on the north, Reed Street on the south, 4th Street on the east and 5th Street on the west. The developer is Jefferson Square CDC. The development was awarded \$1 million by PHFA through its Homeownership Choice Demonstration Program in 2001. Phase 1, 30 affordable and 12 market-rate units, is completed. OHCD provided CDBG subsidy to support the affordable units. Phase II of this development provided an additional 52 market-rate housing units.

3. Greenwich/Whitman

In Year 19, OHCD allocated \$450,000 to rehabilitate six units for homeownership through the Homestart Program. OHCD continued its support of the rehabilitation of homeownership units in Greenwich/ Whitman by Community Ventures in cooperation with Weccacoe Development Association.

In Year 24, OHCD committed \$825,000 for Greenwich/ Whitman I, a development of 10 scattered-site units. This development was completed in Year 25. In Year 26, OHCD supported Greenwich/Whitman II, an additional 13 homeownership units on the 500 block

of McClellan Street and vicinity. This development was completed in 2004.

In Year 22, OHCD supported the acquisition costs associated with the rehabilitation by United Communities Southeast Philadelphia of five units of homeownership housing on the 500 block of Emily Street. This development was completed in Year 28.

In Year 27, the City supported acquisition funding for the South Philadelphia Presbyterian Apartments, 67 units of affordable new-construction senior housing at 5th and Jackson Streets. This project, which received HUD Section 202 and HOME financing, was completed in 2005.

4. Hawthorne

OHCD allocated \$200,000 to Hawthorne CDC for the rehabilitation of four rental units, located at 1236-40 Catharine St. and 801 S. 13th St. This development was completed in 1996.

In 1998, PHA received a \$25.2-million HOPE VI development grant for the revitalization of Martin Luther King Plaza, located at 13th and Fitzwater Streets. The planned revitalization called for the demolition of the four high-rise towers on site, which was completed in October 1999, and the development of 330 rental units and 150 homeownership units through a combination of rehabilitation and new construction through neighborhood and commercial development along Broad Street. OHCD agreed to provide up to \$4.5 million in CDBG funds for acquisition, demolition and relocation costs associated with MLK revitalization, to be paid over five years. In Year 26, OHCD committed \$1 million in CDBG funds for MLK acquisition. In accordance with the agreement with PHA, OHCD allocated \$1.5 million in CDBG funds in Year 27 to support acquisition associated with MLK revitalization and allocated \$1.4 million in Year 28. In Year 28, OHCD provided \$638,500 in prior years' Section 108 loan funds for demolition activities to support the construction of additional MLK units. OHCD allocated \$200,000 for MLK acquisition costs and \$1.012 million for demolition and remediation costs in Year 29.

5. Southwest Center City

Through Homestart, OHCD has supported the rehabilitation of 76 units of homeownership housing since Year 16. The area south of South Street in the 30th Ward has been a center for significant rental rehabilitation to preserve affordable low- and moderate-income housing in the face of rapidly rising rents and real estate assessments. In Year 19, OHCD allocated up to \$770,000 in HOME funds for the development by The Regis Group of one rental and 13 homeownership units, known as Bancroft Court, at 1609-13 Fitzwater St., 726-30 S. Bancroft St. and 1613, 1631, 1633, 1637, 1703, 1705, 1708 Webster St. In Year 19, OHCD allocated up to \$500,000 in CDBG funds for the acquisition of 36 units of rental housing known as Artists' Village, at 17th and Bainbridge Streets. OHCD provided \$850,000 for this project by The Regis Group and the South of South Neighborhood Association (SOSNA), using Year 20 funds. This project was completed in 1995.

In Year 22, OHCD supported environmental assessments on the vacant lot at the corner of 18th and Christian Streets which was proposed for new construction of eight units of homeownership, known as Julian Abele Homes. The site was developed as market-rate housing.

In Year 21, OHCD provided \$1.5 million for the new construction and rehabilitation of 32 rental units at 15th and Christian Streets, known as Universal Court, by Pennrose Properties and Universal Community Homes. This development was completed in 1998.

In Year 22, OHCD provided \$732,300 for the development of 21 new-construction rental units on the 800 block of South 16th Street, known as Universal Court II, by Universal Community Homes. This project was completed in 1999.

Since Year 21, OHCD has supported Universal Community Homes to carry out the rehabilitation of homeownership units with YouthBuild. In Year 21, OHCD provided \$338,850 in HOME funds for the rehabilitation of five properties on the 1400 block of Montrose Street. In Year 22, OHCD provided

\$291,180 in HOME funds for the rehabilitation of five homeownership units on the 1000 block of South Chadwick Street. In Year 23, OHCD provided \$251,580 in HOME funds for the rehabilitation of five properties on the 700 block of South Hicks Street. These properties are completed. In Year 24, OHCD provided an additional \$265,000 in HOME funds for the rehabilitation of three homeownership units on the 1400 block of Montrose Street. The properties are completed.

In Year 21, OHCD provided \$897,270 for the rehabilitation of five properties into 10 units of housing (five homeownership and five rental) on the 1600 block of Christian Street, known as Doctors' Row. This project is completed. In Year 24, OHCD provided \$898,250 in HOME funds for an additional five buildings on the 1600 block of Christian Street to be rehabilitated as 10 units, known as Doctors' Row II. The project was completed in Year 26. Doctors' Row was developed by SOSNA and Gary Reuben. In Year 26, OHCD supported the acquisition of 1627 Christian St., the remaining vacant property in Doctors' Row.

The City is working with Universal Community Homes, Fannie Mae and others on a special initiative known as the South Philadelphia Plan, to develop affordable and market-rate housing in Southwest Center City. The City proposes to provide assistance for acquisition and development to support this initiative. Three million dollars in NTI bond proceeds were provided as bridge financing for the acquisition of properties between South Street and Washington Avenue for market-rate housing. As market-rate units are completed and sold, the repaid bridge financing funds will be made available to support affordable housing south of Washington Avenue in the Point Breeze community.

In Year 25, RDA, at the direction of OHCD, initiated an Urban Renewal Taking in connection with the Martin Luther King Plaza HOPE VI development. As part of that Taking, the RDA has authority to acquire and assemble development packages on the 700 block of South 15th and the 900 and 1000 blocks of South 17th Streets. These blocks are proposed for market-

rate and affordable homeownership development. In Year 28, OHCD proposed to support a new-construction homeownership development carried out by Universal Community Homes and SOSNA on the 900 and 1000 blocks of South 17th Street. In Year 34, RDA issued a Request for Qualifications for developers interested in the development of this and nearby sites.

As part of OHCD's commitment to use CDBG resources to support the development of replacement public housing units necessitated by the demolition and lower-density redevelopment of Southwark Plaza, RDA issued an RFP in January 1998 for the rehabilitation of the former St. Anthony's School at 2317-33 Carpenter St. and properties in the vicinity. The winning proposal was submitted by Ingerman-Regis Corp. and SOSNA, which developed 38 units of elderly housing in the school building and 15 units of family housing for eligible tenants in the vicinity. The north side of Montrose Street was treated through rehabilitation and the remainder of the site was treated through a combination of rehabilitation and new construction. The development maximized the creation of open space, including parking, at this site. In Year 24, OHCD provided \$1.65 million in CDBG and HOME funds to support this development which was completed in Year 26.

OHCD supports the work of the Greater St. Matthew CDC to revitalize the neighborhood near 23rd and Fitzwater Streets, through the acquisition and rehabilitation or new construction of homeownership housing units, both affordable and market rate. NTI bond proceeds funded acquisition. OHCD proposes to support at least eight affordable units using HOME funds. This project has received a commitment of funding from the M. Night Shyamalan Foundation.

In Year 30, OHCD proposed to support a senior housing development known as Osun Village at 2308-12 Grays Ferry Ave., carried out by Universal Community Homes and Odunde. This development has received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits.

6. Point Breeze

Point Breeze has been a significant center for city development for the past 23 years. Point Breeze was one of the original Greene Countrie Townes, an urban gardening and open space management program sponsored by Philadelphia Green. The area has benefited from various homeowner and rental rehabilitation programs. Eighteen units were selected for rehabilitation under the Homestart Program in Year 15, and three in Year 16. In Year 17 OHCD provided financing for the rehabilitation of the former Landreth School, 1201 S. 23rd St., into 51 affordable rental units. In Year 18 OHCD allocated \$1.094 million in CDBG, HOME and DCA funds to Pennrose Properties for the new construction of 27 rental units, known as Tasker Village, at 1508-40 S.16th St.

OHCD has supported the YouthBuild Program in Point Breeze since Year 18 by providing the needed development subsidies. YouthBuild provides training in building construction to young adults completing high school. In Year 19, OHCD allocated a total of \$715,000 in Year 18 and prior years' funds to Octavia Hill for the rehabilitation of 22 rental units. In Year 19, OHCD allocated up to \$201,000 in Section 108 funds to YouthBuild/Octavia Hill for the rehabilitation of 10 rental units. In Year 20, OHCD continued its support of a YouthBuild/Octavia Hill project by providing \$350,000 for 17 scattered-site homeownership units. In Year 21, OHCD allocated an additional \$500,000 for YouthBuild activities in Point Breeze. All of these projects are completed. In Year 25, OHCD provided \$150,000 in HOME funds to Eighteenth Street Development Corp. for a YouthBuild project to rehabilitate two homeownership units at 1523 S. Hicks St. and 1525 S. Garnet St. This project was completed in Year 26. In Year 26, OHCD provided \$457,100 in HOME funds to Universal Community Homes for a YouthBuild project on the 2100 block of Cross Street. Seven properties were rehabilitated as homeownership units. This development was completed in Year 27. In Year 28, OHCD allocated \$330,400 in HOME funds for the rehabilitation of four rental units at 1311-15 Point Breeze Ave. by

Universal Community Homes as a YouthBuild Project. This project was completed in 2005.

Point Breeze Avenue is a major TNCA corridor supported by PCDC. In Year 23, OHCD supported the preparation of the Point Breeze Neighborhood Strategic Plan by the Point Breeze Community Development Coalition. It outlines development priorities for the neighborhood.

In Year 24, OHCD provided \$199,000 in CDBG funds for the rehabilitation of the Point Breeze Civic Association community center, located at 1518 S. 22nd St. This work was completed in 1999. In Year 24, Presbyterian Homes was selected by the RDA as the redeveloper of a vacant parcel at 1401-35 S. 16th St., bounded by 16th and Mole Streets. Presbyterian Homes constructed 85 units of senior housing on this site, using HUD Section 202 financing and HOME funds. Supported with \$1.275 million in Year 25 HOME funds, this project was completed in Year 27.

In Year 24, RDA issued an RFP for the development of affordable rental housing through a combination of new construction and rehabilitation in the vicinity of 16th and Federal Streets. Universal Community Homes was selected to develop 53 units of affordable rental housing. In Year 25, OHCD provided \$1.7 million for this development, using a combination of CDBG and HOME funds. This project, known as Universal Point, was completed in Year 27.

In Year 28, OHCD proposed to support a homeownership development of 18 new construction units, known as Point Breeze Estates, in the vicinity of 16th and Federal Streets. This development, carried out by Universal Community Homes, supports its Universal Point rental development. This venture was completed in 2005. A third phase of Universal Point, known as the Commons at Point Breeze, 55 rental units, was developed by Universal Community Homes. This project received PHFA tax credits and was completed in Year 33.

During 2002, the City supported a neighborhood planning effort for the redevelopment of the 2300

blocks of Cross and Greenwich Streets. This project is a combination of demolition, housing rehabilitation and new construction, and greening and open space. Using NTI bond proceeds, acquisition was initiated in Year 28. OHCD supported this venture of 12 homeownership units developed by Universal Community Homes. It was completed in Year 33.

OHCD supported the new construction of 22 units of housing known as Respite II, to be built by Catch Inc., at 1208 S. 15th St. for persons with mental illness. This development was selected through the Year 28 Special-Needs RFP and was completed in 2005.

In response to the 2008 HTF RFP, OHCD allocated HTF earnings to Liberty Resources to acquire and make accessible 11 rental units located at 1100 S. Broad St. This development has also received Section 811 funds.

In the Year 29 Homeownership RFP, the acquisition of seven vacant lots and seven vacant structures in Point Breeze was recommended for Habitat for Humanity. This acquisition will support the development of eight new-construction and seven rehabilitated units.

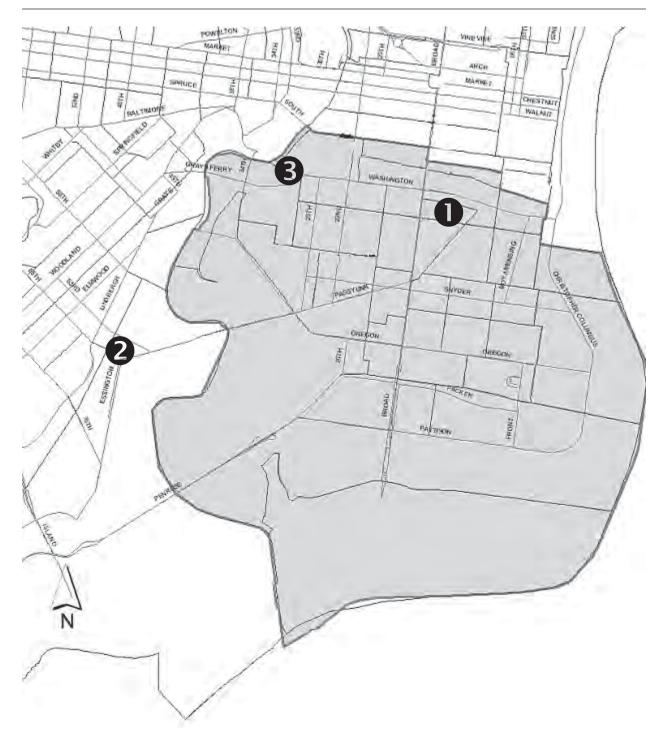
7. King's Village and Grays Ferry

In Year 19, OHCD allocated \$1.5 million to Michaels Development Corp. for the new construction of 70 units of affordable rental housing, known as Grays Ferry Apartments, at 32nd and Wharton Streets. This development was completed in 1994. OHCD allocated \$1.5 million for the new construction of 21 units of affordable rental housing on the 2700 block of Titan Street. This development was completed in 1998. OHCD allocated \$1.933 million for the rehabilitation of 21 units on the 2700 block of Sears Street for sale to income-eligible first-time homebuyers. This development, which was carried out by PHDC, was completed in Year 25. In Year 26, OHCD supported acquisition of the remaining vacant properties on the block. In Year 27, OHCD funded the rehabilitation of the remaining vacant properties to complete this homeownership venture. This project, known as Sears Street II, is completed.

In Year 28, OHCD supported the rehabilitation of the former Anthony Wayne School at 28th and Morris Streets into 35 senior rental apartments. This venture received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits and was completed in Year 30.

In Year 30, OHCD supported a feasibility study for the re-use of the former St. John Neumann High School located at 2600 Moore St., as senior housing. In Year 32, OHCD provided \$1.5 million in gap financing and \$265,000 in HTF funds to this 75-unit senior-housing venture which received Low-Income Housing Tax Credits in 2006. It was completed in Year 33.

LOCATIONS OF YEAR 35 PROPOSED ACTIVITIES: SOUTH PHILADELPHIA



0	9th & Ellsworth Senior Housing	Rental
2	HELP Philadelphia	Rental
8	Osun Village	Rental

Northwest Philadelphia

Northwest Philadelphia, encompassing Germantown, East Falls, Logan, Ogontz, West Oak Lane, Mount Airy and Chestnut Hill, is among the city's most diverse sections. It includes census tracts 204-205, 232, 233, 236-239, 240-249, 252, 253, 265-271 and 274-286. OHCD investment has focused on Lower Germantown, Logan, West Oak Lane and Fern Rock Ogontz Belfield.

GOALS

I. Neighborhood Planning and Community Organizations

Northwest Philadelphia has strong community organizations as well as CDCs. OHCD has supported neighborhood planning efforts in the Wister section of Germantown and Logan.

2. CDC-Sponsored Housing Development

GGHDC received CDBG funding for homeownership and Section 202 funding for elderly housing along Germantown Avenue as part of a comprehensive commercial and residential project known as Freedom Square. In addition, GGHDC converted the former Hamill Mill factory into rental apartments for the elderly and disabled, and received Years 18 and 19 OHCD funding to provide additional rental housing in rehabilitated vacant houses scattered throughout lower Germantown. These projects complement the commercial revitalization of Germantown Avenue that is using CDBG funds administered by the Commerce Department. They aim to stabilize lower Germantown while retaining its economic and cultural diversity.

The West Oak Lane CDC, the 4500 North 20th Street Block Association in Logan and PNHS in Fern Rock were each awarded Year 18 funds to rehabilitate houses for homeownership in their areas.

3. Private Rental Rehabilitation

In Germantown, the Queens Row project resulted in the rehabilitation of 29 rental units near the Queen Lane train station. OHCD supported the Ogontz Avenue Revitalization Corp. in the development of Ogontz III, a 15-unit rental development at 7100 Ogontz Ave. It was completed in 1995. In Year 16, OHCD funded the renovation of Ogontz Hall, a multifamily rental building in the heart of the Ogontz Avenue commercial district. It was completed in 1992.

4. Economic Development

Through OHCD and the Commerce Department, the City has supported commercial revitalization in Central Germantown, Lower Germantown and Ogontz Avenue. Perhaps nowhere else in the city has economic development been as well integrated with housing development as in Northwest Philadelphia. GGHDC's Freedom Square project with its related housing developments and the Ogontz Avenue-Ogontz Hall project are examples of the City's success in working with both nonprofit, community-based developers and the private sector in achieving neighborhood revitalization.

AREA NEIGHBORHOODS

I. Lower Germantown

Lower Germantown is the center of various commercial revitalization, rental rehabilitation and new-construction projects. These include Commerce Department investment in the redevelopment of the Lower Germantown Business District and OHCD support of CDBG and DCA funds for the Queens Row rental rehabilitation project which provided 29 housing units.

In addition, OHCD provided \$400,000 in prior years' funds to GGHDC to rehabilitate the Hamill Mill Apartments at Church Lane and Lena Street into 40 rental units for low- and moderate-income elderly and disabled persons. During Year 18, OHCD allocated \$1.5 million in CDBG funds and \$335,000 in DCA prior years' funds to GGHDC to rehabilitate 50 rental units, known as the Lower Germantown Housing project. In Year 19, OHCD allocated GGHDC \$1.2 million in CDBG and Section 108 funds for operating support and for the rehabilitation of 34 additional

rental units, known as Lower Germantown II. This project was completed in 1995.

Total funding of \$1.3 million was allocated in Year 17 to support the residential portions of GGHDC's Freedom Square project, a mixed-use development project in the 5100 block of Germantown Avenue in the Wister Urban Renewal Area. The project contains 20,550 square feet of retail/commercial space and 47 units of new-construction rental housing for senior citizens, known as Elders Place. The retail site provides goods and services to the Germantown/Wister community which is inhabited by low- and moderateincome families. Other funds were provided to the commercial portion of the project through the PIDC Neighborhood Economic Development Program as were necessary and/or appropriate to complete this activity. Boundaries of the target development area are: east of Germantown Avenue, west of Lena Street, north of Wister Street and south of Collom Street.

In Year 21, OHCD allocated \$650,000 to GGHDC for the development of 19 rental units on the 6500 block of Germantown Avenue, known as Blakestone Housing. It was completed in 1997.

In Year 25, OHCD provided \$855,000 in HOME funds to support GGHDC's LINK Housing I development, up to 10 units of new construction and three units of rehabilitated homeownership, on blocks with prior investment surrounding Freedom Square. The three rehabilitated units have been completed.

In Year 26, OHCD allocated up to \$600,000 in HOME funds for Elders Place II, the rehabilitation of a vacant former factory building on the southeast corner of Collom and Lena Streets into 40 units of senior housing. Elders Place II received a commitment of HUD 202 financing. This project was completed in 2004.

In Year 25, OHCD provided \$312,600 in HOME funds to GGHDC for the rehabilitation of four homeownership units through the Youth Build program. These properties are completed.

In addition, using the City's coordinated approach for treating troubled buildings, GGHDC, in partnership with the Ingerman Group, rehabilitated Manheim/ Wissahickon Gardens, located at Manheim Street and Wissahickon Avenue, as a mixed-income development for rental and homeownership units. This development, known as Cricket Court Commons, was completed in 1999.

In Year 28, OHCD supported planning and feasibility activities for the redevelopment for housing at the former Manna Bible Institute, located at 700 E. Church Lane, by the Church Lane Development Corp.

2. Central Germantown Commercial District

The City has funded the Central Germantown Council, a neighborhood business organization, to serve this district. The Council performs economic and community development activities designed to create or retain permanent jobs and increase the availability of goods and services. It helps businesses that provide goods and services to this low- and moderate-income neighborhood. The Council provided technical assistance to support planning for Germantown Plaza, a retail development prepared for a vacant parcel at Chelten and Wayne Avenues. The Council refers firms seeking financial assistance to PCDC, PIDC, the Client Services Unit of the Commerce Department and other agencies. It also provides staff support to the Germantown Business Association and aggressively markets and promotes the rehabilitation and re-use of vacant and/or underutilized commercial and residential properties. Finally, the Council aids the City in the implementation of effective public improvement projects concentrated in these subareas: Chelten Avenue (Pulaski Avenue to Baynton Street), Germantown Avenue (Ashmead Place to Walnut Lane), Wayne Avenue (Schoolhouse Lane to Rittenhouse Street), Maplewood Mall (Germantown Avenue to Greene Street), Armat Street (Germantown Avenue to Lena Street) and Vernon Park (between Germantown Avenue and Greene Street).

OHCD allocated a total of \$3 million in prior years' CDBG and federal HOME funds to rehabilitate

131 single room occupancy units at the YMCA of Germantown, 5722 Greene St., now completed. The rehabilitation at this location preserves an important housing resource for homeless men. In Year 34, OHCD provided additional funding for repairs to the heating system of the Germantown YMCA.

In Year 28, OHCD supported the Center in the Park senior housing development, a 70-unit tax-credit rental development located at 5818 Germantown Ave. This project was completed. In 2006, OHCD allocated HTF funds to support the development of Inglis Gardens at Germantown, a 15-unit new-construction rental development for persons with disabilities at 322-24 E. Walnut Lane. This project received HUD Section 811 funding and was completed in Year 33.

3. Mt. Airy

In Year 28, OHCD supported New Covenant Senior Housing, a 56-unit affordable rehabilitation development at 7500 Germantown Ave. This tax-credit rental project was selected in the Year 27 Rental RFP. This project was completed in Year 30.

In Year 28, OHCD supported the development of Section 202 elderly and Section 811 disabled development by New Courtland Inc., located at Sedgwick Street and Germantown Avenue, consistent with its guidelines for Housing Development Assistance. These projects are completed.

In the Year 29 Homeownership RFP, Mt. Airy USA was selected to construct up to 15 new homeownership units on a parcel which it owns at 251-279 Montana St. Construction is completed.

In 2007 and 2008, New Courtland Elder Services received an HTF award and an allocation of HOME funds to support the Apartments at Cliveden, a 60-unit senior rental development located at 319 W. Johnson St. This venture is seeking Low-Income Housing Tax Credits.

In the Year 34 Rental RFP, the Presser Senior Apartments was selected for HOME funding support, contingent on the awarding of Low-Income Housing Tax Credits. This

45-unit development, located at 101 W. Johnson St., will be developed by the Philadelphia Preservation Group.

4. Logan

Since 1986 when the problem of subsidence in the area was first identified in an engineering study, OHCD has been supporting a program of acquisition and relocation assistance to residents of the Logan Triangle Area using a combination of state and federal grants and Section 108 Loan funds. The relocation of all eligible residents of the Logan Triangle will be completed in 2009.

In Years 23 and 24, OHCD funded a study by the Army Corps of Engineers to analyze the soil conditions and evaluate alternative uses for the area. Completed in 1999, the study included an environmental assessment and alternative re-use plans. The study suggested the approximate cost of preparing the land for redevelopment will be \$48 million, in addition to the costs of environmental remediation. The RDA intends to issue an RFP for the re-use of the site.

In Year 20, OHCD allocated prior years' funds to complete the rehabilitation of the 4500 block of North 20th Street through the Homestart Program.

5. Fern Rock-Ogontz-Belfield

Fern Rock-Ogontz-Belfield remains connected to Philadelphia Neighborhood Housing Services (PNHS) as a Self-Reliant Neighborhood. In Year 16, OHCD allocated \$140,000 in Year 16 funds and \$110,000 in prior year funds to rehabilitate five properties for homeownership by PNHS in conjunction with the Albert Einstein Medical Center in this neighborhood. These units are completed. During Year 18, OHCD continued its commitment to this project by allocating up to \$250,000 in CDBG and HOME funds to rehabilitate five properties, known as the PNHS/Einstein project, for homeownership. Using Year 20 funds, OHCD supported PNHS by funding the rehabilitation of three units for homeownership at 6036 Camac St., 5645 and 6008 N. Marvine St.

In Year 24, OHCD provided \$876,000 for the rehabilitation of The Elkin Residence, located at

11th Street and Clarkson Avenue, into 73 units of elderly housing. This development, financed through the HUD Section 202 program, was carried out by Community Renaissance Alliance, a partnership of the Albert Einstein Healthcare Network and The Community Builders. This project is completed.

In Year 25, OHCD provided \$1.422 million in HOME funds for the new construction of 14 units of homeownership housing on the 1400 block of Clearview Street, the former site of the Devon Manor Apartment. Demolition was completed in 1996. The Regis Group was selected through an RFP to be the developer. This project was completed.

6. West Oak Lane

In Year 17, OHCD allocated \$390,000 to West Oak Lane CDC to rehabilitate six homeownership units. OHCD continued its support to the West Oak Lane CDC by providing \$556,000 in Year 18 HOME and CDBG funds to rehabilitate 12 units of homeownership.

In Year 21, OHCD supported West Oak Lane CDC and Ogontz Avenue Revitalization Corp. (OARC) for the rehabilitation of eight homeownership units. These units are completed.

In Year 16, CDBG and DCA funds were allocated for the rehabilitation of Ogontz Hall, a 29-unit rental project in the 7100 block of Ogontz Avenue. This project was completed in 1992. In Year 19, OHCD allocated \$498,000 for planning costs, acquisition and rehabilitation of rental housing by OARC as part of a mixed-use site, known as Ogontz III, in the vicinity of the 7100 block of Ogontz Avenue. This project was completed in 1995. The City has also provided ongoing support to the revitalization of the shopping district around the 7100 block of Ogontz Avenue.

In addition, OHCD committed \$1 million in CDBG funds to OARC for acquisition and rehabilitation of the former Penn Emblem building, located at 2111-13 Eastburn Ave., to house the Southeastern Pennsylvania Employment and Training Center. This project was completed in 1998.

In Year 30, the City provided \$1.05 million in HOME funds to support the rehabilitation of Philip Murray House II, a 70-unit senior housing development located at 6300 Old York Rd. This project also received federal Section 202 funding. This development was completed in 2006.

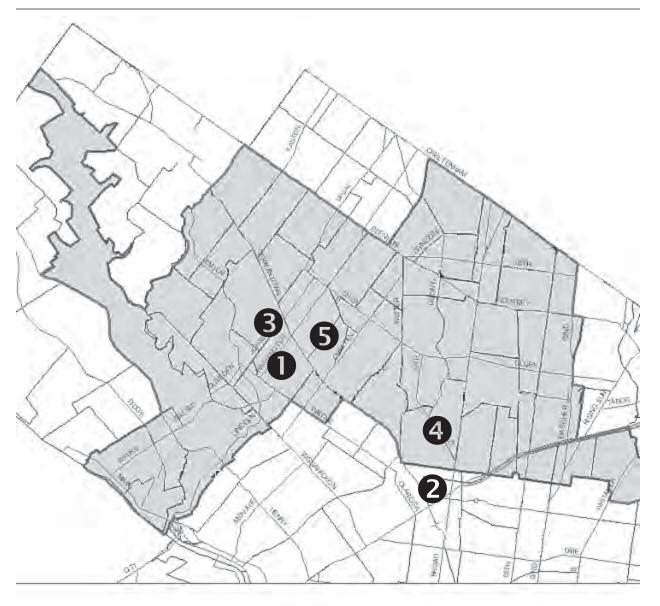
7. East Falls

In 1997, PHA received a \$26.7-million HOPE VI development grant for the revitalization of the Schuylkill Falls Development, located at 4325 Merrick Rd. The demolition of the two high-rise towers occurred in December 1996. The planned revitalization called for the creation of a mixed-income community through the construction of 300 new housing units, a mix of 150 homeownership units and 150 rental units, with some of each type developed as market-rate housing. In Year 24, OHCD committed to providing construction financing through a CDBG Float Loan of \$5.7 million. In Year 26, OHCD committed \$1.2 million in HOME funds to support the construction of 135 affordable rental units.

8. Roxborough

In Year 27, OHCD provided \$975,000 in HOME funds, in accordance with the Selection Criteria for Rental Projects, for acquisition for the development of 4200 Mitchell St. as 65 units of senior housing. This development, called Pensdale Housing, was financed through the HUD Section 202 program and was carried out by Friends Rehabilitation Program and Intercommunity Action Inc. It was completed in 2004. In Year 33, OHCD supported a second phase of senior housing on Mitchell Street, 38 units sponsored by Intercommunity Action Inc., using Low-Income Housing Tax Credits. This project received tax credits in 2007 and is under construction.

LOCATIONS OF YEAR 35 PROPOSED ACTIVITIES: NORTHWEST PHILADELPHIA



0	Apartments at Cliveden	Rental
2	Nicetown Court	Rental
3	Presser Senior Apartments	Rental
4	Belfield Avenue Townhouses	Special Needs
6	My Place Germantown	Special Needs





OTHER ACTIONS

CECIL B. MOORE HOMEOWNERSHIP ZONE

In April 1997, the City of Philadelphia was awarded an EDI grant of \$5.52 million, to be matched with an \$18 million Section 108 Loan, to develop 296 units of housing in the Cecil B. Moore neighborhood under the federal Homeownership Zone Economic Development Initiative. The unit count was later reduced to 293. The Cecil B. Moore Homeownership Zone (Homeownership Zone) will transform the urban landscape of the Cecil B. Moore neighborhood and create new homeownership opportunities for low-, moderate- and middle-income Philadelphia residents. The boundaries of the Homeownership Zone are as follows:

- Eastern boundary: North Bouvier Street
- Western boundary: North 20th Street
- Northern boundary: Montgomery Avenue
- Southern boundary: Master Street

By creating a total of 293 new units of affordable owneroccupied housing, the Homeownership Zone will draw families back to the Cecil B. Moore neighborhood at the same time that an unprecedented level of private, local and federal investment is occurring in and around the community. These investments include Temple University's \$88-million sports and entertainment center; commercial revitalization and economic development initiatives supported with local funds and Empowerment Zone resources; a new charter school; and the Avenue of the Arts initiative. The new housing units and site improvements throughout the Homeownership Zone will dramatically transform the character of the Cecil B. Moore community and complement the commercial and institutional investments by restoring a viable market for goods and services in the neighborhood and eliminating blight and decay.

In Year 22, the initial phase of acquisition was completed, and the Master Street 2000 development of 10 units was initiated. Master Street was completed in Year 23. In Year 23, construction began on Phase I-A of Cecil B. Moore, with construction of 30 units completed during Year 24. Three additional units in Phase I-A were completed in Year 27. During Year 24, construction of the 14-unit Beechwood development was initiated. These units were completed during Year 26. At the beginning of Year 25, construction began on Phase I-B (39 units). These units were completed in Year 27. During Year 25, planning and acquisition for Phase II (approximately 90 units) took place. Construction of 51 of these units began during Year 26. During Year 28, this 51-unit phase (known as Phase II-B) was reduced to 43 units due to the severely deteriorated condition of some units proposed for rehabilitation. These units were completed in 2005. Construction was begun on three historic duplexes with a total of six units in Year 28. These units were completed in Year 29.

During Year 28, the remaining units to be built in Phase II were combined with the remaining units proposed for Phase III, into a new, final, Phase III of 151 units. At the request of the City, the RDA issued an RFP for a development partner to carry out master planning and construction of Phase III. The developer selected through the RFP process is OKKS-Michaels Development Corp., which formed a Community-Based Development Organization with H.E.R.B. Inc. known as H.E.R.B. CDC to carry out these activities. The City acquired the site for Phase III. All EDI funds for the Homeownership Zone were expended by September 2003. Construction of 64 units in Phase 3 began in 2005 and was completed in FY 2007. Phase III-2, 54 units, began construction in 2008 and will be completed in Year 35. The remaining 33 units will be under construction in 2009. Financing for the final 87 units includes a Homeownership Choice award from the Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency, state Department of Community and Economic Development Housing and Redevelopment Assistance funds and a Section 108 loan through OHCD for \$10.5 million.

Neighborhood Revitalization Strategy

In conjunction with the Homeownership Zone funding award, OHCD designated a portion of the Cecil B. Moore community as a Neighborhood Revitalization Strategy (NRS) area, as defined in the Consolidated Plan regulations at 24 CFR Part 91.215(e)(2). The area in question is bounded by North 20th Street on the west, North Bouvier Street on the east, Master Street on the south and Montgomery Avenue on the north. It includes parts of census tracts 139, 140, 147 and 148. The area lies primarily within a federally designated Empowerment Zone and, in accordance with HUD guidance, is presumed by HUD to meet the requirements for NRS. The NRS has allowed for a mix of incomes in the Homeownership Zone: up to 49 percent of all units developed have been made available to households with incomes of more than 80 percent of area median income. The remaining 51 percent of housing units are reserved for low- and moderate-income households (with incomes at or below 80 percent of area median income).

LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARD REDUCTION

Starting in 2002, there has been an unprecedented public commitment to reduce the number of housing units with identified lead hazards. Compared to the same period in 2001, the compliance rate between March and November 2002 almost tripled.

The Health Department has decreased its intervention level to two tests >10($\mu g/dL$). Using figures derived from its experience in FY 2008, the Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program (CLPPP) in the Health Department estimates that in FY 2009 more than 500 new cases of "environmental intervention blood lead" (EIBL) will be identified and 550 risk-assessment inspections will be conducted. Of these risk-assessment inspections, five will be in the homes of children with blood lead levels above 45 ($\mu g/dL$) and the remainder in

the homes of children with blood lead levels between 10 and 44 ($\mu g/dL$).

As a result of orders issued by the Health Department (and subsequent enforcement actions through Lead Court), property owners are expected to reduce the lead hazards in the homes of approximately 300 homes in which children with confirmed EIBL levels reside. Health Department crews or private abatement contractors retained by the Health Department will work in the homes of approximately 250 additional EIBL children (for most low-income owner-occupants, the service will be free).

Unless the work is minor and can be completed quickly, families will be relocated while it is performed. Cases of properties without children are not given as high a priority as child-occupied cases. By December 2007, the backlog of more than 1,400 outstanding violations was eliminated; no cases were added to the backlog.

Primary Prevention

Since FY 2001, there have been substantial new expenditures to reduce lead hazards where leadpoisoned children were not identified, though until recently no new funds were earmarked for that purpose. The requirements of the HUD regulation on lead-based paint hazards in housing receiving federal assistance, known as the "Title X Final Rule," became mandatory in September 2000. The regulation calls for significant attention to lead-hazard control in virtually all the City's housing repair, rehabilitation funding or rental assistance per unit. More focused primary prevention activities are provided through the "Lead-Safe Babies" and "Lead-Safe Communities" programs, supported by a continuing grant from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. These programs provide counseling and lead-hazard identification in the homes of at least 1,700 children. Families residing in homes with known lead hazards are referred for lead-hazard control services.

Under its contract with the local HUD office, in FY 2008 the Health Department inspected 232 vacant properties that will be sold by HUD as a result of FHA mortgage default and made 164 lead-safe.

In all of its housing rehabilitation programs which create new housing units, the City requires that properties be made lead-safe. Wipe tests are required. Through the Neighborhood-Based Homeownership, Neighborhood-Based Rental, Large-Scale New Construction, Homestart and Homeownership Rehabilitation Programs, approximately 400 new lead-safe or lead-free units are created annually.

The U. S. Environmental Protection Agency passed the Renovation and Remodeling Law in 2008. This will require contractors to attend training for certification starting in April 2009 regarding the potential lead-paint hazards they may be creating by renovation and remodeling activities and how to minimize engendered lead dust. Philadelphia's Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program will be providing this mandatory training.

HOME Program Guidelines

OWNERSHIP AND INTEREST STANDARDS FOR HOMEOWNERSHIP PROGRAMS

All properties will be sold at market value to homebuyers who will finance their purchase through a bank mortgage. Assistance will be provided to prospective buyers to secure a bank mortgage. Ownership interest will be in the form of fee-simple title or ownership or membership in a cooperative.

- as his/her principal residence, retaining legal title to the property. The owner will not lease all or any portion of the property, unless the HOME funds were used to assist the low-income owner to acquire single-family housing that contains more than one unit. In this case, the owner must occupy one unit as his/her principal residence and lease the rental unit in accordance with the HOME rental housing affordability requirements.
- Period of Affordability—the property must remain affordable for five to 15 years, depending on the amount of HOME assistance provided per unit. Rehabilitated properties receiving less than \$15,000 per unit must remain affordable for a minimum of five years. Rehabilitated properties receiving \$15,000 to \$40,000 per unit must remain affordable for a minimum of 10 years. Rehabilitated properties receiving more than \$40,000 in HOME assistance must remain affordable for at least 15 years.
- Maintenance of Affordability—if the property is offered for resale during the period of affordability, OHCD will impose one of the several options to assure compliance with the HOME requirements.

Option I.

The Resale Option will apply when the HOME assistance is used to provide a subsidy to a developer to cover the difference between the cost to develop the housing and the market price of the housing ("Development Subsidy"). This Option ensures that the house remains affordable throughout the affordability period. The requirements of the Resale Options are as follows:

- a) The new purchaser must meet the HOME Program definition of low-income and must occupy the property as the family's principal residence.
- b) The sale price of the property to the new purchaser cannot exceed the "affordable price." Under the affordability requirements, the monthly payments for principal, interest, property taxes and insurance cannot exceed 30 percent of the gross income of a family with an income that is 75 percent of area median income, adjusted for family size. Therefore, the maximum sale price is the "affordable price."
- c) The seller of the property will be entitled to receive a "fair return" on his/her investment, which will consist of the seller's equity (down payment paid by seller at the time of his/her purchase, principal payments made on any loan used to acquire the property and the cost of any capital improvements) and a share of the net proceeds from the sale (sale price less seller's equity) to be determined by the City on a project-by-project basis.

The above conditions and restrictions will be incorporated in a mortgage securing repayment of the Development Subsidy. The mortgage will remain in full force and effect for the period of affordability from the date of its execution.

Option 2.

Under the Resale Option, the City may elect to presume that certain housing projects meet the resale restrictions during the period of affordability without the imposition of any enforcement mechanism against

the subsidized housing, based upon a market analysis of the neighborhood. In accordance with HOME program regulations, the City will document the affordability of the neighborhood to satisfy the HOME resale requirements.

Option 3.

The Recapture Option will apply when the HOME assistance is used to provide a subsidy to a low-income homebuyer ("Direct Subsidy") to reduce the purchase price of the property from fair-market value to an affordable price. This option allows the City to recapture all or part of the Direct Subsidy if the HOME recipient sells the property to any buyer within the affordability period. The amount of Direct Subsidy that is recaptured will be reduced on a prorata basis for the time the homeowner has owned and occupied the house measured against the required affordability period.

HOME PROGRAM TIMETABLE

It is anticipated that federal HOME funds will be used for programs and projects according to the following schedule.

Neighborhood-Based Homeownership

Projects identified and funds obligated in Year 35.

New Construction

Projects identified and funds obligated in Year 35.

Neighborhood-Based Rental

Projects identified and funds obligated in Year 35.

Homeless and Special-Needs Housing— Development Financing

Projects identified and funds obligated in Year 35.

Housing Development Assistance

Projects identified and funds obligated in Year 35.

Homeless and Special-Needs Housing— Housing Assistance - MH/MR

Obligated and spent during Year 35.

Homeless and Special-Needs Housing— Rental Assistance

Obligated and spent during Year 35.

General Administration

Spent during Year 35.

AFFIRMATIVE MARKETING

Each developer of a HOME-funded development of five or more HOME-assisted units must adopt an approved affirmative marketing plan consistent with the requirements of 24 CFR 92.351. Affirmative marketing is a threshold criteria for HOME-funded rental, homeownership and special-needs projects, as outlined in the Selection Criteria found in the Appendix of the *Consolidated Plan*.

CHDO SET-ASIDE

OHCD's Policy and Planning Unit tracks the expenditure of HOME funds to ensure that a minimum of 15 percent is set aside for qualified Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDO).

CDBG Program Guidelines

CDBG Low-Mod Benefit

Based on the City's experience in the year ending June 30, 2008, it is estimated that approximately 96 percent of CDBG funds will be used for activities that benefit persons of low- and moderate-income. No geographical distinctions are anticipated in activities based on low or moderate income.

Public Services Certification

In accordance with CDBG regulations, the City certifies that all activities to be carried out with CDBG funds and made eligible as "public services" under 24 CFR 24.201(e) represented new activities or increases in the levels of service in the first year in which they were funded. These activities include:

- Housing Counseling
- GPUAC's Earned Income Tax Credit Counseling Program
- Energy Coordinating Agency
- Community Legal Services
- Communities in Schools
- YouthBuild Philadelphia
- Community Gardening
- Homeless Rental Assistance Counseling
- Vacancy Prevention Activities
- Utility Emergency Services Fund
- New Kensington Open Space Management Program



ANTICIPATED BUDGETARY RESOURCES

OHCD anticipates receiving federal, state and program income budgetary resources during Year 35, including Section 108 loans for economic development. In addition, OHCD anticipates using these federal funds to leverage additional resources for housing activities from the Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency's (PHFA) PennHOMES program, from Low-Income Housing Tax Credits and from private mortgage lending. Funding from the Philadelphia Housing Trust Fund became available in Year 31.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

The largest source of funding for the City's housing and community development program is derived from the federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), an entitlement program. Each year, the City receives notification of fund allocation and produces the Consolidated Plan to receive funding. In Year 35, the City will receive \$52.271 million in new CDBG entitlement, an increase of \$536,000 over Year 34. Since Year 27, the City's CDBG allocation has been reduced by 27 percent.

In Year 35, OHCD proposes to commit up to \$25 million in CDBG funds to provide interim-construction financing to eligible developers who have received a funding commitment. Interim-construction assistance loans, or float loans, are CDBG funds which are borrowed against budgeted but unexpended CDBG activities. Eligible developers may receive float loans at zero-percent interest for up to one year. The amount of the individual loan will be determined by the underwriting standards of the RDA. The savings generated by reducing the construction financing costs will be used to reduce the development subsidy for each approved venture. Interim-construction assistance funding may also support the City-State Bridge Loan

Program, designed to increase the level of PennHOMES funding available from PHFA for Philadelphia projects.

CDBG funds are used to support a wide range of activities, including vacant structure rehabilitation, occupied housing preservation, planning and neighborhood economic development activities. CDBG funds must be used for activities which benefit low- and moderate-income persons. In order to be supported with CDBG funds, an activity must meet the eligibility and fundability requirements of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). In addition, other requirements must be met, including environmental review and clearance and Minority Business Enterprise/Woman Business Enterprise/Disabled Business Enterprise (MBE/WBE/DSBE) and Section 3 requirements.

In addition to its CDBG entitlement funding, OHCD expects to receive \$14.047 million in CDBG resources through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

The City will submit a Substantial Amendment to the Year 34 Consolidated Plan for these new, one-time funds, as required by HUD. The Proposed Substantial Amendment has been made available for public comment on the OHCD website and submitted to City Council for approval by Resolution. A copy of the Proposed Substantial Amendment is printed in the Appendix. After the Substantial Amendment is approved by City Council and submitted to HUD, OHCD will print the final Substantial Amendment in the Appendix to the Year 35 Consolidated Plan.

FEDERAL HOME FUNDS

The HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME), implemented by the federal government in federal fiscal year (FFY) 1992, makes funds available to the City for the development of affordable housing and the provision of rental assistance. The HOME Program is also an entitlement program. In Year 34, the City received \$14.8 million. In Year 35, the City will receive \$16.545 million, an increase of \$1.745 million.

HUD regulations require that matching funds be provided in order to access the federal HOME funds. While Philadelphia's match requirement has been reduced because the City is considered to be fiscally distressed, it must still provide a 12.5-percent match for the HOME funding received since FFY '93. The City's use of HOME funds for homeless rental assistance allows the City-funded homeless rental assistance program administered by OHCD to be used as the required HOME match. Private foundation, state and other contributions to HOME-funded developments provide additional match.

In Year 30, the City received for the first time funding for HUD's American Dream Downpayment Initiative (ADDI). These funds, which are a federal set-aside from the HOME program, are available to entitlement communities to help low- and moderate-income persons buy homes. In Year 30, the City received two years' worth of ADDI funds from the past two federal budgets. In Year 31, the City received \$403,000 in ADDI funds. In Years 32 and 33, the City received \$201,000 in ADDI funds and in Year 34, \$81,000.ADDI funds are used to promote the affordability of specific City-supported homeownership developments, usually in neighborhoods with escalating market prices. HUD no longer funds ADDI and no additional funding will be available in Year 35.

FEDERAL HOPWA FUNDS

The Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA) program was initiated in FFY '92 to provide housing for low- and moderate-income persons living with HIV/AIDS. Entitlement funding for the program is provided to the largest CDBG community on behalf of each metropolitan region or state based on the number of AIDS cases in the region. The City of Philadelphia was the grantee for the Philadelphia metropolitan region, which included Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery and Philadelphia counties in Pennsylvania and Burlington, Camden, Gloucester and Salem counties in New Jersey. Beginning in Year 24, HOPWA funds for New Jersey were directed to the State of New Jersey. For HOPWA purposes, the

EMA has been limited to Philadelphia, Bucks, Chester, Delaware and Montgomery counties.

HOPWA funding is used to support rental assistance in the form of rent subsidies to those who can live independently, as well as emergency grants to prevent homelessness, for acquisition, rehabilitation and construction for community residences, supportive services associated with housing, operating costs for hospices and boarding homes, housing counseling, information and referral services and development financing for the construction or rehabilitation of housing.

The HOPWA funding formula is based on cumulative AIDS cases reported and on the incidence rate for cases reported in the last year. Philadelphia's HOPWA new entitlement funding for Year 34 was \$7.052 million. In Year 35, Philadelphia will receive \$8.716 million.

FEDERAL EMERGENCY SHELTER GRANT FUNDS

A major funding source that supports the City's ability to provide emergency shelter and services to more than 15,000 individuals per year is the federal Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) Program which is allocated to the City as an entitlement through OHCD. HUD now requires that the City apply for ESG funds through the Consolidated Plan. In Year 35, OHCD will continue to assign the administration of ESG funds to the Office of Supportive Housing (OSH) to assist in the funding of operational costs, essential service costs and administrative costs related to the provision of emergency shelter for individuals and families. The City will provide an additional \$50,000 in CDBG funds to support eligible shelter activities. The proposed use of ESG funds leverages and augments state and local funds used by the City to provide 2,830 year-round shelter beds. In Year 35, the City will receive \$2.303 million in ESG funding and will provide \$2.303 million in General Funds to meet the match requirement for the federal ESG entitlement.

The City of Philadelphia has been notified that it will receive funds through the American Recovery and

Reinvestment Act of 2009 for Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Services. These funds are part of the Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) program, which are administered by the City's Office of Supportive Housing. The City has released its Proposed Substantial Amendment to the Year 34 Consolidated Plan to describe the proposed usage of these funds for homeless prevention and related services. Funding will be used to provide homelessness prevention assistance to households who would otherwise become homeless and to provide assistance to rapidly re-house households as defined by the McKinney Vento Homeless Assistance Act. The anticipated award will total \$21,486,240 and is expected to be spent over a three-year period. To comply with HUD Citizen Participation requirements, the City accepted comments on the Proposed Substantial Amendment, and will seek approval from City Council by Resolution. The City's Proposed Substantial Amendment is included in the Appendix.

FEDERAL MCKINNEY CONTINUUM OF CARE GRANT

Beginning in 1998, federal McKinney Continuum of Care Funds were awarded under a national competition to local nonprofit homeless service organizations. On behalf of these organizations, the City is the recipient of the grant funds and provides administrative oversight in the development and provision of homeless housing and rental assistance.

In FY 2004, the City received \$23.7 million in Continuum of Care funds, including Shelter Plus Care renewals; in FY 2005, \$23.1 million; in FY 2006, \$13.1 million; in FY 2007, \$25.2 million, and in FY 2008, \$25.2 million and in FY 2009, \$26.3 million.

CITY BOND FINANCING

In Year 32, the City borrowed \$150 million to provide funding, in part, for the ReStore Philadelphia Corridors initiative. The City allocated \$31.5 million in Year 33 to this initiative.

PHILADELPHIA HOUSING TRUST FUND

In order to provide more resources for affordable housing programs, in 2005 the City established the Philadelphia Housing Trust Fund (HTF). The HTF is designed to create a sustainable funding stream for affordable housing by doubling document recording fees. In addition, the FY 2005 NTI budget included \$1.5 million to capitalize the HTF. Creation of the HTF required state-enabling legislation, a City Council ordinance and a Mayor's Executive Order.

The City Council ordinance created the HTF and asked the Mayor to appoint an Oversight Board. The ordinance defines broad categories for the expenditure of funds, including the production of affordable housing for sale or rent, increasing the accessibility of affordable and visitable housing, preserving affordable housing through home-repair grants and preventing or reducing homelessness through emergency assistance.

Under the ordinance, half of the HTF will be used to fund programs and projects that benefit households with incomes equal to or less than 30 percent of median income, while half will benefit households with incomes between 30 percent and 115 percent of median income. Of activities funded through the HTF, 50 percent of the funds will be used for programs that increase the production of affordable housing for sale or for rent. The legislation also provided visitability and accessibility requirements and called for an Oversight Board to make recommendations to OHCD on the expenditure of HTF funds. OHCD will take recommendations for the HTF from the Oversight Board and the specific allocations from the HTF will be included in the *Consolidated Plan*.

Based on the funds raised to date in FY 2009, it is anticipated that the HTF will raise approximately \$6 million in Year 35, a dramatic reduction from prior years. Mayor Nutter's proposed FY 2010 budget allocates \$1.5 million in General Fund revenue to the HTF.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA FUNDS

Each year the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania's Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED) has published guidelines for applying for DCED funding for housing and community development activities. While these funds are allocated on a competitive basis, Philadelphia can receive up to 20 percent of the overall Housing and Redevelopment Assistance (H&RA) budget. H&RA funds may be used for a wide range of activities within the DCED Commonwealth and Regional Priorities and requirements.

In prior years, the City has used DCED funds to support the Basic Systems Repair Program Tier I and the Heater Hotline. While OHCD has budgeted for the full 20 percent of the statewide Housing and Redevelopment Assistance budget, this amount has seldom been approved. In Year 30, the City proposed to use DCED funds in the amount of \$5 million, an increase of \$1.25 million over the actual DCED amount granted in Year 29, for acquisition activities. NTI bond funds in the amount of \$5 million will replace CDBG and DCED funds allocated to BSRP Tier 1, Heater Hotline and Adaptive Modifications. Increased funding for BSRP Tier II resulted from additional allocation of DCED funds to the City in Year 30. In Years 31-33, the City allocated DCED funds to BSRP Tier 1, the Heater Hotline and new-construction activities. Newconstruction activities may include ventures funded through Homeownership Choice or other large-scale homeownership ventures which are ready to go to construction. In Year 35, the City proposes to continue to use DCED funds for BSRPTier I, the Heater Hotline and large-scale new-construction activities.

The City also receives funding from DCED for the Main Street and Elm Street programs. Main Street supports planning and improvements in neighborhood commercial corridors. Elm Street supports planning and improvements in residential areas adjacent to neighborhood commercial corridors. People's

Emergency Center CDC, Allegheny West Foundation, Mt. Airy USA and Frankford CDC have participated in Main Street and Elm Street. The City expects to receive continued Main Street and Elm Street funding in Year 35.

PHFA FINANCING, LOW-INCOME HOUSING TAX CREDITS

The Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency (PHFA) has a variety of financing mechanisms for creating affordable rental housing. It provides permanent financing for rental projects through the PennHOMES Program. PHFA also allocates federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC) to generate private investment equity for rental ventures. Application for both PennHOMES financing and LIHTC is competitive. Developers may receive up to \$22,500/unit in PennHOMES financing but increase their chances of receiving financing if requesting a lower per-unit amount.

PHFA provides mortgages for homebuyers. In addition, PHFA can exercise its authority to provide volume-cap allocations for bond financing to the RDA. The RDA uses the volume-cap allocation to issue tax-exempt bonds to provide home-improvement loans and mortgages to the owners of multifamily projects and single-family homes. For example, the PHIL Program is financed through a volume-cap allocation allowing the sale of tax-exempt bonds.

PHFA also provides support for homeownership development through the Homeownership Choice Program. The original Homeownership Choice Program, aimed at large-scale, new-construction developments, has been retitled Homeownership Choice Initiative (HCI). In Year 26, Philadelphia was awarded \$1.5 million to support Pradera Homes, a 50-unit development in Eastern North Philadelphia. This development is completed. In Year 27, Philadelphia was awarded \$1 million to support the Jefferson Square Revitalization Plan which developed 94 homeownership units. This project is completed.

In 2003, Philadelphia was awarded \$2 million to support the Twin Homes at Frankford Creek, a

50-unit new-construction homeownership development in Juniata Park. Because of project delays PHFA withdrew these funds in 2006 but awarded them again in 2007. This development, now called the Twins at PowderMill, is under construction and will be completed in Year 34. In Year 29, the City applied for Homeownership Choice funding for the Hunter School Homeownership Initiative, sponsored by Norris Square Civic Association. This project was awarded Homeownership Choice funds in March 2004. This project, renamed Norris Square Town Houses, is under construction and will be completed in Year 34.

In November 2004, the City was awarded HCI funding for Pradera Homes II which is completed. In November 2005, the City was awarded Homeownership Choice funding for Union Hill Homes. This project is under construction. In October 2006, the City was awarded Homeownership Choice funds for the third phase of the Cecil B. Moore Homeownership Zone. This project is under construction. In 2008, the City received one additional HCI award: Lawrence Court I, a 50-unit development by HACE, received \$1.95 million.

In order to support smaller-scale infill and vacant-structure rehabilitation efforts, PHFA established the Neighborhood Revitalization Initiative (NRI) as part of Homeownership Choice. Philadelphia has received three NRI awards: St. Elizabeth's Homeownership Project sponsored by Project H.O.M.E., APM's Ludlow Village V/Pradera Homes III development and Friends Rehabilitation Program's Strawberry Mansion development. As part of Homeownership Choice, PHFA also offers the Mixed-Use Facility Financing Initiative (MUFFI), which supports the residential component of mixed-use development ventures. The Allegheny West Foundation, People's Emergency Center CDC, New Kensington CDC and Mt.Airy USA have received MUFFI awards.

SECTION 108 LOAN PROGRAM

In the past, the City used the Section 108 Loan Program to provide debt financing for economic development ventures and to support specific affordable housing ventures. Economic development funding was encumbered to OHCD and administered by OHCD, the Commerce Department, PIDC or PCDC. The economic development loans were used to support an array of development needs, including but not limited to acquisition, site preparation and construction, reconstruction, infrastructure improvements and related project costs. Economic development projects funded through the Section 108 Loan Program include the Kvaerner Philadelphia Shipyard, the Reading Terminal, the PSFS building, City Hall Annex and Six Penn Center. Housing ventures include the Cecil B. Moore Homeownership Zone development, acquisition and relocation in the Logan Triangle Area, Basic Systems Repair Program and various homeownership, rental and special-needs housing developments.

Under the Section 108 Loan Program, the City is allowed to borrow funds against future CDBG entitlements. Although this activity is expected to be self-sustaining for economic development ventures (as private-developer debt-service payments repay the City for Section 108 Loan obligations), future CDBG entitlements and additional security as required by HUD are used to guarantee all Section 108 loans. Any use of future CDBG funds for economic development projects will reduce CDBG funds allocated to economic development activities in an amount equal to the amount for the years affected.

The City has reached its Section 108 Loan Program borrowing capacity, and therefore, in Year 35 no Section 108 loans will be sought for housing development activities and a relatively modest loan in the amount of \$20 million will be sought for economic development activities. The Year 35 Section 108 loan for economic development is proposed to support a loan pool to make loans

available for commercial and industrial lending throughout the city. The loans will be used to support an array of development needs including but not limited to, site acquisition, site preparation, construction, rehabilitation, machinery and equipment acquisition, infrastructure improvements and related project costs.

PHA Housing Choice Voucher

One of the largest sources of federal funds available for housing and community development in the City of Philadelphia is the Housing Choice Voucher program operated by the Philadelphia Housing Authority (PHA). In PHA's FY 2006 (the year ending March 31, 2006), PHA received \$142.8 million in total voucher funding, for FY 2007 (ending March 31, 2007), \$147 million, for FY 2008 (ending March 31, 2008), \$180.7 million and for FY 2009 (ending March 31, 2009) \$167.5 million. Because PHA is one of the Moving to Work (MTW) public housing authorities, PHA is able to use some funds from the Housing Choice Voucher program for other purposes, such as funding for capital activities like new construction, building new affordable housing and providing training for low-income clients to help them up and out of subsidized housing, as well as for the traditional Housing Choice Voucher rental assistance program. PHA's MTW status has been extended for the next 10 years.

Interim-Construction Assistance

The Consolidated Plan authorizing ordinance proposed to be adopted by City Council allows the City to use up to \$30 million for interim-construction assistance ("float loans") provided that security requirements acceptable to the Director of Finance are met. These funds may support eligible activities through the City-State Bridge Loan Program, by providing construction loans to approved projects and by improving the timeliness of payment to developers. Specific projects are identified and funded through Consolidated Plan amendments consistent with the City's amendment policy. In general, float loans are made for a period not to exceed one year.

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA GENERAL FUNDS

Historically, OHCD has received very limited resources from the City's General Fund, which are local tax dollars which support City services. During Year 34, the City's budget crisis required the reduction of 10 percent in General Fund revenue allocated to OHCD, for a "re-balanced" budgetary resource of \$5.5 million. These funds supported the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society's vacant land management program, mortgage foreclosure prevention, the Utility Emergency Services Fund, the Housing Trust Fund and the Child Care Facilities Fund. The Year 35 Consolidated Plan proposes to allocate a total of \$4.3 million in FY 2010 General Fund resources (including \$1.5 million for the Housing Trust Fund), consistent with Mayor Nutter's proposed FY 2010 budget. In Year 35, \$2 million in prior year General Funds will be used to support an Acquisition Loan Fund.

Neighborhood Stabilization Program Funds

During Year 34, the City was awarded \$16.8 million in Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) funds from the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. The City's approved proposal, which was a substantive amendment to the Year 34 Consolidated Plan, is available at www.phila.gov/ohcd. NSP funds must be used within 18 months of the execution of a grant agreement with HUD. The Year 35 Consolidated Plan assumes that \$12 million will be expended during Year 35. The City has also applied to the Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED) for an additional \$5 million in NSP funds. DCED has not yet awarded its NSP funds to municipalities or other entities.

SCHEDULE A: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (In Thousands)

CDBG YEAR 35 - FISCAL YEAR 2010

	CDBG	STATE	ARRA	OTHER	TOTAL
 1. Business Assistance a. Growth Loan Program (PIDC) b. Small Business Revolving Loan Fund c. Small Business Loan Guarantee Pool (PIDC) d. Section 108 Loan Program (PIDC) e. Technical Assistance to Small Businesses 	3,750 2,455 700			1,000 20,000	3,750 2,455 1,000 20,000 700
Subtotal Business Assistance	6,905			21,000	27,905
 2 Neighborhood Commercial Corridor Assistance a. Storefront Improvement Program b. Targeted Corridor Revitalization Management Program (CDCs) c. Main Street Program d. Targeted Economic Development Program (CDCs) e. Neighborhood Plans f. Business Improvement District Assistance (CDCs) g. Gap Financing 	200 1,100 300 200 500	500		2,100	300 1,100 500 300 200 500 2,100
Subtotal Neighborhood Commercial Corridor Assistance	2,300	500		2,200	5,000
3 Community-Based Organization Assistance a. Neighborhood Development Fund (PIDC) b. Neighborhood Development Grants c. Neighborhood Planning Grants d. Capacity Building Assistance for CDCs e. CDC Tax Credit Program	1,000 1,000 200 140			3,000	1,000 1,000 200 140 3,000
Subtotal Community-Based Organization Assistance	2,340			3,000	5,340
 4 American Recovery and Reinvestment Act a. Transit-Oriented & Liveable Communities Commercial Development Fund b. Creative Industry Workforce Grants 			4,397 500		4,397 500
Subtotal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act			4,897		4,897
4 Annual Operating Costs a. Commerce/Program Delivery b. PIDC/Program Delivery c. Commerce/General Administration Subtotal Annual Operating Costs	324 953 1,721 2,998				324 953 1,721 2,998
GRAND TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	14,543	500	4,897	26,200	46,140

SCHEDULE B: YEAR 35 STATE RESOURCES

(In Thousands)

CDBG YEAR 35- FISCAL YEAR 2010

		ST	ATE-DCED		
	HSG.	WEATH.	ACCESS	OTHER	TOTAL
I. Affordable Housing Production A. Affordable Homeownership Housing 1. New Construction Program II. Housing Preservation	2,850				2,850
 A. Emerg. Repairs, Preservation, Weatherization 1. Emergency Repair Hotline-Tier 1 2. Heater Hotline-PHDC/ECA 3. Weatherization a) Weatherization (DCED to PHDC) 	2,500 1,200	2,341			2,500 1,200 2,341
III. Homeless and Special-Needs Housing A. Adaptive Modifications			500		500
IV. Community Economic Development A. Targeted Neighborhood Commercial Corridor Assistanc 1. Main Street Program	e			500	500
V. Annual Operating Costs A. General Administration 1. PHDC B. Program Delivery 1. PHDC	250	197 724			197 974
GRAND TOTAL: STATE RESOURCES	6,800	3,262	500	500	11,062

SCHEDULE C:

YEAR 35 OTHER RESOURCES

(In Thousands)

CDBG YEAR 35 - FISCAL YEAR 2010

		RA Bond Proceeds	TNCA Proceeds	General Fund	Emergency Shelter	Other Federal	Other Private	Section 108	TOTAL
I. A.	Affordable Housing Production Home Equity Financing & Rehab Assistance 1. Settlement Grants			350					350
	2. Tangled Title Fund			50					50
	3. PHIL Loans	4,000							4,000
	4 Neighborhood Stabilization Program					12,000			12,000
II. A.	Homeless & Special-Needs Housing Emergency Shelter Grant				2,303				2,303
III.	Acquisition, Site Preparation &								
	Community Improvements								
A.	Management of Vacant Land			2 400					2.400
	 Philadelphia Green Acquisition Loan Fund 			2,400 2,000					2,400
	2. r. oquionion 2001. r. unu			2/000					2,000
	Community Economic Development Business Assistance 1. Small Business Loan Guarantee Program						1,000		1,000
	2. Section 108 Loan Program							20,000	20,000
B.	Targeted Neighborhood Commercial Area Assistance 1. Storefront Improvement Program 2. Gap Financing		100 2,100						100 2,100
C.	Community-Based Organization Assistance 1. CDC Tax Credit Program						3,000		3,000
GR	AND TOTAL OTHER RESOURCES	4,000	2,200	4,800	2,303	12,000	4,000	20,000	49,303

SCHEDULE D:

YEAR 35 HTF RESOURCES

(In Thousands)

CDBGYEAR 35 FISCALYEAR 2010

		HTF Total
l.	Affordable Housing Production A. Affordable Rental Housing 1. Neighborhood-Based Rental Production	3,187
II.	Housing Preservation	
	A. Emergency Repairs, Preservation, Weatherization	
	1. BSRP - Tier 2	500
	2. Targeted Housing Preservation	400
III.	Homeless & Special-Needs Housing	1.504
	A. Adaptive Modifications	1,504
	B. Homeless Prevention Program	784
IV.	Annual Operating Costs A. Program Delivery	
	1. OHCD	59
	2. PHDC	416
	3. RDA	296
	B. General Administration 1.OHCD	354
GR	AND TOTAL: HTF RESOURCES	7,500

SCHEDULE E: CDBG Administrative Cost Limitation (In Thousands)

		\/EAD.05	
		YEAR 35	
A.	Resource Base		
	CDBG Entitlement	52,271	
	2. Projected Program Income	12,766	
	TOTAL: RESOURCE BASE	65,037	
B.	Administrative Limitation (20%)		13,007
C.	Administrative Budget		
	1. Housing Agencies		
	a. OHCD	5,788	
	b. PHDC	1,662	
	c. RDA	918	
	d. Support Services & Project Planning	100	
	e. Non-Profit Subrecipients	100	
	2. Economic Development		
	a. Commerce	1,721	
	b. Non-Profit Subrecipients	100	
	3. General Service Departments		
	a. Law	345	
	b. City Planning	267	
	TOTAL: ADMINISTRATIVE BUDGET		11,001
D.	ADMINISTRATIVE ALLOWANCE (B-C)		2,006

SCHEDULE F: CDBG COMMUNITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BY CDCs

(Pursuant to Council Bill #000716) (In Thousands)

		YEAR 35	
A.	Resource Base		
	CDBG Entitlement	52,271	
	2. Projected Program Income	12,766	
	TOTAL: RESOURCE BASE	65,037	
B.	CDC Economic Development Requirement (5%)		3,252
C.	CDC Economic Development Budget		
	1. Community-Based Organization Assistance		
	a. Neighborhood Development Fund (PIDC)	1,000	
	b. Neighborhood Development Grants	1,000	
	c. Neighborhood Planning Grants	200	
	d. Targeted Economic Development Program (CDCs)	300	
	e. Targeted Corridor Revitalization Management Program (CDCs)	1,100	
	f. Business Improvement District Assistance (CDCs)	500	
	g. Capacity Building Assistance for CDCs	140	
	Subtotal: Community-Based Organization Assistance	4,240	
TO	TAL: COMMUNITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		4,240
D.	AMOUNT IN EXCESS OF REQUIREMENT (C-B)		988

RESOURCE COMPARISON CDBG YEAR 34 (FY 2009) AND CDBG YEAR 35 (FY 2010) (in thousands)

Resources	CDBGYEAR 34 FISCALYEAR 2009	CDBG YEAR 35 FISCAL YEAR 2010	INCREASE (DECREASE)
PART I a			
A. CDBG			
I. Entitlement	51,735	52,271	536
2. Prior Years' Reprogrammed Funds	3,977	657	-3,320
Reprogrammed - Economic Development	3,427	3,427	0
4. Program Income	·		
(a) OHCD	500	500	0
(b) PHDC	1,780	500	-1,280
(c) RDA	4,000	2,920	-1,080
(d) PIDC	6,710	7,710	1,000
(e) Commerce	1,120	1,120	0
(f) Central Germantown Council	16	16	0
Subtotal CDBG	73,265	69,121	-4,144
B. HOME			
Federal - Direct Allocation	14,800	16,545	1,745
2. Program Income	400	0	-400
3. American Dream Downpayment Initiative (ADDI)	81	0	-81
Subtotal HOME	15,281	16,545	1,264
C. OTHER FEDERAL			
I. Emergency Shelter Grant	2,311	2,303	-8
Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS	7,052	8,716	1,664
HOPWA-Prior Years' Reprogrammed Funds	206	206	0
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	4,833	12,000	7,167
American Recovery and Reinvestment Act	1,000	12,000	7,107
a) Homeless Prevention & Rapid Re-Housing (ESG)	0	7,162	7,162
b) CDBG - R	0	14,047	14,047
Subtotal Other Federal	14,402	44,434	30,032
D. COMMONIWE ALTIL OF BENINGVIVANIA			
D. COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA 1. DCED			
(a) Housing	6,800	6,800	0
(a) Flousing (b) Economic Development	500	500	0
(c) Adaptive Modifications	500	500	0
2. Weatherization b	3,262	3,262	0
Subtotal Commonwealth of PA.	11,062	11,062	0
Subtotal Resources Part I	114,010	141,162	27,152
	,	,	21,102
PART II a			
E. OTHER RESOURCES	4.000	4,000	0
I. Bond Proceeds (RDA)	4,000	4,000	0
 Bond Proceeds (TNCA) City General Fund (excluding HTF) 	4 200	2,200 4,800	2,200 600
City General Fund (excluding HTF) Neighborhood Transformation Initiative	4,200 5,161	4,800	-5,161
Neighborhood transformation initiative Small Business Loan Guarantee Pool (PIDC)	0	1,000	1,000
Small Business Loan Guarantee Pool (FIDC) Economic Development (Section 108 Loan)	20,000	20,000	0
7. CDC Tax Credits	0	3,000	3,000
8. Housing Trust Fund (HTF)		3,000	3,000
- HTF Earnings	8,500	6,000	-2,500
- General Fund	1,500	1,500	0
Subtotal Resources Part II	43,361	42,500	-861
GRAND TOTAL RESOURCES	157,371	183,662	26,291

a Resources contained in PART I of the schedule are able to be accessed by the Office of Housing and Community Development by presenting an acceptable application to HUD, DPW and DCED. Resources in PART II are dependent upon the actions of other governmental units and may not be available in CDBG Year 35.

b These awards are allocated directly to PHDC and are not appropriated by the City.

CDBG Year 34 (FY 09) and CDBG Year 35 (FY 10)

(in Thousands)

CDBG Year 34 - Fiscal Year 2009

CDBG Year 35- Fiscal Year 2010

) 1	Cal	or - 13cal leal		,			-	Co		33- i istai leai	a ca	207	
	CDBG	НОМЕ	HOPWA	State	HH N	TI Other		Total	CDBG	номе норуха	IOPWA	State	Ħ	ARRA	Other	Total
AFFORDABLE HOUSING PRODUCTION																
A.Affordable Homeownership Housing																
I. Neighborhood-Based Homeownership Production		1,558			200		2,	2,058		1,558						1,558
2. New Construction Program		3,570		3,050	200		7,	7,120		3,087		2,850				5,937
Subtotal: Affordable Homeownership Housing	0	5,128	0	3,050	1,000	0	0 9,	9,178	0	4,645	0	2,850	0	0	0	7,495
B. Affordable Rental Housing																
I. Neighborhood-Based Rental Production	2,500	2,295			3,250		<u>α</u>	8,045	1,524	3,277			3,187			7,988
2. Development Financing for Homeless & Special-Needs Housing		3,000					m'	3,000		3,000				_		3,000
3. Housing Development Assistance		1,000					<u>-</u>	1,000		1,400						1,400
Subtotal: Affordable Rental Housing	2,500	6,295	0	0	3,250	0	0 12,0	12,045	1,524	7,677	0	0	3,187	0	0	12,388
C.American Recovery & Reinvestment Act (ARRA)																
I. Housing Gap Financing								0						5,750		5,750
Subtotal: ARRA - Housing Gap Financing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,750	0	5,750
Total: Affordable Housing Production	2,500	11,423	0	3,050	4,250	0	0 21,223	223	1,524	12,322	0	2,850	3,187	5,750	0	25,633

CDBG Year 34 (FY 09) and CDBG Year 35 (FY 10)

(in Thousands)

CDBG Year 34 - Fiscal Year 2009

CDBG Year 35 - Fiscal Year 2010

NCITANGESER ON STICH	CDBG	HOME	HOPWA	State	井	Ę	Other	Total	CDBG	HOME	HOPWA	State	불	ARRA	Other	Total
A. Housing Counseling 1. Settlement Grants 2. American Dream Downpayment Initiative 3. Neighborhood & Citywide Housing Counseling	3,677	18	300			009		600 81 3,977	3,677		300				350	350 0 3,977
4. Anti-Fredatory Lending Activity - Homeownership Counseling Association - Community Legal Services - Anti-Predatory Loan Products 5. GPUAC- Earned Income Tax Credit (ETC)	65 220 48					09		220 60 60 48	65 220 60 48							65 220 60 48
6. Foreclosure & Vacancy Prevention Activities - Tangled Title Fund - Community Legal Services - Housing Counseling Agencies - HERO Loan Program	20					50 700 1,000	300	0 300 700 1,000	50					1,000	20	000,1
Subtotal: Housing Counseling	4,060	18	300	0	0	2,410	300	7,151	4,820	0	300	0	0	1,000	400	6,520
B. Emergency Repairs, Preservation, Weatherization 1. Emergency Repair Hotline - Tier 1 2. Heater Hotline - PHDC/ECA 3. Weatherization & Basic Systems Repair Program				2,500				2,500				2,500				2,500
- Tier 2 4. Targeted Housing Preservation Program	9,518				2,487			12,005	9,871			:	500 400	820		11,221
5.Weatherization (DCED to PHDC) 6.SHARP Home Repair Program 7. Utility Emergency Services Fund 8.Energy Coordinating Agency	325 525 500			2,341			1,000	2,341 325 1,525 500	325 525 800			2,341		1,000		2,341 325 1,525 800
Subtotal: Emergency Repairs, Preservation, Weatherization	10,868	0	0	5,841	2,487	0	1,000	20,196	11,521	0	0	6,041	006	1,850	0	20,312
C. Home Equity Financing & Rehab. Assistance I. Homeownership Rehabilitation Program 2. PHIL Loans	700						4,000	700	700						4,000	700
Neignborhood Housing Services Loan Program Himpact Services Building Materials Exchange Program NITI ILL SERVICES BUILDINGS AND SERVICES	257							257	257							257
o. N I Housing Frograms - Employer-Assisted Housing 6. Neighborhood Stabilization Program						711	4,833	711							12,000	0 12,000
Subtotal: Home Equity Financing & Rehab . Assistance	1,780	0	0	0	0	111	8,833	11,324	1,780	0	0	0	0	0	16,000	17,780
Total: Housing Preservation	16,708	18	300	5,841	2,487	3,121 10,133		38,671	18,121	0	300	6,041	900	2,850 16,400		44,612

CDBG Year 34 (FY 09) and CDBG Year 35 (FY 10)

(in Thousands)

CDBG Year 34 - Fiscal Year 2009

CDBG Year 35- Fiscal Year 2010

	CDBG	НОМЕ	HOPWA	State	片	Ę	Other	Total	CDBG	НОМЕ	номе норма	State	보	ARRA	Other	Total
HOMELESS & SPECIAL-NEEDS HOUSING																
A.Emergency Shelter Grant							2,311	2,311	20						2,303	2,353
B. Housing Assistance - MH/MR		00						8		00						8
C.Rental Assistance/Homeless	200	2,197	300					2,697	200	2,469	300					2,969
D.HOPWA			6,393					6,393			8,007					8,007
E. Adaptive Modifications	350			200	718	800		2,368	350			200	1,504			2,354
F. Technical Assistance/Planning																
I. Homeless	25							25	25							25
2. Disabled	25							25	25							25
G. Homeless Prevention Program					1,045			1,045					784			784
H.Homeless Prevention & Rapid Re-Housing Services								0						7,162		7,162
Total: Homeless & Special-Needs Housing	009	2,297	6,693	200	1,763	800	2,311	14,964	650	2,569	8,307	200	2,288	7,162	2,303 23,779	23,779
EMPLOYMENT & TRAINING																
A.Employment/Training Network																
I. Communities in Schools	171							17.1	171							17
2.ActionAIDS			99					99			65					99
B. YouthBuild Philadelphia	009							009	009							009
Total: Employment & Training	171	0	99	0	0	0	0	836	177	0	99	0	0	0	0	836

CDBG Year 34 (FY 09) and CDBG Year 35 (FY 10)

(in Thousands)

CDBG Year 34 - Fiscal Year 2009

CDBG Year 35 - Fiscal Year 2010

	CDBG	HOME	HOPWA	State	Ħ	Ę	Other	Total	CDBG	HOME	HOME HOPWA	State	보	ARRA	Other	Total
VACANT LAND MANAGEMENT & COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS																
A.Acquisition/Condemnation																
I. NTI MIS Activities						1,240		1,240								0
2.Acquisition Loan Fund								0							2,000	2,000
Subtotal: Acquisition/Condemnation	0	0	0	0	0	1,240	0	1,240	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,000	2,000
B. Management of Vacant Land																
I. Environmental Clearance	001							001	001							001
2. Philadelphia Green Community Program	400							400	400							400
3. PHS Vacant Land Management							2,500	2,500	200						2,400	2,900
4. Neighborhood Gardens Association	25							25	25							25
5. New Kensington Open Space Management	71							71	71							7
Subtotal: Management of Vacant Land	296	0	0	0	0	0	2,500	3,096	1,096	0	0	0	0	0	2,400	3,496
C. Site & Community Improvements																
I. PNHS Community Improvements/Model Blocks	150							150	200							200
2. Child Care Facilities Fund							200	200								0
Subtotal: Site & Community Improvements	150	0	0	0	0	0	200	350	200	0	0	0	0	0	0	200
Total: Vacant Land Management &	746	0	0	0	0	1,240	2,700	4,686	1,296	0	0	0	0	0	4,400	5,696
Community Improvements																

CDBG Year 34 (FY 09) and CDBG Year 35 (FY 10)

(in Thousands)

CDBG Year 34 - Fiscal Year 2009

CDBG Year 35- Fiscal Year 2010

THE MEN OF SEVER DESCRIPTION OF SEVER SERVER	CDBG	НОМЕ	HOPWA	State	불	Ę	Other	Total	CDBG	НОМЕ	HOPWA	State	井	ARRA	Other	Total
A.Business Assistance I. Growth Loan Program (PIDC) 2. Small Business Revolving Loan Fund 3. Small Business I can Guarantee Pool (PIDC)	4,000 I,455							4,000 1,455	3,750						000	3,750 2,455
4. Section 108 Loan Program (PIDC) 5. Technical Assistance to Small Businesses	700	_					20,000	20,000	700						20,000	20,000
Subtotal: Business Assistance	6,155	0	0	0	0	0	20,200	26,355	6,905	0	0	0	0	0	21,000	27,905
	200							200	200						001	300
3. Main Street Program 4. Targeted Neighborhood Support Grant Activities 5. Targeted Economic Development Program (CDCs) 6. Neighborhood Plans 7. Business Improvement District Assistance (CDCs) 8. Gap Financing	1,400			200				500 1,400 0 0	300 200 500			200			2,100	500 300 200 500 2,100
Subtotal: Targeted Neighborhood Commercial Area Assistance	1,600	0	0	200	0	0	0	2,100	2,300	0	0	200	0	0	2,200	5,000
C.Community-Based Organization Assistance 1. Neighborhood Development Fund (PIDC) 2. Neighborhood Development Grants 3. Neighborhood Planning Grants 4. Capacity Building Assistance for CDCs 5. CDC Tax Credit Program	1,000							1,000 1,750 0 129	1,000 1,000 200 140						3,000	1,000 1,000 200 140 3,000
Subtotal: Neighborhood Grant Activities D.American Recovery & Reinvestment Act	2,879	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,879	2,340	0	0	0	0	0	3,000	5,340
I. Transit-Oriented & Liveable Communities Commercial Development Fund 2. Creative Industry Workforce Grants								0 0						4,397		4,397
Subtotal: Neighborhood Grant Activities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,897	0	4,897
Total: Community Economic Development	10,634	0	0	200	0	0	0 20,200	31,334	11,545	0	0	200	0	4,897	4,897 26,200 43,142	43,142

CDBG Year 34 (FY 09) and CDBG Year 35 (FY 10)

(in Thousands)

CDBG Year 34 - Fiscal Year 2009

CDBG Year 35 - Fiscal Year 2010

	CDBG	HOME	HOPWA	State	불	E E	Other	Total	CDBG	HOME	номе норима	State	Ŧ	ARRA	Other	Total
COMMUNITY PLANNING & CAPACITY BUILDING																
A. CDC Support Services & Planning																
I. Neighborhoods Now T/A Program	20							20	200							200
2. LISC	48							84	48							84
3. Community Design Collaborative	88							88	88							68
4. Philadelphia Association of CDCs	35							35	35							35
B. Neighborhood Services	1,700							1,700	1,700							1,700
Total: Community Planning & Capacity Building	1,922	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,922	2,072	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,072
SECTION 108 LOAN PRINCIPAL & INTEREST REPAYMENTS-HOUSING																
A. Rental & Homeownership Development (Year 21)	2,515							2,515	2,371							2,371
B. Homeownership Zone (Year 22)	1,44							1,44	0							0
C. Year 22	1,544							1,544	0							0
D. Year 23	2,007							2,007	0							0
E.Year 24	1,573							1,573	1,517							1,517
F.Year 25	1,299							1,299	1,555							1,555
Total: Section 108 Loan Principal & Interest Repayments-Housing	10,379	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,379	5,443	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,443

CDBG Year 34 (FY 09) and CDBG Year 35 (FY 10)

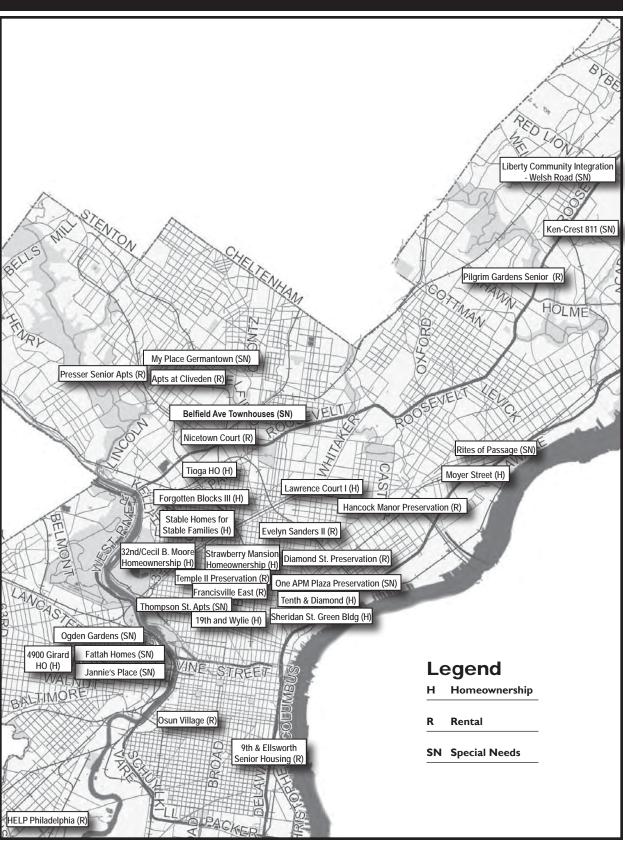
(in Thousands)

CDBG Year 34 - Fiscal Year 2009

CDBG Year 35- Fiscal Year 2010

	CDBG		НОМЕ НОРVVА	State	분	Ę	Other	Total	CDBG	HOME	НОМЕ НОРWА	State	生	ARRA	Other	Total
ANNUAL OPERATING COSTS																
A. Program Delivery																
I.OHCD	763				79			842	704				59			763
2. PHDC	5,309			974	553			6,836	4,703			974	416			6,093
3.RDA	9,543				395			9,938	9,314				296			9,610
4. Commerce								0	324							324
5. PIDC	26							26	953							953
6.PCDC	1,909							1,909								0
7.L&I	Ξ,							=,	1,000							1,000
Subtotal: Program Delivery	18,732	0	0	974	1,027	0	0	20,733	16,998	0	0	974	177	0	0	18,743
B. General Administration																
I. OHCD	7,023	780	200		473			8,476	5,788	780	250		354	00		7,272
2. PHDC	1,431	200		197				1,828	1,662	200		197		82		2, 14
3. RDA	762	200						1,262	816	674				365		1,957
4. Commerce	445							445	1,721							1,721
5. Law	345							345	345							345
6. City Planning	267							267	267							267
Subtotal: General Administration	10,273	1,480	200	161	473	0	0	12,623	10,701	1,654	250	161	354	550	0	13,706
Total: Annual Operating Costs	29,005	1,480	200	1,171	1,500	0	0	33,356	27,699	1,654	250	1,171	1,125	550	0	32,449
GRAND TOTAL PROGRAMACTIVITIES	73,265	15,281	7,258	11,062	10,000	5,161	5,161 35,344	157,371	69,121	16,545	8,922	11,062	7,500	21,209	49,303 183,662	83,662
RESOURCE ALLOCATION	73,265	15,281	7,258	11,062	10,000	5,161	5,161 35,344	157,371	69,121	16,545	8,922	11,062	7,500	21,209	21,209 49,303 183,662	83,662

YEAR 35 ACTIVITIES: PROPOSED PROJECTS



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Year 35 Consolidated Plan is the City of Philadelphia's application to the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development for four programs: the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), the HOME Investment Partnership program, the Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA) program and the Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) program. It also details the City's spending on community development, including community economic development, from other city and state resources. The Plan outlines the expenditure of approximately \$158 million in federal, state and local funds for community development.

The objectives identified in the Consolidated Plan are to create suitable living environments, provide decent, affordable housing and create economic opportunity. These objectives are addressed through a variety of community, housing and economic development activities. The objective of creating suitable living environment includes activities to provide stable housing for homeless individuals and families and households with special needs (such as persons with AIDS). It also includes activities designed to build the capacity of community nonprofit organizations, such as funding for Neighborhood Advisory Committees and technical assistance to community development corporations (CDCs). Suitable living environments are also created through community gardening and the greening of vacant land. Outcome indicators for this objective include placing homeless and at-risk persons in stable housing, improving neighborhoods and locations greened or gardened.

The objective of providing decent, affordable housing is addressed in several ways. Philadelphia's CDBG program has historically allocated more than 50 percent of program funds to housing programs, including the creation of new housing units (both rental and homeownership), the preservation of existing units through home-repair grants and housing

counseling to assist first-time homebuyers as well as to address problems of delinquency and default. Outcome indicators for this objective include creating new, affordable housing units through new construction or rehabilitation, ensuring sustainable housing through investment in housing preservation and assisting households to buy their first home through housing counseling and settlement grant assistance.

Creating economic opportunities is the third major objective of the program. The City will provide assistance to businesses which create jobs, provide employment and training opportunities and provide technical assistance to community-based organizations. Outcome indicators include jobs created, commercial corridors improved, individuals trained and community-based organizations assisted.

The City is pleased with its past performance in the community development program. The Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) for the year ending June 30, 2008, indicates that the City exceeded its goals in many areas and made substantial progress in other areas.

The City's "Citizen Participation Plan," detailed in the Appendices, allows citizen input and review of the Consolidated Plan at three stages: in a Needs Hearing held in December in conjunction with the CAPER hearing, after the issuance of the Preliminary Consolidated Plan, and before City Council which must review and approve the Consolidated Plan before its submission to HUD. In an effort to broaden citizen awareness and participation, each version of the Plan is posted on OHCD's web site (www.phila.gov/ohcd/consolplan) and extensive advertising is placed before each public hearing. Citizens are also able to be placed on an extensive mailing list to receive notices of hearings. At the hearing on the Preliminary Plan held on April 28, 2009, most people who testified were supportive of the Plan. Some testifiers requested additional funding for specific existing line items particularly for programs related to mortgage foreclosure prevention.

TABLE 3A OBJECTIVES, OUTCOMES AND INDICATORS: PERFORMANCE MEASURES

OBJECTIVES	OUTCOMES	Programs*	Indicators	FUNDING**	Totals
Creating Suitable	Living Environm	ents (SL)			
	Accessibility/ Availability	Homeless and Special-Needs Housing	160 Low- and Moderate-Income Households In Stable Housing	\$3,000,000	
		Homeless and Special-Needs Housing - Short Term	1,950 Low- and Moderate-Income Households In Stable Housing	\$4,656,000	\$7,656,000
	Affordability	NACs - Community Capacity Building	609,000 Low- and Moderate-Income ResidentsWill Benefit	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000
	Sustainability	Community Improvements	120,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Residents Will Benefit	\$400,000	
		Community Improvements	120,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Residents Will Benefit	\$2,900,000	
		Community Improvements	16,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Residents Will Benefit	\$25,000	
		Community Improvements	22,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Residents Will Benefit	\$71,000	
		Community Improvements	29,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Residents Will Benefit	\$200,000	
		NeighborhoodsNow - CDC Support	10 Organizations Assisted	\$200,000	
		LISC - CDC Support	21 Organizations Assisted	\$258,000	
		PACDC - CDC Support	15 Organizations Assisted	\$35,000	\$4,089,000
		Operational Support		\$3,000,000	\$3,000,000
Subtotal SL					\$16,445,000
Providing Decent	Affordable Housi	ing (DH)			
	Accessibility/ Availability	Affordable Homeownership	120 Housing Units Created	\$1,558,000	
		Affordable Rental Housing	400 Housing Units Created/ Preserved	\$7,988,000	
		Affordable Homeownership	75 Housing Units Created	\$5,937,000	
		Affordable Rental Housing	100 Housing Units Created/ Preserved	\$1,400,000	
		Affordable Homeownership	20 Housing Units Created	\$700,000	
		Affordable Homeownership	Homeless & Disabled Housing Planning	\$50,000	
		Affordable Homeownership	5 Housing Units Created	\$100,000	
		Community Design Collaborative	20 Organizations Assisted	\$89,000	\$17,822,000

TABLE 3A OBJECTIVES, OUTCOMES AND INDICATORS: PERFORMANCE MEASURES

O BJECTIVES	OUTCOMES	Programs*	Indicators	FUNDING**	Totals
Providing Decent	Affordable Hous	ing (contd.)			
	Affordability	Affordable Rental Housing	20 Households Provided Rental Assistance	\$100,000	
		Affordable Rental Housing	380 Households Provided Rental Assistance	\$2,969,000	
		Affordable Rental Housing - HOPWA	950 Households Provided Rental Assistance	\$8,007,000	\$11,076,000
	Sustainability				
		Repairs/Preservation/Rehab Assistance	1,800 Housing Units Preserved	\$10,371,000	
		Repairs/Preservation/Rehab Assistance	300 Housing Units Preserved	\$325,000	
		Repairs/Preservation/Rehab Assistance	150 Housing Units Preserved	\$4,700,000	
		Repairs/Preservation/Rehab Assistance	60 Housing Units Preserved	\$257,000	
		Repairs/Preservation/Rehab Assistance	1,000 Housing Units Preserved	\$123,000	
		Utility Grants	2,200 Housing Units Preserved	\$525,000	
		ECA - Preservation, Rehab Assistance	2,000 Housing Units Preserved	\$800,000	
		Housing Counseling	12,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Households Will Benefit	\$3,677,000	
		Housing Counseling	1,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Households Will Benefit	\$700,000	
		Housing Counseling for People Living with AIDS	1,900 Low- and Moderate-Income Households Will Benefit	\$300,000	
		Section 108 Payments	2,962 Housing Units	\$5,443,000	
		Housing Counseling	12,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Households Will Benefit	\$65,000	
		Housing Counseling	20 Low- and Moderate-Income Households Will Benefit	\$60,000	
		Housing Counseling	2,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Households Will Benefit	\$220,000	
		EITCP	500 Low- and Moderate-Income Households Will Benefit	\$48,000	
		Repairs/Preservation/Rehab Assistance	100 Housing Units Preserved and Made Accessible	\$2,354,000	
		Philadelphia VIP	10 Low- and Moderate-Income Households Will Benefit	\$100,000	\$30,068,000
		Operational Support		\$26,451,000	\$26,451,000
Subtotal DH				•	\$85,417,000

TABLE 3A OBJECTIVES, OUTCOMES AND INDICATORS: PERFORMANCE MEASURES

OBJECTIVES	OUTCOMES	Programs*	Indicators	FUNDING**	Totals
Creating Economi	ic Opportunities	(EO)			
	Accessibility/				
	Availability	Technical Assistance to Small Businesses	70 Jobs	\$700,000	
		Growth Loan Program	700 Jobs	\$23,750,000	\$24,450,000
	Affordability	Small Business Revolving Loan Program	300,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Residents Will Benefit	\$2,455,000	
		Storefront Improvement Program	300,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Residents Will Benefit	\$300,000	
		Neighborhood Development Fund	300,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Residents Will Benefit	\$1,000,000	
		Targeted Neighborhood Support Activities	775,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Residents Will Benefit	\$1,100,000	\$4,855,000
	Sustainability	Employment & Training	65 Individuals Trained	\$65,000	
		Employment & Training	1,200 Individuals Trained	\$171,000	
		Employment & Training	150 Individuals Trained	\$600,000	
		Targeted Economic Development Program	300 Low- and Moderate-Income Persons	\$300,000	
		Business Improvement Assistance Program	300,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Residents Will Benefit	\$500,000	
		Neighborhood Development Grant Programs	300,000 Low- and Moderate-Income Residents Will Benefit	\$1,000,000	
		Predevelopment and Planning Activities	4 Organizations	\$200,000	
		Targeted Planning Activities	2 Plans	\$200,000	
		Capacity Building for CDCs	10 Organizations	\$140,000	\$3,176,000
		Operational Support		\$2,998,000	\$2,998,000
Subtotal EO				1	\$35,479,000
Total					\$137,341,000

 $^{^{\}ast}$ $\;$ Programs are listed in the Budget Detail and expanded upon in the Action Plan narrative.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{**}}$ Funding is broken out in the Budget Detail.

Table 3b Annual Housing Completion Goals

	Annual Expected Number	Resou	rces Use	d Durin	g Period
	Completed	CDBG	HOME	ESG	HOPWA
Annual Affordable Rental Housing Goals (Sec. 215)					
Acquisition of existing units	0				
Production of new units	430	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Rehabilitation of existing units	20		\checkmark		
Rental assistance	850		V		V
Total Sec. 215 Rental Goals	1,300	V	V		V
Annual Affordable Owner Housing Goals (Sec. 215)					
Acquisition of existing units	0				
Production of new units	240	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Rehabilitation of existing units	8,900	\checkmark			
Homebuyer assistance	12		\checkmark		
Total Sec. 215 Owner Goals	9,152	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Annual Affordable Housing Goals (Sec. 215)					
Homeless	9,636	\checkmark	V	\checkmark	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Non-Homeless	9,622	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Special Needs	930	\checkmark	\checkmark		$\overline{\checkmark}$
Total Sec. 215 Affordable Housing	20,188	V	V	\checkmark	V
Annual Housing Goals					
Annual Rental Housing Goal	1,300	\checkmark	\checkmark		V
Annual Owner Housing Goal	9,152	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Total Annual Housing Goal	10,452	\checkmark	\checkmark		$\overline{\checkmark}$

For the purpose of identification of annual goals, an assisted household is one that will receive benefits through the investment of federal funds, either alone or in conjunction with the investment of other public or private funds.

= Resources not available

☐ = Resources not used

Table 3C

	Consolidated Plan Lis	sting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philade	lphia	
Priority Need Owner-Occupied Hou	ısing		
Project Title Neighborhood-Based	d Homeownership Production		
	es housing for first-time homebu and on the accompanying maps.	yers. Individual projects are	e identified in the
Outcome category: \[\begin{align*} \text{Cocation/Target Area} \]	Suitable Living Environment Availability/Accessibility	-	omic Opportunity nability
Outcome category: Exaction/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1	Availability/Accessibility Project ID 1	Affordability Sustai	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14A	Availability/Accessibility Project ID 1 CDBG Citation 92.206	Affordability Sustai Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	nability
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient	Availability/Accessibility Project ID 1 CDBG Citation	Affordability Sustai	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Availability/Accessibility Project ID 1 CDBG Citation 92.206	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	1,558,000
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient	Project ID 1 CDBG Citation 92.206 CDBG National Objective	Affordability Sustai Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	nability

Table 3C

	Consolidated Plan Lis	ing of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Owner Occupied Hou	sing		
Project Title Homeownership Nev	v Construction		
Description Large-scale homeow	nership developments. These dev	velopments will be supported	l citywide.
Outcome category:		ecent Housing	nic Opportunity
Outcome category:		· ·	
Outcome category: X Location/Target Area Citywide Objective Number		Affordability	
Outcome category: X Location/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1	Availability/Accessibility	Affordability Sustaina	
Outcome category: X Location/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code	Availability/Accessibility	Affordability	
Outcome category: X Location/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 12	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	
Outcome category: Cocation/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 12 Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 2 CDBG Citation 92.205(a)(1) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	3,087,000
Outcome category: Cocation/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 12 Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	ability
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 12 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 2 CDBG Citation 92.205(a)(1) CDBG National Objective Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	3,087,000
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 12 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 2 CDBG Citation 92.205(a)(1) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	3,087,000
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 12 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 2 CDBG Citation 92.205(a)(1) CDBG National Objective Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	3,087,000

Consolidated Plan Listing of Projects				
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia		
Priority Need Rental Housing				
Project Title Neighborhood-Base	d Rental Housing Production			
9	ble rental developments which wi identified in the Action Plan narr		_	
	Suitable Living Environment	Decent Housing	nic Opportunity	
Outcome category: 🗵		ffordability Sustaina	• • •	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Citywide Objective Number	Availability/Accessibility	ffordability Sustaina	• • •	
Outcome category: X Location/Target Area Citywide	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG	• • •	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B	Project ID 3 CDBG Citation 570.202, 92.205(a)(1)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	1,524,000	
Outcome category: Cocation/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient	Project ID 3 CDBG Citation 570.202, 92.205(a)(1) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG	bility	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B	Project ID 3 CDBG Citation 570.202, 92.205(a)(1)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	1,524,000	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 3 CDBG Citation 570.202, 92.205(a)(1) CDBG National Objective LMH	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	1,524,000 3,277,000	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Citywide Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 3 CDBG Citation 570.202, 92.205(a)(1) CDBG National Objective LMH Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	1,524,000 3,277,000	
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 3 CDBG Citation 570.202, 92.205(a)(1) CDBG National Objective LMH Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	1,524,000 3,277,000	

		ing of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Homeless and Non-H	omeless Special Needs		
Project Title Development Financ	cing for Homeless and Special-Neo	eds Housing	
Description Development financial competitive RFP processing	ing for projects serving homeless cess.	and special-needs populatio	ns, selected through
Dbjective category: ■	Suitable Living Environment D	ecent Housing	nic Opportunity
	Availability/Accessibility	ffordability	ability
	Availability/Accessibility A	·	ability
ocation/Target Area	Citywid	·	ability
Location/Target Area	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Funding Sources:	ability
Objective Number SL-1 HUD Matrix Code	Project ID 4 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources:	ability
Objective Number SL-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B	Project ID 4 CDBG Citation 92.205(a)(1)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	
Objective Number SL-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient	Project ID 4 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	3,000,000
Objective Number SL-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 4 CDBG Citation 92.205(a)(1) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	3,000,000
Objective Number SL-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 4 CDBG Citation 92.205(a)(1)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	
Objective Number SL-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 4 CDBG Citation 92.205(a)(1) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	3,000,000
Objective Number SL-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 4 CDBG Citation 92.205(a)(1) CDBG National Objective Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	3,000,000
Objective Number SL-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 4 CDBG Citation 92.205(a)(1) CDBG National Objective Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	3,000,000

Consolidated Plan Listing of Projects			
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Rental Housing			
Project Title Housing Developme	nt Assistance		
Description Gap financing for hofrom HUD.	ousing developments which have b	peen awarded Section 202 or	r Section 811 funds
• • =	_	ffordability	nic Opportunity ability
Outcome category: X	_	ffordability	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number	Availability/Accessibility	ffordability Sustaina	
Outcome category: X Location/Target Area Objective Number DH-1	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources:	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code	Availability/Accessibility	ffordability Sustaina	
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 5 CDBG Citation 92.205(d)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	ability
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 5 CDBG Citation 92.205(d) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	1,400,000
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator Housing Units	Project ID 5 CDBG Citation 92.205(d) CDBG National Objective Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units 100	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing PHA	1,400,000
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14B Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 5 CDBG Citation 92.205(d) CDBG National Objective Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	1,400,000

	Table 30 Consolidated Plan List	_	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title Neighborhood and C	Citywide Housing Counseling		
Description Housing counseling a and specialized housing	agencies will be funded to carry o	ut pre-purchase mortgage, d	efault, delinquenc
Outcome category:	Availability/Accessibility	fordability Sustaina	ic Opportunity bility
Objective category: Dutcome category: Dutcome category: Cocation/Target Area	· ·	fordability Sustaina	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 5 Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	3,677,000
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 5 Type of Recipient	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	bility

Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title Neighborhood and (Citywide Housing Counseling		
Description Housing counseling prevention services.	agencies will be funded to carry o	ut mortgage default, foreclos	sure and vacancy
Objective category:	Suitable Living Environment 🛛 🗷 D	ecent Housing	ic Opportunity
	Availability/Accessibility	fordability X Sustaina	bility
	Availability/Accessibility	•	bility
Location/Target Area Objective Number		e 1	bility
Cocation/Target Area Objective Number DH-3	Citywid	•	700,000
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 5 Type of Recipient	Project ID 7 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 5 Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 7 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 5 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 7 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	700,000
HUD Matrix Code 5 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 7 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	700,000

	Consolidated Plan List	ing of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title Neighborhood and (Citywide Housing Counseling		
Description Housing counseling and specialized housing	agencies will be funded to carry o g counseling.	ut pre-purchase mortgage, d	lefault, delinquency
		vecent Housing	nic Opportunity
• • •	_	fordability Sustaina	
Outcome category:	_	fordability X Sustaina	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number	Availability/Accessibility	fordability X Sustaina	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 5	Project ID 8 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Funding Sources:	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 5 Type of Recipient	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 5 Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 8 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	ability
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 5 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 8 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	300,000
HUD Matrix Code 5 Type of Recipient	Project ID 8 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	300,000

	Consolidated Plan List	ing of Frojects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Other—Non-Profit C	apacity Building		
Project Title Homeownership Co	unseling Association of Delaware	Valley	
counseling services tar	meownership Counseling Associat geted to low- and moderate-incom hoods. This funding supports the the Plan.	e homeowners to combat pro	edatory lending and
		<u></u>	: - O
• • • –		eccent Housing	ic Opportunity bility
Outcome category:		fordability Sustaina	
Outcome category:	Availability/Accessibility	fordability Sustaina	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 19C	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 19C Type of Recipient	Project ID 9 CDBG Citation 570.201(p) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG	bility
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	bility
HUD Matrix Code 19C Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 9 CDBG Citation 570.201(p) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	65,000
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 19C Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 9 CDBG Citation 570.201(p) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	65,000

	Consolidated Plan List	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title Community Legal S	ervices		
	t the SaveYourHomePhilly hotlin v- and moderate-income homeown s.		
Objective category:	· ·	Decent Housing	c Opportunity oility
Location/Target Area	Citywid	e	
Oli a dian Manulan	Project ID	 1	
Objective Number DH-3	10	Funding Sources:	
•	=	CDBG	220,000
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05C	10 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	CDBG ESG	220,000
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05C Type of Recipient	10 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	CDBG ESG HOME	220,000
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05C Type of Recipient Subrecipient	10 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	,
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05C Type of Recipient	10 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	220,000
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05C Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	10 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	,
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05C Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	10 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	,
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05C Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator Households	10 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units 2,000	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing PHA	,
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05C Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	10 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	,

	Consolidated Plan Lis	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title Community Legal S	ervices		
Description Community Legal S establishments.	ervices will develop financial inst	ruments to mitigate predator	y lending
Objective category:	· ·		ic Opportunity
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ffordability X Sustaina	binty
Outcome category: Location/Target Area	Availability/Accessibility		binty
Location/Target Area	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	60,000
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code	Project ID 11 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05C Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 11 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	60,000

Consolidated Plan Listing of Projects			
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title Greater Philadelphi	a Urban Affairs Coalition – Earne	ed Income Tax Credit Progran	m
	rt financial-literacy counseling to oned Income Tax Credit.	ensure that low-income familie	es apply for and
Objective category: Outcome category: Location/Target Area	ū	Decent Housing	Opportunity
	Citywide	e	
Objective Number	Project ID	Funding Sources:	
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient	12 CDBG Citation 570.201 (e) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	48,000
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05	12 CDBG Citation 570.201 (e)	CDBG ESG	48,000
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient	12 CDBG Citation 570.201 (e) CDBG National Objective LMC	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	,

	Consolidated Plan Lis	ing of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title Vacancy Prevention	Activities		
Block, will help recruit	w Works Project will manage vac volunteer attorneys to assist with ad the value of estate planning and	mortgage foreclosure cases a l establish "tangled title" fun 	and will help older
Outcome category:	Availability/Accessibility	fordability Sustaina	bility
F 1753			
Location/Target Area	Citywid	e	
Location/Target Area Objective Number]	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05	Project ID 13 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	50,000
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient	Project ID 13 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG	50,000
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05	Project ID 13 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	50,000
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 13 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 13 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	

3C Consolidated Plan Listing of Projects				
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia		
Priority Need Owner-Occupied Hou	ısing			
Project Title Basic Systems Repai	ir Program, Tier 2			
O	•	ated repairs.	ic Opportunity	
	Citywide	2		
Objective Number	Project ID	 1		
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 14A	14 CDBG Citation 570.202	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	9,871,000	
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code	14 CDBG Citation	CDBG	9,871,000	

	Consolidated Plan List	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Owner-Occupied Hor	using		
Project Title SHARP Home Repa	ir Program		
Description The Senior Housing to the homes of residen	Assistance Repair Program (SHA ts aged 60 and over.	ARP) provides essential repai	rs averaging \$1,192
Objective category: Outcome category:	-	Decent Housing	ic Opportunity ability
Location/Target Area	Citywide	e	
Objective Number	Project ID		
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 14A	15 CDBG Citation 570.202	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	325,000
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient Subrecipient	15 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective LMH	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient	15 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective	CDBG ESG HOME	325,000
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	15 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective LMH Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator Housing Units	CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective LMH Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units 300	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing PHA	
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	15 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective LMH Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	

	Consolidated Plan List	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title Utility Emergency S	ervices Fund		
Description Emergency grants w	vill be provided to assist low-incon	ne families with emergency u	tility assistance.
Objective category: Outcome category:		recent Housing	c Opportunity
Location/Target Area	Citywid	e	
Objective Number	Project ID	F. P. G.	
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05Q Type of Recipient	16 CDBG Citation 570.201(n) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	525,000
Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	LMH Completion Date 06/30/2010	Total Formula Prior Year Funds	525,000
	Annual Units	Assisted Housing	
Performance Indicator Households Local ID	2,200 Units Upon Completion	PHA Other Funding	

	Consolidated Plan List	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title Energy Coordinatin	g Agency (ECA)		
-	ne community-based Neighborho I assistance services, information	2	• /
Objective category: Outcome category:	· ·	ecent Housing	c Opportunity ility
Location/Target Area	Income Eligible Arc	eas Citywide	
Objective Number	Project ID	 	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05	Project ID 17 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	800,000
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient	Project ID 17 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	800,000
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 17 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	800,000
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 17 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator Households	Project ID 17 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units 2,000	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing PHA	
HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 17 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	

	Consolidated Plan List	ing of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Owner-Occupied Hou	ısing		
Project Title Homeownership Rel	habilitation Program		
Description Funding will be proup to \$35,000 in rehabi	vided to subsidize acquisition and litation subsidy.	rehabilitation of vacant hou	sing units requiring
		ecent Housing	nic Opportunity
• • • •	_	ffordability Sustainal	
Outcome category:	_	ffordability	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area	Availability/Accessibility	ffordability	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number DH-1	Availability/Accessibility	ffordability	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	bility
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient	Project ID 18 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	bility
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 18 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective LMH	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	700,000
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient	Project ID 18 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	bility
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 18 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective LMH Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	700,000
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 18 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective LMH Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	700,000
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 18 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective LMH Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	700,000

Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Owner-Occupied Hou	ısing		
Project Title PHIL Loan			
_	loans of up to \$25,000 at below-me loans available at below-market	C	
Objective category: Outcome category: Location/Target Area	Availability/Accessibility	fordability Sustainal	c Opportunity bility
	Citywid		
Objective Number	Project ID		
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 14A	Project ID 19 CDBG Citation 570.202	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	700,000
DH-3 HUD Matrix Code	Project ID 19 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	700,000
Objective Number			

		ing of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Owner-Occupied Hou	ısing		
Project Title Philadelphia Neighb	oorhood Housing Services (PNHS)	Loan Program	
-	sing preservation services through in the Cobbs Creek and Carroll l		r home
Objective category:] Suitable Living Environment 🛛 D	ecent Housing Economic	c Opportunity
Outcome category:	Availability/Accessibility Af	fordability X Sustaina	bility
Location/Target Area		fordability X Sustaina	bility
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Census Tracts: 81, 82, 8 Objective Number	Project ID]	ıbility
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 14A	Project ID 20 CDBG Citation 570.202	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	257,000
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 14A	Project ID 20 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient	Project ID 20 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 20 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective LMH Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	257,000
Objective Number DH-3 HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 20 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective LMH Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	257,000

	Consolidated Plan List	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Owner-Occupied Ho	using		
Project Title Impact Services Bui	lding Materials Exchange Progra	m	
Description Tools and building rehabilitation activities	naterials will be provided to low-	and moderate-income people	for home
Objective category: Outcome category:	-	ecent Housing	c Opportunity oility
Location/Target Area	Citywide	e	
Objective Number	Project ID	1	
DH-3	21 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources: CDBG	
HUD Matrix Code 14A Type of Recipient	570.202(b)(2)	ESG HOME	123,000
		ESG	123,000
14A Type of Recipient Subrecipient	570.202(b)(2) CDBG National Objective LMH	ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	

Table 3C Consolidated Plan Listing of Projects

	Consolidated Plan List	ing of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Homeless Housing			
Project Title Emergency Shelter	Grant (ESG)		
homeless persons and f	sed to support emergency food, sh families. The "Other" funding is t re not listed on the budget detail b	he required match, to be pr	ovided with Genera
Objective category: Outcome category: Location/Target Area	_	ecent Housing	nic Opportunity ability
Location/Target Area			
	Citywide	e	
Objective Number	Project ID]	
SL-1	Project ID 22	Funding Sources:	50,000
SL-1 HUD Matrix Code	Project ID	Funding Sources:	50,000
SL-1 HUD Matrix Code 03T	Project ID 22 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	50,000 2,303,000
SL-1 HUD Matrix Code 03T Type of Recipient	Project ID 22	Funding Sources:	
SL-1 HUD Matrix Code 03T	Project ID 22 CDBG Citation CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	
SL-1 HUD Matrix Code 03T Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 22 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	2,303,000
SL-1 HUD Matrix Code 03T Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 22 CDBG Citation CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	2,303,000
SL-1 HUD Matrix Code 03T Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator Households	Project ID 22 CDBG Citation CDBG National Objective Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units 1,950	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	2,303,000
SL-1 HUD Matrix Code 03T Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 22 CDBG Citation CDBG National Objective Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	2,303,000

	Consolidated Plan List	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Rental Housing			
Project Title Housing Assistance	– Department of Behavioral Heal	th/Mental Retardation Servi	ces
administered by the De	or rental assistance for persons re partment of Public Health's Depa This very low-income population i	artment of Behavioral Healtl	h/Mental
Objective category: Outcome category: Location/Target Area		Decent Housing	nic Opportunity ability
	Citywide	e	
Objective Number DH-2 HUD Matrix Code	Project ID 23 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	
O5S Type of Recipient Subrecipient	92.205(a)(1) CDBG National Objective	HOME HOPWA	100,000
Start Date 07/01/2009	Completion Date 06/30/2010	Total Formula Prior Year Funds	100,000
Performance Indicator Households	Annual Units 20 Units Upon Completion	Assisted Housing PHA	
Local ID		Other Funding	

Table 3C Consolidated Plan Listing of Projects

	Consolidated Plan List	•	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadelp	ohia 	
Priority Need Special-Needs Non-F	Homeless and Homeless Housing		
Project Title Rental Assistance/H	omeless and HIV/AIDS		
assistance, housing cou	the Philadelphia Transitional Hounseling and case management to he promote self-sufficiency. The populating.	omeless persons including p	ersons with
bjective category: utcome category:		ecent Housing	ic Opportunity bility
ocation/Target Area	Citywide		
N1 ' NT 1	Project ID	1	
· ·	•	Funding Sources:	
DH-2 IUD Matrix Code	24 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources: CDBG	200,000
DH-2 IUD Matrix Code 05S	24 CDBG Citation 92.205(b), 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	CDBG ESG HOME	2,469,000
DH-2 IUD Matrix Code 05S Type of Recipient	24 CDBG Citation 92.205(b), 570.201(e)	CDBG ESG	2,469,000 300,000
HUD Matrix Code 05S Type of Recipient start Date 07/01/2009	24 CDBG Citation 92.205(b), 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMHSP	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	200,000 2,469,000 300,000 2,969,000

Table 3C Consolidated Plan Listing of Projects

Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Non-Homeless Specia	al-Needs Housing		
Project Title HOPWA Program			
9	ill be provided for rental assistand omelessness, operating costs for fa		<u> </u>
	_	_	
Outcome category:	_	Affordability Sustaina	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Eligible Metropol Objective Number DH-2 HUD Matrix Code 03T Type of Recipient	Availability/Accessibility X A	Affordability Sustaina are, Montgomery and Philad Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	ability lelphia counties
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Eligible Metropol Objective Number DH-2 HUD Matrix Code 03T Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Availability/Accessibility Litan Area-Bucks, Chester, Delaway Project ID 25 CDBG Citation 570.300	Affordability Sustaina are, Montgomery and Philac Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	ability
Objective Number DH-2 HUD Matrix Code 03T Type of Recipient	Availability/Accessibility Litan Area-Bucks, Chester, Delaware Project ID 25 CDBG Citation 570.300 CDBG National Objective	Affordability Sustaina are, Montgomery and Philac Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	lelphia counties 8,007,000

	Consolidated Plan List	ing of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Special-Needs/Non-F	Iomeless—Physically Disabled		
Project Title Adaptive Modificati	ons Program		
Description Owner-occupied and	d renter-occupied houses are mad	e accessible for persons with	disabilities.
Objective category: Dutcome category: Location/Target Area		ecent Housing	iic Opportunity bility
	Citywide		
Objective Number DH-3	Project ID 26	Funding Sources:	
HUD Matrix Code	CDBG Citation	CDBG	350,000
14A	570.202	ESG HOME	
Type of Recipient Subrecipient	CDBG National Objective LMHSP	HOPWA	
*	Completion Date 06/30/2010	Total Formula	350,000
Start Date 07/01/2009	Compressor 2 and Control 2010	Prior Year Funds	
Performance Indicator	Annual Units	Assisted Housing	
Performance Indicator Housing Units	Annual Units 100	Assisted Housing PHA	
Performance Indicator Housing Units Local ID 26	Annual Units	Assisted Housing	2,004,000 2,354,000

	Consolidated Plan List	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Other—CDBG Nonpi	rofit Capacity Building		
Project Title Homeless and Specia	al-Needs Housing, Technical Assis	stance and Planning, Homeles	ss and Disabled
	organizations providing housing a of Philadelphia by providing tech		-
Objective category: Outcome category: Location/Target Area	•	ecent Housing	c Opportunity vility
Location/Target Area	Citywide	e	
Objective Number	Project ID]	
DH-2 HUD Matrix Code 20	27 CDBG Citation 570.205	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	50,000
Type of Recipient Subrecipient	CDBG National Objective	HOME HOPWA	
Start Date 07/01/2009	Completion Date 06/30/2010	Total Formula Prior Year Funds	50,000
Performance Indicator	Annual Units	Assisted Housing PHA	
Local ID 27	Units Upon Completion	Other Funding Total	50,000
The animomy manager of the con-	t is to help: X the Homeless Persons with	HIV/AIDS 👿 Danson - mid- Dis-1999	Public Housing Need

	Consolidated Plan List	ing of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title Communities in Sch	ools		
Description Communities in Sch industries.	ools provides job training to yout	h interested in the tourism ar	nd hospitality
Objective category: Outcome category:		cent Housing	ic Opportunity bility
Location/Target Area	Citywido	е	
O1 ' ' N 1	Duc's et ID		
Objective Number	Project ID		
Objective Number EC-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H	Project ID 28 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	171,000
EC-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H Type of Recipient	28 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	CDBG ESG HOME	171,000
EC-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H	28 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	CDBG ESG	171,000
EC-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	28 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	
EC-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	28 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	

Table 3C Consolidated Plan Listing of Projects

		ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title Employment and Tı	raining – ActionAIDS		
	ve Action Program provides a retu be used to develop a needs- and sk		
outcome category:		cent Housing	•
ocation/Target Area		fordability Sustainab	pility
Outcome category:	Availability/Accessibility Af	Fordability Sustainab	pility
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Eligible Metropoli Objective Number EO-3	Availability/Accessibility Afetan Area – Bucks, Chester, Delaw Project ID 29	Funding Sources:	pility
ocation/Target Area Eligible Metropoli Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources:	pility
ocation/Target Area Eligible Metropoli Dbjective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H	Availability/Accessibility Afetan Area – Bucks, Chester, Delaw Project ID 29 CDBG Citation 570.300(b)(7)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	pility
ocation/Target Area Eligible Metropoli Dbjective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H Type of Recipient	Availability/Accessibility Afetan Area – Bucks, Chester, Delaw Project ID 29 CDBG Citation 570.300(b)(7) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources:	pility
Outcome category: Ocation/Target Area Eligible Metropoli Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Availability/Accessibility Afetan Area – Bucks, Chester, Delaw Project ID 29 CDBG Citation 570.300(b)(7)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	elphia counties
Outcome category: Ocation/Target Area Eligible Metropoli Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Availability/Accessibility Afe Afea – Bucks, Chester, Delaw Project ID 29 CDBG Citation 570.300(b)(7) CDBG National Objective LMC	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	elphia counties 65,000
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H Type of Recipient	Project ID 29 CDBG Citation 570.300(b)(7) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	elphia counties 65,000
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Availability/Accessibility Afe Area – Bucks, Chester, Delaw Project ID 29 CDBG Citation 570.300(b)(7) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	elphia counties 65,000

	Consolidated Plan List	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title YouthBuild Philadel	phia		
_	vided for operating support and d job-readiness training for high-s	_	thBuild which
Objective category: Outcome category:	_	cent Housing 🔀 Economi Fordability 🔀 Sustainab	c Opportunity pility
Location/Target Area	Citywid	e	
		e 	
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H	Project ID 30 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	600,000
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H Type of Recipient	Project ID 30 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG	600,000
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H	Project ID 30 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	600,000
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 30 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMCSV Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	,
EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 05H Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 30 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMCSV Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	,

Table 2C

	Consolidated Plan List	22.1g 01 1 1 9 j 0 0 0	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Housing			
Project Title Environmental Clea	rance		
Description Environmental clear	rance and site remediation for site	s proposed for residential dev	elopment funding
Objective category: Outcome category: Location/Target Area		ecent Housing	e Opportunity ility
Joennon, Turger in cu	Citywide	e	
Objective Number	Project ID	Funding Sources:	
DH-2 HUD Matrix Code 04A	31 CDBG Citation 570.201(d)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	100,000
DH-2 HUD Matrix Code 04A Type of Recipient Subrecipient	31 CDBG Citation	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	100,000
DH-2 HUD Matrix Code 04A Type of Recipient	31 CDBG Citation 570.201(d) CDBG National Objective LMH	CDBG _ ESG _ HOME _ HOPWA _	

	Consolidated Plan Lis	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title Philadelphia Green			
educational workshops and management plans greening, parks revital	forticultural Society will provide to for organized community gardents for the adaptive reuse of vacant lization, citywide garden maintenal management of vacant land.	ers. It also provides open s and. The projects include	space management neighborhood
)bjective category: □	Suitable Living Environment \square D	ecent Housing	omic Opportunity
Outcome category:	<u> </u>		omic Opportunity nability
Outcome category:	· ·	fordability X Sustai	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number	Availability/Accessibility	fordability Sustai	
Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05	Low-Mod Areas, Project ID 32 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Citywide Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	
Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient	Low-Mod Areas, Project ID 32 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	Citywide Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	nability
Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Low-Mod Areas, Project ID 32 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Citywide Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	400,000
Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Availability/Accessibility	Citywide Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	nability
Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient	Low-Mod Areas, Project ID 32 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMA Completion Date 06/30/2010	Citywide Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	400,000

	Table 30 Consolidated Plan List		
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title Philadelphia Comm	unity Space		
Philadelphia's low- and activities only. Objective category:	<i>-</i>	s. The CDBG funds will be	used for stabilization
Outcome category: Location/Target Area	Availability/Accessibility Af	ffordability X Sustain	ability
Zocation/Turget/Irea	Low-Mod Areas,	Citywide	
Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code	Project ID 33 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	500,000
Type of Recipient Subrecipient	570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMA	HOME HOPWA Total Formula	500,000
Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	500,000
Persons Local ID	120,000	PHA Other Funding	2 500 000
33	Units Upon Completion 120,000	Other Funding Total	2,500,000 2,900,000

The primary purpose of the project is to help: ____ the Homeless ____ Persons with HIV/AIDS ____ Persons with Disabilities ____ Public Housing Needs

Table 3C Consolidated Plan Listing of Projects

		ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title Neighborhood Gard	ens Association		
dollar for dollar by priv	support Neighborhood Gardens A vate funding sources for the instal trust garden sites in low- and mod	llation of watering systems a	and other physical
• •	· ·	· —	nic Opportunity
	Availability/Accessibility	fordability X Sustain	ability
	Availability/Accessibility		ability
Location/Target Area Objective Number	Census Tracts 77, 7 Project ID	78, 79, 86, 87	ability
Objective Number SL-3	Census Tracts 77, 7	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	25,000
Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient	Census Tracts 77, 7 Project ID 34 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	
Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05	Census Tracts 77, 7 Project ID 34 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	
Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 34 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMA Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	25,000
Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator Persons	Project ID 34 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMA Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units 16,000	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing PHA	25,000
SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 34 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMA Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	25,000

	Consolidated Plan List	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Services			
Project Title New Kensington Op	en Space Management		
	C will continue its comprehensive areas, including the implementat		ankford Avenue and
Outcome category:		Decent Housing	ic Opportunity bility
Outcome category:		ffordability X Sustaina	
Outcome category:	Availability/Accessibility Af	Fifordability Sustaina 7, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number SL-3	Availability/Accessibility Af Census tracts 143, 144, 156, 157 Project ID 35	Funding Sources:	bility
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05	Availability/Accessibility Af Census tracts 143, 144, 156, 157 Project ID 35 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	bility
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient	Availability/Accessibility Af Census tracts 143, 144, 156, 157 Project ID 35 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	bility
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05	Availability/Accessibility Af Census tracts 143, 144, 156, 157 Project ID 35 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	bility
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Availability/Accessibility Af Census tracts 143, 144, 156, 157 Project ID 35 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMA	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	71,000
Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator Persons	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	71,000
Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	71,000

Jurisdiction's Name City of Philadelphia				
Jurisaicuon's Name City of Philadelphia				
Priority Need Public Services				
Project Title Philadelphia Neighb	orhood Housing Services (PNHS)	, Community Improvements/	Model Blocks	
Description PNHS will complete	public improvements in targeted	neighborhoods.		
Outcome category:	Availability/Accessibility	ecent Housing	Opportunity	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area	Availability/Accessibility			
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Census Tracts 81, 82,	Availability/Accessibility Af			
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Census Tracts 81, 82,	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources:	bility	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Census Tracts 81, 82, Objective Number SL-3	Availability/Accessibility Af Ass, 84, 101, 112 Project ID 36 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources: CDBG		
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Census Tracts 81, 82, Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05	Availability/Accessibility Af Ass, 84, 101, 112 Project ID 36 CDBG Citation 570.201(e)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	bility	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Census Tracts 81, 82, Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient	Availability/Accessibility Af Asa, 84, 101, 112 Project ID 36 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	bility	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Census Tracts 81, 82, Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Availability/Accessibility Af Asa, 84, 101, 112 Project ID 36 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMA	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	200,000	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Census Tracts 81, 82, Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient	Availability/Accessibility Af Asa, 84, 101, 112 Project ID 36 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	bility	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Census Tracts 81, 82, Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	200,000	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Census Tracts 81, 82, Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	200,000	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Census Tracts 81, 82, Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator Persons	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing PHA	200,000	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Census Tracts 81, 82, Objective Number SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 05 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	200,000	

	Consolidated Plan List	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Other			
Project Title NeighborhoodsNow	Technical Assistance Program		
Description NeighborhoodsNow increase CDC capacity	will provide technical assistance a and expand activities.	and supportive services to at le	east 10 CDCs to
Objective category: \(\subseteq \) Outcome category: \(\subseteq \)		Decent Housing	e Opportunity oility
Location/Target Area	Citywide	e	
Objective Number	Project ID	 1	
Objective Number SL-3	Project ID 37	Funding Sources:	200.000
SL-3 HUD Matrix Code	37 CDBG Citation	CDBG	200,000
SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 20	37 CDBG Citation 570.205	CDBG ESG	200,000
SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient	37 CDBG Citation	CDBG ESG HOME	200,000
SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 20	37 CDBG Citation 570.205	CDBG ESG	200,000
SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient Subrecipient	37 CDBG Citation 570.205 CDBG National Objective	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	
SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator Organizations	37 CDBG Citation 570.205 CDBG National Objective Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units 10	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	
SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	37 CDBG Citation 570.205 CDBG National Objective Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	

	Consolidated Plan List	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Planning and Adminis	tration Needs		
Project Title LISC Technical Assis	stance		
_	chnical assistance to CDCs partic management, resource developme levelopment.		
Objective category: X Outcome category:	<u> </u>	Fordability	ic Opportunity ability
Location/Target Area	Citywido	e	
Objective Number	Project ID	1	
SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 20	38 CDBG Citation 570.205	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	258,000
Type of Recipient Subrecipient	CDBG National Objective	HOME HOPWA	
Start Date 07/01/2009	Completion Date 06/30/2010	Total Formula Prior Year Funds	258,000
	I and the second	4	
Performance Indicator Organizations Local ID	Annual Units 21	Assisted Housing PHA	

	Table 30 Consolidated Plan List		
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Planning and Admini	stration Needs		
Project Title Community Design	Collaborative		
Description The Community Des	sign Collaborative will assist CDC	's with architectural plannin	g and design issue
Objective category:	_	Decent Housing	mic Opportunity ability
(F) (F)			
ocation/Target Area			
ocation/Target Area	Citywid	e	
		e 	
	Project ID 39	Funding Sources:	
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code	Project ID 39 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources:	89,000
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 19C	Project ID 39 CDBG Citation 570.205	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	89,000
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 19C Type of Recipient	Project ID 39 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	89,000
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 19C Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 39 CDBG Citation 570.205 CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	89,000
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 19C Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 39 CDBG Citation 570.205	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 19C Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 39 CDBG Citation 570.205 CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	
Objective Number DH-1 HUD Matrix Code 19C Type of Recipient	Project ID 39 CDBG Citation 570.205 CDBG National Objective Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	
HUD Matrix Code 19C Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 39 CDBG Citation 570.205 CDBG National Objective Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	

	Consolidated Plan List	ing of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Other			
Project Title Philadelphia Associ	ation of CDCs (PACDC)		
comprehensive plans for maintenance of web sit	e technical assistance to OHCD-su or addressing their information te es, and work with a network of co eir respective service areas.	chnology needs, assist in the de	evelopment and
Objective category: Outcome category: Location/Target Area	· ·	ecent Housing	Opportunity
	Citywide	е	
Objective Number	Project ID	1	
SL-3	Project ID 40 CDBG Citation 570.205	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	35,000
SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient	40 CDBG Citation	CDBG ESG HOME	35,000
SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 20	40 CDBG Citation 570.205	CDBG ESG	35,000
SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	40 CDBG Citation 570.205 CDBG National Objective Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	
SL-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	40 CDBG Citation 570.205 CDBG National Objective Completion Date 06/30/2010	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	

Table 2C

Consolidated Plan Listing of Projects				
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia		
Priority Need Other				
Project Title Neighborhood Advi	isory Committees: Neighborhood	Services		
_	sory Committees (NACs) identifical services, citizen participation a		be funded for	
Outcome category:	Suitable Living Environment Availability/Accessibility		omic Opportunity nability	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Low M		Affordability	nability 119,	
Dutcome category: Location/Target Area Low M 126-133,	Availability/Accessibility X	Affordability	nability 119,	
Dutcome category: Location/Target Area Low M 126-133, Objective Number SL-2 HUD Matrix Code 19C	Availability/Accessibility Iod Census Tracts: 13-15, 18-45, , 135, 137-149, 151-182, 185-205, 2	Affordability	nability 119,	
Dutcome category: Location/Target Area Low M 126-133, Objective Number SL-2 HUD Matrix Code 19C	Availability/Accessibility X	Affordability	119, 71-290	
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Low M 126-133, Objective Number SL-2 HUD Matrix Code 19C Type of Recipient	Availability/Accessibility X	Affordability	119, 71-290	
Objective Number SL-2 HUD Matrix Code 19C Type of Recipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Availability/Accessibility Iod Census Tracts: 13-15, 18-45, , 135, 137-149, 151-182, 185-205, 2 Project ID 41 CDBG Citation 570.201(p) CDBG National Objective LMA Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Affordability Sustai 55-77, 79-88, 90-96, 100-115, 238-250, 252-253, 265-268, 27 Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	119, 71-290	
Dutcome category: Location/Target Area Low M 126-133, Objective Number SL-2 HUD Matrix Code	Availability/Accessibility Iod Census Tracts: 13-15, 18-45, , 135, 137-149, 151-182, 185-205, 2 Project ID 41 CDBG Citation 570.201(p) CDBG National Objective LMA Completion Date 06/30/2010	Affordability	119, 71-290	

	Consolidated Plan Lis		
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Section 108 Loan Pr	rogram		
Project Title Section 108 Loan Pr	incipal and Interest Repayments	(Housing)	
Description Repayment of princi	ipal and interest for Section 108 l	oans for housing from prior	· years.
Objective category: Outcome category: Location/Target Area		ffordability X Sustain	mic Opportunity nability
		_	
Objective Number DH-3	Project ID 42	Funding Sources:	
HUD Matrix Code	CDBG Citation	CDBG	5,443,000
19F Type of Recipient	570.705(c) CDBG National Objective LMH	ESG HOME HOPWA	
Start Date 07/01/2009	Completion Date 06/30/2010	Total Formula Prior Year Funds	5,443,000
Performance Indicator	Annual Units	Assisted Housing	
Households Local ID	2,962 Units Upon Completion	PHA Other Funding	
42	2,962	Total	5,443,000

The primary purpose of the project is to help: \square the Homeless \square Persons with HIV/AIDS \square Persons with Disabilities \square Public Housing Needs

	Consolidated Plan Lis	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Economic Developm	ent (Direct Assistance to For-Pro	fits)	
Project Title Technical Assistance	e to Small Businesses		
will provide goods and/or create employment oppor of technical assistance who business operations, mero counseling, loan packaging procurement, and designing the counseling of the counseling o	_	rate-income neighborhoods or the people. This assistance will plusiness plans, preparing final controlled growth, credit assessment and organization structured at tailored to the needs of the client Housing	to businesses that provide different type ncial projections for sments; pre-loan e, assisting in
Outcome category:	Availability/Accessibility	Affordability	bility
Location/Target Area	Citywide		
Location/Target Area	Citywide		
		1	
Objective Number EO-1	Project ID 43	Funding Sources:	700,000
Objective Number EO-1 HUD Matrix Code	Project ID 43 CDBG Citation	CDBG	700,000
Objective Number EO-1 HUD Matrix Code 18A	Project ID 43 CDBG Citation 570.203(b)	CDBG ESG	700,000
Objective Number EO-1 HUD Matrix Code 18A Type of Recipient	Project ID 43 CDBG Citation 570.203(b) CDBG National Objective	CDBG	700,000
Objective Number EO-1 HUD Matrix Code 18A	Project ID 43 CDBG Citation 570.203(b)	CDBG ESG HOME	700,000
Objective Number EO-1 HUD Matrix Code 18A Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 43 CDBG Citation 570.203(b) CDBG National Objective LMJ	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	
Objective Number EO-1 HUD Matrix Code 18A Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator Jobs	Project ID 43 CDBG Citation 570.203(b) CDBG National Objective LMJ Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units 70	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	
EO-1 HUD Matrix Code 18A Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 43 CDBG Citation 570.203(b) CDBG National Objective LMJ Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	

Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Economic Developm	ment (Direct Assistance to For-Pro	ofits)	
Project Title The Growth Loan P	Program		
expansion in the city. Concessary to complete parkets. At least 51 pe these loans will be avai	Program will provide low-interest, Combined with private financing, to private business expansion that concent of the created and/or retained lable for low- and moderate-inconvice payments for the Section 108	this revolving loan pool con uld not occur solely through ed employment opportuniti ne people. In addition, the O	tributes to the capita h private financial es realized through
Objective category: Outcome category:	_	cent Housing	mic Opportunity nability
r 49 //BD 4 A			
Location/Target Area	Citywid	e	
Objective Number	Project ID]	
Objective Number EO-1 HUD Matrix Code 18A	Project ID 44 CDBG Citation 570.203(b)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	3,750,000
Objective Number EO-1 HUD Matrix Code 18A Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Project ID 44 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	3,750,000
EO-1 HUD Matrix Code 18A Type of Recipient	Project ID 44 CDBG Citation 570.203(b) CDBG National Objective LMJ	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	

	Table 20	7	
	Consolidated Plan List	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need	(Direct Assistance to For Brofit		
Economic Developmen	t (Direct Assistance to For-Profit	8)	
Project Title Small Business Revo	olving Loan Program		
-	partment and its partners will pronall businesses in obtaining financion for business uses.	- C	_
Objective category: Outcome category: Location/Target Area	<u></u>	•	omic Opportunity nability
Document Turget Incu	Citywide	e	
Objective Number	Project ID		
EO-2	45	Funding Sources:	2 455 000
HUD Matrix Code	CDBG Citation	CDBG	2,455,000
18A	570.203(b)	ESG HOME	
Type of Recipient	CDBG National Objective	HOPWA	.
Subrecipient Start Data 07/01/2000	LMA Completion Data 06/20/2010	Total Formula	2,455,000
Start Date 07/01/2009	Completion Date 06/30/2010	Prior Year Funds	2,433,000
Performance Indicator	Annual Units	Assisted Housing	
Persons	300,000	PHA	
Local ID	Units Upon Completion	Other Funding	-
45	300,000	Total	2,455,000
	7		

The primary purpose of the project is to help:

the Homeless Persons with HIV/AIDS Persons with Disabilities Public Housing Needs

	Consolidated Plan List	ing of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Economic Develop	ment (Direct Assistance to For-Pr	ofits)	
Project Title Small Business - St	torefront Improvement Program		
located in TNCAs. The Small Business Commo rebates for façade and designate specific commo	DBG funds, bond proceeds and ot e Storefront Improvement Program ercial Improvement Program (SBC security improvements on comme mercial corridors for targeted bloo provements on all or most of the co	m (SIP) is the successor progr CIP). As with its predecessor rcial buildings in TNCAs. The ck façade grants, through whi	cam to the previous , SIP provides he City may ich the City will pa
Objective category:		cent Housing	c Opportunity ility
Location/Target Area	Citywide	e	
Objective Number	Project ID]	
EO-2	Project ID 46 CDBG Citation 570.202	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	200,000
EO-2 HUD Matrix Code 14E Type of Recipient	46 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective	CDBG ESG HOME	200,000
EO-2 HUD Matrix Code 14E Type of Recipient Subrecipient	46 CDBG Citation 570.202	CDBG ESG	200,000
EO-2 HUD Matrix Code 14E Type of Recipient	46 CDBG Citation 570.202 CDBG National Objective LMA	CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	

	Consolidated Plan List	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Economic Developr	nent (Direct Assistance to Non-Pro	ofits)	
Project Title Neighborhood Deve	elopment Fund		
ventures of these entitied evelopment projects t	PIDC, will provide financial assist es. This program may fund activit hat help stabilize and foster econo	ies to provide financial assi mic growth in distressed an	stance to economic reas of the city.
Objective category: Outcome category:	<u> </u>	· ·	mic Opportunity nability
Location/Target Area	Citywide	e	
Objective Number	Project ID	Funding Sources:	
EO-2 HUD Matrix Code 17C	47 CDBG Citation 570.203(a)	CDBG ESG	1,000,000
Type of Recipient	CDBG National Objective	HOME	
	CDBG National Objective LMA Completion Date 06/30/2010	HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	1,000,000
Type of Recipient Subrecipient	LMA	HOPWA	1,000,000

	Consolidated Plan List	ing of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Economic Developm	nent (Direct Assistance to Nonpro	fits)	
Project Title Neighborhood Devel	lopment Grant Programs		
Commerce will target approplans, feasibility, capacity of private investments. Neighbors development projects as gapfinancial need for the subsiductivities that will substantiately jobs, but they should also as activities may include but an	Il allocate CDBG resources to support co opriate investments to selected commerce of local CDCs or other neighborhood-base orhood Development Grants of up to \$2 of financing. Grant requests must accomply. Neighborhood Commercial Area Tra- ally transform older, income-impacted cossist in changing the nature of the existing are not limited to acquisition, architectural temonstrate evidence of at least \$4 of not	ial centers based on their level of ed organizations, and proximity t 50,000 each to neighborhood-base pany public financing packages the ansformation (NCAT) of up to \$50 communities. Projects should not g economically distressed neighboral, engineering and financial pack	organization, existence of oother public and led economic led temonstrate the 00,000 each to support only create permanent orhoods. Eligible aging of development
Objective category:	_		nic Opportunity
	Availability/Accessibility	fordability X Sustaina	ability
Location/Target Area	Citywid	·	ability
Cocation/Target Area Objective Number EO-3	Citywide Project ID 48	·	1,000,000
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code	Project ID 48 CDBG Citation	Funding Sources:	
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 17c Type of Recipient	Project ID 48 CDBG Citation 570.204(c) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 17c	Project ID 48 CDBG Citation 570.204(c)	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 17c Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 48 CDBG Citation 570.204(c) CDBG National Objective LMA	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	1,000,000
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 17c Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator Persons	Project ID 48 CDBG Citation 570.204(c) CDBG National Objective LMA Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units 300,000	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing PHA	1,000,000
EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 17c Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 48 CDBG Citation 570.204(c) CDBG National Objective LMA Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	1,000,000

	Table 30		
	Consolidated Plan List	ing of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need			
Economic Developm	ment (Direct Assistance to Non-Pr	rofits)	
Project Title			
Targeted Corridor	Revitalization Management Progr	am	
through planning and res elimination of blight; incr retention; strengthening bu primarily by Community-E be carried out by each grou	C	more welcoming and viable to goods and services through to ssistance and financing. These ac Os) in the following areas. The by the CBDO in conjunction win.	hrough revitalization and pusiness development and ctivities will be carried ou specific activities that will the City. The amount of the City of the community
Location/Target Area	Income Eligible Areas	, see Appendix	
Objective Number	Project ID	7 1 G	
EO-2	CDPC Citation	Funding Sources: CDBG	1,100,000
HUD Matrix Code 14E	CDBG Citation 570.202	ESG	
Type of Recipient	CDBG National Objective	HOME	
Subrecipient	LMA	HOPWA	
Start Date 07/01/2009	Completion Date 06/30/2010	Total Formula	1,100,000
D C I I' '	A 177 %	Prior Year Funds	
Performance Indicator Persons	Annual Units	Assisted Housing	
Local ID	775,000 Units Upon Completion	PHA Other Funding	
49	775,000	Other Funding Total	1,100,000
	113,000	1 Otal	1,100,000

The primary purpose of the project is to help: ____ the Homeless ___ Persons with HIV/AIDS ___ Persons with Disabilities ___ Public Housing Needs

Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Public Service (Em	ployment and Training)		
Project Title Targeted Neighborho	ood Economic Development Progra	m	
neighborhood support provide service low- and moderate-incomareas, as well as to assist	support Neighborhood-Based Organ rograms in Empowerment Zone areas es that enhance employment opportu- ne residents. The NBOs will improve them in recruiting area residents as of low- and moderate-income persons t	s and other economically distr inities, the majority of which we the ability of businesses to loc employees. The expansion of e	ressed areas. These will be available for cate and expand in the employment
Outcome category:	Availability/Accessibility Af	fordability X Sustain	omic Opportunity nability
Objective category: Outcome category: Location/Target Area	· ·	fordability X Sustain	**
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number	Availability/Accessibility	Fordability Sustain	**
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number EO-3	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources:	nability
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG	**
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 5H	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	nability
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 5H Type of Recipient	Project ID 50 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	nability
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 5H Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	nability
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 5H Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 50 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 5H Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Project ID 50 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 5H Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 50 CDBG Citation 570.201(e) CDBG National Objective LMC Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	

Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	lphia	
Priority Need Public Service			
Project Title Business Improvem	ent District Assistance		
	o support Business Improvement vide community services such as s ood improvements.		•
		_	
Outcome category:	Availability/Accessibility	ffordability Sustaina	nic Opportunity ability
Outcome category:		ffordability Sustaina	**
Objective category: Dutcome category: Cocation/Target Area Objective Number	Availability/Accessibility	ffordability Sustaina	**
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number EO-3	Availability/Accessibility	ffordability Sustaina	**
Outcome category: Cocation/Target Area Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 5	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	ability
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 5 Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	500,000
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 5 Type of Recipient	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	500,000

	Consolidated Plan Lis	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Planning (Economic	Development)		
Project Title Predevelopment and	d Planning Activities		
community-sponsored ec to architectural/engineer \$50,000 each to suppo revitalization and blight	ants of up to \$50,000 each to seconomic development ventures. Predering services and financial packagin ort economic development planning elimination. Every award must be redinate their planning activities with on.	evelopment activities may incl g of development projects. Pla g activities targeted to neig matched on a one-for-one bas	ude but are not limite anning grants of up aborhood commerci sis with non-City fund
Objective category:		cent Housing	nic Opportunity ability
Objective category: Outcome category:		fordability X Sustaina	
Objective category: Outcome category: Location/Target Area	Availability/Accessibility	fordability X Sustaina	
Objective category: Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number	Availability/Accessibility	fordability X Sustaina	
Objective category: Dutcome category: Cocation/Target Area Objective Number EO-3	Availability/Accessibility	Fordability Sustaina	
Objective category: Outcome category: Cocation/Target Area Objective Number EO-3	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources:	ability
Objective category: Dutcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	ability
Objective category: Dutcome category: Cocation/Target Area Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 20	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA	200,000
Objective category: Dutcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	ability
Objective category: Dutcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula	200,000
Objective category: Dutcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	200,000
Objective category: Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	200,000

		ing of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Planning (Economic	c Development)		
Project Title Community Plannin	ıg		
community revitalizati	uct community planning activities on plan for the area surroundin de future commercial revitalizatio	g the Germantown and Lel	high Avenue TNC
	Suitable Living Environment De	cent Housing 🔀 Econom	ic Opportunity
• •	ū	fordability Sustainal	pility
Outcome category:	ū		oility
Outcome category: Location/Target Area Objective Number	Availability/Accessibility	· ·	pility
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 20	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	200,000
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME	
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient Subrecipient	Availability/Accessibility	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient Subrecipient Start Date 07/01/2009 Performance Indicator	Project ID 53 CDBG Citation 570.205 CDBG National Objective LMA Completion Date 06/30/2010 Annual Units	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds Assisted Housing	200,000
Objective Number EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 20 Type of Recipient	Project ID 53 CDBG Citation 570.205 CDBG National Objective LMA Completion Date 06/30/2010	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG HOME HOPWA Total Formula Prior Year Funds	200,000

	Table 30		
	Consolidated Plan Lis	ting of Projects	
Jurisdiction's Name	City of Philadel	phia	
Priority Need Other (Economic D	evelopment)		
Project Title Capacity Building A	Assistance for CDCs		
	re Philadelphia Corridors, the Cit neighborhood commercial corrid		-building activities
Objective category: Outcome category:	_	ecent Housing	nic Opportunity ability
Location/Target Area	Citywid	e	
Objective Number	Project ID		
EO-3 HUD Matrix Code 20	54 CDBG Citation 570.205	Funding Sources: CDBG ESG	140,000
Type of Recipient Subrecipient	CDBG National Objective LMA	HOME HOPWA	
Start Date 07/01/2009	Completion Date 06/30/2010	Total Formula Prior Year Funds	140,000
Performance Indicator Organizations	Annual Units 10	Assisted Housing PHA	
Local ID 54	Units Upon Completion 10	Other Funding Total	140,000
	1 10	10141	1+0,000_

The primary purpose of the project is to help: ____ the Homeless ____ Persons with HIV/AIDS ____ Persons with Disabilities ____ Public Housing Needs



EQUAL OPPORTUNITY/ AFFIRMATIVE ACTION REQUIREMENTS AND OHCD Policies

As a recipient of federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds and other financial assistance including but not limited to, HOME, McKinney Homeless Assistance, Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA) and Section 202, the City of Philadelphia, through the Office of Housing and Community Development (OHCD), is responsible for implementing a variety of federal laws including those pertaining to equal opportunity and affirmative action. These laws find their origin in the Civil Rights Act of 1964 which prohibits discrimination based on sex, race, color, religion and national origin in employment, public accommodation and the provision of state and local government services. While OHCD affirms its responsibility to implement all applicable local, state and federal requirements, including local anti-discrimination policies, it hereby underscores its commitment to complying and requiring compliance with federal equal opportunity and affirmative action requirements under the applicable housing and community development programs, including the following provisions:

Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, as amended by Section 915 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992, requires that economic opportunities generated by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) financial assistance for housing and community development programs will, to the greatest extent feasible, be given to low- and very low-income persons residing in the area in which the project is located.

Specific housing and community development activities include construction, re-construction, conversion or rehabilitation of housing (including reduction and abatement of lead-based paint hazards), other buildings or improvements (regardless of ownership).

They cover a broad range of tasks including planning, architectural services, consultation, maintenance, repair and accounting. In addition, contracts for work in connection with housing and community development programs will, to the greatest extent feasible, be awarded to area business concerns. These are construction and construction-related firms who are substantially owned by low-income persons and/ or those who provide economic opportunities to low- and very low-income persons residing in the area where the project is located.

Currently, Section 3 requires project sponsors to establish a 30-percent aggregate new-hire goal and a 10-percent contracting goal on all HUD-assisted projects.

Executive Order 11246 provides civil rights protection to persons in all phases of employment during the performance of federal or federally assisted contracts. As specified in the implementing regulations, contractors and subcontractors on federal or federally assisted construction contracts will take affirmative action to ensure fair treatment in employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer, recruitment or recruitment advertising, layoff or termination, rates of pay or other forms of compensation and selection for training and apprenticeship. The Executive Order requires construction contractors to make "good faith efforts" to employ minority and female craft-workers at a percentage level of 17.4 percent and 6.9 percent respectively in each trade on construction work in the covered area.

Executive Order 2-95 Neighborhood Benefit Strategy requires every project sponsor, developer or builder working in OHCD or Department of Commerce development projects to verify that they will, to the greatest extent feasible, provide employment and training opportunities for low-income neighborhood residents for planning, construction, rehabilitation and operations of the development. In addition, Executive Order 2-95 encourages project sponsors, developers or builders to establish a goal of employing low- and very low-income neighborhood

and area residents as 50 percent of the new hires associated with the project and awarding 50 percent of all construction and service contracts to neighborhood and area businesses.

Chapter 17-1000 of the Philadelphia Code and the Mayor's Executive Order 14-08 are local requirements which work together in providing a citywide anti-discrimination policy in awarding City contracts. Under Chapter 17-1000, participation goals of 15 percent, 10 percent and 2 percent respectively, have been established for minority-, women- and/or disabled-owned businesses in bidding procedures for City professional services and supply contracts. Executive Order 2-05 established City policy and requirements for contracting opportunities for the participation of Minority (MBE), Women (WBE) and Disabled (DSBE) Business Enterprises and Executive Order 14-08 restructured the oversight of those ranges.

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 requires that federal fund recipients make their programs and activities accessible to qualified individuals with disabilities. In effect, these regulations are designed to eliminate all vestiges of discrimination toward otherwise qualified individuals. A person is "disabled" within the meaning of Section 504 if he or she: has a mental or physical impairment which substantially limits one or more of such person's major life activities, has a record of such impairment, or is regarded as having such an impairment.

The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990 provides federal civil rights protection in the areas of employment, public services and transportation, public accommodations, telecommunications and other provisions to people who are considered disabled. As is the case with Section 504, the ADA is not an affirmative action statute. Instead, it seeks to dispel stereotypes and assumptions about disabilities and ensure equal opportunity and encourage full participation, independent living and economic self-sufficiency for disabled persons.

OHCD policies that relate to these requirements include:

I. Up-front commitments from developers and general contractors

OHCD will make a concerted effort to maximize local resident training, employment and contracting opportunities by requiring its subrecipients to secure up-front commitments in the form of Affirmative Action Plans (AAPs) to local business firms. Bidder compliance will be evaluated prior to selection and contract awards. Also, competitive proposals will be evaluated on the basis of past performance or evidence of commitment to contract with or employ local concerns.

2. Coordinate job fairs and other local outreach activities

OHCD will continue to work with community development corporations (CDCs), community organizations, developers and others in an effort to create local talent pools of skilled and semiskilled workers for housing and community development activities.

3. Provide local business information on OHCD-assisted projects

OHCD has developed a database of local (Philadelphiaarea) construction and construction-related professional firms to assist project sponsors in developing neighborhood benefit strategies for local projects.

4. Support YouthBuild initiatives

The YouthBuild program is one job-readiness approach that has proven to be successful in positioning young people for education, training and long-term employment. OHCD plans to support YouthBuild activities.

5. Utilize the Philadelphia Housing Authority (PHA) Jobs and Skills Bank

OHCD will continue the partnership with PHA to refer qualified residents for employment opportunities in OHCD-assisted projects.

6. Meet or exceed federal program accessibility requirements

OHCD policy ensures that, where practicable, rental and homeownership projects will be developed to exceed federal standards of accessibility.

THE COMMONWEALTH AS A FUNDING RESOURCE

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED) has historically made available to Philadelphia up to 20 percent of the total state allocation for housing and redevelopment assistance. As stated in the Pennsylvania Consolidated Plan, the first priority through this program is to meet housing needs. The Communities of Opportunity Program is flexible for municipalities and redevelopment authorities to design uses for these funds which may be ineligible under certain federal programs and which meet specific unmet needs. DCED will emphasize the role of comprehensive community development and its relationship to economic development.

DCED and the Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency (PHFA) presently administer a statewide grant program allocating federal HOME funds on a competitive basis. Those municipalities not receiving their own allocation of HOME funds (nonparticipating jurisdictions) receive priority for funding from this program. It is unlikely that there will be state funds remaining for participating jurisdictions such as Philadelphia in the immediate future.

PHFA administers the Homeownership Choice Program, which supports mixed-income housing development in underutilized urban areas. Philadelphia has received 11 Homeownership Choice awards.

Other sources of funds from DCED that contribute to overall housing, community and economic development as well as related social-service needs in the City are: the Weatherization Assistance Program, presently administered by the Philadelphia Housing Development Corp., the Enterprise Zone and Main Street Program, administered by the City Commerce Department, the McKinney Emergency Shelter Programs administered by the Office of Supportive Housing, and Community Services Block Grant presently administered by the Mayor's Office of Community Services. Direct assistance

to non-profits include community development tax credits through the Neighborhood Assistance Program and more specifically, the Comprehensive Services Program which includes the Philadelphia Plan, and the Community Conservation and Employment Program. In 2004, DCED instituted the Elm Street program to provide planning and redevelopment assistance for residential neighborhoods adjacent to commercial corridors. In 2005, the City received an Energy Harvest grant from the Department of Energy. This grant will assist in the development of energy-efficient housing in the 4900 block of Girard Avenue.

In addition to the programs listed, the Commonwealth also provides funding to the City through existing programs of the City Commerce Department, the City Department of Public Welfare and several other departments.

REFERENCE TABLE: SECTION 8 ELIGIBILITY, ANNUAL INCOME

Household Size	Very Low 25%	30%	Low 50%	60%	Moderate 80%	Middle 120%
I	\$13,625	\$16,350	\$27,250	\$32,700	\$43,600	\$65,400
2	\$15,550	\$18,700	\$31,100	\$37,320	\$49,800	\$74,640
3	\$17,500	\$21,000	\$35,000	\$42,000	\$56,050	\$84,000
4	\$19,450	\$23,350	\$38,900	\$46,680	\$62,250	\$93,360
5	\$21,000	\$25,200	\$42,000	\$50,400	\$67,250	\$100,800
6	\$22,550	\$27,100	\$45,100	\$54,120	\$72,200	\$108,240
7	\$24,125	\$28,950	\$48,250	\$57,900	\$77,200	\$115,800
8	\$25,675	\$30,800	\$51,350	\$61,620	\$82,150	\$123,240
More than 8 in household, add per person:						
Annual	1,556	1,868	3,112	3,734	4,980	7,469

These figures are based on the Section 8 annual income limits for low- and moderate-income households set by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), effective March 20, 2009. HUD defines 50 percent of area median income as "very low income" and 80 percent as "low income." The definition of very low-, low- and moderate-income in this table are based on City Ordinance 1029-AA which defines 50 percent of area median income as "low income" and 80 percent as "moderate income."

TABLE: INCOME ELIGIBILITY GUIDELINES FOR THE FOLLOWING PROGRAMS:

Basic Systems Repair Program, Emergency Heater Hotline and Emergency Repair Hotline.

Household Size	Maximum Annual	Maximum Monthly
I	\$16,245	\$1,354
2	21,855	1,821
3	27,465	2,289
4	33,075	2,756
5	38,685	3,224
6	44,295	3,691
7	49,905	4,159
8	55,515	4,626
More than 8 in household, a	d per person:	
	5,400	450

These figures are calculated to 150 percent of federal poverty-level guidelines. They are effective as of Jan. 23, 2009.

SELECTION CRITERIA FOR RENTAL PROJECTS

Neighborhood-Based Rental production activities are designed to respond to the housing affordability crisis by producing more affordable housing units through rehabilitation and new construction. The Office of Housing and Community Development (OHCD) believes that the creation and maintenance of viable residential neighborhoods involve a combination of homeownership, rental and special-needs units. Accordingly, OHCD supports the production of affordable rental units.

These criteria are designed to maximize private financing, support neighborhood strategic planning and minimize public subsidies. OHCD reserves the right to select the source of funds for each rental project. OHCD reserves the right to alter these criteria as necessary to ensure consistency with national objectives and with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED) and Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency (PHFA) guidelines, regulations and policy. At a minimum, OHCD will review and, if needed, revise the criteria annually.

A.Threshold Criteria

- Projects must be consistent with the organizing principles for housing investment:
- Facilitating economic growth by encouraging market-rate investment;
- Preserving existing housing stock by directing resources to strong blocks and neighborhoods that show signs of decline;
- Rebuilding inner-city markets at scale from the ground up; and,
- Promoting equity by providing affordable housing to low-income, elderly and special-needs citizens.

- Projects that request more than 50 percent of total project financing from OHCD will not be considered. Exceptions will be granted on a case-by-case basis. However, the developer must demonstrate a good-faith effort to secure additional public/ private financing.
- No project may apply for more than \$1.5 million in total subsidies administered by OHCD (CDBG, federal HOME, DCED and/or any other funding source administered by the City or its designee).
- 4. Project costs must meet at least one of the following guidelines:
 - a. A maximum of \$225 per square foot (replacement cost plus developer's fee); or
 - b. A per-unit replacement cost not to exceed 120 percent of HUD 221 (d) (3) maximum mortgage limits for the Philadelphia area. The 120 percent of 221(d)(3) limits are:

<u>Unit Type</u>	Non-elevator	Elevator
0 bedroom	\$156,582	\$164,782
l bedroom	\$180,538	\$188,892
2 bedrooms	\$217,734	\$229,693
3 bedrooms	\$278,704	\$297,146
4+ bedrooms	\$310,489	\$326,176

The above maximum mortgage limits are subject to change.

- 5. Developers must comply with local, state, and federal regulations including wage rate and applicable MBE/WBE/DBE, HUD Section 3 and Neighborhood Benefit Strategy requirements, and energy and construction specifications as required by OHCD and the Redevelopment Authority (RDA).
- 6. While environmental abatement costs associated with site clean-up will be considered separately, developers must submit a Phase I environmental survey with a request for financing which involves new construction or the rehabilitation of build-

- ings that were previously used for commercial or industrial purposes.
- 7. In each project, a minimum of 20 percent of the total units must be set aside for special-needs populations. A minimum of 10 percent of the total units must be accessible for people with physical/ mobility impairments and 4 percent for people with hearing or vision impairments. The City of Philadelphia supports the concept of visitability for accessible housing design and encourages all housing developers to include visitability design features. To the extent feasible, all new-construction housing development projects must include visitability design features. This includes at least one no-step entrance at either the front, side, back or through the garage entrance. All doors (including powder/ bathroom entrances) should be 32 inches wide and hallways and other room entrances, at least 36 inches wide.
- 8. All housing projects developed with City housing funds must comply with the City's Model Affirmative Marketing Plan (MAMP) which requires developers receiving City funds to market accessible housing units to the disabled community on the Home Finder website for a 30-day period prior to marketing accessible and non-accessible housing units to the general public.

B. Financial Analysis

1. The developer's fee is meant to compensate the developer for staff time, effort and work involved in the development of the project, developer's expenses, overhead and profit. The developer's fee is limited to 10 percent of replacement costs (less acquisition costs). All consultant's fees and organizational costs are required to be paid from the developer's fee. These fees may not be listed as separate line items in the development budget. For projects requiring Low-Income Housing Tax Credits, developers may apply for and receive a developer's fee up to the maximum allowed by the PHFA. However, developer's fees earned in excess of the maximum allowed by the

- City must be reinvested in project reserves such as operating deficit, rent subsidy and social services.
- Project must demonstrate sufficient cash flow to cover projected operating, reserve, debt service, and necessary social/support service expenses.
- Soft costs, all costs included in replacement cost other than construction costs, may not exceed 20 percent of replacement costs.
- Legal fees for both project development and syndication may not exceed \$40,000 for each purpose for a total of \$80,000.
- Rent-up and marketing expenses may not exceed
 1.5 percent of replacement costs.
- 6. Construction contingency must be at least 2.5 percent for new-construction projects and 5 percent for rehabilitation and no more than 10 percent in either case. Consideration will be given to project size and property condition when determining the amount of contingency. For projects where the construction contract is a guaranteed maximum price, a contingency may be waived by the RDA.
- 7. When there is no general contractor, construction management costs may not exceed 5 percent of total construction costs. If there is a general contractor and architectural supervision during construction, no construction management fee will be allowed.
- 8. The architect's fee may not exceed the figures shown at the end of this section.
- Developers requesting exceptions to the above criteria must provide written justification to the RDA. The RDA will review the request and forward comments to OHCD. OHCD may approve or deny the waiver request.
- 10. For rental developments with commitments of HUD 202 or HUD 811 financing, the OHCD subsidy is capped at \$15,000 per unit, based upon a dollar-for-dollar match of other funds, so long as funds are available.

C. Cost Efficiency

Projects that leverage a larger percentage of private and non-OHCD resources will be given a preference in the evaluation process. Priority will be given to those projects which can be designed and constructed for less total dollars, as well as less City subsidy dollars. In addition, financing requests which can reduce costs below the stated maxima will be given a priority.

D. Developer Profile

A developer will submit a written summary of completed and current development activity. OHCD/RDA will examine the developer's past performance in completing OHCD-funded projects, general capability and capacity levels, and current tax and financial status of partners involved in the project. OHCD/RDA may deny funding for a developer who has outstanding municipal liens, other judgments and/ or code violations against his/her property(ies), and who has not demonstrated the technical or financial capacity to complete projects. OHCD/RDA will ensure that the developer supplies acceptable references from past clients and supplies evidence that he/she has consulted the community about the proposed project prior to making any funding commitment.

E. Neighborhood and Community Impact

- The project should increase the supply of decent, affordable rental units for low-income people and special-needs populations.
- The project must eliminate a blighting condition in the community or improve an uninhabitable living condition for existing residents.
- The project must not cause direct or indirect displacement.
- The developer must demonstrate an effort to encourage participation or representation by the occupants and/or the community. OHCD/RDA will consider community support in evaluating projects.
- Projects involving the conversion of non-residential buildings may be given lower priority if the conver-

- sion is less cost-efficient and does not promote the stabilization of existing deteriorated housing.
- Additional services and/or benefits to the community (such as the provision of jobs) provided by the project will be considered favorably when evaluating the project for funding.
- Projects in conformance with an OHCD-endorsed Neighborhood Strategic Plan will be given a priority.
- 8. The developer must submit an affirmative marketing plan to the RDA for review and approval prior to marketing. The plan must ensure the units will be marketed in accordance with all local, state and federal fair housing laws.

DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

Neighborhood-Based Rental activities are administered by the RDA in accordance with OHCD policy. The RDA reserves the right to require additional documentation and information necessary to assess project feasibility. All projects are subject to review by the RDA's Housing Review Committee and approval by the RDA Board of Directors.

I. OHCD will describe those projects which are being proposed to receive financing from OHCD resources in the Consolidated Plan. Once City Council approves the Plan, developers will be notified of OHCD's intent to finance their project. In its Letter of Intent, OHCD will indicate its intent to provide financing, the number of units it expects to have produced by providing financing and will require the developer and the development team to meet with the RDA within 60 days of the date of the letter. The letter will also remind developers that they must meet certain conditions before receiving financing including adherence to affirmative action, energy conservation and environmental review requirements, and that Davis-Bacon wage rates may apply depending on the type of funding provided and the type and size of the proposed project. The OHCD reservation

of funding for a specific project will be in effect for six months from the date of the beginning of the fiscal year which is July I. To ensure efficient use of funds, OHCD will require any project which does not achieve settlement within six months of OHCD's reservation of funding to be subject to a RDA staff review. Following RDA review, OHCD may decide to withdraw project funding, extend the reservation of funds or have a different development entity undertake the construction to ensure project completion.

- 2. During the design development phase of the project, project costs will be reviewed and evaluated by the RDA. Developers may be required to provide additional information regarding steps that they have taken or will take to ensure the cost effectiveness of the project. The RDA may recommend design, financing and budget changes to ensure the cost-effectiveness of the project. Disagreements between the developer and the RDA will be resolved by the Executive Director of the RDA.
- 3. Projects anticipating RDA Board approval and settlement must submit the following documentation in accordance with the project schedule that was established by the RDA and the developer at the initial development team meeting:
- Project Profile which includes a detailed description of the project, what impact it will have on the neighborhood, proposed beneficiaries, etc. A description of other affordable housing developments or projects which are planned or have been completed in the same area should be included;
- 80-percent complete plans and specifications;
- Developer Profile which includes previous affordable-housing projects developed by the sponsor, location of developments, number and type of units built and owned, etc.;
- Sponsor/Developer Financial Statements which must be prepared by a CPA/IPA and must be for the last two years. Signed federal tax returns may be substituted when no CPA/IPA audits are available.;

- Partnership Financial Statements (required only if the Partnership owns other real estate);
- Partnership Agreement (if applicable);
- Tax Credit Subscription Agreement (if applicable);
- Management Plan and Agreement;
- List of Project Development Team—including names, addresses and telephone numbers;
- Relocation Plan (if applicable);
- Neighborhood Strategic Plan (if available);
- Evidence of community support;
- Letter(s) of Intent or Commitment from financing sources such as indication of receipt of PHFA feasibility;
- Tax Status Certification Form which must be submitted for the sponsor, partnership, general contractor, architect, lawyer, consultant or any other firm or business that will directly benefit from OHCD/RDA financing;
- Proof of Site Control;
- Photograph of Development Site (front & rear);
- Site survey, Surveyor's Report and Title Report;
- Architect's Agreement (executed and dated);
- General Contractor's Contract (executed and dated);
- Consultant Contract (if applicable);
- Construction Cost Breakdown (per RDA form);
- Contract and/or Agreement for Legal Services (development and tax counsel);
- Special Needs Plan;
- EEO/AA Plan:
- Section 3 Project Area Business and Employment Plan and Neighborhood Benefit Plan;
- Letter from accounting firm for cost certification;

- Most recent PHFA Form I (if applicable);
- Development and Operating Budgets including all sources and uses, not just those on PHFA's Form I. Operating budgets are to be projected for 15 years;
- Schedule of all Project Financing, including source, rate and term if applicable;
- Board of Directors List (if applicable); and
- Resolution Authorizing Transaction.

In addition to all the previous documentation, non-profit sponsors are required to submit the following documentation, if applicable:

- Current IRS Tax Exempt Ruling Letter;
- Current Bylaws;
- Articles of Incorporation;
- CHDO/NBO/CBDO Designation Letter from OHCD.

If the development entity is a joint venture between a for-profit and a non-profit, the following documentation must be provided:

Detailed description of the joint venture and the role of the non profit partner.

- 4. If the RDA determines that the documentation is acceptable and complete, the project will be submitted to its board of directors for review and approval. The guidelines and criteria in effect at the time a project receives board consideration will be applied, regardless of what guidelines and criteria were in effect at the time of the original funding allocation.
- 5. Upon board approval, the RDA (or other designated agency) will issue a commitment letter. The commitment letter will be in effect for 90 days. If settlement with all financing sources does not occur within 90 days, the RDA may extend the commitment. However, if it appears that any outstanding issues (such as lack of financing, sponsor capacity, additional projects costs) cannot be resolved in a timely fashion and that settlement will be further delayed, the RDA, in consultation with OHCD, may decide to recapture the funding or have PHDC, RDA or another organization perform the development.

TABLE SHOWING MAXIMUM ARCHITECT'S AND ENGINEER'S FEES*

Construction Costs (\$)	Total Fee %	Design Fee	Administration Fee
100,000	9.0	*	ale.
1,000,000	7.5		
3,000,000	6.5	Maximum of 75%	Maximum of 25%
5,000,000	6.0	of	of
7,000,000	5.5	total fee	total fee
10,000,000	4.5	*Includes weekly	*Includes weekly
15,000,000	4.5	job meetings	job meetings

^{*} See Selection Criteria for Rental Projects, Homeownership Projects and Special-Needs Projects

SELECTION CRITERIA FOR HOMEOWNERSHIP PROJECTS

Housing preservation and homeownership are critical elements in the establishment and maintenance of Philadelphia neighborhoods. Homeownership provides the stability needed to ensure the on-going viability of the community. It has been argued that the City should only invest in rental housing because the leveraging of private funds is significantly higher than it is for homeownership, and that too much public subsidy is needed to create affordable homeownership units. The Office of Housing and Community Development (OHCD) believes that the creation and maintenance of viable residential neighborhoods involve a combination of both homeownership and rental units. In order to preserve the viability of and revitalize Philadelphia neighborhoods, OHCD will support and encourage the development of homeownership opportunities affordable to low- and moderate-income Philadelphians.

These criteria are designed to maximize private financing, support neighborhood strategic planning and minimize public subsidies. OHCD reserves the right to select the source of funds for each homeownership project. OHCD reserves the right to alter these criteria as necessary to ensure consistency with national objectives and with the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED) guidelines, regulations and policy. At a minimum, OHCD will review and, if needed, revise the criteria annually.

PROJECT REVIEW AND SELECTION CRITERIA

Neighborhood-Based Homeownership production activities are administered by the Redevelopment Authority (RDA). The RDA reserves the right to require additional documentation and information necessary to assess project feasibility. All projects are subject to review by the RDA's Housing Review Committee and approval by the RDA Board of Directors.

A.Threshold Criteria

- Projects must be consistent with the organizing principles for housing investment:
- Facilitating economic growth by encouraging market rate investment;
- Preserving existing housing stock by directing resources to strong blocks and neighborhoods that show signs of decline;
- Rebuilding inner city markets at scale from the ground up; and,
- Promoting equity by providing affordable housing to low-income, elderly and special-needs citizens.
- Projects that request more than 70 percent of total project financing in permanent project financing (i.e, subsidy) from OHCD will not be considered. Exceptions will be granted on a case-by-case basis. However, the developer must demonstrate a good-faith effort to secure additional public/private financing and a compelling reason to exceed criterion.
- No project may receive more than \$1.5 million in total subsidies administered by OHCD (CDBG, federal HOME, DCED and/or any other funding source administered by the City or its designee).
- 4. Project costs must meet at least one of the following guidelines:
 - a. A maximum of \$225 per square foot (replacement cost plus developer's fee); or

b. A per-unit replacement cost not to exceed 120 percent of HUD 221 (d) (3) maximum mortgage limits for the Philadelphia area. The 120 percent of 221(d)(3) limits are:

<u>Unit Type</u>	Non-elevator	Elevator
0 bedroom	\$156,582	\$164,782
l bedroom	\$180,538	\$188,892
2 bedrooms	\$217,734	\$229,693
3 bedrooms	\$278,704	\$297,146
4+ bedrooms	\$310,489	\$326,176

The above maximum mortgage limits are subject to change.

- 5. The unit must be sold at fair-market value as determined by an independent appraisal. Waivers may be granted on a case-by-case basis in neighborhoods where the fair-market value is not affordable to low- or moderate-income buyers.
- The developer must comply with local, state, and federal regulations including wage rate, MBE/ WBE/DBE and Section 3 (Neighborhood Benefit) requirements, and energy and construction specifications as required by OHCD and the RDA.
- For new-construction projects, environmental remediation and site improvements costs will be considered separately. However, developers must submit a Phase I environmental survey with a request for funding.
- 8. For new-construction projects, a minimum of 10 percent of the units, or at least one unit, must be disabled-accessible for persons with mobility impairments and 4 percent for people with hearing or vision impairments. For rehabilitation projects, the developer must make reasonable accommodations for buyers with special needs. The City of Philadelphia supports the concept of visitability for accessible housing design and encourages all housing developers to include visitability design features. To the extent feasible, all new-construction housing development projects must include

- visitability design features. This includes at least one no-step entrance at either the front, side, back or through the garage entrance. All doors (including powder/bathroom entrances) should be 32 inches wide and hallways and other room entrances, at least 36 inches wide.
- 9. All housing projects developed with City housing funds must comply with the City's Model Affirmative Marketing Plan (MAMP) which requires developers receiving City funds to market accessible housing units to the disabled community on the Home Finder website for a 30-day period prior to marketing accessible and non-accessible housing units to the general public.

B. Financial Analysis

- 1. The developer's fee is meant to compensate the developer for staff time, effort and work involved in the development of the project, developer's expenses, overhead and profit. The developer's fee is limited to 10 percent of replacement costs (less acquisition costs). All consultant's fees and organizational costs are required to be paid from the developer's fee. These fees may not be listed as separate line items in the development budget. The developer's fee is exclusive of other costs. Projects including a developer's fee lower than the maximum amount allowed will be given a preference in the evaluation process.
- Soft costs, including developer's fee, may not exceed 22 percent of total development costs. Soft costs are defined to be architectural and engineering fees, market surveys, environmental assessment and testing costs, marketing costs, legal costs, holding costs, settlement costs, construction loan interest and fees, insurance, credit enhancement, appraisal fees, social service/counseling costs and other miscellaneous project charges.
- 3. Contingency must be at least 2.5 percent for new construction and 5 percent for rehabilitation, and no more than 10 percent in either case. Consideration will be given to project size and property

condition when determining the amount of the contingency.

- 4. When there is no general contractor, construction management costs may not exceed 5 percent of total construction costs. If there is a general contractor and architectural supervision during construction, no construction management fee will be allowed.
- 5. Architectural and engineering fees for homeownership projects vary widely depending on the nature of the project. Project variables that will affect the scope of the architect's and engineer's work include: the extent and nature of site improvements; type of structure (new construction or rehabilitation); type of construction (site-built or factory-built); use of pre-designed modular units; number of units or building types included and extent of unit design required (interior, exterior or both). It is expected that the architectural and engineering fees for many homeownership projects will be substantially less than the stated maximums. See the table at the end of "Selection Criteria for Rental Projects."
- The developer must demonstrate the marketability of the units, based upon a neighborhood market analysis.
- 7. Developers requesting exceptions to the above criteria must provide written justification to the RDA. The RDA will review the request and forward comments to OHCD. OHCD may approve or deny the waiver request.

C. Cost Efficiency

Projects that leverage a larger percentage of private and non-OHCD resources will be given a preference in the evaluation process. Priority will be given to those projects which can be designed and constructed for less total dollars as well as for less City subsidy dollars. In addition, financing requests which can reduce costs below the stated maxima will be given a priority.

D. Developer Profile

A developer will submit a written summary of completed and current development activity and the designated agency will examine the developer's past performance in completing OHCD-funded projects, general capability and capacity levels, and current tax and financial status of partners involved in the project. OHCD/RDA may deny funding to a developer who has outstanding municipal liens, other judgments and/or code violations against his/her property(ies). OHCD/RDA will ensure that the developer receives acceptable references from past clients and supplies evidence that he/she has consulted the community about the proposed project prior to making any funding commitment.

E. Neighborhood and Community Impact

- The project should increase the supply of decent, affordable homeownership units for low- and moderate-income people and special-needs populations.
- The project must eliminate a blighting condition in the community or improve an uninhabitable living condition for existing residents.
- 3. The project must not cause direct or indirect displacement.
- The developer must demonstrate an effort to encourage participation or representation by the occupants and/or the community. OHCD/RDA will consider community support in evaluating projects.
- Projects in conformance with an OHCD-endorsed Neighborhood Strategic Plan will be given priority.
- The developer must submit an affirmative marketing plan to the RDA for review and approval prior to marketing. The plan must ensure the units will be marketed in accordance with all local, state and federal fair housing laws.

Selection Criteria for Special-Needs Projects

Special-Needs Housing production activities are designed to respond to the housing demand and affordability crisis by producing more affordable housing units through rehabilitation and new construction. The Office of Housing and Community Development (OHCD) believes that the creation and maintenance of viable residential neighborhoods involve a combination of special-needs, homeownership and rental units.

These criteria are designed to maximize private financing, support neighborhood strategic planning and minimize public subsidies. OHCD reserves the right to select the source of funds for each special-need project. OHCD reserves the right to alter these criteria as necessary to ensure consistency with national objectives and with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED) and Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency (PHFA) guidelines, regulations and policy. At a minimum, OHCD will review and, if needed, revise the criteria annually.

A.Threshold Criteria

- Projects must be consistent with the organizing principles for housing investment:
- Facilitating economic growth by encouraging market-rate investment;
- Preserving existing housing stock by directing resources to strong blocks and neighborhoods that show signs of decline;
- Rebuilding inner-city markets at scale from the ground up; and,
- Promoting equity by providing affordable housing to low-income, elderly and special-needs citizens.
- 2. Projects should request no more than 50 percent of their total project development financing from

OHCD. Requests for more than 50 percent of project financing will be considered when the project documents that operating funds are in place, or that the increased commitment will make it possible to secure operating funds or move the project more quickly to closing. Preference will be given to projects that have secured other, non-City funding at project submission.

- No project may receive more than \$1.5 million in total subsidies administered by OHCD (CDBG, federal HOME, DCED and/or any other funding source administered by the City, or its designee).
- 4. Projects must identify the project's support services plan and budget.
- Project costs must meet at least one of the following guidelines:
 - a. A maximum of \$225 per square foot (replacement cost plus developer's fee); or
 - b. A per unit replacement cost not to exceed 120 percent of HUD 221 (d) (3) maximum mortgage limits for the Philadelphia area. The 120 percent of 221(d)(3) limits are:

<u>Unit Type</u>	Non-elevator	Elevator
0 bedroom	\$156,582	\$164,782
I bedroom	\$180,538	\$188,892
2 bedrooms	\$217,734	\$229,693
3 bedrooms	\$278,704	\$297,146
4+ bedrooms	\$310,489	\$326,176

The above maximum mortgage limits are subject to change.

 Developers must comply with local, state, and federal regulations including wage rate and applicable MBE/WBE/DBE, HUD Section 3 and Neighborhood Benefit Strategy requirements, and energy and construction specifications as required by OHCD and the RDA.

- 7. While environmental costs associated with site clean-up will be considered separately, developers must submit a Phase I environmental survey with a request for financing which involves new construction or the rehabilitation of buildings that were previously used for commercial or industrial purposes.
- 8. A minimum of 10 percent of the total units must be accessible for people with physical disabilities/ mobility impairments and 4 percent for people with hearing or vision impairments. The City of Philadelphia supports the concept of visitability for accessible housing design and encourages all housing developers to include visitability design features. To the extent feasible, all new-construction housing development projects must include visitability design features. This includes at least one no-step entrance at either the front, side, back or through the garage entrance. All doors (including powder/ bathroom entrances) should be 32 inches wide and hallways and other room entrances, at least 36 inches wide.
- 9. All housing projects developed with City housing funds must comply with the City's Model Affirmative Marketing Plan (MAMP) which requires developers receiving City funds to market accessible housing units to the disabled community on the Home Finder website for a 30-day period prior to marketing accessible and non-accessible housing units to the general public.

B. Financial Analysis

1. The developer's fee is meant to compensate the developer for staff time, effort and work involved in the development of the project, developer's expenses, overhead and profit. The developer's fee is limited to 10 percent of replacement costs (less acquisition costs). All consultant's fees and organizational costs are required to be paid from the developer's fee. These fees may not be listed as separate line items in the development budget. For projects requiring Low-Income Housing Tax Credits, developers may apply for and receive a

- developer's fee up to the maximum allowed by the PHFA. However, developer's fees earned in excess of the maximum allowed by the City, must be reinvested in project reserves such as operating deficit, rent subsidy and social services.
- Projects must demonstrate sufficient cash flow to cover projected operating, reserve, debt service, and necessary social/support service expenses.
- Soft costs, all costs included in replacement cost other than construction costs, may not exceed 20 percent of replacement costs.
- Legal fees for both project development and syndication may not exceed \$40,000 for each purpose for a total of \$80,000.
- Rent-up and marketing expenses may not exceed
 1.5 percent of replacement costs.
- 6. Construction contingency must be at least 2.5 percent for new-construction projects and 5 percent for rehabilitation and no more than 10 percent in either case. Consideration will be given to project size and property condition when determining the amount of contingency. For projects where the construction contract is a guaranteed maximum price, a contingency may be waived by the RDA.
- 7. When there is no general contractor, construction management costs may not exceed 5 percent of total construction costs. If there is a general contractor and architectural supervision during construction, no construction management fee will be allowed.
- 8. The architect's fee may not exceed the figures shown in the table at the end of the section "Selection Criteria for Rental Projects."
- Developers requesting exceptions to the above criteria must provide written justification to the RDA. The RDA will review the request and forward comments to OHCD. OHCD may approve or deny the waiver request.

10. For rental developments with commitments of HUD 202 or HUD 811 financing, the OHCD subsidy is capped at \$15,000 per unit, based upon a dollar-for-dollar match of other funds, so long as funds are available.

C. Cost Efficiency

Projects that leverage a larger percentage of private and non-OHCD resources will be given a preference in the evaluation process. Priority will be given to those projects which can be designed and constructed for less total dollars, as well as less City subsidy dollars. In addition, financing requests which can reduce costs below the stated maxima will be given a priority.

D. Developer Profile

A developer will submit a written summary of completed and current development activity. OHCD/RDA will examine the developer's past performance in completing OHCD-funded projects, general capability and capacity levels and current tax and financial status of partners involved in the project. OHCD/RDA may deny funding for a developer who has outstanding municipal liens, other judgments and/ or code violations against his/her property(ies), and who has not demonstrated the technical or financial capacity to complete projects. OHCD/RDA will ensure that the developer supplies acceptable references from past clients and supplies evidence that he/she has consulted the community about the proposed project prior to making any funding commitment.

E. Neighborhood and Community Impact

- The project should increase the supply of decent, affordable rental units for low-income people and special-needs populations.
- The project must eliminate a blighting condition in the community or improve an uninhabitable living condition for existing residents.
- 3. The project must not cause direct or indirect displacement.
- Project sponsors must seek local community input for their plans and review their projects with

- community-based organizations prior to project's submission for funding consideration.
- Projects involving the conversion of non-residential buildings may be given lower priority if the conversion is less cost-efficient and does not promote the stabilization of existing deteriorated housing.
- Additional services and/or benefits to the community (such as the provision of jobs) provided by the project will be considered favorably when evaluating the project for funding.
- Projects in conformance with an OHCD-endorsed Neighborhood Strategic Plan will be given a priority.
- The developer must submit an intake and referral plan to the RDA for review and approval. The plan must ensure the units will be marketed in accordance with all local, state and federal fair housing laws.

DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

Special-Needs Housing activities are administered by the RDA in accordance with OHCD policy. The RDA reserves the right to require additional documentation and information necessary to assess project feasibility. All projects are subject to review by the RDA's Housing Review Committee and approval by the RDA Board of Directors.

I. OHCD will describe those projects which are being proposed to receive financing from OHCD resources in the Consolidated Plan. Once City Council approves the Plan, developers will be notified of OHCD's intent to finance their project. In its Letter of Intent, OHCD will indicate its intent to provide financing, the number of units it expects to have produced by providing financing and will require the developer and the development team to meet with the RDA within 60 days of the date of the letter. The letter will also remind developers that they must meet certain conditions before receiving financing including adherence to affirmative action, energy conservation and environmental

review requirements, and that Davis-Bacon wage rates may apply depending on the type of funding provided and the type and size of the proposed project. The OHCD reservation of funding for a specific project will be in effect for six months from the date of the beginning of the fiscal year which is July 1. To ensure efficient use of funds, OHCD will require any project which does not achieve settlement within six months of OHCD's reservation of funding to be subject to a RDA staff review. Following RDA review, OHCD may decide to withdraw project funding, extend the reservation of funds or have a different development entity undertake the construction to ensure project completion.

- 2. During the design development phase of the project, project costs will be reviewed and evaluated by the RDA. Developers may be required to provide additional information regarding steps that they have taken or will take to ensure the cost-effectiveness of the project. The RDA may recommend design, financing and budget changes to ensure the cost-effectiveness of the project. Disagreements between the developer and the RDA will be resolved by the Executive Director of the RDA.
- 3. Projects anticipating RDA Board approval and settlement must submit the following documentation in accordance with the project schedule that was established by the RDA and the developer at the initial development team meeting:
- Project Profile which includes a detailed description of the project, what impact it will have on the neighborhood, proposed beneficiaries, etc. A description of other affordable housing developments or projects which are planned or have been completed in the same area should be included;
- 80-percent complete plans and specifications;
- Developer Profile which includes previous affordable housing projects developed by the sponsor, location of developments, number and type of units built and owned, etc.;

- Sponsor/Developer Financial Statements which must be prepared by a CPA/IPA and must be for the last two years. Signed federal tax returns may be substituted when no CPA/IPA audits are available.;
- Partnership Financial Statements (required only if the Partnership owns other real estate);
- Partnership Agreement (if applicable);
- Tax Credit Subscription Agreement (if applicable);
- Management Plan and Agreement;
- List of Project Development Team including names, addresses and telephone numbers;
- Relocation Plan (if applicable);
- Neighborhood Strategic Plan (if available);
- Evidence of community input;
- Letter(s) of Intent or Commitment from financing sources such as indication of receipt of PHFA feasibility;
- Tax Status Certification Form which must be submitted for the sponsor, partnership, general contractor, architect, lawyer, consultant or any other firm or business that will directly benefit from OHCD/RDA financing;
- Proof of Site Control;
- Photograph of the Development Site (front and rear);
- Site survey, Surveyor's Report and Title Report;
- Architect's Agreement (executed and dated);
- General Contractor's Contract (executed and dated);
- Consultant Contract (if applicable);
- Construction Cost Breakdown (per RDA form);
- Contract and/or Agreement for Legal Services (development and tax counsel);
- EEO/AA Plan;

- Section 3 Project Area Business and Employment Plan and Neighborhood Benefit Plan;
- Letter from accounting firm for cost certification;
- Most recent PHFA Form I (if applicable);
- Supportive services budget for five years;
- Development and Operating Budgets including all sources and uses, not just those on PHFA's Form I. Operating budgets are to be projected for I5 years;
- Schedule of all Project Financing, including source, rate and term if applicable;
- Board of Directors List (if applicable); and
- Resolution Authorizing Transaction.

In addition to all the previous documentation, nonprofit sponsors are required to submit the following documentation, if applicable:

- Current IRS Tax Exempt Ruling Letter;
- Current Bylaws;
- Articles of Incorporation;
- CHDO/NBO/CBDO Designation Letter from OHCD.

If the development entity is a joint venture between a for-profit and a non-profit, the following documentation must be provided:

- Detailed description of the joint venture and the role of the non profit partner.
- 4. If the RDA determines that the documentation is acceptable and complete, the project will be submitted to its board of directors for review and approval. The guidelines and criteria in effect at the time a project receives board consideration will be applied, regardless of what guidelines and criteria were in effect at the time of the original funding allocation.
- Upon board approval, the RDA (or other designated agency) will issue a commitment letter.

The commitment letter will be in effect for 90 days. If settlement with all financing sources does not occur within 90 days, the RDA may extend the commitment. However, if it appears that any outstanding issues (such as lack of financing, sponsor capacity, additional projects costs) cannot be resolved in a timely fashion and that settlement will be further delayed, the RDA, in consultation with OHCD, may decide to recapture the funding or have PHDC, RDA or another organization perform the development.

CITIZEN PARTICIPATION PLAN

The Office of Housing and Community Development (OHCD) believes that citizen participation and planning are central to the success of neighborhood revitalization efforts. Because of limited resources, government's direct impact on a neighborhood will always fall short of its needs. A neighborhood revives when its residents are confident that it can improve. Residents then contribute their time, energy and finances to the process. Such confidence will grow from direct involvement in revitalization programs sponsored by government and the private sector. Accordingly, OHCD proposes to implement the following citizen participation plan as part of its Consolidated Plan.

Adoption and Implementation of the Citizen Participation Plan

This amended Citizen Participation Plan was printed and made available for public comment. Advertisements notifying the public of its availability were placed in three local newspapers (the *Philadelphia Inquirer, Tribune* and *Al Dia*). In addition, notices of the availability of the amended Citizen Participation Plan were sent to all community groups, individuals, community development corporations (CDCs) and others who are on OHCD's mailing list. Copies were made available at public libraries and from OHCD.

ENCOURAGEMENT OF CITIZEN PARTICIPATION

OHCD encourages citizen participation in its housing and community development program in a variety of ways. It funds a network of neighborhood advisory committees (NACs) to serve residents of low- and moderate-income areas by coordinating City services, conducting block surveys, promoting CDBG-funded programs, preparing neighborhood plans, and commenting on proposed housing and community development projects. Similarly, the

Commerce Department funds neighborhood-based business associations located in key target areas for investment.

OHCD further promotes citizen involvement in its program by printing an external newsletter highlighting program accomplishments and community activities, which is widely distributed to civic associations, CDCs, and community residents. In addition, public hearings will be held as described below and a *Proposed Consolidated Plan* published in order to elicit public input and comment.

As required, OHCD will take appropriate actions to encourage the participation of all residents, including low- and moderate-income persons, particularly those living in blighted areas and in areas where CDBG funds are proposed to be used, and of residents of predominantly low- and moderate-income neighborhoods, minorities and non-English speaking persons, as well as persons with disabilities.

OHCD, in conjunction with the Philadelphia Housing Authority (PHA), will encourage the participation of residents of public and assisted-housing developments in the process of developing and implementing the *Consolidated Plan*, along with other low-income residents of targeted revitalization areas in which the developments are located. OHCD will make an effort to provide information to PHA about *Consolidated Plan* activities related to its developments and surrounding communities so that PHA can make this information available at the annual public hearing required under the Comprehensive Grant program.

Access to Meetings

OHCD will provide at least two weeks' notice of public hearings and public meetings which are part of the consolidated planning process. At least one of any series of hearings or meetings will be held at a location which is accessible to physically disabled persons.

Access to Information

OHCD is committed to providing citizens, community organizations, public agencies and other interested parties with the opportunity to review information and

records relating to the Consolidated Plan and OHCD's use of assistance under the programs. Individuals and groups may also comment upon any proposed submission concerning the amount of funds available including the estimated amount proposed to benefit very low-, low- and moderate-income residents. Access will be provided to information about any plan which results in displacement. Any such plan will include strategies to minimize displacement and to assist those displaced as a result of these activities, specifying the types and levels of assistance the city will make available even if the City expects no displacement to occur. Citizens and citizen groups will have access to public records for at least five years, as required by regulation.

Preliminary Consolidated Plan

OHCD will publish annually a *Preliminary Consolidated Plan* for citizen review and comment. The contents of the *Preliminary Plan* will be briefly summarized and its availability advertised in the local newspapers indicated above, as required by regulation. Copies of the *Preliminary Plan* will be made available to citizens at public libraries and directly from OHCD.

OHCD will provide a period for public comment of not less than 30 days following the publication of the *Preliminary Plan*. During this period at least one public hearing will be held in order to obtain citizen input into the consolidated planning process. Two weeks' notice will be given before holding public hearings on the *Preliminary Plan*.

Proposed Consolidated Plan

Following the 30-day period for public review and comment on the *Preliminary Plan*, OHCD will issue a *Proposed Consolidated Plan*. This document, which will incorporate citizen input obtained during the comment period on the *Preliminary Plan*, will be submitted to the Philadelphia City Council as part of the ordinance which authorizes the City to apply for CDBG, HOME and other funding. During City Council review, a public hearing on the ordinance and plan as submitted will be held prior to its adoption. The public hearing on the ordinance and plan will be scheduled by City Council,

which provides in its own rules that at least five days' notice be provided before holding a public hearing.

Public Hearings

OHCD will hold at least two public hearings a year to obtain citizens' views and to respond to proposals and questions. At least one hearing will be held prior to publishing the *Preliminary Consolidated Plan* to address housing and community development needs and to review past program performance. At least one hearing to address the development of proposed activities will take place after publishing the *Preliminary Consolidated Plan* and prior to the submission of the *Proposed Consolidated Plan* to City Council. In addition, City Council will schedule a public hearing on the *Proposed Consolidated Plan* as part of its adoption of the ordinance which authorizes the City to apply for funding.

As described above, adequate advance notice will be given for each hearing, with sufficient information published about the subject matter of the hearing to permit informed comment. Hearings will be held at times and places convenient to actual and potential beneficiaries and which are accessible to persons with disabilities. Upon request, OHCD will provide translators for public hearings where a significant number of non-English speaking residents can be reasonably expected to participate.

Comments and Complaints

OHCD will consider all citizen comments on the *Preliminary* and *Proposed Consolidated Plan*, any amendments and the annual performance report which are received in writing or orally at public hearings. A summary of these comments and a summary of any comments or views not accepted and the responses will be attached to the final *Consolidated Plan*, any amendments and annual performance report.

OHCD will notify citizens of the availability of the Consolidated Plan as adopted, any amendments, and its annual performance report, to afford a reasonable opportunity to review the documents. The materials will be available in a form accessible to persons with disabilities upon request.

Where practicable, OHCD will provide a written answer to complaints and grievances within 15 working days. If not practicable, OHCD and delegate agencies will respond within 15 days, stating the reasons for the delay.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

OHCD participates in a structured program of technical assistance to help neighborhood-based organizations and other groups representative of persons of low- and moderate-income participate in housing and community development. This program of technical assistance may include information about programs covered by the *Consolidated Plan* and how to prepare proposals for funding. In addition, OHCD funds citizen participation in income-eligible areas of the City through the NACs and similar community-based nonprofit organizations.

AMENDMENT POLICY

Under federal and local regulations, recipients of CDBG, HOME, ESG and HOPWA funds are required to develop criteria to guide them when the *Consolidated Plan* should be amended. The City realizes these requirements ensure that the public is informed of decisions that would affect them and give citizens adequate opportunities for participation. In complying with these regulations, it is the policy of the City of Philadelphia to amend its *Consolidated Plan* whenever there is a substantial change in an activity. This is done by publishing the proposed changes in a newspaper of general circulation to allow for citizen review and input.

To meet federal requirements, "activity" is generally defined as:

- a specific contract to provide housing, technical assistance, counseling, economic development or other eligible activities/services in a specific area or to specific beneficiaries, and
- a budget line if there is a citywide or non-area specific benefit.

CONSOLIDATED PLAN AMENDMENT GUIDELINES

In compliance with federal requirements, Philadelphia will amend its *Consolidated Plan* when:

- the City decides not to carry out an activity originally described in the Consolidated Plan;
- the City decides to carry out a new activity or an activity not specifically identified in the Consolidated Plan;
- there is a substantial change in the purpose of an activity, that is, a change in the type of activity or its ultimate objective. For example, an amendment would be required if a construction project originally designed to be residential is ultimately proposed to be commercial;
- there is a substantial change in the scope of an activity, for example, a funding change of 25 percent more or less than the original amount of the activity, unless the OHCD Director determines that the budget change is not substantial. Another example is a 25-percent change, more or less, in the number of units being produced;
- there is a substantial change in the location of an activity, the neighborhood of the activity is changed from the community originally proposed. For the purpose of conformity, the boundaries of the "OHCD Map of Neighborhoods" in the Appendix of the Consolidated Plan will be used to delineate neighborhoods;
- there is a substantial change in the proposed beneficiaries, for example:
 - a change in beneficiaries' income level from very low and low to moderate;
 - a change in the area benefit; and
 - a change in the limited clientele, if that is the activity's basis.

Other situations could also arise that involve a substantial change to a proposed activity. In such cases, the City will amend its *Consolidated Plan* to ensure that citizens are informed of proposed changes and to allow for public input.

Whenever an amendment to the *Consolidated Plan* is proposed, the City will publish it in a newspaper of general circulation. A minimum of 30 days will be provided for public comment in writing or by phone. The newspaper notice will indicate that if no comments are received, the City will proceed with adoption of the amendment without further notification. The notice will also state that the public may receive a copy of the finalized amendment upon request.

If comments are received, they will be considered before adopting the amendment. If the City deems appropriate, it will modify the proposed amendment.

The City will submit a description of the adopted amendments to HUD. If comments are received, the City will publish notification of the finalized amendment in a newspaper of general circulation. This notification will provide the substance of the proposed change and will state that the public may receive a copy of the adopted amendment upon request.

Local regulations additionally require that the CDBG Plan (now part of the Consolidated Plan) must be amended when the City proposes any change or changes that alone or in combination with previous changes amount to 10 percent or more in their cumulative effect on the allocation of any year's CDBG program funds. This may occur when the City proposes to use the funds to undertake one or more new activities or proposes to alter the stated purpose, location or class of beneficiaries of previously authorized activities. In this situation, the City will mail notification of the proposed amendment to all community organizations, publish the proposed amendment in a newspaper of general circulation and provide the public with at least two weeks to review the proposed change. The newspaper notice will indicate that if City Council adopts the amendment in the form of a resolution as submitted, it will be

adopted without further notification. The notice will also state that the public may receive a copy of the final resolution (amendment) upon request.

After the two-week period expires, a public hearing will be scheduled to allow for citizen participation. If the amendment is approved by City Council as submitted, it will be adopted after the hearing. If the hearing results in a revision that is ultimately adopted by City Council, the City will publish notification of the revised amendment in a newspaper of general circulation. This notification will provide the substance of the proposed change and will state that the public may receive a copy of the finalized amendment upon request.

The City will submit a description of the adopted changes to HUD.

CANCELLATION OF A PROPOSED AMENDMENT

If the City decides not to finalize a proposed amendment, it will advertise its intention to cancel the proposed amendment in a newspaper of general circulation.

¹ For purposes of local regulations, "activity" is defined here as a program, such as Basic Systems Repair Program, or a budget category, such as Interim Construction Assistance, if there is no program identified under the budget category.

SUMMARY OF SECTION 108 FUNDING, YEARS 21-34 (FY 1996-2009)

			CDBG		
Activity & Project		Amount	Year	Units*	Comments/Status
Acquisition, Demolition, Site	Preparation, Remediation				
Francisville Design Competition	Acquisition	\$543,500	21		Completed
CBM Acquisition	Acquisition	\$500,000	21		Completed
HERO	Acquisition—Special Needs	\$18,333	21	1	Completed
Raymond Rosen Replacement	Acquisition/site work	\$784,000	21	•	Completed
Potters House Mission	Acquisition—Special Needs	\$18,333	21	25	Completed
1536 Haines St.—YouthBuild	Acquisition	\$60,000	21		Completed
747 S. Broad St.	Acquisition	\$1,500,000	24		Completed
Jefferson Square	Acquisition	\$1,000,000	24		Completed
	Total	\$4,424,166		26	
Homeownership Developme	ents				
Poplar Nehemiah	Homeownership new construction	\$4,000,000	21	65	Completed
Homestart-SWCC	Homeownership rehab	\$623,970	21	7	Completed
Sears Street	Homeownership (acquisition/remediation	\$39,072	21		Completed
Homestart—Mantua	Homeownership rehab	\$376,030	21	4	Completed
Ludlow Village	Acquisition and development	\$1,500,000	21	23	Completed
Sears Street Homeownership	Homeownership rehab	\$1,500,000	22	21	Completed
Beechwood Homeownership	Homeownership new const. and rehab	\$1,749,000	22	14	Completed
Poplar Nehemiah	Homeownership new construction	\$6,000,000	22	87	Completed
Homestart — Mantua	Homeownership rehab	\$254,245	22	3	Completed
CBM Homeownership Zone	Homeownership new const. and rehab	\$2,251,100	22		Completed
CBM Homeownership Zone	Homeownership new const. and rehab	\$14,000,000	HZ-23	142	Completed
Homestart	Homeownership rehab	\$1,000,000	23	12	Completed
Poplar Nehemiah	Homeownership new construction	\$2,396,500	23	35	Completed
Homeownership Rehab Program	Homeownership rehab	\$750,000	23	30	Completed
3100 Berks Street	Homeownership rehab	\$1,000,000	24	9	Completed
CBM Homeownership Zone	Homeownership new construction & reha	ab \$8,000,000	24	64	Completed
CBM Homeownership Zone	Homeownership new construction & reh	ab \$10,500,000	25	87	Underway
	Total	55,939,917		603	
Logan Relocation					
Logan Relocation	Acquisition & Relocation	\$1,641,000	21	21	Completed
Logan Relocation	Acquisition & Relocation	\$410,928	21	8	Completed
Logan Relocation	Acquisition & Relocation	\$2,031,655	22	34	Completed
Logan Relocation	Acquisition & Relocation	\$4,300,000	23	94	Completed
	Total	\$8,383,583		157	
Public Housing					
Southwark Plaza	PHA/rental rehab & new construction	\$1,000,000	21	470	Completed
Southwark Plaza	PHA/rental rehab & new construction	\$1,000,000	23		Completed
	Total	\$2,000,000		470	

Activity & Project		CDBG Amount	Year	Units*	Comments/Status
Rental Developments					
Belmont Affordable Housing IV	Rental rehabilitation	\$324,000	22&23	- 11	Completed
Belmont I	Rental rehabilitation	\$425,000	21	17	Completed
Brantwood II	Rental rehabilitation	\$500,000	21	16	Completed
Universal Court	Rental rehabilitation	\$990,000	21	32	Completed
CBMVillage	Rental rehabilitation	\$1,100,000	21	34	Completed
Sarah Allen IV	Rental rehabilitation	\$852,000	21	40	Completed
Year 21 Remaining Balance Rental Housing		\$23,000	21		- Completes
North 11th Street Rental	Rental rehabilitation	\$1,214,000	22	43	Completed
Belmont Affordable II	Rental rehabilitation	\$455,000	23	20	Completed
Chatham Apartments	Rental rehabilitation	\$1,060,000		44	Completed
St. Anthony's Apartments	Rental rehabilitation	\$1,500,000	23	53	Completed
Kings Highway II	Rental rehab & new construction	\$319,138	23	31	Completed
Anthony Wayne School	Rental rehabilitation	\$500,000	24	39	Completed
Anthony **ayrie school			27		Completed
	Total	\$9,262,138		380	
Repair Programs		** ***		250	
BSRP-Tier 2	Owner-occupied rehab	\$2,000,000	21	350	Completed
BSRP Tier 2	Owner-occupied rehab	\$1,750,000	23	260	Completed
Adaptive Modification	Owner-occupied rehab—Special Needs		23	250	Completed
Adaptive Modification	Owner-occupied rehab—Special Needs		24	60	Completed
L&I repairs	Rental-occupied emergency repairs	\$151,411	23	28	Underway
	Total	\$6,216,411		948	
Special-Needs Projects					
Station House (VOA)	Special-Needs rental rehab	\$1,500,000	21	108	Completed
Haddington II	Special-Needs rental rehab	\$760,000	21	28	Completed
Mid-City YWCA	Special-Needs rental rehab	\$2,000,000	21	60	Completed
Interac Capacity Building	Special-Needs rental rehab	\$18,333	21	8	Completed
Rowan Homes I Capacity Building	Special-Needs rental rehab	\$18,333	21	3	Completed
1260 Housing Capacity Building	Special-Needs rental rehab	\$18,333	21	1	Completed
PEC—Rowan House	Special-Needs rental rehab	\$500,000	21	26	Completed
PCAH Capacity Building	Special-Needs rental rehab	\$18,333	21	- 1	Completed
Marlton Residences	Special-Needs rental rehab	\$1,250,000	21	25	Completed
RHD Clapier Street	Special-Needs rental rehab	\$11,113	21	1	Completed
Partnership Homes II	Special-Needs homeownership rehab	\$43,889	21	1	Completed
Appletree Housing (Haddington)	Special-Needs rental rehab	\$1,500,000	23	20	Completed
Salvation Army Reed House	Special-Needs rental rehab	\$924,389	23	66	Completed
Rowan Homes II	Special-Needs rental new const.	\$1,510,862	23	30	Completed
Year 23 Special-Needs Dev. Financing	Special-Needs development	\$298	23		Unallocated
	Total	\$10,073,883		378	
GRAND TOTAL		\$96,300,098		2,962	

Note: Unit counts are for projects completed, under construction or financed.

TARGETED NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL AREAS

CORRIDOR	DESIGNATED DI OGUS
CORRIDOR	DESIGNATED BLOCKS
5th Street & Lehigh Avenue	2600-3100 North 5th
5th Street & Hunting Park Avenue	4200-4600 North 5th
5th Street & Roosevelt Boulevard	4800-5200 North 5th
5th Street & Olney Avenue	5300-5700 North 5th
7th & Porter Streets	1900-2500 South 7th
9th Street	800-1200 South 9th
22nd Street	2700-3000 North 22nd
29th & Dauphin Streets	2300 North 29th
40th & Market Streets	100 North & South 40th 4000 Market
40th Street & Girard Avenue	3800-4100 West Girard 1100 North 40th & 41st
46th & Market Streets	4600-4800 Market
48th & Spruce Streets	300 South 48th 4700-4800 Spruce
52nd & Market Streets	100 North-300 South 52nd
52nd Street	600-1700 North 52nd
60th & Market Streets	100 North-300 South 60th
63rd Street	1200-2100 North 63rd
Baltimore Avenue	4000-5400
Broad Street & Ridge Avenue	700 North Broad
	1400-1800 Ridge 1400-1900 Fairmount Avenue
Broad Street & Girard Avenue	900 North Broad 900-1700 West Girard
Broad Street & Susquehanna Avenue	2200 North Broad 1400-1500 Susquehanna
Broad Street & Germantown Avenue	3600-3800 North Broad 3400-4000 Germantown
Broad Street & Olney Avenue	5500-5900 North Broad 5700-5900 Old York Road I 300 Olney
Broad Street & Snyder Avenue	1900-2100 South Broad 600-1600 Snyder
Castor Avenue	5900-7200
Cecil B. Moore Avenue & Broad Street	1400-1900 Cecil B. Moore
Chester Avenue	5400-5800
Chew & Chelten Avenues	5600-5700 Chew
Chinatown	800-I I 00 Arch Street
	800-1100 Race Street
	800-1100 Vine Street

CORRIDOR	DESIGNATED BLOCKS
Frankford Avenue (New Kensington)	1200-3100 Frankford
Frankford Avenue (Oxford Avenue & Pratt Street)	4000-5300 Frankford
Frankford Avenue (Mayfair)	6200-8500 Frankford
Front Street & Kensington Avenue	2100-2300 North Front 2400-2600 Kensington
Germantown Avenue & 6th Street	2000-2200 Germantown
Germantown & Lehigh Avenues	2500-2900 Germantown
Germantown Avenue (Nicetown)	4100-4400 Germantown
Lower Germantown	4900-5300 Germantown
Central Germantown	5400-6300 Germantown Maplewood Mall 100-300 East Chelten 100-300 West Chelten
Girard Avenue	100-300 East
Girard Avenue (Front-9th Streets)	000-900 West
Girard Avenue	2600-2900 West Girard
Kensington & Allegheny Avenues	2800-3600 Kensington 800-1800 East Allegheny
Lancaster Avenue	3800-5400 5900-6200
Lansdowne Avenue	5900-6200
Logan Business District	4900-5100 North Broad 4900-5100 Old York Road 4700-4900 North 11th Louden Street
Marshall Street	900-1100 North
Ogontz & Cheltenham Avenues & Washington Lane	6800-8000 Ogontz 1800-1900 Cheltenham 1900 Washington
Passyunk Avenue	1400-2000 East
Point Breeze Avenue	1200-1700
Ridge & Cecil B. Moore Avenues	1900-2400 Ridge
Rising Sun Avenue	5700-7700
South Street	900-2200
Torresdale Avenue	5200-7200
Woodland Avenue	4600-4800 5900-6500

ACTIVE INTERIM-CONSTRUCTION ASSISTANCE LOANS

CONSOLIDATED PLAN YEAR LOAN MADE	Loan Project	Amount
Year 32	Union Hill Homes	\$4,400,000
Year 33	Norris Square Town Houses	\$3,500,000
	Twins at PowderMill	\$7,500,000
	Ludlow V/Pradera III	\$2,960,000
Year 34	Cecil B. Moore Phase III-2	\$5,940,000
	Cecil B. Moore Phase III-3	\$3,630,000
	St. John the Evangelist House	\$5,000,000

SUMMARY OF BENEFICIARY POLICY

PROGRAM BENEFIT TO MINORITY RESIDENTS AND FAMILIES

It is the policy of the City of Philadelphia to provide services without regard to race, color, religion, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, having AIDS or being perceived to have AIDS, national origin, ancestry, physical handicap or age. No person will be excluded on any of these grounds from participation in the City's Community Development Program. The City will ensure that all equal opportunity regulations be enforced in its community development activities and no form of discrimination will be practiced in any phase of its programs. Full reporting on program participation — both beneficiaries and contractors — will be made available in accordance with the reporting provisions of City Council Ordinance 1029AA.

INCOME DISTRIBUTION OF DIRECT PROGRAM BENEFICIARIES

Local Ordinance 1029AA requires that 75 percent of a Community Development Program year funds, exclusive of administration and program management costs, directly benefit very low-, low- and moderate-income people. This exceeds the current federal requirements. In all federally and state-funded housing and economic development programs sponsored by the City, more than 75 percent of the beneficiaries must meet federal Section 8 income guidelines or, if applicable, the federal poverty guidelines. Very low-, low- and moderate-income persons are income eligible, and are the beneficiaries, for all City sponsored housing and economic development programs, except as follows:

 the federal poverty guidelines are enforced under the DCED-funded Weatherization Assistance
 Program which results in only very low- and low-

- income people being served if the household's size is small:
- the public housing and homeless programs tend to serve the lowest-income households, however, households will remain income-eligible for services as long as their income does not exceed the Section 8 guidelines.

Monitoring

At the beginning of each calendar year, staff members of the Monitoring Division of OHCD develop an overall monitoring strategy and plan by carefully examining programs and subrecipients listed in the Consolidated Plan. Monitoring Division staff perform a risk assessment to identify which programs or subrecipients require comprehensive monitoring. The risk assessment factors include the newness of the program or subrecipient, the dollar amount allocated and the actual expenditures associated with a particular program or subrecipient, audit report findings, designation as a high-risk subrecipient, as well as recommendations from OHCD staff members.

The monitoring strategy is formulated into a monitoring plan and implemented through a formal review process which includes the following steps:

- Notification Letter
- Entrance Conference
- Documentation and Data Acquisition and Analysis
- Exit Conference
- Final Report
- Follow-up Letter

The standards and procedures used for administering CDBG- and HOME-funded contracts are detailed in OHCD's Uniform Program Management System (UPMS), which was revised and updated by the Monitoring division in 1997. Upon request, the UPMS is distributed to subrecipients and Major Delegate Agencies. As reported in the most recent HUD annual program review, for the year ending June 30, 2006, the City is meeting HUD program requirements, including the timeliness of expenditures.

The City monitors its performance in meeting its goals and objectives set forth in the *Consolidated Plan* through the review of monthly reports from its major delegate agencies and subgrantees as required by contract. In addition, OHCD's Policy and Planning Department

prepares quarterly performance reports known as 1029AA Reports, as mandated by Philadelphia City Council, which report on all program activities. OHCD prepares the annual Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) which summarizes the City's performance in relation to the goals and objectives identified in the Consolidated Plan.

Inspectors from the Redevelopment Authority make annual inspections of HOME-funded rental units to ensure HQS standards and other HOME program requirements are met.

FISCAL MANAGEMENT

Each agency, nonprofit corporation or other group that receives funds through OHCD must be certified for sound fiscal management and record keeping under OHCD's Uniform Program Management System (UPMS). Certification under the UPMS is required prior to contracting with any organization.

CDBG Eligible Census Tracts for Area-Wide Activities 2000 Census Data: Year 35 Eligible Areas



OHCD Map of Neighborhoods

Neighborhoods are defined here for the purpose of meeting HUD requirements.



Public Notice of Environmental Review for Housing and Urban Development (HUD)-Funded Projects

The City of Philadelphia receives HUD assistance for programs included in the City's *Consolidated Plan*, and acts as a Responsible Entity assuming HUD environmental responsibilities per 24 CFR Part 58.

Most of the activities listed have no significant impact on the environment as long as projects are reviewed on a case-by-case basis, for example, housing reconstruction, rehabilitation, renovation and acquisition. Each of these activities falls into a program for which the City has determined and published "Findings of No Significant Impact" (FONSI) on the environment and has received HUD's Removal of Grant Conditions (ROGC):

- Housing and Community Development Program (FONSI - 11/8/91; ROGC - 12/16/91)
- New Housing Construction Program (FONSI - 11/8/91; ROGC - 12/16/91)
- Special Economic Development Program (FONSI 6/12/87; ROGC 7/16/87)

For each of these programs, before funds are released, the City reviews whether or not each activity will have an impact on the environment. Federally regulated impacts include, but are not limited to:

- I. Effect on historic properties.
- 2. Floodplain management, wetland protection and coastal zone management.
- 3. Impact on endangered species.
- 4. Air quality.
- 5. HUD environmental standards (including reviews for asbestos and lead paint).
- 6. Environmental justice.
- 7. Consideration of noise impacts.

If any of the activities fails to meet the preceding criteria, funds will not be committed.

If activities fall outside the scope of programs for which the City has received a Removal of Grant Conditions from HUD, the City will re-evaluate its environmental assessment to ensure that activities will not pose a threat to the environment prior to a commitment of funds.

Programs like HUD's Brownfields Economic Development Initiatives (BEDI) will fund activities funded with Section 108 Loan proceeds. Said activities, like the Tower Investment located in the American Street Industrial District, Enterprise Heights located in the West Philadelphia Commercial District and the Food Distribution center located in the Eastwick Industrial District, are examples of activities that are consistent with the City's Consolidated Plan.

The City's extensive Citizen Participation process, which includes public hearings on Needs Assessment, the *Preliminary Consolidated Plan* and the *Proposed Consolidated Plan*, will constitute and satisfy the public notification and comment process mandated under Part 58. The City's Citizen Participation process is described in an Appendix to the *Consolidated Plan*.

HISTORICAL REVIEW

All federally funded undertakings are subject to the Section 106 review process of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, and 36 CFR Part 800. This review requires that federal agencies consider the effect of their undertakings on historic resources. The process entails the identification of resources either listed on, or eligible for, the National Register of Historic Places and an evaluation of a project's effect on such resources. Through a Programmatic Agreement, the Philadelphia Historical Commission has been designated as the City agency to ensure City compliance with these federal historic preservation requirements. The Historical Commission reviews all housing and community development activities funded by OHCD to evaluate the effect of the activity on historic resources.

Additional Information Requested by City Council

In 2000, 2001 and 2002 as part of the ordinances authorizing the submission of the *Consolidated Plans* for Year 26, Year 27 and Year 28, City Council requested that certain additional information be provided. This information is provided in the following section. An explanation is provided for items not included.

- How low- and moderate-income residents in each area benefit from each project. As indicated in the description of geographic boundaries, most of the projects are citywide in scope. Low/moderate income residents and families may benefit from programs based upon the specific eligibility criteria and application procedures of each program. There is no specific area benefit to these programs; the benefit is based upon consumer demand. Activities carried out by Neighborhood Advisory Committees (NACs) qualify as eligible CDBG-funded activities on an area basis. These activities benefit any resident of areas with 51 percent or more residents with incomes below 80 percent of the Philadelphia area median income (low/moderate income census tracts).
- Listing of funding amount by category of CDBG eligible activities
- Geographic boundaries of all proposed projects
- Assessment of Community Development Needs
- Minority Benefit
- Anti-Displacement Strategy
- Assessment of yearly needs of homeless population
- Number and percentage of low- and moderateincome residents in each Council district
- Housing overcrowding and the age of housing in each Council district

Sources for items not included

I. Detailed Housing Assistance Plan

CDBG funds are used to address the housing needs in accordance with the goals of the City's Strategic Plan. Specific activities to be carried out are found in the "Action Plan" section of the Year 35 Consolidated Plan.

2. Amount of money specifically allocated for each project

This information is provided in the Budget Detail under the section "Anticipated Budgetary Resources" of the Year 35 Consolidated Plan.

3. Detailed budget outlining specific program delivery costs for each project

The Year 35 Consolidated Plan categorizes operating costs as program delivery or administration, in accordance with federal regulations. As defined as CFR 570.206, administrative costs are staff and related costs required for planning, overall program management, coordination, monitoring, reporting and evaluation. Program delivery costs are staff and related costs required for the implementation of programs. There is no category of program management as stated in Bill #010373. The breakdown of CDBG program delivery and administrative costs is provided in the Budget Detail of the Year 35 Consolidated Plan. OHCD does not track CDBG program delivery costs of specific projects. OHCD, PHDC and RDA each has a cost allocation plan by which certain percentages of those costs are assigned to program delivery expenses and administrative expenses. All program delivery and administrative activities of OHCD, PHDC and RDA benefit low/ moderate income residents of Philadelphia.

4. Strategy for neighborhood revitalization plans

The Philadelphia City Planning Commission develops neighborhood revitalization plans as part of its core mission. In the past, OHCD has funded neighborhood plans or housing strategic plans for some areas of the City.

CDBG BUDGET FOR YEAR 35 BY ELIGIBILITY CATEGORIES

CFR Number	HUD Activity Category	CON PLAN LINE TITLE	Амоинт (000)		CATEGORY C Subtotal	CATEGORY %
570.201(a) 570.201(b)	Acquisition Disposition	Program Delivery — RDA Program Delivery — OHCD	750 704	Citywide Citywide	750 704	2.8% 2.8%
570.201(c)	Public Facilities and Improvements				0	0.0%
570.201(d) 570.201(e)	Clearance Public Services	Environmental Clearance Housing Counseling Housing CounselingForeclosure Prevention Emergency Shelter GPUAC- Earned Income Tax Cred UESF ECA Anti-Predatory Loan Products Community Legal Services Communities in Schools YouthBuild Philadelphia Community Gardening Neighborhood Gardening Assn. PHS Vacant Land Management New Kensington Open Space Targeted Neigh. Support Services	100 3,677 700 50 it 48 525 800 60 220 171 600 400 25 500 71 2,300	Citywide	100	0.2%
					10,147	11.4%
570.201(f) 570.201(g) 570.201(h) 570.201(i) 570.201(j) 570.201(k) 570.201(m) 570.201(n) 570.201(n)	Interim Assistance Payment of Non-Federal Share Urban Renewal Relocation Loss of Rental Income Housing Services Privately Owned Utilities Construction of [Public] Housing Homeownership Assistance Micro-enterprises	Program Delivery — RDA Homeless Rental Assistance Coun	0 0 250 0 seling 200 0 0	Citywide	0 0 0 250 0 200 0 0 0	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 1.5% 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%
570.201(p)	Technical Assistance	Neighborhood Services Vacancy Prevention Activities Econ. Dev. Capacity-Building/CDC Homeownership Counseling Assor Philadelphia Association of CDCs	50 s 140	Income-Eligib Citywide Citywide Citywide Citywide	le Tracts	
					1,990	2.7%

Appendix 32

CFR Number	HUD Activity Category	CON PLAN LINE TITLE	Амоинт (000)		CATEGORY C Subtotal	CATEGORY %
570.201(q)	Assistance to Institutions of Higher Learn	ning	0		0	0.0%
570.202	Rehabilitation and Preservation	Neighborhood-Based Rental BSRP Tier II Homeownership Rehab Program PHIL Loans NHS Loan Program NHS Community Improvements SHARP Impact Services Adaptive Modifications Program Program Delivery — Housing	1,524 9,871 700 700 257 200 325 123 350 14,017	Citywide Citywide Citywide Citywide 3,4 3,4 Citywide Citywide Citywide Citywide		
570.203	Special Economic Development Activities	PIDC Loans and Grants PIDC-Neighborhood Dev. Fund Small Bus. Rev. Loan Fund Neighborhood Development Gran TA to Small Businesses Program Delivery Economic Dev.	3,750 1,000 2,455 sts 1,200 700 1,277	Citywide Citywide Citywide Citywide Citywide Citywide	28,067	38.1%
					10,382	13.9%
570.204	Special Activities by CBDOs		0		0	0.0%
570.205	Eligible Planning/Capacity Building, etc.	TA/Homeless TA/Disabled Community Design Collaborative NeighborhoodsNow T/A Program LISC	25 25 89 200 48	Citywide Citywide Citywide Citywide		
					387	0.5%
570.206	Program Administration Costs	General Administration	10,701		10,701	11.0%
570.705(c)	Section 108 Loan Repayments	Rental and Homeownership Yr 21 Year 24 Year 25	2,371 1,517 1,555	Citywide Citywide 5		
					5,443	14.8%
	GRAND TOTAL		69,121		69,121	100.0%

GEOGRAPHIC BOUNDARIES OF CDBG-FUNDED ACTIVITIES

Activities	Neighborhood(s)	Description
HOUSING PRODUCTION		
A. Affordable Rental Housing		
Neighborhood-Based Rental Production	Citywide	
HOUSING PRESERVATION		
A. Housing Counseling		
Neighborhood and Citywide Housing Counseling	Citywide	
Anti-Predatory Lending Activity	Citywide	
GPUAC - Earned Income Tax Credit Categories	Citywide	
Foreclosure and Vacancy Prevention Activities	Citywide	
B. Emergency Repairs, Preservation, Weatherization	Citywide	
3 1	Citavido	
Weatherization & Basic Systems Repair Program SUADD Harra Panair Program	Citywide	
2. SHARP Home Repair Program	Citywide	
3. Utility Emergency Services Fund	Citywide	
Energy Coordinating Agency	Citywide	
C. Home Equity Financing and Rehabilitation Assistance		
Homeownership Rehabilitation Program	Citywide	
2. PHIL Loans	Citywide	
3. Neighborhood Housing Services - Loan Program	Citywide	
4. Impact Services Building Materials Program	Citywide	
HOMELESS AND SPECIAL-NEEDS HOUSING		
A. Rental Assistance/Homeless	Citywide	
B. Adaptive Modifications Program	Citywide	
C. Technical Assistance/Planning	Citywide	
1. Homeless	Cituwido	
	Citywide	
2. Disabled	Citywide	
EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING		
A. Employment/Training Network		
1. Communities in Schools	Citywide	
B. YouthBuild Philadelphia	Citywide	
ACQUISITION, SITE PREPARATION AND COMMUNITY IMPROVEM	FNTS	
A. Management of Vacant Land	-	
Environmental Clearance	Citywide	
Community Gardening-Philadelphia Green	Citywide	
Neighborhood Gardens Association	Citywide	
ů .	•	Northern Doundary, Lehigh Ave
4. New Kensington Open Space Management	Kensington	Northern Boundary: Lehigh Ave.
		Eastern Boundary:
		Dauphin/Kensington Ave.
		Southern Boundary: Girard Ave.
		Western Boundary: N. 6th St.
		Census Tracts: 156-163
		Council District: 1

Activities	Neighborhood(s)	Description
B. Site and Community Improvements	-	
PNHS Community Improvements	Carroll Park	Northern Boundary: Lansdowne Ave. & Morris Park Eastern Boundary: 54th St. Southern Boundary: Callowhill St.
COMMUNITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	Cobbs Creek	Western Boundary: 64th St. Census Tracts: 101, 112 Council District: 4 Northern Boundary: Market St. Eastern Boundary: 54th St. Southern Boundary: Cobbs Ave. Western Boundary: Baltimore Ave. Census Tracts: 81,82, 83, 84 Council District: 3
A. Business Assistance		
Growth Loan Program (PIDC)	Citywide	
Small Business Revolving Loan Fund	Citywide	
3. Technical Assistance to Small Businesses	Citywide	
B. Targeted Neighborhood Commercial Area Assistance		
 Small Business Commercial Corridor Assistance Community-Based Organization Assistance 	Citywide	
1. Neighborhood Development Fund (PIDC)	Citywide	
2. Neighborhood Development Grants	Citywide	
3. Capacity Building Assistance for CDCs	Citywide	
COMMUNITY PLANNING AND CAPACITY BUILDING		
A. CDC Support Services and Planning 1. NeighborhoodsNow T/A Program	Citywide	
2. LISC	Citywide	
4. Community Design Collaborative	Citywide	
Philadelphia Association of CDCs	Citywide	
B. Neighborhood Services	Income-Eligible Cens	sus Tracts
SECTION 108 LOAN PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REPAYMENTS		
A. Homeownership Zone (Year 22)	Cecil B. Moore	Northern Boundary: Montgomery Ave.
7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	300 2130	Eastern Boundary: N. Broad St.
		Southern Boundary: Jefferson St.
		Western Boundary: Ridge Ave.
		Census Tracts: part of 149, 148, 138, 147
		Council District: 5
B. Year 22	Citywide	
C. Year 23	Citywide	
D. Year 24	Citywide	
E. Year 25	Cecil B. Moore	Northern Boundary: Montgomery Ave. Eastern Boundary: N. Broad St. Southern Boundary: Jefferson St. Western Boundary: Ridge Ave. Census Tracts: part of 149, 148, 138, 147
		Council District: 5

Housing Conditions and Affordability

Philadelphia housing needs have been influenced strongly by broad economic trends that have affected many other cities in the northeastern United States, as well as by unique factors associated with the city's own environment and history. Over the past 60 years, Philadelphia, which once was the dominant population and economic core of the region, experienced one of the most severe declines of any major American city.

In the 21st century, Philadelphia's housing market has improved, with average sales prices gaining up to 50 percent adjusted for inflation. Especially positive changes have been identified in the neighborhoods of East Falls, Powelton, Fairmount, Northern Liberties, Pennsport, Queen Village and Mount Airy as well as in parts of the Northeast.

All housing needs in Philadelphia can be described in terms of housing conditions, the physical characteristics of the city's existing housing supply; and housing affordability, the cost of housing for low- and moderate-income households, including individuals and families with specialized housing and service needs--in relation to their income.

Unlike some other areas of the United States, Philadelphia does not have an overall housing shortage; the City experienced population loss for many years, and, in numerical terms, there are more than enough housing units in the city to accommodate current households and any additional population growth

which might occur during the next decade. Instead, Philadelphia's housing crisis is reflected in two related factors: the deteriorated condition of the city's occupied and vacant housing stock and the shortage of housing units priced at sales and rent levels affordable to low- and moderate-income households.

The narrative which follows includes an evaluation of the condition of Philadelphia's existing housing supply and an assessment of the extent of affordable housing demand generated by the city's current low- and moderate-income population.

Housing Conditions:

Philadelphia's Existing Housing Supply

Philadelphia's loss of population in the second half of the 20th century created a growing oversupply of housing units relative to population in the city as a whole and in most Philadelphia neighborhoods. One consequence of this oversupply of housing was a steady increase in the number of vacant, boarded-up housing units, many of which were abandoned due to the shortage of buyers and renters which became more of a problem as population shrank. Table 1.1 (below) shows this trend for Philadelphia.

In severely distressed neighborhoods, vacancy counts actually peaked in 1980: many units were in effect lost from the housing stock through extensive blight or demolition, and therefore not even counted in the 1990 Census. This trend is also evident in the decline in total housing units for these neighborhoods since 1970. On the other hand, other parts of the city held their own or even gained population.

TABLE I.I POPULATION AND HOUSING SUPPLY IN PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA	1970	1980	1990	2000	% CHANGE 1970-2000
Population	1,948,609	1,688,210	1,585,577	1,517,550	-22%
# Housing Units	673,524	685,131	674,899	667,958	-2%
Vacant (sale/rent/other)	31,245	44,624	56,050	71,887	130%
Vacant (boarded up)	NA	20,726	15,774	NA	NA%

Since many low- and moderate-income Philadelphia neighborhoods may experience little population growth during the next decade, addressing the oversupply of vacant housing units—both those available for sale or rent as well as boarded-up units—is an important issue for Philadelphia neighborhoods. One of the goals of the Neighborhood Transformation Initiative was to clear the large backlog of vacant, severely deteriorated buildings in order to create opportunities for new housing development.

The deteriorated condition of a substantial portion of the available housing stock, both rental and owner-occupied, also creates housing problems for many low- and moderate-income families in the city. More than half of the housing in Philadelphia was built before 1940, and a high proportion of units, especially of those occupied by lower-income families, antedate World War I.

The lack of regular maintenance, especially roof maintenance, accelerates property deterioration and increases the cost of compliance with the City's Housing Code. Many housing units in properties occupied by the poorest Philadelphia households are only marginally habitable. Although Philadelphia has high rates of homeownership, and its average rents are significantly below those in many cities of comparable size, blight, abandonment and substandard conditions are pervasive throughout the housing stock occupied by lower-income households.

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY

Declining Incomes and Economic Opportunity

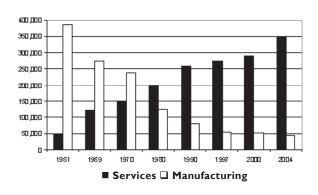
Like most urban centers, Philadelphia faced tremendous challenges in the latter half of the 20th century. Advances in transportation, communications and technology, coupled with the decline of the manufacturing and industrial economy, served to direct growth away from cities. Over the past 50 years, Philadelphia has lost more than a quarter of a million jobs.

FIGURE 1.1

(Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics)

Philadelphia Manufacturing Jobs vs.

Service Jobs: 1951-2004



The loss of jobs has been spread among almost all of the city's industries, but has been particularly severe in manufacturing, which historically provided a supply of low-skill, high-paying jobs. In 1982, manufacturing employment accounted for 15 percent of the city's employment, but by 2004 manufacturing employment had dropped to 6.6 percent. Service employment —a mix of high-paying, high-skill jobs and many more low-paying, low-skill jobs —increased from 29.9 percent of city jobs in 1982 to 53 percent in 2004 (Figure 1.1). In 2001, the City experienced its best job performance since 1986, a gain of 8,200 new jobs. This 1.4-percent increase was slightly less than the rate of job growth for the suburbs at 1.5 percent.

Employment by Sector

The change from a centralized manufacturing economy to a regional service economy has had profound consequences for Philadelphia's job base.

Philadelphia's minorities have been hardest-hit by the loss of jobs. Since 1970, unemployment has consistently been much higher among African Americans than among whites.

The realignment to a service economy has devastated older Philadelphia neighborhoods which in more prosperous times were closely linked to local manufacturing. The impoverishment of Philadelphia's population has been ruinous to its old housing stock.

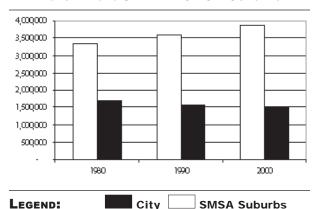
Fewer families are able to repair and maintain their properties, exacerbating the forces of structural deterioration and abandonment previously detailed.

In summary, Philadelphia's housing problems are but one of the more visible manifestations of a long-term regional economic shift. There has been a significant income polarization among residents: many in the inner city, particularly Latinos and African Americans, do not have the skills required by the new service economy. Though desperately needed, housing policies and programs alone cannot solve these problems. Comprehensive economic and human-resource development are essential. As more Philadelphians find secure employment and earn wages above the poverty level, more will be assured of sound, affordable housing.

Demographic Trends

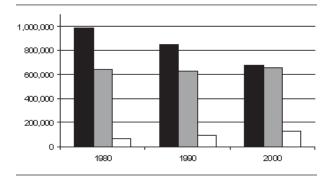
Two significant demographic trends have resulted from these economic changes: (1) a shift in population growth away from the city and to the region and (2) an increase in those groups within the city that are most economically disadvantaged. The 2000 Census shows a 4.3-percent decrease in Philadelphia's population from 1,585,577 in 1990 to 1,517,550 in 2000. During the same period the region as a whole grew by 4 percent from 5,182,787 to 5,387,407 persons. From 1980 to 2000, while the regional population increased by 18 percent, that of the city decreased by 10 percent (documented in Figure 1.2). This trend has continued since 2000. A goal Mayor Michael A. Nutter's administration is to increase population by 75,000 persons in the next five to 10 years.

FIGURE 1.2
POPULATION: CITY AND SMSA SUBURBS



As Philadelphia's total population declined, the proportion of racial and ethnic minorities has grown. Figure 1.3 shows a steady decrease in the population of white persons, which by 2000 was 30 percent lower than in 1980. From 1980 to 2000, the population of Latino persons increased both numerically and proportionately (from 3.8 percent of the total in 1980 to 8.5 percent in 2000, as shown in Figure 1.3).

FIGURE 1.3
PHILADELPHIA POPULATION BY RACE



LEGEND:

White African American Latino

Changing Family Composition

Economically dependent groups now represent a growing share of Philadelphia's population. Single-parent households with related children, the family type most likely to be dependent on public assistance as its primary source of income, increased from 20.2 percent of all family households in 1980 to 24.2 percent in 2000. The corresponding ratios for female-headed, single-parent

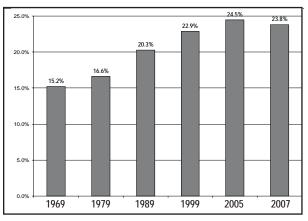
households were 18 percent in 1980, and 22.3 percent in 2000. Female-headed, single-parent households are most common among minority groups: 33.6 percent of all African American family households, and 28.6 percent of all Latino households fall into this category.

As two-parent families became less common, the population of young children grew. Although the actual number of children under age 5 decreased from 108,202 in 1980 to 98,161 in 2000, the percentage of children under age 5 increased from 6.4 percent to 6.5 percent of the total populations for 1980 and 2000, respectively. The change in family composition and in the number of small children portends an increasing burden on the welfare system. This also signals a significant new challenge in providing housing and community development assistance to these dependent, single-parent families.

Growth in Poverty

The combined effects of these economic, demographic and social trends have produced a growing incidence of poverty in Philadelphia. According to census data, in 1969, 15.2 percent of the city's population was living below the poverty threshold; in 1979, the number of city residents living in poverty had climbed to 16.6 percent; in 1989, the poverty rate had increased by a full third to 20.3 percent; by 1999 to 22.9 percent; and by 2005, to 24.5 percent. (Figure 1.4). In 2007, the poverty rate improved marginally, to 23.8 percent of all residents. However, 34.5 percent of children were living in poverty in Philadelphia.

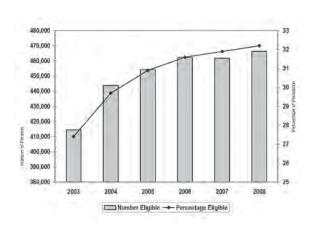
FIGURE 1.4 PERCENTAGE OF PHILADELPHIA'S POPULATION LIVING IN POVERTY



The growth in poverty is also evident from data on the numbers of residents receiving or eligible for public assistance. As of December 2003, 414,505 persons (27.4% of Philadelphia's population) were eligible for food stamps, medical assistance, cash assistance or energy assistance. This number has increased over the last five years, with 466,412 persons (32.2 percent of the population) eligible for assistance in March 2008. See Figure 1.5.

FIGURE 1.5 PHILADELPHIANS ELIGIBLE FOR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

(Source: Pennsylvania Department of Public Welfare)



As poverty has increased, more Philadelphians are finding themselves in need of housing assistance. The Philadelphia Housing Authority (PHA) waiting lists for subsidized housing have grown dramatically. For example, as of March 1998 there were 16,026 families on the waiting list for Section 8 subsidies; this number does not reflect the full extent of demand for housing assistance. Since 1990, the Section 8 waiting list has been open only to those having a Tier I (homeless) priority; other applicants, such as those living in substandard housing or paying more than 50 percent of their income for rent, are not eligible to apply. In contrast to the growing need for subsidized housing in Philadelphia, the number of available units has been declining over time. Several thousand units are unavailable because they are not in rentable condition.

Opportunities for Growth

At the same time that poverty has been growing in the city, the City has attracted middle- to upper-income households who are attracted to urban cultural and social amenities. In recent years, Center City and areas adjacent to it have become highly desirable places to live, driving the real estate market (both rental and homeownership) to new highs. The strong demand for attractive, modern housing close to the central core, or in areas like Manayunk, present opportunities for the creation of new, market-rate housing in the city. As sprawl in the Philadelphia suburbs pushes available land for new housing further and further away from the city, the desirability of city sites for new housing development grows.

Housing Market Development Trends, an OHCD publication issued in 2004, based on research by The Reinvestment Fund, showed housing values in many neighborhoods were increasing. Since the recession of 2008-2009, housing prices in the Philadelphia region have dipped slightly, though, though not as steeply as in other areas of the country.

ESTIMATED HOUSING NEEDS BY FAMILY AND INCOME CATEGORIES

The data in this section are taken from the 2000 Census (or 1990 Census where 2000 figures were not available) and the Comprehensive Affordable Housing Strategy (CHAS) Databook.

DEFINITIONS

Categories of Income

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) has identified four income classifications as target groups for federal assistance resources: Extremely low-income, Low-income, Moderate-income and Middle-income. These classifications are defined as follows:

Extremely Low-Income: Households earning less than 30 percent of median family income (MFI)

Low-Income: Households earning between 31 and 50 percent of MFI

Moderate-Income: Households earning between 51 and 80 percent of MFI

Middle-Income: Households earning between 81 and 95 percent of MFI

The distribution of household income in Philadelphia is such that close to 57 percent of all households in 2000 were categorized as at or below moderate-income and therefore eligible for some form of federal, state or local assistance (see Table 1.2). More than one-third of all households in the city were in the lowest income stratum, the extremely low- and low-income categories. Among those households eligible to receive some form of government assistance, more than 65 percent were in this income stratum. These data point to a polarization of households between the lowest income stratum and upper/middle-income populations, reflecting the changes in Philadelphia's urban economy.

Table 1.2 Distribution of Household Income in Philadelphia

(Source: 2000 Census)

Income Group	# Households	% Total
Extremely Low-Income (30% of MFI and below)	153,302	23%
Low-Income (31 to 50% of MFI)	88,630	14%
Moderate-Income (51% to 80% of MFI)	114,768	20%
Middle-Higher (81% to 95% of MFI)	227,128	8%

Housing Cost Burdens

Affordable housing by current definitions costs no more than 30 percent of the gross income of the household which occupies it. Housing that costs more than 30 percent of gross income is unaffordable. Unaffordability is categorized in terms of housing cost burden as follows:

- Housing Cost Burden: Housing costs (including utilities) exceeding 30 percent of gross income;
 and
- Severe Housing Cost Burden: Housing costs exceeding 50 percent of gross income.

The two excerpts that follow are from *Choices,A Report* on the Region's Housing Market, The Reinvestment Fund and the Metropolitan Philadelphia Policy Center, 2001.

"Severe housing cost burdens are increasing for poor, elderly, Hispanic and Black homeowners. ... Most noticeably, a disproportionately larger share of poor homeowners (households living below the poverty level) are severely cost burdened. The American Housing Survey reports that the median poverty level

household paid 70 percent of [its] income toward housing costs in 1999 [vs. 59 percent in 1985] ..."

"Renters – particularly elderly renters – are more significantly burdened by housing costs than owners ... poor renters are most severely burdened, paying a median of over 75 percent of their income towards rental housing costs."

HOUSING PROBLEMS

Housing affordability is only one indicator of conditions that could be characterized as a housing problem. The census publishes data on three possible sources of housing inadequacy. A household is considered to have a "housing problem" if it meets any of the following conditions:

- occupies a unit with physical defects (lacking a complete kitchen or bathroom);
- lives in overcrowded conditions (a housing unit with more than one person per room); or
- has a housing cost burden or a severe cost burden.

CATEGORIES OF HOUSEHOLDS

This housing needs assessment analyzes the incidence of these housing problems across income and tenure groups, as well as the following household categories specified in the 2000 Census:

- Elderly one- and two-member households;
- Small Related households of two to four persons;
- Large Related households, consisting of five or more persons; and
- All Other households, including single, non-elderly persons and households comprised of two or more non-related persons.

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY FOR HOMEOWNERS AND RENTERS

Philadelphia is unique in that it has unusually high rates of homeownership. According to the 1990 Census, 62 percent of all Philadelphia households and 61 percent of Low- and Moderate-Income households lived in owner-occupied dwellings. The 2000 Census shows a slight decline in total homeownership (down to 59 percent) from 1990. This decline, between 1990 and 2000, is consistent with the homeownership rates across several racial/ethnic groups including Whites, African Americans, and Native Americans (Table 1.3). Only Latinos experienced an increase in home-ownership rates; Asians remained the same. Even as property values in some neighborhoods such as Center City, Roxborough and Northern Liberties have appreciated sharply, and homeownership remains an elusive goal for many families, typical housing costs in Philadelphia remain lower than in many other cities. According to the 2000 Census, 38 percent of owneroccupied housing units had a value of less than \$50,000; the median value was \$59,700.

TABLE 1.3
HOMEOWNERSHIP RATES IN
PHILADELPHIA ACROSS
RACIAL/ETHNIC GROUPS

	1990	2000	% Change
White	67	65	-3%
African American	57	55	-3%
Latino	47	51	8%
Asian	43	43	0%
Native American	51	50	-2%

Thousands of homeowners lack the resources to repair or maintain their properties. Although many Lowand Moderate-Income residents are able to acquire housing, they may face declining property values and deteriorated conditions over time due to an inability to keep up with repairs and basic maintenance.

Needs of Renters

The 2000 Census reported that 41 percent of all Philadelphia households lived in rental units. In 1990, when only 38 percent of all households were renters, 45 percent of low- and moderate-income households live in rental units. The 1990 numbers reflect a 5.2 percent decrease in renters since 1980; the decrease in the percentage of households who are renters may be due partly to the loss of affordable rental units. Family members of different generations, or even unrelated individuals, who would prefer to live apart are sometimes forced by circumstances to share a single dwelling.

On average, renters have lower incomes than homeowners, further suggesting that their housing may be more deteriorated and located in neighborhoods with more symptoms of distress. Renters also have an increased likelihood of living in housing that is unaffordable. As the following table demonstrates, renters are almost twice as likely to experience both cost burdens and severe cost burdens in the housing market.

Table 1.4
Incidence of Cost Burdens
Across Tenure Groups

(Source: 2000 CHAS Databook, HUD)

Tenure	% Housing	% Severe
Category	Cost Burden	Cost Burden
Homeowners	24%	11%
Renters	41%	24%

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY ACROSS INCOME GROUPS

Relative to other large cities in the United States, Philadelphia's housing stock is considered to be moderately priced. While many middle-income households are able to benefit from relatively low housing costs, over half of Philadelphia's population consists of low- and moderate-income households, who tend to experience housing cost burdens. Predictably, the lowest-income categories face the greatest affordability problems. In the following narrative the data are from the 2000 Census. "Market rate" housing in Philadelphia is unaffordable for virtually all households of extremely low-income, and for a substantial number of low-income households. Census data show that, in Philadelphia, the "severe housing cost burden" phenomenon is primarily experienced by extremely low-income households. The relative affordability of housing by income categories is highlighted in Table 1.5.

Table 1.5 Incidence of Cost Burdens Across Income Groups

(Source: 2000 Census, CHAS Databook)

Income Group	% With Housing Cost Burden	% With Severe Cost Burden
Extremely Low-Incom	e	
(30% of MFI and below)	68%	51%
Low-Income		
(31 to 50% of MFI)	48%	14%
Moderate-Income		
(51 to 80% of MFI)	21%	3%
Middle-Income		
(81 to 95% of MFI)	4%	.5%

EXTREMELY LOW-INCOME HOUSEHOLDS

(0 to 30% of Median Family Income)

According to the 2000 Census, approximately 26 percent of all households in Philadelphia are of Extremely Low-Income. In 2008, an Extremely Low-Income household of three would typically earn up to \$20,050 annually and would tend to experience the most distressed conditions in the housing market. Three-quarters of all Extremely Low-Income households have at least one housing problem. Also, the incidence of housing problems does not decline substantially for homeowners relative to renters, as witnessed in the other income groups.

TABLE 1.6 INCIDENCE OF HOUSING PROBLEMS FOR EXTREMELY LOW-INCOME HOUSEHOLDS IN PHILADELPHIA

(Source: 2000 Census, CHAS Databook)

•			,
Extremely Low-Incor	ne Renters	Owners	All Phila.
	Rontors	OWNERS	Tiouscrioius
Percent With ar	y Housing		
Problems	72%	68%	35%
Percent With a	Housing		
Cost Burden			
(>30% of income)	69%	66%	31%
Percent With a	Severe		
Cost Burden			
(>50% of income)	55%	44%	16%

^{*} Includes all income groups

Recipients of public assistance are likely to be at the lower to middle range of this income category. A family of three on public assistance receives an income roughly equivalent to 18 percent of the median. The budget of a typical TANF family of three illustrates the plight of many Extremely Low-Income households. The monthly allowance for such a family in Pennsylvania is \$403. In order to live in "affordable" housing, this family must locate an apartment costing no more

than \$120 per month, including utilities. The family is left with \$283 for all other living expenses, which is equivalent to \$94 per month for each family member. Even assuming that the monthly allotment of food stamps fully covers all food expenses, necessities such as transportation, laundry and telephone service can quickly deplete a family's financial resources. If this family has a Severe Housing Cost Burden, a condition for most Extremely Low-Income households, the family pays more than \$201 in housing costs (including utilities) and is left with even less disposable income. Given that 30.7 percent of Philadelphia's population receives some form of public assistance, this scenario depicts the fiscal reality for substantial numbers of residents.

Extremely Low-Income Renter Households

Housing problems are an unfortunate fact of life for Extremely Low-Income renter households in Philadelphia. Close to 60 percent of these households have a severe housing cost burden and 77 percent face at least one major housing problem, such as substandard conditions or overcrowding.

Elderly renter households are much more likely to be found in this income group than in any other, with 69 percent of all Elderly renters documented as being of Extremely Low-Income. Additionally, of all categories of households, across all groups of income, Large Related renter households of Extremely Low-Income are most likely to have inadequate housing, with 90 percent of these households reporting at least one housing problem.

Extremely Low-Income Homeowners

Over half of all Extremely Low-Income homeowner households are Elderly. Extremely Low-Income owners in general tend to experience housing problems and housing cost burdens at only slightly lower rates than renters. For example, 71 percent of owner households in this income group have a housing cost burden, compared with 73 percent of renter households. However, Extremely Low-Income owners are significantly less likely to have a severe housing cost burden: 42 percent of owner households compared to

roughly 60 percent of renter households. Thus, while housing is unaffordable or otherwise inadequate for Extremely Low-Income households across tenure types, homeowners are better able to escape the most severe affordability problems.

Low-Income Households

(31 to 50% of Median Family Income)

According to the 2000 Census, approximately 15 percent of Philadelphia's households are of Low-Income. A three-person, Low-Income household earned between \$20,051 and \$33,450 in 2008. Data indicate that half of all Low-Income households have at least one housing problem; however, these findings mask the very divergent experiences of renters and homeowners in this income group. Homeownership for Low-Income households is associated with markedly lower rates of housing problems, cost burdens and severe cost burdens. The following table highlights these differences.

TABLE 1.7 INCIDENCE OF HOUSING PROBLEMS FOR LOW-INCOME HOUSEHOLDS IN PHILADELPHIA

(Source: 2000 Census, CHAS Databook)

		All Phila.
Renters	Owners	Households*
any Housii	ng	
66%	42%	35%
Housing		
59%	38%	31%
Severe		
14%	13%	16%
	any Housing 66% Housing 59% Severe	any Housing 66% 42% Housing 59% 38% Severe

^{*} Includes all income groups

Low-Income Renter Households

Many Low-Income renter households are forced to pay housing costs that exceed the 30-percent

affordability threshold. Although substantially fewer have a severe housing cost burden, other problems such as overcrowding and substandard conditions are prevalent. Overcrowding may be a particular problem for Large Related renter households in this income group. While 73 percent report having at least one housing problem, only 45 percent report an affordability problem, suggesting a significant incidence of other housing problems. Elderly renters of low income are at the greatest relative disadvantage to Elderly owners. An Elderly renter household in this income group is more than three times as likely to have housing problems than an Elderly owner household.

Low-Income Homeowners

Over half of all Low-Income homeowner households are Elderly. Despite having extremely limited resources, most owner households in this income group (66 percent) do not report having any housing problems. Many of these households may have housing that is deteriorated, but are not counted in the census as substandard because they do not lack a complete kitchen or bathroom. Nevertheless, the ability of a significant number of Low-Income households to avoid major housing problems is a reflection of the relatively low cost and high rates of homeownership in Philadelphia.

Moderate-Income Households

(51 to 80% of Median Family Income)

Moderate-Income households, earning between \$33,450 and \$53,500 in 2008 for a family of three, are far less likely to experience housing problems than are the Extremely Low- and Low-Income renter and owner households. Only 27 percent of all Moderate-Income households reported having a housing problem in 2000, with 21 percent reporting a cost burden and only 3 percent reporting a severe cost burden. Homeowners in general fare slightly better than renters. However, among Moderate-Income Elderly households, the difference between renters and homeowners is slightly more dramatic: while 37 percent of Elderly renter households report housing problems, only 15 percent of Elderly owner households do so. Affordability is a

modest problem for Moderate-Income households generally; the incidence of severe housing cost burdens is 5 percent or less for every category of households except Elderly renters, 8 percent of whom have a severe cost burden.

Table 1.8 Incidence of Housing Problems for Moderate-Income Households in Philadelphia

(Source: 2000 Census, CHAS Databook)

Moderate Income	Dontoro	Owners	All Phila.		
Households	Renters	Owners	Households*		
Percent With any Housing					
Problems	30%	25%	35%		
Percent With a	Housing				
Cost Burden					
(>30% of income)	22%	21%	31%		
Percent With a	Severe				
Cost Burden					
(>50% of income)	3%	4%	16%		

^{*} Includes all income groups

Moderate-Income owners and renters can be affected by the presence of incipient blight in their communities. Neighborhoods facing this show early signs of decay that could be reversed with targeted investment. However, if neglected, the process of neighborhood destabilization begins as Moderate-Income families depart from their former communities, perceiving the neighborhood in decline. The City has identified a number of Moderate-Income neighborhoods requiring support to address such conditions.

Moderate-Income Renters

Elderly and Large Related households are most likely to have housing problems in this income category. However, Large Related renter households are the least likely to have an affordability problem. The respective rates of reported cost burdens and severe cost burdens were 10 percent and 0 percent for these households. Overcrowding remains a common housing

problem for Large Related renter households in this income group.

In general, housing costs are unaffordable for 35 percent of all Moderate-Income renter households and a severe burden for 4 percent of households.

Moderate-Income Homeowners

Moderate-Income homeowners are largely able to avoid housing problems of all kinds: only 18 percent report having any housing problem at all. Elderly owner households have a significantly lower incidence of housing problems. Non-elderly owner households are more than three times likelier to report problems than Elderly owner households. This difference probably reflects the fact that most Elderly homeowners have already retired their mortgages and therefore have lower monthly housing expenses. However, Elderly households in this category may have a difficult time keeping their homes in proper repair due to their generally fixed incomes and their inability to assume debt needed to finance repairs. Notwithstanding the lower reported incidence of housing problems, deteriorated conditions may thus be more prevalent in the houses of elderly homeowners.

MIDDLE-INCOME HOUSEHOLDS

(81 to 95% of Median Family Income)

In this income group, which in 2008 had incomes for a household of three between \$53,500 and \$63,545 annually, renter households are most likely to experience housing problems. Affordability remains a problem for a substantial proportion of Elderly renter households of Middle-Income while other problems such as overcrowding and substandard conditions tend to afflict Large Related renter households. Overall, the vast majority of Middle-Income households (92 percent according to the 2000 census) is able to avoid experiencing housing problems. This finding suggests that with the possible exception of Elderly renter households, Middle-Income households are capable of locating decent and affordable housing in the Philadelphia housing market. However, as is the case with other income groups, Middle-Income

households may still face the deteriorated housing conditions or obsolete housing designs that typify the local housing stock.

TABLE 1.9 INCIDENCE OF HOUSING PROBLEMS FOR MIDDLE-INCOME HOUSEHOLDS IN PHILADELPHIA

(Source: 2000 Census, CHAS Databook)

Middle- Income			All Phila.
Households	Renters	Owners	Households*
Percent with a	ny Housi	ng	
Problems	10%	7%	35%
Percent with a	Housing		
Cost Burden			
(>30% of income)	4%	5%	31%
Percent with a	Severe		
Cost Burden			
(>50% of income)	0.4	0.5%	16%

^{*} Includes all income groups

Middle-Income Renters

Large Related households report the highest incidence of housing problems among Middle-Income households. Large households tend to live in substandard or overcrowded conditions at rates much higher than other Middle-Income households (43 percent report having a housing problem other than affordability). Elderly renter households face the greatest problems with affordability in this income classification with 19 percent reporting a housing cost burden. Crisis-level housing affordability problems are rare occurrences across renter household types of middle-income. Here again, Elderly households are most likely to face a severe housing cost burden but only 6 percent are in this predicament. Furthermore, these instances may not be altogether involuntary. The threshold Middle-Income level for a single-person household in 2008 is \$41,600. An Elderly, single-person, Middle-Income household with housing costs more than 50 percent of gross income would pay at least \$1,495 per month, which is significantly higher than the average rental for

a one-bedroom apartment in the Philadelphia housing market. The existence of Elderly renter households in this income group who experience a severe cost burden may reflect deliberate choices by the Elderly to reside in familiar neighborhoods or near family while paying a premium in the rental market.

Middle-Income Homeowners

In a pattern even more striking than that for Moderate-Income owner households, Elderly Middle-Income owners were five times less likely to have housing problems than were non-elderly owners. Because only the most extreme substandard conditions are considered problematic by the census, deterioration and failing basic building systems not reflected by this count may be significant problems for Elderly owners of Middle-Income, as they are for Elderly owners generally. Overall, affordability is a problem for only a small segment of Middle-Income homeowners and severe affordability problems are almost non-existent with a reported incidence of severe cost burdens ranging from 0 to 1 percent across household types.

Middle-income households (including those over 95 percent of AMI) may also face limited housing options, including the lack of new construction, single-family houses with modern design and amenities. Since these households have more economic options, many may choose to live in the suburbs rather than in the city.

SUMMARY OF HOUSING NEEDS BY INCOME GROUP

Although renters and homeowners in each income category have unique housing needs, these needs can be collapsed into two income strata with Extremely- and Low-Income groups comprising the lower stratum, and the Moderate- and Middle-Income groups comprising the upper stratum. African American and Latino households tend to be over-represented in the lowerincome stratum. Although African Americans account for only 41 percent of all households in Philadelphia in 2000, they comprise 49 percent of households in the Extremely Low- and Low-Income strata. Latino households comprise 6 percent of all households in 2000 but 5.4 percent of all households earning 50 percent of median income and below. The lower income stratum is largely composed of the working poor, work-ready and chronically unemployed among Philadelphia households while the upper stratum primarily consists of working-class households. The most common housing needs facing families in these two strata are summarized below.

Table 1.10 Distribution of Lower- and Moderate-Income Households Into Two-Income Strata

(Source: 2000 Census, CHAS Databook)

	Renters		Own	ers	
Income Strata	Total	Percent	Total	Percent	
Extremely Low-	Extremely Low-				
& Low-Income	130,939	54	114,650	33	
Moderate- &					
Middle-Income	109,415	46	235,000	67	
Total	240,354	100	349,650	100	

LOWER STRATUM: RENTERS

Extremely-Low and Low-Income renter households exhibit the most severe need of any income/tenure classification. Of these 131,000 households, roughly 90,000 have a cost burden and 72,000, a severe cost burden. Overall, more than three-quarters have at least one housing problem. These households also lack the income necessary to leave their current housing situations for affordable and decent housing in safe communities. Without some form of rental assistance, most of these households are likely to live in inadequate housing conditions. Resources such as public housing, rental vouchers and certificates and other types of assisted housing units are critical to meeting the housing needs of these families.

Lower Stratum: Homeowners

This stratum is primarily composed of Elderly and single-parent families. In addition to having a significant incidence of affordability problems, these homeowners have the added burden of being responsible for a aging housing stock and the subsequent increase in maintenance costs. Of the 115,000 owners in the lower income stratum, approximately 61,500 (55 percent) have at least one housing problem and close to 30,000 (27 percent) have a severe cost burden.

UPPER STRATUM: RENTERS

Elderly and Large-Related renters in the upper stratum are the most likely to have housing difficulties. They experience a higher incidence of cost burdens and overcrowding respectively. Slightly more than 2,000 renter households in this stratum have a severe cost burden and could benefit from additional housing units developed with shallow to moderate subsidies. Other families would mainly benefit from improvements in the overall quality of the housing stock, particularly unit reconfigurations that would provide additional room for larger families.

Upper Stratum: Homeowners

On average, Moderate- and Middle-Income homeowners have a significantly lower incidence of affordability and other housing problems. However, many of these homeowners, especially the Elderly, may have difficulty keeping up with repairs and maintenance. Census data do not provide a means of estimating this need, however, additional data on the housing needs of the Elderly are provided in the next section of this document. Also, targeted support for Moderate-Income neighborhoods showing signs of incipient blight will help stabilize these communities and encourage more Moderate- and Middle-Income families to stay in the city or relocate to the city.

Conclusion

The broadest and the most intensive housing problems in Philadelphia are those which affect households in the lower-income stratum. These Extremely Low- and Low-Income households are in the most immediate need of rental assistance and housing repair assistance. Typically these households lack the income necessary to escape the conditions of blight and disrepair associated with much of Philadelphia's housing stock, both rental and owner-occupied. Households in the upper income stratum have more limited, specific needs arising from their household type (e.g., large families). Moderate- to Middle-Income communities need support to offset the effects of incipient blight. Finally, special-needs populations, such as the Elderly, also have extraordinary affordability problems as well as unique supportive or adaptive housing needs. These findings suggest that a range of services and housing resources are necessary to meet the needs of households with the lowest income while targeted programs are required to address the specific problems encountered in the housing market by other Lowand Moderate-Income households and special-needs populations.

Table 1.11 Housing Assistance Needs of Low- & Moderate-Income Households

(Source: 2000 Census, CHAS Databook)

			Renters				Owners		
Household by Type, Income, & Housing Problem	Elderly I & 2 Member Households (A)	Small Related (2 to 4) (B)	Large Related (5 or more) (C)	All Other Households (D)	Total Renters (E)	Elderly (F)	All Other Owners (G)	Total Owners (H)	Total Households (I)
. Extremely Low-Income (0 to 30% MFI)*	21,115	27,466	9,058	31,919	89,558	29,089	11,496	63,744	153,302
2. %With any Housing Problems	%59	77%	%98	%02	72%	%59	%19	%89	%12
3. % Cost Burden > 30%	93%	73%	74%	%89	%69	%59	%59	%99	%89
4. % Cost Burden > 50%	45%	49%	31%	27%	49%	37%	52%	42%	46%
5. Low-Income (31 to 50% MFI)*	8,137	14,489	4,243	13,108	39,977	22,548	5,018	48,653	88,680
6. %With any Housing Problems	64%	%29	%02	72%	%99	27%	55%	42%	53%
7. % Cost Burden > 30%	%14	42%	%61	48%	41%	%9 1	30%	24%	32%
8. % Cost Burden > 50%	70%	%8	7%	21%	14%	%01	22%	%£1	13%
9. Moderate-Income (51 to 80% MFI)*	5,865	16,168	4,077	18,565	44,675	21,533	10,558	20,093	114,768
10. % With any Housing Problems	37%	24%	20%	28%	30%	14%	32%	24%	79%
11. % Cost Burden > 30%	78%	12%	%5	23%	%81	%01	79%	%9 1	17%
12. % Cost Burden > 50%	%8	%1	%0	2%	2%	4%	%9	%E	3%
13. Middle Income (81 to 95% MFI)*	5,709	23,082	3,626	31,337	63,754	28,906	26,375	163,374	227,128
14. % With any Housing Problems	%11	%6	39%	%9	%6	5%	10%	%/	%8
15. % Cost Burden > 30%	%/	%1	%0	4%	3%	3%	%6	%4	4%
16. % Cost Burden > 50%	3%	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%1	%1	%0
17. Total Households**	40,826	81,205	21,004	94,929	237,964	102,076	53,447	345,864	583,828
18. %With any Housing Problems	23%	44%	%89	41%	46%	78%	31%	%27	35%

* Or, based upon HUD adjusted income limits, if applicable. ** Includes all income groups—including those above 95% of MFI.

Needs of Other Categories of Households

Housing Needs of Large Households

Large Related renter households experience housing problems at higher rates across all income categories. Large Renter households of Extremely Low-Income exhibit the single highest incidence of housing problems (90 percent) for all income and tenure groups. Furthermore, more than half of all Large Renter households in this income group experience overcrowding and severe cost burdens. As income increases, Large Renter households tend to exhibit a lower incidence of housing cost burdens than do other types of households, presumably because the larger the household, the higher the likelihood that adult children or other adult household members contribute to household income. However, because the incidence of overcrowding remains high as income rises, housing problems are persistently greater for Large Renter households of Moderate- and Middle-Income.

That even Middle-Income Large households have difficulty locating adequate housing in Philadelphia suggests that the existing stock of housing is not capable of meeting their housing needs. Philadelphia rowhouses were built at a time when the current definitions of overcrowding (i.e., more than one person per room) did not apply. The typical rowhouse has two to three bedrooms. A family of five or more often needs at least three bedrooms to be suitably housed.

Evidence also suggests that Latino households may face a greater incidence of overcrowding. According to the 1990 Census, overcrowding affected only 7.4 percent of all renters. However, 19.1 percent of all households in the heavily Latino community of Eastern North Philadelphia experienced overcrowding.

Annually, more than 3,500 homeless families will seek emergency shelter. During the past seven years, OSH has seen an increase in large families with five or more children seeking shelter. The deep-seated social problems presented by these families and the lack of available housing worsen the current crisis. Thus, there is a shortage of transitional and permanent housing for large homeless families requiring four or more bedrooms.

Three primary needs face Large Renter households in Philadelphia:

- Large households in general have a need for greater living space than the average rowhouse in Philadelphia can provide. These households would benefit from having access to newly constructed affordable housing units that are being developed at lower densities and greater square footage.
- Large Latino households may be at a greater risk of overcrowding. High poverty rates among Latino families also suggest that they may be less able to alleviate overcrowding in the private rental market.
- Families, including large homeless families in the lower income categories (Extremely Low-Income and Low-Income), have an exceptional need for rental assistance or subsidized housing.

Housing Needs of Small Households

Differences in the reported incidence of housing problems for Small households (consisting of two to four persons) and Large households are primarily due to differences in the relative incidence of cost burdens and overcrowding between the two groups. Compared to Large Renter households, Small Renter households tend to have a greater problem with housing affordability and less of a problem with overcrowding. Roughly 3 percent of all "Non-Large" renter households are overcrowded, compared to 45 percent of all Large renters. In the Low-Income range, smaller households are much more likely to

experience both cost burdens and severe cost burdens. Large households, however, have a higher incidence of housing problems overall.

Small Renter families outnumber Large Renter families in Philadelphia by three to one. The rapid growth of young, single-parent households has also led to a rise in the number of impoverished small families. In recognition of the magnitude of their needs, many housing resources and programs are currently geared toward improving housing affordability and conditions for small families.

Housing Needs of Single Person Households

The "Single Person" category may be the most economically diverse of all household types. This group includes many non-elderly disabled individuals who survive on Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and other single men and women with marginal attachments to the labor market as well as young professionals earning well over the median income. The most significant factor affecting the housing needs of low-income Single Person households is the need for accessible, affordable housing.

Housing Needs of Elderly Persons

Many elderly homeowners have great difficulty maintaining and improving their homes due to fixed income limitations. Their housing tends to have significant problems with deterioration and systems breakdowns. If the trend of an increasing elderly population continues, great demands will continue for housing repairs assistance programs and subsidized rental housing for the elderly.

Aging Population

Over the last decade, while the elderly population of Philadelphia has shown a slight decrease in numbers, the actual percentage of the overall city population of elderly has remained steady. In 1980, there were 237,370 persons over the age of 65 representing 14.4 percent of the total population. In 1990, the

number of persons aged 65 and over in the city increased slightly to 240,734 or 15.6 percent. The 2000 Census reveals that 210,345 persons aged 65 and over live in Philadelphia, representing 14.1 percent of the total population of the city.

Poverty

The incidence of poverty amongst the city's elderly has increased since the 1990 Census. In 1990, 16.3 percent of those aged 65 or over had incomes below the federal poverty level. By 2000, 17 percent of this population were living below the poverty level. Persons aged 65-74 are more likely to have incomes below the poverty level than those aged 75-84 (18.3 percent versus 16.6 percent). Distressingly, nearly a quarter (24.6 percent) of persons aged 85 and over in Philadelphia live below the federal poverty level.

Tenure Patterns

In Philadelphia, most elderly persons are homeowners. Seventy-four percent of persons over the age of 65 own their own homes, encompassing 30 percent of the total homeowners in Philadelphia. The majority of elderly homeowners live in structures built before 1940. The eventual disposition of the housing units as elderly homeowners die or move to supportive housing will have a major impact on Philadelphia neighborhoods.

Projected Housing Needs

The vast majority of independent elderly in Philadelphia live on fixed low incomes. Therefore, home maintenance becomes a difficult issue for many. According to a survey by the Philadelphia Corporation for Aging, of the homeowners aged 60 or older who live below the poverty level, 25.9 percent need a new roof, 21.4 percent report the need for a plumber and 12.5 percent report the need for heating repairs or replacement. More than 1,500 elderly persons are on the waiting list for home modifications through the Senior Housing Assistance Repair Program (SHARP).

DISPROPORTIONATE NEEDS OF RACIAL GROUPS

According to HUD definitions, for the purposes of the Consolidated Plan a "disproportionately greater need exists when the percentage of persons in a category of need who are members of a particular racial or ethnic group is at least ten percentage points higher than the percentage of persons in the category as a whole." By this definition, Latino households in Philadelphia exhibit disproportionately greater housing needs. Latinos are disproportionately represented in the Extremely-Low and Low-Income categories (60 percent of Latinos compared to 37 percent of the general population); small Latino Renter households have a disproportionately higher incidence of housing problems (84 percent compared to 74 percent of the general population); and large Latino Owner households have a disproportionately higher incidence of housing problems (83 percent compared to 67 percent). The three tables on the following page provide a breakdown by racial and ethnic groups of income distribution and the incidence of housing problems for renter and owner households.

The greater incidence of poverty and housing problems among some Latino households is an area of concern for the City of Philadelphia. Although Latino households only make up 5.6 percent of the city's total population, Latinos make up one of the fastest growing populations within the city. These trends suggest that more extensive outreach to the Latino community is needed as well as measures to ensure that existing services are offered in a manner which makes them accessible to Latinos citywide. The City supports the work of several CDCs and non-profit organizations that are developing affordable housing and offering housing counseling and other services in Latino neighborhoods. These include Asociación Puertorriqueños en Marcha, Centro Pedro Claver, HACE, Congreso de Latinos Unidos, Norris Square Civic Association, Hunting Park CDC, Nueva Esperanza and Ceiba.

Non-Homeless Populations With Special Needs

Most populations with special needs require supportive housing. The U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) defines supportive housing as housing units and group quarters that "have a supportive environment" and include a planned service component. Services provided to the residents of supportive housing can include case management, medical or psychological counseling and supervision, substance abuse counseling, child care, transportation, job training and placement.

Supportive Housing Needs of Elderly Persons

According to data accumulated from the 2000 Census and a 2002 Health Study by the Philadelphia Health Management Corp. (PHMC), there are 267,955 people in Philadelphia who are 60 years of age or older; 30 percent of whom live alone.

Functional limitations and possible income limitations of many elderly require that they receive subsidized or supportive housing or in-house services.

Each year, thousands of Philadelphians receive home-based support services through the Philadelphia Corporation for Aging (PCA) and its participating and certified provider organizations. Many adults who are clinically ill or who have disabilities need assistance with activities of daily living (ADLs) in order to live safely and comfortably at home. Some of the needed services which are provided by PCA and other organizations include care management, companion and respite services, home-delivered meals, medical equipment and supplies, nursing, personal care and home support, adult day care and transportation.

In the II months prior to December 2002, PCA and its provider organizations served more than 6,200 people through long-term care services. The four programs serving the clients are Medicaid Waivers, Options, Bridge Attendant Care and Family Caregivers Support Program.

Table 1.12

Distribution of Income for Philadelphia Households

Across Racial/Ethnic Groups

Households	Total Households	Total Households	Extremely Low- to Low-Income		Middle- Income
White (Non-Latino)	294,860	50%	33%	19%	9%
Black (Non-Latino)	239,917	41%	48%	21%	8%
Latino (all races)	21,247	6%	60%	18%	6%
Native American	1,564	0%	44%	28%	7%
Asian & Pacific Islander	20,597	3%	48%	18%	7%

Source: 2000 Census

TABLE 1.13

PERCENT OF RENTER HOUSEHOLDS WITH INCOMES BELOW 51% OF HAMFI HAVING ANY HOUSING PROBLEMS

Percent With Any Housing Problem	All Households	Black Non-Latino Households	Latino Households
Total	72%	69%	82%
Elderly	65%	60%	70%
Small	76%	75%	87%
Large	87%	67%	74%

Source: CHAS Databook, Table 7, HUD, 2000.

Table 1.14

Percent of Owner Households With Incomes Below 51% of HAMFI Having Any Housing Problems

Percent With Any Housing Problem	All Households	Black Non-Latino Households	Latino Households
Total	68%	66%	73%
Elderly	65%	63%	68%
Small	70%	70%	74%
Large	79%	64%	71%

Source: CHAS Databook, Table 7, HUD, 2000.

For reasons of income limitations many of the City's elderly receive assistance through organizations like PCA. Their income levels impact their current and future housing needs. A substantial percentage of the elderly population is living at or below the poverty level. According to the PHMC study, 17 percent of the city's total elderly live below the poverty level. Table 1.15 shows the percentage of elderly by age group who live in poverty.

TABLE 1.15 PHILADELPHIA ELDERLY LIVING IN POVERTY

Age Group	Living Below Poverty Level
65-74	18.3%
75-84	16.6%
85 and over	24.6%

In-home service delivery is available to elderly Philadelphians but it cannot meet the needs of some seniors. Therefore, a more service-intensive environment is needed for this sub-population. Service-intensive living environments include Domiciliary Care Homes, Personal Care Homes and Nursing Homes.

SUPPORTIVE HOUSING NEEDS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

Affordable and accessible housing is a priority for persons with disabilities. The Housing Consortium for Disabled Individuals (HCDI), a former service and advocacy organization for disabled individuals in Philadelphia, estimated in 2003 that one out of five Philadelphians is disabled; approximately 300,000 persons citywide. Recent census data indicate that if temporary disabilities are included, two out of five Philadelphia residents sustain a disability.

Disabled individuals seeking supportive housing or supportive services are generally economically disadvantaged. Ninety-nine percent of the telephone calls received by HCDI's housing counseling program between July 1, 2001, and June 30, 2002, were from

disabled people who met HUD's low-income guidelines. Of these, 87 percent had incomes below 25 percent of the median income and 12 percent had incomes at or below 50 percent of median.

HCDI found that the vast majority of the disabled population who ask service agencies for assistance derive income from Supplemental Security Income (SSI). SSI is at most \$623 a month for a single individual, making it financially impossible for most single people with disabilities to live alone in affordable housing. Moreover, housing requirements vary because the disabled community also include households of adults and children as well as homeless people.

All housing projects developed with City housing funds must comply with the City's Accessible Housing Marketing Policy, which requires developers receiving City funds to notify the City to assist in marketing accessible housing units to the disabled community for a 30 day period prior to marketing accessible and non-accessible housing units to the general public.

Adaptive Housing Needs

Persons with mobility limitations may require assistance with daily living activities in order to live independently. The majority critically need barrier-free affordable housing. This need has been documented by many organizations serving the disabled population such as HCDI and Resources for Independent Living.

Common safety and access problems cited include steps and stairs which prevent access to all floors; bathroom facilities that do not allow independent mobility; entrances that prohibit movement in and out of the residence; kitchen fixtures that require assistance to use; scarcity of intercom systems.

To alleviate these problems, OHCD funds the Adaptive Modifications Program (AMP) which assists in financing the modifications needed in residences of income-eligible disabled persons. Over the last decade as the public has become more aware of AMP, requests for adaptive modifications have increased. Although AMP served 173 people in the past year, as of April 2008 there was a waiting list of 332 people.

Supportive Housing Needs of Persons With AIDS and AIDS-Related Diseases

Estimate of Population With AIDS

In 1996, OHCD sponsored a housing needs assessment study of HIV and AIDS in the Philadelphia region. The study was comprised of three components: an examination of demographic trends, a questionnaire or survey of persons living with HIV/AIDS in the region and a statistical research study of the correlation between AIDS and homelessness in Philadelphia. This needs assessment study, together with updated demographic information from the Philadelphia Department of Public Health and related sources, forms the basis of this section of the *Consolidated Plan*.

As of Dec. 31, 2007, 23,394 persons in the five counties of southeastern Pennsylvania, including Philadelphia, had been reported as diagnosed with AIDS. Of these, 83.9 percent resided in Philadelphia, and 16.1 percent in the four Pennsylvania suburban counties of Bucks, Chester, Delaware and Montgomery. Cases newly reported in Philadelphia make up a growing proportion of the cases in the region as a whole.

Estimate of Population With HIV

The population of persons who have been diagnosed with AIDS in the Southeastern Pennsylvania region is only a fraction of those who are assumed to be HIV-infected or HIV-positive. While various estimates of the number of HIV-positive persons in the region have been made, most estimates are in the 8,000 range. Combined with new drug therapies which are keeping many persons with HIV/AIDS alive and healthy for extended periods of time, these numbers suggest that the number of persons living with HIV/AIDS in the region who may need AIDS-related services will increase over the next few years. HIV became reportable by name in Philadelphia in October 2005. Through Dec. 31, 2007, 26,012 persons in Philadelphia had been diagnosed with either HIV or AIDS since 1980.

Characteristics of the HIV/AIDS Population

The populations directly affected by HIV and AIDS have not remained static. The white, gay male population, which in the early years of the epidemic was perceived to be the main group affected by HIV/AIDS, is no longer predominant. Increasingly, HIV and AIDS affect low-income people (especially persons of color), women and children, those dually and triply diagnosed with mental illness, substance abuse and those who are homeless.

Table 1.16
Southeastern Pennsylvania AIDS Cases by County and Date Reported

	Jan. 1, 1980 - Dec. 31,	2007
County	No.	%
Philadelphia (PA)	19,624	83.9%
Bucks (PA)	734	3.1%
Chester (PA)	555	2.4%
Delaware (PA)	1,502	6.4%
Montgomery (PA)	979	4.2%
Total	23,394	100.0%

(Source: "HIV/AIDS Surveillance Summary Report," PA Department of

Health, Dec. 31, 2007)

Philadelphia

In Philadelphia, the majority of people diagnosed with AIDS since the beginning of reporting have been African American and Latino. AIDS has claimed more lives among African American men and women than among any other race in Philadelphia. In 2005, African American men comprised the largest proportion of men who have sex with men (MSM) (54 percent) and of heterosexual AIDS cases (76 percent). Whites comprised 40 percent of MSM cases and 11 percent of heterosexual AIDS cases; Latinos comprised 5 percent of MSM cases and 13 percent of heterosexual AIDS cases.

In Philadelphia, the proportion of new cases diagnosed which arise from MSM fell steadily through the 1990s, while the proportion attributable to injecting drug use and heterosexual sex increased. Prior to 1989, MSM accounted for more than 75 percent of the Philadelphia cases, while injecting drug use (without MSM) accounted for approximately 10 percent of cases, and heterosexual contact without injecting drug use accounted for less than 2 percent of cases. In 2006, MSM accounted for 28 percent of newly diagnosed cases, injecting drug use (without MSM) accounted for 20 percent of cases, and heterosexual sex accounted for 52 percent of cases. Increasingly, housing programs for persons with AIDS need to provide links to supportive services which include substance-abuse treatment and counseling.

TABLE 1.17
DISPROPORTIONATE
RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN RACE AND
HIV/AIDS IN PHILADELPHIA

Race/Ethnicity	Total Population	AIDS Cases
White	45.0%	22.3%
African American	43.2%	66.0%
Latino	8.5%	10.8%
Other/Unknown	3.3%	0.9%

(Source: "AIDS Surveillance Quarterly Update," Philadelphia Department of Public Health)

*cumulative to Dec. 31, 2007

One effect of the growing percentage of transmission due to drug use and heterosexual sex has been a dramatic increase in the number and percentage of women with AIDS in Philadelphia. In Philadelphia, women now comprise 32 percent of newly diagnosed HIV/AIDS cases and are the fastest-growing demographic group. It is likely that there will be a growing need for family-based supportive housing and services for people with AIDS.

Suburban Pennsylvania

AIDS trends in the Philadelphia suburbs are somewhat different from those in the City of Philadelphia. White men who have sex with men remain the largest population of new and existing reported AIDS cases, though the number of African American men with AIDS is steadily increasing in all four counties and is equal to or surpasses the number of white men with AIDS in some counties. As in Philadelphia, the number of women represented is steadily climbing, as is the number of persons infected through heterosexual sex and injecting drug use. Trends in urban portions of the region such as the City of Chester more closely mirror the City of Philadelphia than suburban and rural parts of the region where MSM remains the predominate mode of transmission.

TABLE 1.18
PHILADELPHIA AIDS CASES BY
GENDER AND DATE OF DIAGNOSIS

Jan	. 1, 1980 - Dec	. 31, 2007
Gender	Number	%
Male	15,266	77.1%
Female	4,525	22.9%
Total	19,791	100.0%

(Source: "Philadelphia HIV/AIDS Epidemiological Update" Philadelphia Department of Health, Dec. 31, 2007)

Income

The 1996 housing survey of persons with HIV/ AIDS concluded that the overwhelming majority of respondents (including persons at all stages of the disease) were very poor. Fifty-two percent of respondents earned or received less than \$6,000 per year. As in the general population, the incomes of African Americans with HIV/AIDS was significantly less than others, with 63 percent reporting an income of less than \$6,000 per year, compared with 27 percent of white respondents and 50 percent of Latino respondents. The extremely low incomes of most persons with HIV and AIDS has led to housing instability and the potential of homelessness. Fortythree percent of survey respondents reported that they would have to move if their monthly incomes dropped by \$100 per month. Forty-four percent of respondents were spending more than 30 percent of their incomes on rent.

Medical Advances

Since 1996, advances in treatment through the use of combinations of drugs including protease inhibitors have led to dramatic improvements in health for many persons with HIV/AIDS. Hospitalizations have decreased, many persons are leading lives with significantly better quality of life, and some persons are returning or considering returning to work. As AIDS becomes a chronic, manageable disease which

does not necessarily lead to death, the numbers of persons living with the disease will increase while the nature of their housing and supportive service needs may change. At the same time, new therapies do not seem to be effective for some individuals and the need for a continuum of care and housing for persons with HIV and AIDS will remain. As of Dec. 31, 2007, there were 10,062 persons living with AIDS in Philadelphia.

Housing Needs of People With HIV/AIDS

While it is difficult to arrive at a precise number of persons who need housing subsidies, assisted or supported living arrangements, or other housing services, it is clear that there is an unmet need for housing for persons with HIV/AIDS. The survey of persons with HIV/AIDS sponsored by OHCD in 1996 concluded that more than half of all severely symptomatic persons with AIDS were spending more than 50 percent of their income on rent and were receiving no housing assistance. Among racial and ethnic groups, 48 percent of whites, 54 percent of African Americans, and 75 percent of Latinos who are severely symptomatic were spending more than 50 percent of their incomes on rent and were receiving no housing assistance. Eighteen percent of respondents were receiving some kind of housing assistance while 22 percent of respondents were on a waiting list for some kind of housing assistance. Based on data gathered in the survey, it was concluded that existing housing programs are benefiting those at the greatest risk of housing instability but that significant unmet need remained.

The survey also found that survey respondents had experienced significant mental and physical disabilities. The majority of all ethnicities and disease stages reported having had mental health problems in the past. Physical health problems increased with disease stage. After diagnosis with HIV, 19 percent of severely symptomatic respondents became blind, 14 percent became deaf, 21 percent developed mobility problems requiring the use of a wheelchair, and 42 percent

developed mobility problems requiring the use of a cane or walker. While it is hoped that medical advances have or will mitigate these problems arising from HIV disease, physical and mental health issues will remain factors to be considered in developing AIDS housing. Individuals' needs for support services change over the course of their illness and should be taken into account in designing an appropriate continuum of housing for persons with HIV/AIDS. In addition, 18 percent of all respondents felt that they needed residential drug and/ or alcohol treatment.

Independent living situations, rather than congregate or shared living, were the clear preference for respondents to the housing survey. Approximately 90 percent of asymptomatic and mildly symptomatic persons with HIV wanted to live alone in their own residence or with family, friends or partners. African Americans in particular desired to live alone while Latinos were more likely to want to live with family, friends or partners. Even among those who are severely symptomatic, 83 percent wished to live alone or with family, friends or partners while 17 percent preferred shared, congregate, nursing or hospice facilities. The survey confirmed the anecdotal evidence reported by HIV consumers to OHCD for many years: persons with HIV/AIDS want most of all to live independently. This desire has driven the City's emphasis on rental assistance for persons with AIDS.

Supportive Housing Needs of Persons With Mental Disabilities/Mental Illness

Persons With Mental Illness

According to the City of Philadelphia's Office of Mental Health (OMH), there are 105,500 persons in the City with mental illness and or mental disability. Supportive housing is available and currently provided for 2,690 persons with mental illness. It is estimated by OMH that an unmet need exists to provide 10,966 mentally ill/mentally-disabled individuals with housing.

Persons With Mental Disabilities

According to OMH there are 12,000 persons with mental disabilities registered for services in the MR system with an estimated 15,000 to 18,000 persons in Philadelphia with mild to profound mental retardation.

OMH provides services to persons with mental disabilities. There are five models of supported residential services; these services include in-home support, supportive living, family living, community homes and larger facilities. The primary model is the three-person Community Living Arrangement (CLA). Participants of CLAs are provided with direct support staff working with them on a 24-hour basis. Direct support staff provide support, training and supervision.

Current waiting lists of more than 1,100 people indicate an unmet need for new or different types of living arrangements. OMH finds clear evidence that the availability of residential settings must be increased year by year for an indefinite period. The Governor's Budget has provided new money for the past three years to address a portion of this need.

In the last several years, limited amounts of money have been available to increase supports to persons who remain in the homes of family members. It is important to expand this alternative to out-of-home residential services. It is equally important to have accessible housing available that makes it physically

possible for individuals with mental disabilities of any age to remain at home when they have limited or no ability to ambulate. OMH provides supportive daytime services to more than 2,500 individuals and their families each year.

According to OMH, the age of persons with mental disabilities who are living in residential homes is increasing and many of these individuals are experiencing ambulating difficulties. The need for accessible housing - both supportive and without a personal service component - is especially acute.

Supportive Housing Needs of Persons With Alcohol or Drug Addiction

In November 2004, Dr. Arthur C. Evans was appointed the first director of the Department of Behavioral Health and Mental Retardation Services (DBH/MRS). Under the direction of Dr. Evans, the DBH/MRS began the implementation of a system-wide transformation initiative in FY05 to promote the core concepts of recovery, resiliency, self-determination and cultural competence. This progressive, evidence-based approach to service provision was developed with input from a wide variety of stakeholders including persons in recovery, family members and service providers. Efforts to initiate this transformation included a twoday recovery conference, several large community meetings and the creation of a recovery steering committee to guide the implementation process. As a result the position of director of addiction services was created to consolidate and coordinate addiction treatment with the transformation of the Behavioral Health System.

In conjunction with Health Choices reinvestment funds, new residential services were awarded in December 2005 resulting from a DBH/MRS Request for Proposals (RFP). These initiatives were instigated for the development of five new residential programs, totaling 62 beds, for people with co-occurring mental illness and substance-abuse issues.

These new programs will incorporate evidence-based and trauma-informed practices to effectively address the needs of medically challenged single adults, women with children and adolescents who are transitioning out of children's and into the adult system. In conjunction with the new programs, Addiction Services is proposing to expand both the existing Half Way House providers as well as increasing the participation of Recovery Houses in the Behavioral Health system. There is an estimated unmet need for more than 1,445 supportive housing units for this population.

Public Housing Residents

As of December 1997, there were 38,316 persons making up 16,989 households in Philadelphia Housing Authority (PHA) conventional and scattered sites housing. PHA units are largely occupied by minority groups of extremely low-income: African Americans make up 93 percent of all PHA residents; Latinos 5 percent and whites 2 percent. Among heads of households, 15 percent receive income from employment; 37 percent receive public assistance and 38 percent receive either Social Security or SSI. More than 73 percent of all PHA households have incomes below \$10,000, which is less than 25 percent of the median family income for the Philadelphia area. These findings verify that PHA residents are in need of a variety of services to foster self-sufficiency, including job training, adult basic education, job-readiness programs and case management.

With 48 percent of PHA residents under the age of 18, there is also a clear need for recreational and social programs geared specifically for youth. Day care and Head Start programs benefit children while enabling their parents to participate in job training and employment. More than one-fifth of all PHA heads of households are over the age of 62 and 6 percent over the age of 75, indicating a need for senior centers and services which enable seniors to continue to live independently as they grow older.

As of Feb. I, 1998, PHA has 1,627 residents who have identified themselves as disabled with possible

special needs. Of these residents, 213 are wheelchair users, 829 have mobility limitations, 111 have hearing impairments, 89 are visually impaired and 385 have other disabilities. Of the total accommodation requests 759 have been closed. Also, since 1991, PHA has converted in excess of 555 units to accommodate people with various disabilities.

Table 2.14(a) OHCD/RDA Funded Accessible/Adaptable Rental Housing Units

	,		'							
CDBG Yr	Project Name	Developer	Address	NC/Rehab	Complete	Sing/Mult	Units	Access	Mobility	Hear/Vis
22	Belmont Affordable Homes II	Harold Thomas	42nd, Belmont Ave., Parrish St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	20	Yes	1	
22	Booth Manor	Salvation Army/Phila Booth Manor	5522 Arch St.	NC	Yes	Multi	20	Yes	20	
22	Brooks School	Ingerman Group	5631-43 Haverford Ave.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	33	Yes	33	
22	Carl Mackley	Canus Corp/Altman	1401 Bristol St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	184	Yes	18	
22	Lillia M. Crippen Townhouses	WCRP	6th & Berks Streets	NC	Yes	Multi	26	Yes	2	
22	Sharswood Apartments	Michaels Development	N 22nd, Master, Horlen, Sharswood	NC	Yes	Multi	71	Yes	4	2
22	Universal Court II	Universal Community Homes	800 S 16th St.	NC+R	Yes	Multi	21	Yes	2	
22	WCRP Berks Street	WCRP	6th & Berks St.	NC	Yes	Multi	26	Yes	2	
23	Raymond Rosen	РНА	1900-2000 N 21st; 2000 W Berks Sts.;	NC	Yes	Multi	152	Yes	36	
	Off-site Replacement Units		2000 Cecil B.Moore; 2000 Van Pelt;							
			1700-2000 N Lambert St.							
			1700, 1900 Woodstock St.							
			2000 W Montgomery; 200-2100 W Norris	S						
23	Southwark Plaza:	Southwark Dev Corp	Vicinity 3rd/5th/Washington Area	NC+R	Yes	Multi	470	Yes	23	
	On-site Replacement Units									
24	16th & Reed St. Apartments	Presbyterian Homes	16th & Reed Streets	NC	Yes	Multi	85	Yes	85	0
24	16th And Federal	Universal Community Homes	16th & Federal Street	NC+R	Yes	Multi	53	Yes	3	_
24	Belmont Affordable III	Thomas	Scattered Sites	Rehab	No	Multi	46	Yes	3	-
24	Francisville Elderly	Community Ventures/Ridge Vineyard	Edwin, Perkiomen, Poplar Streets	NC	Yes	Multi	42	Yes	3	
24	Holmes School	Neighborhood Restoration	55th & Chestnut Streets	Rehab	Yes	Multi	42	Yes	4	
24	Kings Highway II	KAN/KARP	2900-3000 Frankford Ave.	NC	Yes	Multi	31	Yes	2	0
24	Mt. Sinai	Michaels Development	431 Reed St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	37	Yes	4	4
24	Norris Square Senior Housing	Norris Square Civic Assoc.	2121-37 N. Howard St.	NC	Yes	Multi	35	Yes	35	0
24	Ralston/Mercy Douglass House	Ralston/Mercy Douglass	39th & Market Streets	NC	Yes	Multi	22	Yes	55	0
24	Sarah Allen V	Friends Rehab Program (FRP)	700-800 N 40th St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	27	Yes	2	0
24	Spring Garden	Community Builders	Scattered Sites	NC+R	Yes	Multi	67	Yes	6	0
24	St. Anthony's	Ingerman Group	2300 Carpenter St.	NC+R	Yes	Multi	54	Yes	4	1
24	Taino Gardens	APM	6th & Dauphin Streets	NC	Yes	Multi	42	Yes	2	
25	4200 Mitchell Street-202	Friends Rehab Program (FRP)	4200 Mitchell St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	92	Yes		
26	Elders Place - 202	ССНОС	80 Collum St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	40	Yes		

Table 2.14(a) OHCD/RDA Funded Accessible/Adaptable Rental Housing Units

		-		-) :	\perp	:			
CDBG Yr	Project Name	Developer	Address	NC/Kenab	Complete	<u></u>	UNITS	Access	Mobility	Hear/VIS
26	Inglis Gardens At Eastwick II	Inglis House Inc.	3026-70 Mario Lanza Blvd.	NC	Yes	Multi	92	Yes		
26	Rudolphy-Mercy Douglass-811	Mercy Douglass	3827 Powelton Ave.	NC	Yes	Multi	17	Yes		
27	St. Ingatius Senior Housing	St. Ignatius Nursing Home	4402-06 Fairmount Ave.	NC	Yes	Multi	<i>L</i> 9	Yes	7	2
28	FOP Seniors	FOP	730 Byberry Rd.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	106	Yes	106	
28	4901 Spruce St.	Pennrose	4901 Spruce St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	33	Yes	2	
28	New Covenant Senior	New Covenant Church	7500 Germantown Ave.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	56	Yes	13	
29	Belmont Affordable V	T. J. Properties	918 N. 42nd St.	Rehab+NC	Yes	Multi	24	Yes	6	
28	Caribe Towers	HACE	3231 N. 2nd St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	57	Yes	57	
29	Vemon House	Pennrose	1719-25 N. 33rd St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	89	Yes	œ	
29	Coral Street Arts House	New Kensington	2444-68 Coral St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	27	Yes	2	
30	Greenway Presbyterian Apts.	Presbyterian Homes	2050 S. 58th St.	New	Yes	Multi	89	Yes	4	2
30	Presbyterian Homes	Presbyterian Homes	501 Jackson St.	MeM	Yes	Multi	89	Yes	4	2
31	New Courtland 202	Germantown Homes	6950 Germantown Ave.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	70	Yes	3	2
31	Neumann North Senior Housing	Dale Corp.	1729-55 Frankford Ave.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	70	Yes	4	2
31	Neumann Senior Housing	NCC Neumann Senior Corp.	1741 Frankford Ave.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	29	Yes	4	2
31	Center Park III Elderly	Jewish Federation	1901 Red Lion Rd.	New	Yes	Multi	39	Yes	4	
31	Simpson Senior Services	Simpson Services	1011 Green St.	New	Yes	Multi	40	Yes	2	_
32	Yorktown Arms II	Yorktown CDC	1300 W. Jefferson St.	NC	Yes	Multi	37	Yes	37	2
32	Susquehanna Village	Community Ventures	15th Street,& Susquehanna Avenue	NC	Yes	Sing/Mult	50	Yes	17	2
32	Sharswood II	Michaels Development	2200 Sharswood St.	NC	Yes	Multi	09	Yes	9	3
32	Philip Murray House 202	Phillip Murray II Inc.	2200 Old York Rd.	NC	Yes	Multi	70	Yes	4	2
33	Commons at Point Breeze	Universal Community Homes	16th & Federal Streets	NC	Yes	Sing/Mult	22	Yes	5	2
33	St. John Neumann Sr. Housing	Catholic Social Services	2600 Moore St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	75	Yes	8	2
33	Angela Court II	St. Ignatius	4400 Fairmount Ave.	NC	Yes	Multi	54	Yes	9	1
34	Manuta Presbyterian 202	Presbyterian Homes	600-18 N. 34th St.	NC	Yes	Multi	99	Yes	7	3
34	Mt. Tabor Senior	Mt. Tabor	957 N. 6th St.	NC	Yes	Multi	26	Yes	12	3
34	Booth Manor II (202)	Salvation Army	5522 Arch St.	NC	Yes	Multi	20	Yes	5	_
34	20th and Lehigh Mixed Use	Allegheny West	1913 W. Lehigh Ave.	NC	Yes	Multi	2	Yes	—	_
34	Reba Brown Sr. Apartments (202)	Mt. Zion CDC	1450 S. 50th St.	NC	Yes	Multi	75	Yes	∞	2

Table 2.14(b) OHCD/RDA Funded Accessible/Adaptable Special-Needs Housing Units

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CDBG Yr	Project Name	Developer	Address	NC/Rehab	Complete	Sing/Mult	Units	Access	Mobility	HearNis
14	Hancock Manor	National Housing Trust	174 Allegheny Ave.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	46	Yes	3	
14	Von Louhr Apts	PCAH	15-25 S 61st St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	25	Yes	—	
14	Waller House	National Temple CDC	16th & Jefferson Streets.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	Yes	.		
15	1100 Green	HCDI	1109-1117 Green St.	NC	Yes	Multi	15	Yes	2	10
15	PEC Permanent	Pennrose Properties	3902 Spring Garden St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	6	Yes	-	
15	PEC Transitional	PEC CDC	3902 Spring Garden St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	1	Yes	-	
16/17/18	Germantown YMCA	Germantown YMCA	5722 Greene St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	128	Yes	122	
18	1515 Fairmount	Project HOME	1515 Fairmount Ave.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	48	Yes	2	2
18	Genesis II - Caton House	Genesis/Tara Dev	1239 Spring Garden St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	20	Yes	20	
18/19	Family House Now	Resources For Human Dev	1028-30 N 48th St	Rehab	Yes	Multi	1	Yes	11	
19	1260 Preston	1260 Housing Dev Corp	418-28 Preston St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	7	Yes	-	9
19	OIC Village I	Opportunities Industialization Ctr	1917-21 Oxford Ave.	NC	Yes	Multi	44	Yes	4	
19	Proyecto Escalera	APM	2355 Germantown Ave.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	27	Yes	2	
19	St Elizabeth's	Project Home	1850 N Croskey St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	24	Yes	-	
19/20	Calcutta House	Calcutta House	1601-05 Girard Ave.	12NC+4R	Yes	Multi	16	Yes	14	
19/20	Imani Homes	PEC CDC	West Powelton Scattered	Rehab	Yes	Multi	24	Yes	-	_
20	81 E. High St. Manor	Resources For Human Dev	81 E High St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	15	Yes	4	
20	Rowan House	PEC CDC	39th & Baring Streets.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	26	Yes	4	
20/21	1260 Thompson/Walnut	1260 Housing Dev Corp	4230 Thompson St. 1324 Walnut St.	20NC+15R	Yes	Multi	35	Yes	11	24
20/21	Center City YWCC	Ingerman Group	20th & Chestnut Streets.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	09	Yes	09	09
20/21	Marlton Residence	Pennrose/We The People	1700 Marlton Ave.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	25	Yes	2	2
21	1260 Center West	1260 Housing Dev Corp	4101 Chestnut, 900 block Lombard St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	17	Yes	-	6
21	1260 Reed	1260 Housing Dev Corp	501-07 Reed St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	18	Yes	15	
21	Fourth Street Access	APM/1260 Housing Dev Corp	1912-1930 N 4th St.	NC	Yes	Multi	24	Yes	∞	16
21	H.E.L.P.II	H.E.L.P. Inc.	48th & 49th Streets	NC+R	Yes	Multi	20	Yes	2	20
	(Genesis Square Townhouses)		Westminster & Wyalusing Avenues							
22	Calcutta House II	Calcutta House	1607 Girard St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	9	Yes	—	
22	Haddington III	PCAH	Scattered Site	Rehab	Yes	Multi	20	Yes	—	
22	Reed Street SRO	Salvation Army	32nd & Reed Streets	Rehab	Yes	Multi	99	Yes	99	99
23	Bethesda Transitional	Bethesda Project, Inc.	816 N. 20th St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	16	Yes		
23	Dignity II		5151, 5153, 5155 Wayne Ave.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	16	Yes	2	
23	Drueding Center 2	Drueding Center/Project Rainbow	413 W Master St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	6	Yes	1	
23	Elkins Residence	Albert Einstein	11th & Clarkson Streets	Rehab	Yes	Multi	73	Yes	73	73
23	Horizon House II	Horizon House	6015 Limekiln Pike	NC	Yes	Multi	18	Yes	2	
23	Overington Transitional House	Overington Housing Inc.	1528-30 Overington St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	13	Yes	_	
23	Project Hope/Raise of Hope	Hope Partners	5122 N Carlise, 6818 N 17th St.	Rehab	Yes	Single	2	Yes	2	
23	Rowan Homes I	Project HOME	2800 Diamond St.	NC	Yes	Multi	∞	Yes		
23	Rowan Homes II	Project HOME	1900 Judson St.	NC	Yes	Multi	32	Yes	2	
24	6th & Montgomery	WCRP	1800 Blk N 6th, Marshall Street	NC	Yes	Multi	20	Yes	9	2
	Special Needs		600 Blk Montgomery,W Wilt Streets							

Table 2.14(b) OHCD/RDA Funded Accessible/Adaptable Special-Needs Housing Units

24. Changels Springer Developed Address Address MCRAPAB Complete Poly Asset 24. Spring Springer Springer Poly Manuel Poly Manuel Poly Manuel				•			,	+			
Enfance Saviets Polject Dignity Housing Nontheast Salteted States Rehaba Visa Multi 9 Caparally Balding Grant TAZA Housing Dev Corp 3512 N Broad States Rehaba Visa Multi 3 Caparally Balding Grant TAZA Housing Dev Corp 3512 N Broad States Rehaba Visa Multi 3 Caparally Balding Grant Throad TAZA Housing A March Visa Multi 10 Dispubly balding Grant Throad TAZA T Rehab Visa Multi 10 Dispubly behaving Grant Throad TAZA T Rehab Visa Multi 10 Dispubly behaving Grant THELP In Multi A Multi 20 No Visa Multi 20 Dispubly behaving Grant THELP In Multi A Multi 20 Visa Multi 20 Dispubly behaving Grant THELP In Multi A Multi 20 Visa Multi 20 Dispubly behaving Grant THELP In Translation A Multi A Multi </th <th>CDBG Yr</th> <th>Project Name</th> <th>Developer</th> <th>Address</th> <th>NC/Rehab</th> <th>Complete</th> <th>Sing/Mult</th> <th>\dashv</th> <th>Access</th> <th>Mobility</th> <th>HearWis</th>	CDBG Yr	Project Name	Developer	Address	NC/Rehab	Complete	Sing/Mult	\dashv	Access	Mobility	HearWis
Spings Steep Agenty Spingling Cart In Housing Per Corp PCAME Housing Dev Corp Hadding Cart Rehab PCAME Housing Dev Corp Hadding Cart Rehab PCAME Name Single S Dingle	24	Enhanced Services Project	Dignity Housing	Northwest Scattered Sites	Rehab	Yes	Multi	6	Yes	_	_
Capacity Building Grant 1266Housing Dov Corp 3338 N Gazit S. Rehaba Vess Multin 3 Capacity Building Grant French French 1460 Glarad Ves. French Kehaba Ves Multin 9 Capacity Building Grant French 1460 Glarad Ves. French Ves Multin 9 Dignity Enhanced Sentore Project Dignity Housing 1460 Welderford St. Rehaba Ves Multin 10 HELL PI Free L.P. Project Maniph Housing 1460 Welderford St. Rehaba Ves Multin 70 Her L.P. Project Maniph Housing Project Maniph Housing 1460 Welderford St. Rehaba Ves Multin 70 Interface Town Value Project Maniph Housing Project Maniph Housing 4600 Wylacisch Ane NC Ves Multin 70 Medielle Stand Moments Circ Shelle Brown Volent Analysis Karlend Mousing Analysis Karlend Mousing Analysis Karlend Mousing Analysis Karlend Mousing NC Vess Multin 17 Mousing Projec	24	Spring Street Housing	PCAH	Haddington, Cobbs Creek Scattered	Rehab	Yes	Single	20	Yes	.	-
Capacity Building Grant Hero Inc. 3338 N Grant St. Rehabb Vess Single 1 Capacity Building Grant PCAH PCAH 1540 W Failor St. Rehabb Vess Multi 9 Capacity Building Grant PCAH PCAH 1540 W MAGNUSTA, St. Rhan St. Rehabb Vess Multi 10 Drugding Standova Drugding Capacity PCAH 1540 W MAGNUSTA, St. Rhan St. Rehabb Vess Multi 10 Inform House West PCAH PCAH 1700 Proteins Congressive Multi NC Vess Multi 20 Lillia C Oppean Town Workers St. Transet Ada Medule Way 4500 V Myalusing Avenue NC Vess Multil 20 No Medien Town Workers St. Transet Ada Medule Way 4500 V Myalusing Avenue NC Vess Multil 17 No Medien Town Workers Transet Ada Medule Way 4500 V Myalusing Avenue NC Vess Multil 17 No Medien Town Workers Transet Ada Medule Way 4500 V Myalusing Avenue NC Vess Multil	NA	Capacity Building Grant		3512 N Broad St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	3	Yes	-	
Capacity Building Clorant Interact 1607 Gland Ave. Rehaba Ves Multi 8 Capacity Building Clorant PCCAH 97 Chief Month 1646 W Nedro Yet1 S. If Pan St. Rehaba Ves Multi 9 Dignity Function HEL Pin 170 Cheering Center/Project Rainbow 1348 N MIST 1 NC Ves Multi 10 HEL L Pin 170 Cheering Center/Project Rainbow 4100 Patrickles Ave. 4100 Viola NC Ves Multi 20 Mindering Rainbow 170 Cheering Center Ave. 4100 Patrickles Ave. 4100 Viola NC Ves Multi 20 Monthie Vigo 170 Cheering Center Ave. 4100 Patrickles Ave. 4100 Viola NC Ves Multi 7 Vicena Stand Housing 170 Cheering Center Ave. 2000 Che Elisaorth St. 2000 Che Elisaorth St. NC Ves Multi 10 Vicena Stand Francistieral Housing Averant Ave. Averant Ave. NC Ves Multi 10 Vicena Stand Housing Averant Ave. Averant Ave. Averant Ave. Averant A	NA	Capacity Building Grant	Hero Inc.	3338 N Gratz St.	Rehab	Yes	Single	-	Yes	.	
Compact Particular Grant PCAH PCAH 59 N Februs SI, Strape Nee Single 7 Digglig Enhanced Service Roller Digglig Housing Grant Library Enhanced Service Roller 1348 N 4IIP SI, SI Rehab Vess Multi 9 Digglig Enhanced Services Drosding Services 4600 Mystaloxing Avenue NC Vess Multi 40 Hills Lettly Pine The Flat Health Mystalogenet Corp. 4600 Mystaloxing Avenue NC Vess Multi 20 Lillia Crippen Townhouses II WCRP Shells Brown Worker Multi R Vess Multi 20 Mohille Way The Company Mystalon Transitional Housing Imped Services 200 February Services 200 February Services 200 February Services Multi 20 Vollage District Services Activated Mystalon Transitional Housing Activated Services 200 February Services 200 February Services Multi 20 Activation Transitional Housing Activated Mystalogen Transitional Housing Activated Services 200 February Services 200 February Services Multi 20 Actin Grant Services Act	NA	Capacity Building Grant	Interact	1607 Girard Ave.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	∞	Yes		
Diging Enhanced Service Project Diging Enhanced Service Project Dividing CenterProject Rambow 1646 W Wedn/1941 S. II than St. Rehab Ves Multi 9 Duveding Services HE.E.PT Proveding Services Mode Services 4700 PeriodSeRA-W-4 100 Volab NC Yes Multi 40 Inferrit Houses West Phila Health Management Corp 4700 PeriodSeRA-W-4 100 Volab NC Yes Multi 40 Mebrille Way Traveler Add-Makville Way 4700 PeriodSeRA-W-4 100 Volab NC Yes Multi 40 Schieb Brown Winners Chr Sheller Brown/UCH 4700 PeriodSeRA-W-4 100 Volab NC Yes Multi 7 Schieb Brown Winners Chr Sheller Brown/UCH 2000 GET Brown Street 2000 GET Brown Street NC Yes Multi 7 Volability Street Brown Winners Chr Shell provided Street 2000 Methods NC Yes Multi 17 Volability Street Brown Winners Chrossoph Achievability Achievability Achievability Achievability Achievability Achievability Achievability Achiev	NA	Capacity Building Grant	РСАН	59 N Felton St.	Rehab	Yes	Single	_	Yes	—	
Diveliging Center/Project Rainbow 1348 N 481 St. Rehabo Yes Multi 10 HE L.P.I Pic. HE L.P.I Pic. 4000 Mystusing Avenue NC Yes Multi 20 Hell Citypen Townhouses II WCRP ANGRADA MILL 20 Multi 20 Makhile Way Traveler AdAwhile Way 200 EX Westing Mill ACC Yes Multi 20 Makhile Way Traveler AdAwhile Way 200 EX Westing Mill 200 EX Westing Mill NC Yes Multi 7 Velerian Shared Housing Traveler AdAwhile Way 200 EX Breats Avenue NC Yes Multi 7 VOA Versile Brown Windows ACC Yes Multi 7 Yes Multi 10 VOA Versile Brown Windows Traveler Adamshile Was Accompanies Avenue ACC Yes Multi 17 VOA Stignatus Assing Mill Traveler Adamshile Was Accompanies ACC Yes Multi 10 Accompanies Accompanies Accompanies	27	Dignity Enhanced Service Project	Dignity Housing		Rehab	Yes	Multi	6	Yes	∞	2
HELPIT HELPIT HELPIT HELPIT HELPIT Multi Add 4000 Wygublandp Avenue NC Yess Multi Add 20 Lilla Cripper Townhouses II WGRP MURAP TYES Multi A 70	25	Drueding Rainbow		1348 N 4th St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	10	Yes	-	
Infermit Noses Wests Phila Health Management Corp. 4100 Parkside Med 4100 Voloa NC Yes Multil 20 Lillia Crippen Tounthouses II WCRPA 4520-22 Verland St. Rehab Yes Multil 9 Maholi Way 7 ARON 2M Elsworth St. Rehab Yes Multil 9 Shelle Brown Women's Crit Shelle Brown UCH 7 Elsworth St. Rehab Yes Multil 9 Volkard Management Group 2000-04 Elsworth St. 7 Elsworth St. NC Yes Multil 10 Volkard Management Group 2000-04 Elsworth St. 2000-04 Elsworth St. NC Yes Multil 10 Volkard Management Group Archous Green Group 2601 N. Broad St. Archous Green Group Archous Green Group Green Group Archous Green Group Green Green Group Green Green Green Group Green	22	H.E.L.P.I	H.E.L.P Inc.	4900 Wyalusing Ave.	NC	Yes	Multi	40	Yes		
Lillia Citipen Townhouses II WCRP Avida 20 Melville Vidya Millia Citipen Townhouses II WCRP Yes Multi 20 Shella Bown Womens Cit Shella Bown/UCH Traveler Adulyckille Way 4550.22 Valentu St. Rehab Yes Multi 9 Veleran Shared Housing Impact Services 2260.74 Lindina Ave. NC Yes Multi 7 Visitation Transitional Housing Catholic Social Services 2260.74 Lindina Ave. NC Yes Multi 7 Su Sas Bureav Strate Control Achieve Ability ActionAll Services 2260.74 Lindina Ave. NC Yes Multi 17 Avondale Housing Achieve Ability ActionAll Services ActionAll Services 2260.74 Lindina Ave. NC Yes Multi 17 Avondale Housing ActionAll Services ActionAll Services ActionAll Services ActionAll Services Multi 17 Avondale Housing ActionAll Services ActionAll Services ActionAll Services ActionAll Services ActionAll Services ActionAll Services<	26	Interim House West	Phila. Health Management Corp.	4100 Parkside Ave, 4100 Viola	NC	Yes	Multi	20	Yes		
Melville Way 452022 Valanul St. Rehab Yes Multi 8 Shelle Brown/UCH 2000-04 Elsxount St. Rehab Yes Multi 7 Veletars Shared Housing Inpact Services 2640-46 Kensingan Ave. NC Yes Multi 7 Visitation Transitional Housing Catholic Social Services 2640-46 Kensingan Ave. NC Yes Multi 16 VOA St. Ignatus Variant Rorup 2640-46 Kensingan Ave. NC Yes Multi 16 St. Ignatus Variant Rorup Action Allos Action Allos Scalated Sties Rehab Yes Multi 67 Cass Nueva Vida ActionAlDS Scalated Sties ActionAlDS Scalated Sties NC Yes Multi 17 Resple II ActionAlDS	27	Lillia Crippen Townhouses II	WCRP	6th Street & Montgomery Avenue	NC	Yes	Multi	20	Yes		
Shelle Brown/UCH 2000-04 Elsworth St. Rehab Yes Multi 9 Velstelann Woment Chr Shelle Brown/UCH 2000-04 Elsworth St. 124 federansfront Annual NC Yes Multi 1 VOA Visitation Transitional Housing Catholic Social Services 2601 N. Broad St. Rehab Yes Multi 108 VOA Nigatian Transitional Housing St. gipatius Nursing Home 400-46 Fairmount Ave. NC Yes Multi 108 Avondade Housing Active-Ability Scattered Sites Rehab Yes Multi 10 Avondale Housing Active-Ability Scattered Sites Active-Ability Scattered Sites NC Yes Multi 10 Active-Ability St. gipatius Nursing Active-Ability Scattered Sites NC Yes Multi 10 Active-Ability St. Gibatian Active-Ability Scattered Sites NC Yes Multi 10 Active-Ability Active-Ability St. St. Ability Active-Ability NC	28	Melville Way	Traveler Aid-Melville Way	4520-22 Walnut St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	∞	Yes	_	
Welcann Shared Housing Impact Services 124 E Indiana Ave. NC Yes Multi 7 Visitation Transitional Housing Catholic Social Services 2640-46 Kansington Ave. NC Yes Multi 7 Visitation Transitional Housing St. gratius North Home 4002-06 Fairmound Ave. NC Yes Multi 67 Achieve-Ability Achieve-Ability St. gratius Naring Home 4002-06 Fairmound Ave. NC Yes Multi 67 Acondale Housing Achieve-Ability Scrattered sites NC Yes Multi 67 ActionALDS ActionALDS 2600 N. dh. St. NC Yes Multi 12 Monument Meavs WCRP 2600 N. dh. St. NC Yes Multi 12 Respiter Journbouses WCRP 2742-70 Mascher St. NC Yes Multi 12 Respiter II Cacul Montonse VCR NC Yes Multi 16 Respiter II Cacul Housing Tacch Inc Tacch Inc Tacch Inc </td <td>26</td> <td>Shelia Brown Women's Ctr</td> <td>Shelia Brown/UCH</td> <td>2000-04 Ellsworth St.</td> <td>Rehab</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>Multi</td> <td>6</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>—</td> <td></td>	26	Shelia Brown Women's Ctr	Shelia Brown/UCH	2000-04 Ellsworth St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	6	Yes	—	
VOSA Multi 188 VOSA Australtoral Housing Catholic Social Services 2640-46 Kenskngtinn Ave. NC Yes Multi 108 S. Upatilus Dimanan Closup 2601 N. Broad St. Rehab Yes Multi 108 Avondale Housing AchieveAbility S. Upatilus Nursing Home Scattered Siles Rehab Yes Multi 12 Avondale Housing AchieveAbility Scattered Siles Rehab Yes Multi 12 Monument Mews T20 Housing 400 Monument Rd. Rehab Yes Multi 12 Mascher Siled Iowihouses WCRP 200 N. 6th St. NC Yes Multi 12 Resple II Cattch Inc. 2102-10 Mascher St. NC Yes Multi 10 Resple II Cattch Inc. 1206 Housing 2742-10 Mascher St. NC Yes Multi 10 Resple II Gauderata TSE TSE NC Yes Multi 10 Resple II Gauderata TSE TSE NC Yes Multi 10 Cocil Housing Proces	26	Veteran Shared Housing	Impact Services	124 E Indiana Ave.	NC	Yes	Multi	7	Yes	2	
VOA Multi 10B S1. Ignalus Senior Housing S1. Ignalus Nursing Home 40020 Realmount Ave. NC Yes Multi 167 S1. Ignalus Senior Housing Active-Ability Scattered sites Rehab Yes Multi 167 Casa Nueva Vida Action-NDS 1260 Housing 4300 Monument Rd Rehab Yes Multi 60 Karen Domally Townhouses WCRP 2742-70 Mascher St. NC Yes Multi 12 Respired Street Townhouses WCRP 2742-70 Mascher St. NC Yes Multi 10 Respired Street Townhouses WCRP 2742-70 Mascher St. NC Yes Multi 11 Respired Street Townhouses WCRP 2742-70 Mascher St. NC Yes Multi 10 Respired Street Townhouses WCRP 2742-70 Mascher St. NC Yes Multi 11 Caudenzia 1260 Housing 1260 Housing Antieved Mili 40 Yes Multi 11 Colsiers III <td>78</td> <td>Visitation Transitional Housing</td> <td>Catholic Social Services</td> <td>2640-46 Kensington Ave.</td> <td>NC</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>Multi</td> <td>18</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>—</td> <td>—</td>	78	Visitation Transitional Housing	Catholic Social Services	2640-46 Kensington Ave.	NC	Yes	Multi	18	Yes	—	—
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	34	St. Elizabeth's Recovery Residence		1850 N. Croskey St.	Rehab	Yes	Multi	70	Yes	4	2

Homeless Needs

Nature and Extent of Homelessness

The Office of Supportive Housing (OSH) for the City of Philadelphia is under the Office of the Deputy Mayor for Health and Opportunity--part of the reorganization of City services initiated by Mayor Michael A. Nutter soon after taking office in January 2008.

The mission of the Office of Supportive Housing (OSH) is to plan for and assist individuals and families in moving towards independent living and self-sufficiency. OSH is the sole public agency in Philadelphia dedicated to providing services to individuals and families who are experiencing homelessness. To achieve this, OSH provides a variety of services, including prevention and diversion, relocation, short-term emergency housing placement, case management, referral to alternative housing options, and adult protective services. Over the course of the year, OSH serves approximately 14,000 to 15,000 people.

This section presents a profile of the homeless population in Philadelphia. This profile includes: a summary of the nature and extent of family and individual homelessness, various subpopulations within those groups, and households most at risk of homelessness.

ESTIMATES OF THE NUMBER OF HOMELESS IN PHILADELPHIA

Sheltered Homeless

Because OSH operates a centralized intake system linked with a computerized management information system, the City of Philadelphia has had access to and can analyze reliable data as far back as 1989. With the assistance of an external contractor, the agency is currently implementing a more sophisticated homeless management information system (HMIS) that increases OSH's capability to gather and report reliable data.

The data collected in HMIS supports every facet of Philadelphia's provision of a continuum of care of homeless services. Every provider who receives federal homeless funding will ultimately provide data to the HMIS to meet HUD's requirement to achieve an unduplicated count of homeless individuals in the jurisdiction. This will ensure that comprehensive information is collected and reported for each individual accessing the homeless service system. Once a client enters the continuum of care through defined intake points, a file is created for that client. This file "follows" the client as he/she moves through the continuum of programs, allowing services to be more continuously and consistently provided over time. A "dashboard" provides real-time information to managers, supervisors and directors to further ensure that the system is being fully utilized and to better inform key management decisions.

During Fiscal Year 2007 (FY07), 14,200 homeless persons entered OSH's emergency housing system. Of this number, 8,720 were single adults without children and 5,480 were adults and children in families. Further demographics and other characteristics will be listed later in this section.

Unsheltered Homeless

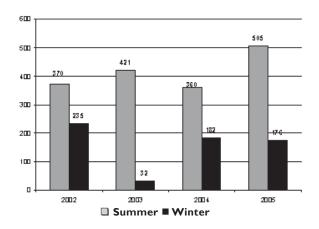
The Outreach Coordination Center (OCC) collects data specifically on the unsheltered homeless. The OCC is operated by Project H.O.M.E., a non-profit homeless services and supportive housing provider. The OCC ccordinates and oversees the activities of a network of street outreach teams run by several non-profit organizations in the city. The main goal of street outreach is to engage people living on the street in order to help them receive services and ultimately seek appropriate supportive housing opportunities. In order to do this, teams search for people living in areas not meant for human habitation (such as streets, sidewalks, subway concourses, highway underpasses) and begin to develop relationships with the homeless people they contact. During FY07, OCC made a total of 29,703 contacts with 5,204 unduplicated people on the streets.

Over the past several years, OCC has conducted street counts to measure the number of people living on the streets. These are done quarterly so that OCC can establish an accurate picture of seasonal fluctuations among homeless populations on the street. Over FY07, OCC conducted four counts which included the areas of Center City and parts of West Philadelphia and Kensington:

Date of Street Count Number of Individuals

August 16, 2006	753
November 15, 2006	518
January 25, 2007	353
March 16, 2007	500

FIGURE 1.6 Number of Homeless People Living on the Streets of Philadelphia (FY04 - FY07)



Despite the best efforts of OSH and OCC, collected data does not represent the entire population of homeless persons. There will always be hidden populations, for instance those in abandoned structures, which make it very difficult to obtain an accurate depiction of the entire number of Philadelphians who experience homelessness in a given year.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE HOMELESS POPULATION

Family and Individual Homelessness

While both single adults and families experience homelessness, the household characteristics and the circumstances contributing to being homeless vary significantly. The street population is exclusively single adults or couples without children. Emergency housing programs are utilized by both families with children and single adults. Among the 10,020 households who entered the emergency housing system in FY07, 82 percent were single adult households; I percent was households with more than one adult and no children; and 16 percent were households with children.

Family Characteristics

The majority of families which enter OSH's emergency housing system are headed by single females. Of the 1,650 households with children who entered emergency housing programs in FY07, 1,320 were headed by single females.

Table 1.19
Family Characteristics

Family Type	Percentage
Single-Parent	85%
Single Male-Headed	4%
Single Female-Headed	80%
Multi-adult	16%
Total Families	1650

Age Distribution of Sheltered Population

Below is a table with the age distribution of the adult sheltered population in FY07. Among the figures, it is important to note the proportion of persons aged 46 and over (34 percent).

Table 1.20
Age Distribution of Heads of
Households in Emergency Housing

Age	Percentage
18 - 25	12%
26 - 45	49%
46 - 59	34%
60+	5%

Total Number- Heads of Household 10,200

NATURE AND EXTENT OF HOMELESSNESS BY RACIAL/ETHNIC GROUP

The Black or African American population is disproportionately represented in emergency housing. Per the 2006 American Community Survey conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau in 2006, 44 percent of all Philadelphia residents are Black or African American. However, 76 percent of all heads of households in emergency housing in FY07 were Black or African American. The over-representation of Black or African American individuals in emergency housing has been a long-standing trend in both Philadelphia and in the nation as a whole.

TABLE 1.21

RACIAL DISTRIBUTION OF HEADS OF

HOUSEHOLDS IN EMERGENCY HOUSING

Race/Ethnicity	Heads of Households
Black African-American	76%
White	13%
Asian	1%
Black/non-African Americ	an 2%
Refused/No data	8%

Total Number- Heads of Household 10,020

TABLE 1.22 ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF HEADS OF HOUSEHOLDS IN EMERGENCY HOUSING

Ethnicity	Heads of Households
Hispanic/Latino	6%
Non-Hispanic/Non-Lat	ino 82%
Refused/No data	12%

Total Number- Heads of Household 10,020

SUBPOPULATIONS

The causes of homelessness vary from household to household. A standard set of characteristics that indicate a high risk of becoming homeless does not exist. In fact, many people living in their own homes have the very same attributes that are commonly believed to lead to homelessness. However, it is known that it becomes much harder for families and individuals to avoid or climb out of homelessness when they experience co-occurring factors (such as substance abuse, mental illness, domestic violence and extreme economic hardship). It is important to note

that despite these barriers, OSH regularly works with families and individuals, who successfully confront their personal problems, cope with systemic disadvantages, and re-enter their communities stronger and more able to contend with what life presents them.

Homeless Substance Abusers

During the assessment process, clients in emergency housing are asked to disclose if they have history of substance abuse. In FY07, 41 percent of the heads of household in emergency housing disclosed a history of substance abuse. It is important to state that the disclosure of this information is not required and the responses are not compared to any other source of data.

While OSH does not have comprehensive data on substance abuse among the sheltered homeless, OCC does collect accurate data on substance abuse among the unsheltered. Over the past year, 23 percent of the persons encountered had a substance-abuse history. This information is confirmed through repeated observation and self-report.

Persons With Mental Illness

Similar to substance-abuse statistics, the OSH figures regarding mental health issues are mostly confined to self-report. In addition, there is a range of severity with respect to mental health needs among the sheltered population. Some live with serious and persistent mental illness while others experience situational depression or anxiety directly related to the trauma of being homeless and its related causes and effects. For clients who divulge their mental health needs or for whom their case manager may suspect persisting problems, OSH again works closely with BHS to link them with the appropriate level of supportive services. Of the 10,020 heads of households seeking emergency housing during FY07, 24 percent disclosed having a history of mental health issues.

OSH is continually strengthening its collaboration with the Department of Behavioral Health and Mental Retardation Services (DBH/MRS), which oversees substance abuse treatment programs and mental health services, to ensure that clients receive the services they need. Through collaboration with DBH/

MRS, behavioral health case management services are available at 13 emergency housing programs.

OCC data indicate that approximately 23 percent of the unsheltered population has serious mental illness. Like OSH, OCC works closely with BHS so that individuals can access services in a timely manner. Several of the outreach teams coordinated by OCC are staffed through behavioral health programs with trained professionals who can not only engage people effectively but also advocate on behalf of their clients as they seek needed services.

Dual-Diagnosis Persons

Dual diagnosis among the sheltered population is difficult to estimate since the OSH data rely on self-report for histories of substance abuse and mental illness. OCC indicates that 34 percent of the people engaged by street outreach teams in FY07 were dually-diagnosed. People experiencing homelessness and who have dual diagnoses face two significant barriers they must overcome in addition to homelessness. They often require long-term engagement and intensive service intervention. While it is believed that individuals with dual diagnosis are at a higher risk of becoming chronically homeless, it is equally true that many people overcome these barriers and move into their own housing (with the help of supportive services).

Homeless Due to Domestic Abuse

National surveys have indicated that up to 50 percent of families have experienced domestic violence at some point prior to becoming homeless. Victims of domestic violence have varying needs. Some may need the support of a shelter setting while others would benefit greatly from transitional or permanent housing. Currently, there is one domestic violence shelter with a capacity of 100 beds within OSH's emergency housing system.

Two other housing options exist which is exclusively for victims of domestic violence - Sojourner House sponsored by Women Against Abuse and Sheila Brown's Center sponsored by 1260 Housing Development Corp. Both of these programs provide transitional housing opportunities to families with children. In total, these two programs have a capacity of 21 families.

Families and Individuals Threatened With Homelessness

The continued prevalence of low-paying jobs, unemployment, and poverty make many of our city's residents vulnerable to the risk of homelessness. Many residents who formerly worked in industrial manufacturing jobs providing living wages are now earning much less in service based jobs. The Philadelphia poverty rate in 2000 was twice that of the nation as a whole (22.9 percent versus 11.3 percent). By 2006, the poverty rate for Philadelphia increased to approximately 25 percent of our residents. The rising cost of housing and health care has made it nearly impossible for many of our neighbors to make ends meet. Approximately 70 percent of Philadelphians with low incomes work for a living but cannot meet their expenses, specifically rent and utilities. To afford a market-rate apartment in Philadelphia, a worker earning minimum wage must work 144 hours a week. Due to this widening gap between income and cost of living, large numbers of Philadelphians can no longer afford safe and secure housing and are therefore seeking housing assistance. Available assistance is far outstripped by the demand for affordable housing which now exceeds 60,000 needed units². Approximately 180 heads of households are on the transitional housing waiting list as of May 2008. This demand is a result of a severe lack of affordable housing stock. Without affordable housing, many Philadelphians and families are only one paycheck away from the experience of homelessness.

NUTRITION

Each year, the City of Philadelphia receives a grant from the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture to provide food to emergency housing, soup kitchens, and food cupboards. For FY08, the grant totals \$3.9 million. This grant is used to purchase food for 1.2 million meals provided by soup kitchens, 6 million meals provided by food cupboards, and 75-80 percent of food provided by the emergency housing.

- National Low Income Housing Coalition. Out of Reach 2003: America's Housing Wage Climbs. Retrieved on Feb. 14, 2005, from http://www.nlihc.org/oor2003/data.php?getstate=on&getmsa=on&msa%5B%5D=philade.
- Culhane, D. & Hillier, A. Closing the GAP: Housing (un)Affordability in Philadelphia. Cartographic Modeling Laboratory, University of Pennsylvania. March, 2003.

TABLE 1.23 SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED HOUSING NEEDS*

Housing	Needs (house	eholds)	Inc	ome C	ategor	ies
			0-30%	31-	50%	51-80%
		Cost Burden > 30%	18,854	7	,384	3,905
	Small	Cost Burden > 50%	15,497		,678	279
	Related	Substandard	3,874		,678	2,091
		Overcrowded	774		335	418
Renter		Cost Burden > 30%	7,112	ı	,737	387
	Large	Cost Burden > 50%	5,215		270	0
	Related	Substandard	1,422		579	580
		Overcrowded	4,874	ı	,637	2,707
		Cost Burden > 30%	15,289	6	,051	3,130
		Cost Burden > 50%	11,576	2	,773	652
	Elderly	Substandard	3,276	I	,260	978
	1	Overcrowded	655		250	195
		Cost Burden > 30%	43,438	15	,802	10,750
Owner		Cost Burden > 50%	25,696	4	,078	1,535
		Substandard	9,177	7	,646	11,519
		Overcrowded	2,080	I	,733	2,707
Non-Hom	eless Spec	ial Needs	Estimated F	Popula	tion an	d Needs
			Est. Populat	ion	Est.	Housing Needs
Persons W	ith AIDS (PM	ISA)	5,185			2,380
Persons W	ith HIV (PMS	5A)	20,000			8,000
Frail Elder	·ly		22,715			16,000
Persons W	ith Disabilitie	es	264,000			65,300
Mental He	alth/Mental F	Retardation	89,700			6,100
Substance	Abuse		N/A			3,800

^{*}Housing needs are based on 1990 Census data as provided in the CHAS Databook. PHDC's estimate that 15 percent of all owner-occupied units are substandard was used to estimate the incidence of substandard housing. Estimates of overcrowding were derived from 1990 Census data. Estimates of non-homeless special-needs population and housing needs are derived from information gathered from various public and private agencies as identified in the text.

Inventory of Facilities and Services for the Homeless and Persons Threatened With Homelessness

FACILITIES PROVIDING OVERNIGHT ACCOMMODATIONS; ASSOCIATED SERVICES

Shelters

Emergency shelter is defined as temporary housing for homeless individuals and families. Nonprofit partners, faith-based organizations and personal care boarding home providers provide emergency shelter. OSH has primary responsibility for Philadelphia's homeless program. OSH purchase-of-service contracts fund most shelter beds in Philadelphia. The City-funded shelter system includes 30 sites to shelter 2,001 persons each night. According to OSH data, the average length of stay in emergency shelter is three to six months for adults without children and six to 12 months for families.

In the past year, Philadelphia has made great strides in implementing its initiative to shift resources away from emergency responses to homelessness and instead focusing efforts toward more permanent solutions. Due to this change in focus, the City's emergency shelter system was reduced nearly 10 percent.

Shelters that are not under contract with OSH are funded primarily with private resources, perform their own intake and arrange independently for the delivery of services.

Transitional Housing

Transitional Housing is defined as time-limited (up to 24 months) housing with supportive services for homeless individuals and families, and is viewed as a bridge between Emergency Shelter and Permanent Housing. Transitional Housing is primarily provided by non-profit partners and faith-based organizations.

Rental Assistance

In 1988 the City created the Philadelphia Transitional Housing Program, formerly known as the Voucher Program. The current fiscal year funding for the program is provided through a combination of City operating funds, state Homeless Assistance Program (HAP) funds and federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and HOME program funds. The program provides housing counseling and temporary rental subsidies to facilitate clients' transition from shelter into mainstream housing. The program operates in a manner consistent with the Section 8 rental assistance program. The participation period is 12 months which may be extended to 24 months. During this period clients receive case management/counseling services to help them maintain independent living and prepare for permanent mainstream housing.

SHELTERS
E MERGENCY
RY CHART:
INVENTOR
Housing

					HUD	All Ye	ear-Roun	All Year-Round Beds/Units	Total	Total	
Program Information		Inventory	Target Po	Target Population	McKinney-	Family	Family	Individual	Year-Round	Seasonal	0/0
Provider	Facility Name	type	A	В	Vento funding?	Beds	Units	Beds	Beds	Beds	Beds
ACTS Christian Transitional Services	ACTS-Master	O	HC		No	120	40	0	120	0	0
ADCM/Somerset	Somerset Men's Low Demand Engagement	O	SM		No	0	0	108	108	0	10
ADCM/Somerset	Somerset Men's Winter Initiative	C	SM		No	0	0	0	0	99	0
ADCM/Somerset	Somerset Women's Initiative Program	O	SF		No	0	0	99	99	0	12
Baptist Children's Services	RHYA Rosenberger Emergency Shelter	O	YMF		No	0	0	4	4	0	0
Bethesda Project	Old First Reformed Church Winter Shelter	O	SM		No	0	0	0	0	30	0
Bethesda Project	Old First Reformed Church Winter Shelter	z	SM		No	0	0	0	0	5	0
Bethesda Project	Our Brother's Place	O	SM		Yes	0	0	150	150	0	0
Bethesda Project	St. Mary's Church	C	SM		No	0	0	27	27	0	0
Bethesda Project	St. Mary's Church	z	SM		No	0	0	2	2	0	0
Bethesda Project	Trinity Memorial Church Winter Shelter	O	SM		No	0	0	0	0	22	0
Catholic Social Services	Good Shepherd	O	SM		No	0	0	12	12	0	0
Catholic Social Services	McAuley House	O	SF		No	0	0	9	9	0	0
Catholic Social Services	St. John's Hospice	O	SM		No	0	0	40	40	0	0
Covenant House Pennsylvania	Covenant House - PA Crisis Center	O	YMF		No	11	5	40	51	0	10
Darin Moletta	Moletta II	O	SM		No	0	0	12	12	0	0
Darin Moletta	Moletta Personal Care	C	SF		No	0	0	12	12	0	0
Episcopal Community Services	St. Barnabas Mission	O	HC		No	100	38	0	100	0	20
Love and Care	Darlene Morris-616	O	НС		No	18	4	0	18	0	0
Love and Care	Darlene Morris-618	S	НС		No	18	4	0	18	0	0
Love and Care	Darlene Morris-620	U	HC HC		No	18	4	0	18	0	0

Youth males & females

VET YF YMF

Youth males

SMHC Single male & households with children SMF+HC Single male & female+households with children

Single males and females

SM SMF SMHC

Single female & households with children

Single males

HIV/AIDS populations only Single females

HIV SF

> Couples only, no children Domestic Violence victims only

CO AN

Households with children

Under development

KEY: Target Population A and B

KEY: Inventory type
C Current Inventory
N New Inventory

Veterans only Youth females

HOUSING INVENTORY CHART: EMERGENCY SHELTERS

					HUD	All Ye	ear-Round	All Year-Round Beds/Units	Total	Total	
Program Information		Inventory	Target Po	Target Population	McKinney-	Family	Family	Individual	Year-Round	Seasonal	NO
Provider	Facility Name	type	А	В	Vento funding?	Beds	Units	Beds	Beds	Beds	Beds
Love and Care	Darlene Morris-622	C	ЭН		No	24	2	0	24	0	0
Lutheran Settlement House	Jane Addams	Z	HC		No	82	29	0	82	0	0
Mary Perkins	Perkins-2101 W Tioga	C	SMF		No	0	0	35	35	0	0
Mt. Airy Bethesda, Inc.	Stenton Family Manor	O	НС		No	200	09	0	200	0	30
Northwest Philadelphia Interfaith Hospitality Network (NPIHN)	NHIMN	S	ЭH		No	17	5	0	17	0	0
Office of Supportive Housing	Fernwood	O	SFHC		No	0	0	0	0	0	50
One Day at a Time (ODAAT)	ODAAT-15	C	00		No	0	0	10	10	0	0
People's Emergency Center	People's Emergency Center	С	SFHC		No	59	18	1	09	0	0
Philadelphia Brotherhood Rescue Mission	Emergency Shelter	O	SM		No	0	0	100	100	0	0
Project HOME	St. Elizabeth's Recovery Residence	С	SM		No	0	0	7	7	0	0
RHD.	Ridge Center	C	SM		Yes	0	0	340	340	0	0
RHD.	Woodstock Family Center	С	SFHC		No	202	09	8	210	0	10
SELF, Inc.	Erie House	С	SF		Yes	0	0	25	25	0	0
SELF, Inc.	Finnegan Recreational Center	O	SM		No	0	0	0	0	45	0
SELF, Inc.	Mantua Recreation Center	C	SM		No	0	0	0	0	50	0
SELF, Inc.	Outley House	O	SM		Yes	0	0	200	200	0	40
SELF, Inc.	Sheila Dennis House	C	SF		Yes	0	0	66	66	0	31
SELF, Inc.	Susquehanna House Shelter	O	SF		Yes	0	0	22	22	0	0
Soldiers of the Lord	Emergency Shelter	O	SM		No	0	0	24	24	0	0
Sunday Breakfast Rescue Mission	Men's Shelter	C	SM		No	0	0	240	240	0	26
The Salvation Army	Eliza Shirley	O	SFHC		No	81	26	19	100	0	20
The Salvation Army	Salvation Army-Red Shield	C	HC		No	119	41	0	119	0	0
The Veterans Group	Emergency Shelter	O	SM		No	0	0	45	45	0	0
Traveler's Aid Society of Philadelphia	Kirkbride	C	HC		Yes	305	75	0	305	0	0
					•						

HOUSING INVENTORY CHART: EMERGENCY SHELTERS

					HUD	All Ye	ar-Round	All Year-Round Beds/Units	Total	Total	
Program Information		Inventory	Target Population	pulation	McKinney-	Family	Family	Individual	Year-Round	Seasonal	NO
Provider	Facility Name	type	A	В	Vento funding?	Beds	Units	Beds	Beds	Beds	Beds
Traveler's Aid Society of Philadelphia	Lead Abatement Strike Team	S	НС		No	78	14	0	78	0	0
Traveler's Aid Society of Philadelphia	Lead Abatement Strike Team	z	HC.		No	18	3	0	18	0	0
Traveler's Aid Society of Philadelphia	New Keys	O	SMF		No	0	0	4	4	0	0
Trevor's Campaign	Trevor's Place	O	SFHC		No	89	28	—	69	0	0
Women Against Abuse	Emergency Shelter	O	SFHC	DV	Yes	55	18	6	64	0	0
Women Against Abuse	Emergency Shelter - Expansion	Z	SFHC	DV	No	25	12	1	36	0	0
Youth Service, Inc.	Youth Emergency Service	U	YMF		No	0	0	24	24	0	0

Total Year-Round Beds - Individuals	
1. Current Year-Round Individual Emergency Shelter (ES) Beds	1706
2. Number of DV Year-Round Individual ES Beds	20
Subtotal, Non-DV Year-Round Individual ES Beds	1686
3. New Year-Round Individual ES beds	16
4. Under Development Year-Round Individual Beds	0
Total Year Round Individual Emergency Shelter Beds in HMIS	1155
HMIS Bed Coverage: Individual Emergency Shelter Beds	%69

Total Year-Round Beds - Families	
5. Current Year-Round Family Emergency Shelter (ES) Beds:	1618
6. Number of DV Year-Round Family ES Beds:	80
Subtotal, non-DV Year-Round Family ES Beds	1538
7. New Year-Round Family ES Beds	125
8. Under Development Year-Round Family ES Beds	0
Total Year-Round Family Emergency Shelter Beds in HMIS	1414
HMIS Bed Coverage: Family Emergency Shelter Beds	92%

KEY: Inventory type	KEY: Target Population A and B	ΑIN	HIV/AIDS populations only	SM	Single males	VET	Veterans only
in the control of	acaplida on vino colonio O	SF	Single females	SMF	Single males and females	ΥF	Youth females
C Callent Inventory	CO Couples only, no china en	SFHC	SFHC Single female & households	SMHC	Single male & households with children	YMF	Youth males & females
IN New IIIVellioly	DV DOMESTIC VIOLENCE VICINITS ONLY		with children	SME+HC	SME+HC Single male 8, female+households with children	X	Volith males
U Under development	HC Households with children					2	

HOUSING INVENTORY CHART: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING

					MUD	All Ye	ar-Roung	All Year-Round Beds/Units	Total	Total	
Program Information		Inventory	Target Population	pulation	McKinney-	Family	Family	Individual	Year-Round	Seasonal	0/0
Provider	Facility Name	type	Α	В	Vento funding?	Beds	Units	Beds	Beds	Beds	Beds
1260 Housing Development Corporation	Sheila Brown Women's Center	S	НС	DV	Yes	27	6	0	27		
AchieveAbility	AppleTree Housing	O	НС		Yes	76	19	0	76		
AchieveAbility	Haddington Housing Initiative	O	НС		Yes	73	21	0	73		
ActionAIDS, Inc.	Casa Nueva Vida	O	SFHC	HIV	Yes	19	œ	24	43		
ACTS Christian Transitional Services	ACTS Recovery	O	SF		No	0	0	21	21		
Asociacion Puertorriquenos en Marcha.	Abriendo Caminos	U	SFHC		Yes	104	40	42	146		
Bethesda Project	Sanctuary	O	SM		Yes	0	0	16	16		
Carson Valley Children's Aid	CVCA Transitional Housing Program	O	SFHC		Yes	10	2	8	18		
Catholic Social Services	Mercy Hospice	O	SFHC		No	14	9	37	51		
Catholic Social Services	Visitation Homes	U	НС		Yes	43	18	0	43		
Catholic Social Services	Women of Hope-Lombard	U	SF		No	0	0	24	24		
Catholic Social Services	Women of Hope-Vine	U	SF		No	0	0	22	22		
Citizens Acting Together Can Help, Inc.	Anna's House / Respite 2	O	SMF		No	0	0	16	16		
Citizens Acting Together Can Help, Inc.	Respite 1	O	SMF		No	0	0	25	25		
COMHAR	Frankford	O	SM		No	0	0	_	-		
Committee for Dignity and Fairness for the Homeless Housing Development, Inc	Dignity Core	O	SFHC		No	08	20	4	84		
Committee for Dignity and Fairness for the Homeless Housing Development, Inc.	Dignity II Transitional Housing	O	SFHC		Yes	63	14	2	92		
Committee for Dignity and Fairness for the Homeless Housing Development, Inc	Better Options for Self-Sufficiency (BOSS)	O	웃		Yes	33	∞	0	33		
Covenant House Pennsylvania	Rights of Passage	O	SMF		No	0	0	80	8		
Covenant House Pennsylvania	Rights of Passage	n	SMF		No	0	0	10	10		
Drueding Center	Project Rainbow	O	НС		Yes	81	30	0	81		
Fresh Start Foundation	Fresh Start I	O	SM		No	0	0	9	9		
Fresh Start Foundation	Fresh Start II	U	SM		No	0	0	6	6		

Housing
RANSITIONAL
CHART: 7
INVENTORY
Housing

					HUD	All Y	ear-Round	All Year-Round Beds/Units	Total	Total	
Program Information		Inventory	Target Po	Target Population	McKinney-	Family	Family	Individual	Year-Round	Seasonal	NΟ
Provider	Facility Name	type	Α	В	Vento funding?	Beds	Units	Beds	Beds	Beds	Beds
Fresh Start Foundation	Fresh Start III	О	SMF		No	0	0	6	6		
Fresh Start Foundation	Fresh Start V	C	SM		No	0	0	15	15		
Friends Rehabilitation Program, Inc.	FRP SRO	C	SF		No	0	0	23	23		
Friends Rehabilitation Program, Inc.	FRP THP	O	SFHO		No	430	114	_	431		
Gaudenzia Foundation, Inc.	Clearfield Place	n	SM		No	0	0	45	45		
Gaudenzia Foundation, Inc.	Focus House	U	SM		No	0	0	11	#		
Gaudenzia Foundation, Inc.	Joy of Living	O	SMF		No	0	0	20	20		
Gaudenzia Foundation, Inc.	New Beginnings	S	SMF		No	0	0	18	18		
Gaudenzia Foundation, Inc.	Outreach II Transitional Living Program	С	SFHC		No	64	23	7	71		
Gaudenzia Foundation, Inc.	Progress House	C	SMF		No	0	0	22	22		
Germantown YMCA	Penn Free	O	SM		No	0	0	45	45		
HELP Development Corporation	HELP Philadelphia	U	НС		Yes	200	20	0	200		
Horizon House	42nd	U	SMF		No	0	0	16	16		
Horizon House	Chelten	O	SF		No	0	0	4	4		
Horizon House	Chester Manor	C	SMF		No	0	0	18	18		
Horizon House	Mifflin	O	SM		No	0	0	8	8		
Horizon House	Old York	U	SMF		No	0	0	10	10		
Horizon House	Prepare	O	НС		No	208	09	0	208		
Horizon House	Randolph	O	SMF		No	0	0	19	19		
Horizon House	Supports to Achieve Self-Sufficiency	O	SMF		Yes	0	0	20	20		
Impact Services Corporation	Expansion of Dual Diagnosis Program	n	SM	VET	No	0	0	32	32		
Impact Services Corporation	HomeBase	U	SMF	VET	Yes	0	0	59	59		
KEY: Inventory type KEY: Tai	KEY: Taraet Population A and B HIV HIV/	HIV/AIDS populations only	ons only	SM	Single males				VET	Veterans only	_
) J.C. (1-1-1-1-1)	- SF	Single females		SMF		and female	S		YF	Youth females	
	Couples only, no children SFHC Singl Domestic Violence victims only with	Single female & households with children	nseholds	SMHC	9	& household	s with chil	dren	YMF	Youth males & females	emales
U Under development HC Hc	Households with children			SMF+HC	HC Single male & female+households with children	& temale+ho	nseholds	with children	M.	Youth males	

Under development

HOUSING INVENTORY CHART: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING

					HUD	All Ye	ar-Rounc	All Year-Round Beds/Units	Total	Total	
Program Information		Inventory	Target Pc	Target Population	McKinney-	Family	Family	Individual	Year-Round	Seasonal	NO
Provider	Facility Name	type	A	В	Vento funding?	Beds	Units	Beds	Beds	Beds	Beds
Impact Services Corporation	Independence Zone	O	SMF	VET	No	0	0	4	4		
Impact Services Corporation	Veteran Shared Housing Initiative	O	SM	VET	Yes	0	0	24	24		
Methodist Family Services of Philadelphia	Bridge House	U	SF		No	0	0	32	32		
Northeast Community Center for Mental Health and Mental Retardation	Roosevelt	C	SMF		No	0	0	6	6		
Northern Homes	Generations	n	НС		Yes	24	8	0	24		
Northwest Philadelphia Interfaith Hospitality Network	The Housing Initiative	z	НС		No	19	4	0	19		
Northwest Philadelphia Interfaith Hospitality Network	The Housing Initiative - Expansion	n	НС		No	7	—	0	7		
Northwestern Human Services	Douglas	U	SM		No	0	0	12	12		
Northwestern Human Services	Nicetown Manor	U	SMF		No	0	0	25	25		
One Day At A Time	Homeless Outreach - Safe Haven	U	SM		No	0	0	13	13		
One Day At A Time	Safe Haven	O	SM		No	0	0	25	25		
One Day At A Time	Women's Entry - Safe Haven	O	SF		No	0	0	15	15		
Overington House, Inc.	Overington House Transitional Housing	O	НС		Yes	39	13	0	39		
PA Community Real Estate Corp.	Homeless Diversion: Strengthening Commurities N	ities N	НС		No	17	9	0	17		
PA Community Real Estate Corp.	Homeless Diversion: Strengthening Communities - Expansion	ities - Expan	sion U	HC		No	125	44	0	125	
PA Community Real Estate Corp.	HTF Transitional Housing Program	z	НС		No	95	40	0	95		
People Acting to Help, Inc.	CRR & SRS	O	SF		No	0	0	6	6		
People's Emergency Center	3902 Transitional Housing	O	НС		Yes	38	1	0	38		
People's Emergency Center	Jobs Opportunities and Business Skills	O	НС		Yes	300	100	0	300		
People's Emergency Center	Rowan House	O	НС		Yes	75	26	0	75		
Philadelphia Health Management Corp.	Bridges Step-Down	O	SFHC		No	35	14	2	37		
Potters House Mission	Potters House	O	НС		No	15	9	0	15		
RHD.	Always Have A Dream	O	SM		No	0	0	45	45		
									-		

Housing Inventory	NTORY CHART: TRANSITIONAL		Housing							
					HUD	All Y	ear-Roun	All Year-Round Beds/Units	Total	Total
Program Information		Inventory	Target Po	Target Population	McKinney-	Family	Family	Individual	Year-Round	Seasonal OA
Provider	Facility Name	type	A	В	Vento funding?	Beds	Units	Beds	Beds	Beds Bed
RHD	Families in Transition	O	웃		No	98	30	0	98	
RHD	Family House NOW	C	НС		No	27	6	0	27	
RHD	First Step	C	NS		No	0	0	31	31	
RHD	Kailo Haven - Safe Haven	C	SMF		No	0	0	26	26	
RHD	Lacasa	C	SMF		No	0	0	24	24	
RHD	Misty Harbor	C	SMF		No	0	0	12	12	
RHD	New Start	n	SM		No	0	0	16	16	
RHD	Omni	C	SMF		No	0	0	25	25	
RHD	Opportunity Place	C	SM		No	0	0	18	18	
RHD	Progress Harbor	C	SMF		No	0	0	10	10	
RHD	Progress Haven - Safe Haven	C	SMF		No	0	0	10	10	
RHD	Progress Haven - Safe Haven (Expansion)	n) n	SMF		No	0	0	10	10	
RHD	RHD Cedar Park - Safe Haven	O	SF		No	0	0	22	22	
RHD	Wister	C	SMF		No	0	0	15	15	
RHD	Womanspace	С	SF		No	0	0	10	10	
Safetynet Foundation	Safety Net	C	SM		No	0	0	6	6	
SELF, Inc.	Charles Simpkins Recovery House	C	SF		No	0	0	25	25	
Self, Inc.	Safe Haven	D	SM		No	0	0	19	19	
SELF, Inc.	SELF Stepdown	O	SM		No	0	0	1	11	
SELF, Inc.	SELF, Inc. Transitional Housing	O	SMF		No	0	0	20	20	
Straight, Inc.	Straight I	O	SM		No	0	0	10	10	
		Felinge SCIV//III	vlao saoit	CM	Cipalo mal				VET	Worder Sucreto
C Current Inventory	Y: larget Population A and B Couples only, no children	Single females Single females Single female & households	nouseholds	SMF SMHC		Single males Single males and females Single male & households with children	es Ids with ch	lldren	YF	Veterans only Youth females Youth males & femal
U Under development	DV DUITESUC VIOLETCE VICINITS OF INTERPRETATION OFFICIAL	with children		SMF	SMF+HC Single mal	e & female+h	nouseholds	Single male & female+households with children	ΑM	Youth males

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					HUD	All Ye	ar-Round	All Year-Round Beds/Units	Total	Total	
Program Information		nventory	Target Population	pulation	McKinney-	Family	Family	Family Family Individual	Year-Round	Seasonal	NΟ
Provider	Facility Name	type	А	B	ento funding?	Beds	Units	Beds	Beds	Beds	Beds
Straight, Inc.	Straight II	U	SM		No	0	0	14	14		
Sunday Breakfast Rescue Mission	Wayne Hall	O	SFHC		No	30	10	3	33		
The Doe Fund	Ready, Willing & Able	O	SM		No	0	0	70	70		
The Mental Health Association of SE PA	Homeward Bound	С	SMF		No	0	0	20	20		
Traveler's Aid Society of Philadelphia	Families in Transition	O	НС		Yes	119	25	0	119		
Traveler's Aid Society of Philadelphia	Melville Way	O	НС		Yes	40	8	0	40		
Valley Youth House Committee, Inc.	Philadelphia Transitional Support Project	O	SFHC		Yes	20	10	20	70		
Women Against Abuse	Sojourner House	O	НС	DV	Yes	58y	12	0	58		
Women United Together	Women United Together	O	SF		No	0	0	23	23		

Total Year-Round Beds - Individuals	
1. Current Year-Round Individual Transitional Housing (TH) Beds	1263
2. Number of DV Year-Round Individual TH Beds	0
Subtotal, Non-DV Year-Round Individual TH Beds	1263
3. New Year-Round Individual TH Beds	0
4. Under Development Year-Round Individual Beds	132
Total Year Round Individual Transitional Housing Beds in HMIS	443
HMIS Bed Coverage: Individual Transitional Housing Beds	35%

Total Year-Round Beds - Families	
5. Current Year-Round Family Transitional Housing (TH) Beds	2538
6. Number of DV Year-Round Family TH Beds	85
Subtotal, non-DV Year-Round Family TH Beds	2453
7. New Year-Round Family TH Beds	131
8. Under Development Year-Round Family TH Beds	156
Total Year-Round Family Transitional Housing Beds in HMIS	2136
HMIS Bed Coverage: Family Transitional Housing Beds	87%

KEY: Inventory type	KEY: Target Population A and B	ΑII	HIV/AIDS populations only	SM	Single males	VET	Veterans only
Curront Invontory	acyplish on Mac solation	SF	Single females	SMF	Single males and females	ΥF	Youth females
C Callell Inventory	OV Democific Violence violence and	SFHC	S	SMHC	Single male & households with children	YMF	Youth males & females
IN INEW IIIVEIIIOLY	DV Domestic violence victims only		with children	CME+HC	SME+HC Single male 8 female-bouseholds with children	N>	Voluth males
U Under development	HC Households with children				Single mare & remare find ascholas with children	2	lodali liidica

HOUSING INVENTORY CHART: PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING

					HUD	All Y	ear-Round	All Year-Round Beds/Units	Total	Total	
Program Information		Inventory	Target P	Target Population	McKinney-	Family	Family	Individual	Year-Round	Seasonal	NO
Provider	Facility Name	type	Α	В	Vento funding?	Beds	Units	Beds	Beds	Beds	Beds
1260 Housing Development Corp.	4th Street ACCESS	С	SMF		No	0	0	24	0	24	
1260 Housing Development Corp.	Arch Shelter Plus Care	C	SMF		Yes	0	0	10	9	10	
1260 Housing Development Corp.	Center West/Walnut Access	C	SFHC		Yes	18	9	34	0	52	
1260 Housing Development Corp.	CTT SPC-scattered sites	C	SMF		Yes	0	0	20	8	20	
1260 Housing Development Corp.	HOPIN I	С	SFHC		Yes	97	25	51	0	148	
1260 Housing Development Corp.	HOPIN II	C	SFHC		Yes	90	20	40	0	130	
1260 Housing Development Corp.	HOPIN III	С	SMF		Yes	0	0	20	0	20	
1260 Housing Development Corp.	HOPIN IV	C	SMF		Yes	0	0	20	4	20	
1260 Housing Development Corp.	New Keys	C	SMF		Yes	0	0	35	35	35	
1260 Housing Development Corp.	Pennsgrove Permanent Housing	S	SMF		Yes	0	0	10	0	10	
1260 Housing Development Corp.	Reed/Preston Permanent Housing	C	SFHC		Yes	9	2	20	0	26	
1260 Housing Development Corp.	SAFE - Shelter Plus Care	С	HC		Yes	105	30	0	0	105	
1260 Housing Development Corp.	Thompson Street Permanent Housing	С	SMF		Yes	0	0	20	0	20	
AchieveAbility	Avondale (Spring Str.) Housing	C	HC		No	75	18	0	0	75	
AchieveAbility	Cecil Housing	Z	HC		Yes	42	11	0	0	42	
AchieveAbility	Haddington II	S	HC		No	115	28	0	0	115	
AchieveAbility	Ruby Housing	S	HC		No	49	11	0	0	49	
AchieveAbility	Scattered-Site Rentals	C	HC		No	46	12	0	0	46	
AchieveAbility	Von Louhr Apartments	C	HC		No	90	24	0	0	09	
AchieveAbility	Woodcrest	С	HC		No	46	11	0	0	46	
ActionAIDS, Inc.	Casa Nueva Vida	С	HC	HIV	Yes	9	3	0	0	9	
ActionAIDS, Inc.	Positive Living	S	SFHC	NH	Yes	16	7	13	2	29	
Asociacion Puertorriquenos en Marcha	Escalera	S	SMF		Yes	0	0	24	7	24	
Asociacion Puertorriquenos en Marcha	Hogar de Esperanza	C	SFHC	HIV	Yes	18	9	14	0	32	
Asociacion Puertorriquenos en Marcha	Hogareno	C	SFHC		Yes	46	13	10	3	26	
Asociacion Puertorriquenos en Marcha	Latino Homeless Services Initiative	S	SMF		Yes	0	0	24	7	24	
Bethesda Project	Bainbridge	C	SM		No	0	0	20	12	20	
Bethesda Project	Bethesda Bainbridge	O	SMF		Yes	0	0	5	-	2	
Bethesda Project	Dominic House	C	SMF		No	0	0	9	3	9	
Bethesda Project	N. Broad Street SRO	C	SMF		No	0	0	44	22	44	
					-						

HOUSING INVENTORY CHART: PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING

					HUD	All Ye	ear-Roun	All Year-Round Beds/Units	Total	Total	
Program Information		Inventory	Target Po	Target Population	McKinney-	Family	Family	Individual	Year-Round	Seasonal	NO
Provider	Facility Name	type	Α	В	Vento funding?	Beds	Units	Beds	Beds	Beds	Beds
Bethesda Project	Scattered Sites	S	SMF		Yes	0	0	18	16	18	
Bethesda Project	Spruce Street	C	SF		No	0	0	13	9	13	
Calcutta House	Independence Place (I & II)	С	SMF	HIV	Yes	0	0	6	4	9	
Calcutta House	Serenity Court	C	SMF	HIV	Yes	0	0	9	9	6	
City of Philadelphia & PHA	Blueprint Partnership	C	HC		No	1020	340	0	0	1020	
City of Philadelphia & PHA	Blueprint Partnership	П	SFHC		No	909	300	200	150	800	
COMHAR	COMHAR HSP	C	SMF		No	0	0	1	0		
COMHAR	COMPASS I	C	SMF	HIV	Yes	0	0	21	4	21	
COMHAR	HUD Bldg	С	SMF		No	0	0	1	0	1	
COMHAR	SHP-2 - Supported Independent Living	C	SMF		Yes	0	0	42	9	42	
Committee for Dignity and Fairness for the Homeless Housing Development, Inc.	Enhanced Services Project (ESP)	O	SFHC		Yes	105	26	6	7	114	
Covenant House Pennsylvania	Rights of Passage Apartment Living	С	SMF		No	0	0	3	0	3	
Episcopal Community Services	FAST Housing	O	HC		Yes	147	42	0	0	147	
Family Planning Council, Inc.	Family Planning/Circle of Care Supportive Housing for Persons with Disabilities	O	SFHC	HIV	Yes	25	7	11	0	36	
Friends Rehabilitation Program, Inc.	Assisted Living Project I	C	SFHC	HIV	Yes	20	9	4	0	24	
Friends Rehabilitation Program, Inc.	Assisted Living Project II	O	SFHC	HIV	Yes	35	12	3	2	38	
Gaudenzia Foundation, Inc.	Gaudenzia-Tioga Arms	C	HC		Yes	57	22	0	0	57	
Germantown Settlement / Community Ventures	A Step Ahead / My Place Germantown	n	SM		Yes	0	0	12	4	12	
Germantown YMCA	Germantown "Y" Residential Enterprise Progr	am C	SM		No	0	0	83	0	83	
Hall-Mercer Community	SPC1	S	SFHC		No	7	2	21	0	28	
Horizon House	HHHSP	C	SMF		No	0	0	16	0	16	
Horizon House	Home First	C	SMF		Yes	0	0	70	70	70	
Horizon House	Permanent Housing Initiative Program	O	SMF		Yes	0	0	29	0	29	
Horizon House	New Keys	C	SMF		Yes	0	0	25	25	25	
Horizon House	SWO	C	SMF		No	0	0	35	0	35	
Horizon House, Inc.	Welcome Home	Z	SMF		Yes	0	0	09	09	09	
Methodist Family Services of Philadelphia	Fresh Start	z	SFHC		Yes	12	9	5	0	17	

Housing
SUPPORTIVE
PERMANENT
CHART:
INVENTORY
Housing

					HUD	All Y	ear-Roun	All Year-Round Beds/Units	Total	Total	
Program Information		Inventory	Target Po	Target Population	McKinney-	Family	Family	Individual	Year-Round	Seasonal	NO
Provider	Facility Name	type	А	В	Vento funding?	Beds	Units	Beds	Beds	Beds	Beds
Methodist Family Services of Philadelphia	Monument Village	Э	НС		Yes	150	30	0	0	150	
PA Community Real Estate Corp.	Mental Health, Drug and Alcohol, Efficiencies	C	SFHC	HIV	Yes	29	10	65	0	94	
PA Community Real Estate Corp.	Reunification Programs	O	유		Yes	263	61	0	0	263	
People's Emergency Center	Bernice Elza Homes	Π	HC		Yes	15	9	0	0	15	
People's Emergency Center	Cloisters III	Z	HC		Yes	35	10	0	0	35	
People's Emergency Center	Fattah Homes I	N	HC		Yes	28	9	0	0	28	
People's Emergency Center	Imani Homes II	C	HC		Yes	17	9	0	0	17	
People's Emergency Center	Imani Homes III	С	HC		Yes	23	9	0	0	23	
People's Emergency Center	Imani Homes IV	C	HC		Yes	31	8	0	0	31	
People's Emergency Center	Imani Homes V	Э	HC		Yes	45	11	0	0	45	
People's Emergency Center	Imani II - leasing	С	HC		Yes	4	1	0	0	4	
People's Emergency Center	People's Emergency Center- Permanent Hous	ing C	HC		No	40	6	0	0	40	
Philadelphia Veterans Multi-Service & Education Center	Freedom's Gate	O	SMF	VET	Yes	0	0	30	2	30	
Philadelphia Veterans Multi-Service & Education Center	Philadelphia Veteran Home Project	n	SM	VET	Yes	0	0	10	1	10	
Project H.O.M.E.	1515 Fairmount Avenue	Э	SMF		No	0	0	48	19	48	
Project H.O.M.E.	1523 Fairmount Avenue	C	SMF		Yes	0	0	9	_	9	
Project H.O.M.E.	Hope Haven I	C	SM		Yes	0	0	10	0	10	
Project H.O.M.E.	Hope Haven II	O	SM		Yes	0	0	10	3	10	
Project H.O.M.E.	In Community/The Crossing/St. Elizabeth's	O	SMF		Yes	0	0	45	26	45	
Project H.O.M.E. Homeless Men & Women	Job Readiness & Supportive Services for	O	SMF+HC	HC		Yes	236	39	133	133	369
Project H.O.M.E. Homeless Men & Women	Job Readiness & Supportive Services for	Z	SMF		Yes	0	0	102	102	102	
Project H.O.M.E.	Kairos House	O	SMF		Yes	0	0	36	13	36	

Α	KEY: Inventory type	KEY	KEY: Target Population A and B	ΑH	HIV/AIDS populations only	SM	Single males	VET	Veterans only
рре	ractacy of Incomi	5	acaplida on Mac solution	SF	Single females	SMF	Single males and females	ΥF	Youth females
end		3 2	Couples Unity, Ito crimateri Democtic Violence viotimo	SFHC	SFHC Single female & households	SMHC	Single male & households with children	YMF	Youth males & fema
ix	IN INEW IIIVEIIIOIY	2	Domestic violence victims only		with children	CMI. INC	Cinalo malo 9 fomalo boucabalde with abildran	N/	Voluth moloc
83	U Under development	HC	Households with children			SIVIL +ITIC	oni telo ongle male a lemaletiousemons will cimulem	2	TOURT HINDRES

HOUSING
SUPPORTIVE
PERMANENT
CHART:
INVENTOR
Housing

lix 8						HUD	All Y	ear-Roun	All Year-Round Beds/Units	Total	Total	
	Program Information		Inventory	Target P	Target Population	McKinney-	Family	Family	Individual	Year-Round	Seasonal	NO
	Provider	Facility Name	type	А	В	Vento funding?	Beds	Units	Beds	Beds	Beds	Beds
	Project H.O.M.E.	Rowan Homes Diamond	C	HC		Yes	56	7	0	0	56	
	Project H.O.M.E.	Rowan Homes Judson	C	HC		Yes	180	30	0	0	180	
	Project H.O.M.E.	St. Columba's	C	SM		Yes	0	0	15	15	15	
	Raise of Hope	Belfield Avenue Townhomes	Э	유		Yes	18	က	0	0	18	
	Resources for Human Development	Blvd Apts	C	SMF		No	0	0	8	0	8	
	Resources for Human Development	Endow-a-Home	C	HC		No	160	45	0	0	160	
	Resources for Human Development	Project Advantage	O	SF		Yes	0	0	12	12	12	
	Resources for Human Development	SALT: Supported Adult Living Teams	O	SMF		Yes	0	0	21	21	21	
	Salvation Army	Reed House and Mid-City Apartments	C	SFHC		Yes	36	12	56	22	92	
	Salvation Army	Reed House and Mid-City Apartments	z	SF		Yes	0	0	58	58	58	
	Traveler's Aid Society of Philadelphia	Chestnut Manor Project	C	SFHC		Yes	10	2	8	4	18	
	Volunteers of America Delaware Valley, Inc.	Station House Supportive Housing	C	SMF		Yes	0	0	108	28	108	
	West Allegheny	Hancock Manor	O	HC		Yes	41	14	0	0	41	
	Women of Excellence	Project Restoration	П	SF		Yes	0	0	14	14	14	
	Women's Community Revitalization Project Karen Donnally Townhomes	t Karen Donnally Townhomes	C	HC		No	17	2	0	0	17	
	Women's Community Revitalization Project New Neighbors	t New Neighbors	O	HC		Yes	70	18	0	0	70	
_												

Total Year-Round Beds - Families	5. Current Year-Round Family Permanent Housing (PH) Beds:	6. Number of DV Year-Round Family PH Beds:	Subtotal, non-DV Year-Round Family PH Beds	7. New Year-Round Family PH Beds	8. Under Development Year-Round Family PH Beds	Total Year-Round Family PH Beds in HMIS	HMIS Bed Coverage: Family PH Beds
	1720	0	1720	225	236	1365	%6L

1958

PH Beds PH Beds PH Beds Idual Beds A HMIS	Total Year-Round Beds - Individuals	
PH Beds PH Beds vidual Beds n HMIS	1. Current Year-Round Individual Permanent Housing (PH) Beds	1720
PH Beds vidual Beds n HMIS	2. Number of DV Year-Round Individual PH Beds	0
vidual Beds n HMIS 1	Subtotal, non-DV Year-Round Individual PH Beds	1720
	3. New Year-Round Individual PH beds	225
	4. Under Development Year-Round Individual Beds	236
	Total Year Round Individual PH Beds in HMIS	1365
	HMIS Bed Coverage: Individual PH Beds	%6/

HOUSING INVENTORY CHART: SAFE HAVEN HOUSING

						HUD	All Ye	ar-Round	All Year-Round Beds/Units	Total	Total	
Program Information		Inver	tory	Target Po	onlation	nventory Target Population McKinney-	Family	Family	Family Family Individual Year-Round	Year-Round	Seasonal	NΟ
Provider	Facility Name	ty	type	A	В	Vento funding?	Beds	Beds Units	Beds	Beds	Beds	Beds
Bethesda Project	\$afe Haven- My Brother's House	O	SM		Yes	0 s	0	20	20			
Project HOME	St. Columba's C SM		Yes	0	0	25	25					
Project HOME	Women of Change C	SF		Yes	0	0	25	25				

Total Year-Round Beds - Individuals	
1. Current Year-Round Individual Safe Haven (SH) Beds	70
2. Number of DV Year-Round Individual SH Beds	0
Subtotal, non-DV Year-Round Individual SH Beds	70
3. New Year-Round Individual SH beds	0
4. Under Development Year-Round Individual Beds	0
Total Year Round Individual SH Beds in HMIS	70
HMIS Bed Coverage: Individual SH Beds	100%

Total Year-Round Beds - Families	
5. Current Year-Round Family Save Haven (SH) Beds:	0
6. Number of DV Year-Round Family SH Beds:	0
Subtotal, non-DV Year-Round Family SH Beds	0
7. New Year-Round Family SH Beds	0
8. Under Development Year-Round Family SH Beds	0
Total Year-Round Family SH Beds in HMIS	0
HMIS Bed Coverage: Family SH Beds	

KEY: Inventory type	KEY: Target Population A and B	AIIA	HIV/AIDS populations only	SM	Single males	VET	Veterans only
		SF	Single females	SMF	Single males and females	ΥF	Youth females
	CO Couples only, no children	CELIC	Cinalo fomalo 9 hausobaldo	CHMO	-	VAME	Voluth major 9 formation
N New Inventory	DV Domestic Violence victims only	JUL	STILL SINGLE FEILIGIE & HOUSEHOURS	SIMIC	Single Indie & Households With Children	1 1/11	
			with children	CMETHU	SME+HC Single male 8, female+households with children	>	Vouth males
U Under development	HC Households with children					2	

MINORITY BENEFIT

It is impossible to predict in advance exactly who will benefit from any project, since many programs are client-driven, and in others, homebuyers or renters are not selected in advance of project completion. A very good sense of the impact of the CDBG and other programs on minorities can be gained by looking at the record of recent beneficiaries of the program, however. It is anticipated that the demographics of beneficiaries in Year 34 will be similar to those served in prior years. No cross tabulation of beneficiaries by race by council district is available.

As the following data demonstrates, minorities are the primary beneficiaries of the CDBG and related programs.

The following information is the most recent available for the major housing programs. HUD does not recognize Hispanic or Latino as a racial reporting category. Many Latinos are reported under the category "other/more than one race."

HEATER HOTLINE

Year 34, 1st Two Quarters - Service calls completed:

Race N	umber	Percentage
White	241	11%
Black	1,805	80%
Asian	0	0%
Native American	2	<1%
Other/more than one race	199	9%
Total	2,247	

BASIC SYSTEMS REPAIR PROGRAM - TIER I

Year 34, 1st Two Quarters - Cases completed:

Race	Number	Percentage
White	32	11%
Black	219	74%
Asian	1	<1%
Native American	0	0%
Other/more than one ra	ce 46	15%
Total	298	

BASIC SYSTEMS REPAIR PROGRAM - TIER II

Year 34, 1st Two Quarters - Cases completed:

Race N	umber	Percentage
White	56	5%
Black	891	85%
Asian	I	<1%
Native American	4	1%
Other/more than one race	92	9%
Total	1,044	

Housing Counseling

Year 34, 1st Two Quarters - Counseling sessions provided:

Race N	lumber	P ercentage
White	1,838	28%
Black	3,935	62%
Asian	120	2%
Native American	2	<1%
Other/more than one race	e 494	8%
Total	6,389	

SETTLEMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Year 34, 1st Two Quarters - Grants provided:

Race I	Number	Percentage
White	38	9%
Black	220	52%
Asian	17	4%
Native American	2	<1%
Other/more than one rac	e 148	35%
Total	425	

NEIGHBORHOOD-BASED RENTAL HOUSING

Year 34, 1st Two Quarters - Tenants at initial lease up:

Race	Number	Percentage
White	18	75%
Black	2	8%
Asian	0	0%
Native American	0	0%
Other/more than one rac	ce 4	17%
Total	24	

Neighborhood-Based Homeownership

Year 34, 1st Two Quarters - Homebuyers:

Race	Number	Percentage	
White	0	0%	
Black	17	65%	
Asian	1	4%	
Native American	0	0%	
Other/more than one rad	ce 8	31%	
Total	26		_

Homeownership Rehabilitation Program (HRP)

Year 34, 1st Two Quarters: Homebuyers:

Race	Number	P ercentage
White	3	16%
Black	9	47%
Asian	1	5%
Native American	0	0%
Other/more than one ra	ce 6	32%
Total	19	

PHIL LOAN PROGRAM

Year 34, 1st Two Quarters - Loans settled:

Race	Number	Percentage
White	30	45%
Black	35	52%
Asian	1	1%
Native American	0	0%
Other/more than one rad	ce I	1%
Total	67	

Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS

Year 33* - Persons housed through rental assistance, emergency grants or residence in a facility:

Race	Number	Percentage
White	192	13%
Black	1,034	72%
Asian	I	<1%
Native American	I	<1%
Other	210	15%
Total	1,438	

Ethnicity	Number	Percentage
Hispanic	178	12%
Non-Hispanic	1,260	88%
Total	1.438	

*HOPWA also reports Hispanic/Non-Hispanic separately from racial categories

Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS

While old houses in general contain lead, deteriorated old houses are most likely to have lead in a form that endangers the occupants. In itself, the mere presence of lead-based paint is not necessarily hazardous. Children are poisoned by being exposed to lead, typically through ingestion of lead-containing interior surface dust. The level of lead in dust tends to be higher in houses that have not been well-maintained. Thus lead poisoning is most commonly observed in low-income areas where residents cannot afford regular maintenance.

The City reduced the permissible lead content of paint to 2 percent in 1966 but the use of some lead in paint did not end until 1978. More than 90 percent of all Philadelphia housing units were built before 1978. The CHAS Databook - a special tabulation prepared for HUD - showed approximately the following breakdown in 1990: 57 percent of the occupied units in Philadelphia built before 1978 were occupied by extremely low-, low- and moderateincome households. Except for units that have been completely abated (or rehabilitated) and cleared, all of these can be assumed to have some level of lead contamination. Of the occupied units built before 1960, which have the greatest potential hazards, 60 percent were occupied by extremely low-, low- and moderate-income households. By applying these ratios to 2000 Census data on occupied housing units, one can estimate that in 2000 approximately 310,000 households of moderate or lower income lived in pre-1978 housing and more than 250,000 such households lived in pre-1960 housing. Lead hazards are endemic in both owner-occupied and rental housing. In 1990, according to the CHAS Databook, more than three-fourths of the owner-occupied housing owned by households of moderate and lower income-and more than half of the rental housing occupied by such households-was built before 1960.

As some of the oldest and most deteriorated units have been demolished or abandoned since 1990, and

lead hazard abatement or interim control work has been performed in hundreds of others, the number of households exposed to serious and immediate lead hazards should now be somewhat lower than it was. Still, according to the "Scorecard" maintained by Environmental Defense and the Alliance to End Childhood Lead Poisoning, Philadelphia has more housing units with high-risk lead hazards than all but three other counties in the U.S. Thirteen percent of Philadelphia's housing units have a high risk of lead hazards.

RELOCATION PLAN

The Relocation Plan is administered by the Redevelopment Authority's Relocation Department.

The objectives of this Relocation Plan are to assure that displaced families and individuals have the full opportunity to move into decent, safe and sanitary housing, that the displacement of any business concerns be carried out with a minimum of hardship, and that they receive the full range of payments and benefits provided by law.

I. RESIDENTIAL

A. Determination of Relocation Needs

A survey of each family and individual whose living accommodation is to be acquired will be conducted prior to actual relocation to determine relocation needs. As soon as practical after approval of the redevelopment proposal, the relocation staff will conduct a 100-percent survey of site occupants for the purpose of obtaining information on family composition, housing needs and income, and to determine eligibility for low- and moderate-income housing. The total number of families and individuals to be displaced, their social and economic characteristics, and special problems is determined by these surveys.

Relocation staff will also determine relocation requirements of the site occupants, determining the relocation assistance which site occupants require, and deliver to the site occupants informational material which explains the relocation service which will be available.

B. Relocation Standards (Physical, Occupancy, and Ability to Pay)

I. Physical Standards

a. In the certifying that re-housing accommodations are decent, safe and sanitary, the Relocation Department uses the standards provided by the Housing Code of the City of Philadelphia. The standards and related regulations provided by

the Code establish minimum standards for basic equipment and facilities; for light, ventilation and heating; for space, use and location; for safe and sanitary maintenance; and for cooking equipment. The same standards apply to non-housekeeping units which may be occupied by individuals.

b. The Housing Code provides that the structural conditions of a dwelling or dwelling unit shall be in sound condition, including foundation, exterior walls and roof, interior walls and ceilings, floors, windows, doors, and stairs, and that they be substantially weathertight, watertight and rodentproof.

2. Occupancy Standards

The number of rooms to be occupied by families of various sizes for sleeping purposes will be determined by the floor-area requirements of the Housing Code and by age and sex of persons in a family. The same standards will apply to both single-family dwellings and apartments. Generally the bedroom requirements are estimated as follows:

No	o. of Persons in Family	Rooms Required
	1-2	1
	3-4	2
	5-6	3
	7-8	4
	9 or more	5 or more

3. Standards of Displacees' Ability-to-Pay for Housing

The Relocation Department makes determinations with respect to ability-to-pay for housing based primarily on family income. Units must be available at a rent or price within the financial means of the families and individuals. Amounts of rent which families and individuals can pay are estimated using family size and total income as guides. Gross rent-income ratio of 30 percent is used for families and individuals as a standard for determining gross rent-paying ability. This ratio varies according to family size and composition and family income.

For determinations relating to ability-to-purchase housing, income, assets and debts are evaluated in relation to monthly carrying costs (amortization, interest, taxes, insurance, utilities, fuel, reserves for repairs, maintenance and replacement), and the ability of the family to secure mortgage financing. As a general guide, the ratio between annual income and purchase price is about 2.25 times annual income.

The information booklet distributed to all site occupants specifically states that relocation housing should be within the occupant's ability to pay.

4. Location Standards

All housing to which displaces are referred will be reasonably accessible to places of employment and in areas generally not less desirable in regard to public utilities and public and commercial facilities.

C. Temporary Relocation

RDA does not anticipate the need for temporary relocation; however, residential site occupants will be temporarily relocated whenever it is necessary because of a declared national emergency, and/or if the continued occupancy constitutes a substantial danger to the health or safety of the occupants, and/or to effect monetary savings in project costs. However, no site occupant will be temporarily relocated into a facility which is less desirable in character than the housing unit vacated, and the temporary facility will be safe and habitable.

When temporary relocation is determined to be necessary, RDA will:

- 1. Take whatever steps are necessary to assure that the person is temporarily relocated to a decent, safe and sanitary dwelling; and
- 2. Pay the actual reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in moving to and from the temporarily occupied housing and any increase in rent and utility costs for such housing for a period not to exceed 12 months.
- 3. Make available to such person, as soon as feasible, at least one comparable replacement dwelling.

4. Inform the person of their continuing eligibility for relocation payments and other assistance for permanent relocation. The temporary relocation will in no way diminish the responsibility of the Relocation Department in obtaining permanent housing for the site occupants.

D. Relocation Assistance for Families and Individuals

I. RDA's Relocation Department will develop an informational program to advise site occupants of available relocation assistance and all pertinent information pertaining to the redevelopment of the site.

Informational pamphlets will be distributed to all site occupants stating:

- a. the purpose of the Relocation Program and the assistance available through the Relocation Department.
- b. the assurance that site occupants will not be required to move except on a temporary basis or for eviction reasons before they have been given an opportunity to obtain decent, safe and sanitary housing within their financial means.
- c. the fact that Federal Housing Administration (FHA) acquired properties are a relocation resource, a listing of these properties with size and price will be available for examination to assist interested site occupants in contacting agents.
- d. that site occupants may apply for public housing, if eligible, and cooperate with the Relocation Department in seeking their own standard, private re-housing accommodations when possible and notifying the office prior to moving.
- e. the standards for decent, safe, and sanitary housing.
- f. eviction policy.
- g. availability of Relocation Payments and that details are obtainable at the relocation office.
- h. address and hours of the relocation office.

2. Site occupants will be encouraged to make use of the relocation office for referrals to real estate firms for private rental units and to the Philadelphia Housing Authority (PHA) for public housing. Individuals and families who are apparently eligible for public housing will be informed of their priority as displaced persons and will be assisted in making income-housing assistance available. PHA informs the Relocation Department of the disposition of each referral, and those rejected for public housing and other low- and moderate-income housing assistance are then offered referral assistance in obtaining private rental housing.

Site occupants unable to obtain public housing or other low- and moderate-income housing assistance, or expressing a preference for relocation to private-rental housing, will be referred to vacancy listings maintained by the Relocation Department. Arrangements will be made for the inspection of the vacancy by the family or individual. If necessary, transportation will be provided for the inspection; and a member of the relocation staff will accompany the family or individual during the inspection. For those families and individuals interested in purchasing housing, information will be made available on builders or new housing under FHA-insured housing programs.

3. All housing to which displacees are referred, other than public housing and housing approved by FHA or VA mortgage insurance, will be inspected prior to referral to secure pertinent data on size and rent of the housing unit, and to insure that the housing unit is decent, safe and sanitary.

All dwellings of self-relocated site occupants will be inspected, if possible, prior to the move. If the dwelling is found to be unsatisfactory, the Relocation Department will offer the displaced person referrals to standard housing. If the displaced person moves to a substandard unit and declines the offer of a standard unit, the matter will be reported to the Department of Licenses and Inspections with the objective of bringing the unit into conformity with local codes.

4. The Relocation Department will attempt to trace site occupants who have disappeared from the project

area by using available sources for locating them such as employers, school registrations, social agencies, utility records and forwarded addresses left with the post office. When such site occupants are located, the above procedure will apply.

5. The provisions for low- and moderate-income housing assistance available through federal programs, including the additional benefits provided under Section 104 (d), if applicable, will be explained to interested families and individuals.

II. NON-RESIDENTIAL

A. Determination of Relocation Needs

A relocation worker will contact each commercial and industrial business concern and non-profit organization to determine relocation needs and to explain benefits available to assist their move.

Space needs and locational preference of business firms will be secured and efforts made to discover and prevent any special problems which could hinder the orderly relocation of business establishments from the project area.

B. Relocation Assistance for Business Concerns and Non-Profit Organizations

- I. The Relocation Department will distribute a business relocation pamphlet describing the redevelopment process and the manner in which it affects businesses to all concerned business owners in the project area. The Relocation Department will arrange meetings with business owners in the area to explain the program, answer questions, and in general to guide business firms in moving to a new location under the most advantageous conditions.
- 2. A relocation worker will personally call on the principal of all business concerns affected by the area program. This person will be liaison between business firms and other sections and divisions of RDA.
- 3. The Relocation Department maintains close contacts with real estate agents. Agents send in listings of commercial and industrial buildings available for rent or for sale. Arrangements will include provisions of

real estate agencies, brokers, and boards in or near the project area, to which business concerns may be referred for assistance in obtaining commercial space. These lists will be made available to business firms which must relocate.

4. Relocation payments will be made to eligible business concerns to cover moving expenses, any actual direct loss of property, and other benefits as set forth in regulations governing relocation payments.

III. RELOCATION RESOURCES

The primary resources available to displaced persons are the relocation benefits and services mandated by the Eminent Domain Code, as amended, of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. RDA, relying upon years of experience in administering an effective relocation program, will deliver to all displacees the relocation benefits and assistance provided under the law.

The Relocation Department will obtain assistance of professional residential, industrial and commercial realtors in the relocation process. Public, quasi-public and private organizations and agencies dedicated to helping individuals, families and businesses will be sought for their professional expertise, not only to identify suitable relocation sites, but also to provide management and financial assistance and advice, as needed.

The following agencies may be involved in providing relocation sites and financial assistance:

- Philadelphia Office of Housing and Community Development
- Philadelphia Housing Authority
- Philadelphia Housing Development Corporation
- Philadelphia Industrial Development Corporation
- Philadelphia Commercial Development Corporation
- Small Business Administration
- Philadelphia Department of Commerce

Number of Low/Moderate Housing and Occupied Units

From the 2000 Census Data

Council District*	Population	Housing Units	Occupied Units
I	154,441	75,091	66,411
2	135,425	63,475	54,524
3	154,572	66,505	56,748
4	146,317	66,764	60,493
5	141,109	71,628	58,293
6	177,511	72,038	68,111
7	162,380	63,984	57,293
8	153,857	67,571	59,705
9	159,116	60,495	55,829
10	132,822	54,407	52,664
City Total	1,517,550	661,958	590,071

[•] Council District prior to redistricting

Number and Percent of Low/Moderate Housing and Occupied Units and Age of Housing

From the 2000 Census Data

Council District*	Population	Low-Mod persons	% Low-mod in District	% of City's Low-Income	Housing Units	Aging** Homes	% Aging Homes in District	Overcrowded Units	%Overcrowded Units in District
1	154,441	97,250	63.0%	10.2%	75,091	48,796	65.0%	3,748	5.0%
2	135,425	120,922	89.3%	12.7%	63,475	31,148	49.1%	3,129	4.9%
3	154,572	105,185	68.0%	11.0%	66,505	36,123	54.3%	3,209	4.8%
4	146,317	79,648	54.4%	8.3%	66,764	28,612	42.9%	1,878	2.8%
5	141,109	97,749	69.3%	10.2%	71,628	31,842	44.5%	3,559	5.0%
6	177,511	91,600	51.6%	9.6%	72,038	17,923	24.9%	1,857	2.6%
7	162,380	115,790	71.3%	12.1%	63,984	22,968	35.9%	5,633	8.8%
8	153,857	94,583	61.5%	9.9%	67,571	33,912	50.2%	2,797	4.1%
9	159,116	95,279	59.9%	10.0%	60,495	21,021	34.7%	4,004	6.6%
10	132,822	55,933	42.1%	5.9%	54,407	3,860	7.1%	1,822	3.3%
City Total	1,517,550	953,939	62.86%	100.00%	661,958	244,953	37.0%	29,355	4.4%

^{*} Council District prior to redistricting

^{**} Homes built prior to 1940

SUBSTANTIAL AMENDMENT CONSOLIDATED PLAN 2008 ACTION PLAN FOR THE HOMELESS PREVENTION AND RAPID RE-HOUSING PROGRAM (HPRR)

The City of Philadelphia has been notified that it will receive funds through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) for Homeless Prevention Services. These funds are part of the Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) program of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. ESG is one of four HUD programs which are part of the City's annual Consolidated Plan. ESG funds are administered by the City's Office of Supportive Housing (OSH). The ESG funds made available under ARRA are made available for the Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Program (HPRR).

The City is proposing the following Substantial Amendment to the Year 34 Consolidated Plan to outline the activities which it intends to carry out using these funds. The amount of funds requested is \$21,486,240.

CITIZEN PARTICIPATION AND PUBLIC COMMENT

The Office of Supportive Housing (OSH) has engaged a host of public and private stakeholders to participate in a series of workgroups designed to receive input on program designs and implementation of the proposed homelessness prevention and rapid re-housing activities. Public and private stakeholders include the local McKinney Continuum of Care Strategic Planning Committee, homeless emergency, transitional and permanent housing providers, housing counseling agencies and private sector homeless advocates. Consistent with the City of Philadelphia's Office of Housing and Community Development's (OHCD)

Consolidated Plan and HUD Guidance on the HPRP program, proposed activities and allocation plans for each activity were advertised in four local newspapers and three city websites. The federal funding opportunity and proposed Homeless Prevention Plan was advertised and public comment solicited regarding the proposed activities and allocation of funds for a minimum of 12 days. In accordance with HUD guidance, OSH will review all public comments received and will provide a written response regarding acceptance or rejection of all comments related to the proposed activities on the designated city websites.

As outlined in the local Citizen Participation Plan, citizen participation is strongly encouraged. All meetings take place in accessible locations and access to information is available through the internet and newspapers.

Following the public comment period and workgroup committee input, OHCD will present a resolution to City Council for approval of this Substantial Amendment as an amendment to the Year 34 Consolidated Plan.

DISTRIBUTION AND ADMINISTRATION OF FUNDS

OSH will utilize a competitive Request for Proposal (RFP) process to solicit subgrantees for the homeless prevention, rapid re-housing and housing stabilization activities. Proposals will be evaluated and ranked by Review Committees comprised of public and private sector stakeholders. Each proposal will be reviewed for consistency with the RFP proposal and review criteria. All Review Committees will submit funding recommendations to the Director of OSH who will make the final subgrantee selections. It is anticipated that Request for Proposals will be issued for the following activities: Housing Prevention, Rapid Re-Housing and Housing Stabilization Services. Each subgrantee will receive a (1) one year contract for the proposed activities and will re-apply for funding each subsequent year.

Using the guidance of both the public comment and established Workgroups, OSH will also establish a Homeless Diversion program component to be administered by staff of the OSH and operated in conjunction with the City's existing centralized emergency housing (shelter) intake process for homeless families and single persons.

THE PROCESS

OSH intends to use the timeframe of June through mid-August to complete the Request For Proposals (RFPs) solicitation, review and selection process for subgrantees of the Housing Prevention, Rapid Re-Housing and Housing Stabilization Services. OSH will also establish the Homeless Diversion Program. All Homeless Prevention Program contracts with subgrantees will be completed and all components of the Plan will be initiated by no later than Sept. 30, 2009.

PLAN FOR ENSURING THE EFFECTIVE AND TIMELY USE OF HPRR GRANT FUNDS ON ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES

As required in the HUD Guidance, OSH plans to use a minimum of 60 percent of the funds within the first two years of the program. Allocations for each activity have been set to ensure that the majority of the funds will be expended timely. OSH will draw down 60 percent of its HPRR grant funds within two years of the date that HUD signs the grant agreement and 100 percent of funds within three years of this date. The grantee, OHCD will ensure that funds are drawn down quarterly in compliance with the Timeliness Standards, Section V, C of the HUD Guidance.

OSH has created a Homeless Prevention Program unit within the agency's structure using agency staff to administer and monitor the use of the HPRP funds. Dedicated staff will include a Homeless Prevention Project Director, Homeless Prevention

Program Reporting Manager, Program Monitor Analyst, Administrative Professional and Homeless Diversion program staff. OSH will directly perform Diversion activities and will monitor sub-grantees that will perform the Housing Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing activities. Through daily, weekly and monthly reporting in HMIS, OSH will collect data on use of funds and persons served. Through IDIS, payments and accomplishments will be reported. OSH will follow the requirements established by HUD through the Office of Management and Budget to prepare and submit quarterly and annual reports.

OSH will monitor internal programmatic activities and sub-grantee programmatic activities monthly to ensure that established goals for the number served and quarterly expenditures are met.

Finally, OSH is creating a series of assessment tools and internal reporting requirements to ensure:

- All three proposed activities including, Housing Prevention, Housing Diversion and Rapid Rehousing as described in this Substantial Amendment are performed in compliance with the HPRP guidelines
- Appropriate households that are in need of the funding or would otherwise become homeless, and those in emergency and transitional housing are served.
- Accurate assessments of the level of need are used and that linkages with all possible resources are made available to households served
- 4. All work is transparent and recorded in HMIS
- All follow up activities are completed timely in accordance with the HUD guidelines for short and medium term rental assistance.
- Households that are 50 percent or below area median income are served.
- Target populations are consistent with the Continuum of Care established in Philadelphia as recommended in the HUD Guidelines.

Monies are expended timely: 60 percent of funds are spent by year two and 100 percent of funds are spent by year three.

COLLABORATION WITH OTHER AGENCIES

Collaboration with local agencies receiving funds under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

The planning process includes identifying all local agencies that may receive American Recovery Funds and establish a linkage and collaboration to assist households with housing stability. All possible linkages will be made to assist households in housing retention and stability.

Collaboration with appropriate Continuum(s) of Care and mainstream resources regarding HPRP activities.

OSH will describe plans to collaborate within the Continuum of Care and mainstream resources as plans are developed through the public/private stakeholder process.

Use of Funds

HPRR grant funds for financial assistance and housing relocation/stabilization services will be used in a manner consistent with the *Consolidated Plan*. OSH proposes to utilize the funding as follows:

- A. Housing Prevention Citywide Community
 Based provide homeless prevention and retention
 assistance to low-moderate income city residents
 who have delinquencies in rent and utilities.
- B. Housing Counseling provide mortgage foreclosure counseling assistance to low- and moderateincome households.
- C. Housing Diversion Intake Center Based-conduct assessment and family remediation of families/persons requesting shelter placement to determine housing retention possibilities and provide: rental, utility and delinquency assistance, first month rent or security deposit assistance or short term (three months) or medium term (4-18 months) rental assistance to prevent homelessness. Both the Appletree Family and Ridge Center Single Intake Centers will have program components.
- D. OSH Philadelphia Emergency Relocation Assistance Program (PERA) – increase amount of funding for rent and utility delinquency assistance available to prevent homelessness to lowincome households. Provide 1st month, rent and security deposits for victims of cease operations, court eviction, PHA evictions and natural disasters.
- E. Rapid Re-Housing targeted to residents of cityfunded Emergency and Transitional Housing
 - provide rapid re-housing assistance: providing first month rent, security deposit and short term (three months) or medium term (4-18 months) rental assistance to families and single persons experiencing homelessness. Provide security deposit assistance to homeless families or single persons entering PHA housing voucher program. Provide medium term rental assistance to homeless single persons entering the Pathways Housing First program.

HPRR ESTIMATED BUDGET SUMMARY

	Homelessness Prevention (Includes Diversion)	Rapid Re-housing	Total Amount Budgeted
Financial Assistance	\$8,945,083	\$7,366,845	\$16,311,928
Housing Relocation & Stabilization Services ²	\$1,800,000	\$1,800,000	\$3,600,000
Subtotal	\$10,745,083	\$9,166,845	\$19,911,928
Data Collection & Evaluation ³			\$300,000
Administration (up to 5% of allocation)			\$1,074,312
Total HPRR Amount Budgeted			\$21,486,240

¹ Financial assistance includes the following activities as detailed in the HPRR Notice: short-term rental assistance, medium-term rental assistance, security deposits, utility deposits, utility payments, moving cost assistance, and motel or hotel vouchers.

² Housing relocation and stabilization services include the following activities as detailed in the HPRR Notice: case management, outreach, housing search and placement, legal services, mediation, and credit repair.

³ Data collection and evaluation includes costs associated with operating HUD-approved homeless management information systems for purposes of collecting unduplicated counts of homeless persons and analyzing patterns of use of HPRR funds.

SUBSTANTIAL AMENDMENT TO YEAR 34 CONSOLIDATED PLAN NEIGHBORHOOD STABILIZATION PROGRAM (NSP)

A. AREAS OF GREATEST NEED

To assist in determining the geographic areas of greatest need in Philadelphia, the City has considered the foreclosure and abandonment risk score developed by HUD. This score, on a scale of 1 to 10, suggests the areas of the city where foreclosure and abandonment are most likely to occur. Within Philadelphia, census tract level data was available on

- The percentage of "high cost" loans as reflected in Federal Reserve Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA) data on loans made between 2004 and 2006.
- Residential units vacant for more than 90 days, as recorded by the U. S. Postal Service as of June 2008.

HUD also used unemployment and price depreciation data in determining the risk score. These data, however, are not available for the city by census tract and so do not affect the risk score within the city.

FIGURE ONE - FORECLOSURE AND ABANDONMENT RISK SCORE

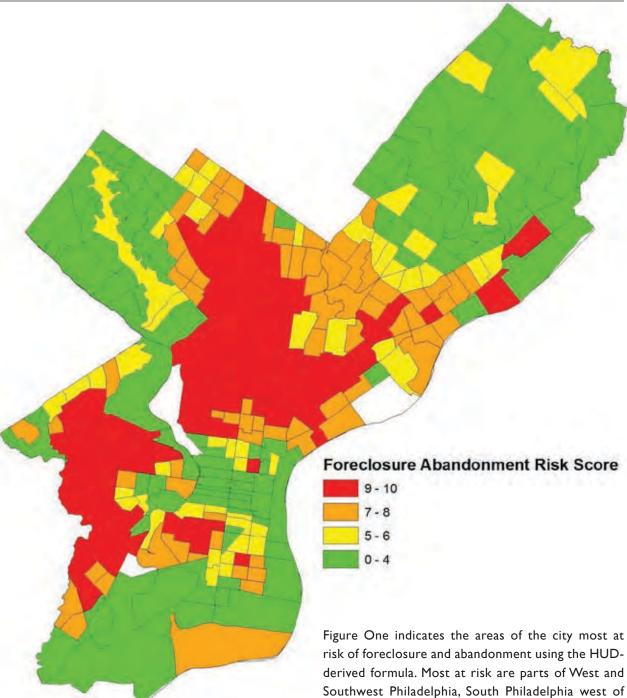


Figure One depicts the Foreclosure and Abandonment Risk Score by Census Tract for the City of Philadelphia, as compiled by HUD. Census tracts with scores of 9 and 10 are coded as red, 7 and 8 as orange, 5 and 6 as yellow and 0 to 4 as green. A higher score indicates a greater risk for mortgage foreclosure or abandonment.

Southwest Philadelphia, South Philadelphia west of Broad Street, North Philadelphia, East Germantown, Oak Lane, Olney, Lower Northeast and Frankford.

Figure One overstates the risk of foreclosure in areas of longstanding blight and abandonment since U. S. Postal Service (USPS) data does not distinguish vacancy due to foreclosure from vacancy due to longstanding abandonment and disinvestment.

FIGURE TWO - U. S. POSTAL SERVICE VACANCY DATA

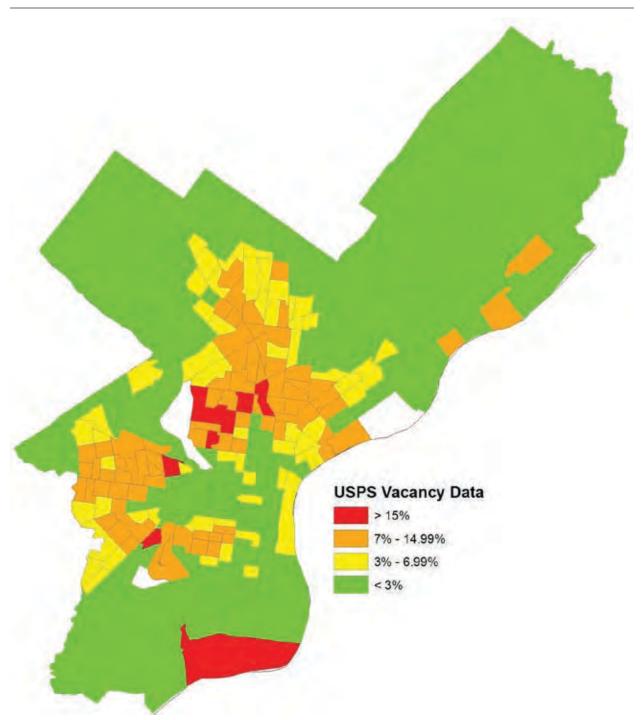
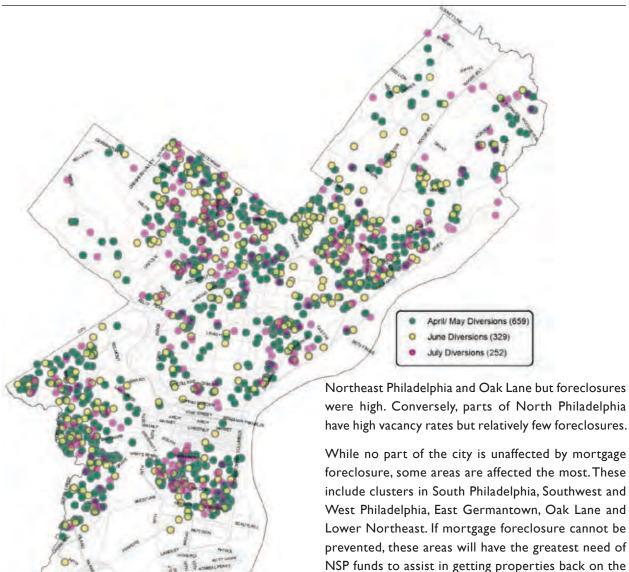


Figure Two shows USPS vacancy data which was incorporated in the HUD-derived risk score. This figure maps properties that had been vacant for more than 90 days as of June 2008. Areas of the city which have higher risk scores because of the vacancy factor include parts of North Philadelphia, West

Philadelphia and Kensington. These areas, where large scale abandonment and vacancy date to the loss of manufacturing and population over many years, are not the areas most affected by the present mortgage foreclosure crisis.

FIGURE THREE - OWNER-OCCUPIED PROPERTIES SCHEDULED FOR MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE, APRIL - JULY 2008



The City's actual experience with foreclosures indicates a somewhat different pattern. Figure Three shows owner-occupied residential properties which were scheduled for mortgage foreclosure sale from April through July 2008. Through court action, foreclosure of these properties was "diverted" until the owner and lien holder met in a conciliation conference aimed at stopping the foreclosure process. Figure Three shows that USPS vacancy data is not a good predictor of concentrations of mortgage foreclosures in Philadelphia. For example, vacancy is very low in Lower

B. Distribution and Uses of Funds

market and occupied.

As required by statute, the City will target funds to the areas of greatest need, including those with the greatest percentage of home foreclosures, the highest percentage of homes financed by a subprime loan and those identified as likely to face a significant rise in the rate of home foreclosures. In order to make targeting decisions, several sources of data have been examined.

Figure Three indicates the areas of the city presently facing mortgage foreclosure.

FIGURE FOUR - PERCENTAGE OF HIGH-COST MORTGAGES BY CENSUS TRACT, LOANS ORIGINATED 2004-2006

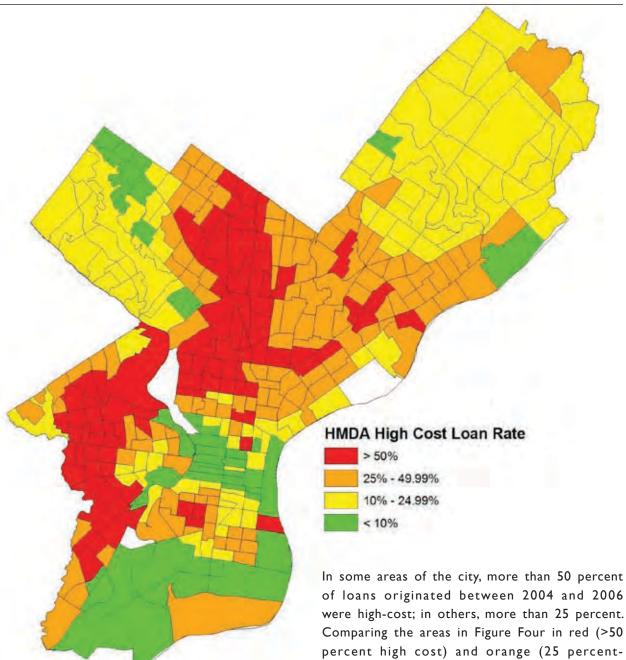
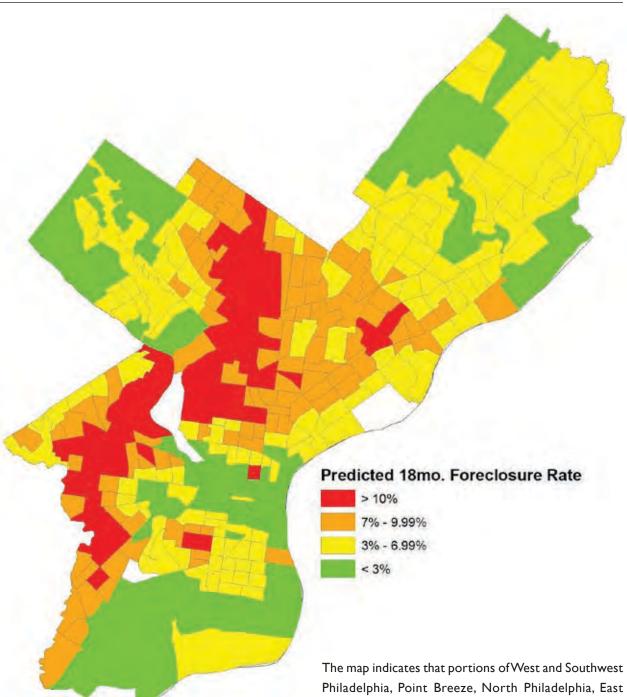


Figure Four indicates the areas with the greatest percentage of "high-cost" mortgages made between 2004 and 2006. This map uses data provided by HUD from the Federal Reserve's Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA). It shows the percentage of all loans made between 2004 and 2006 that are high-cost: those with interest rates more than 3 percent above a standard loan rate. This data is a proxy for subprime loans. of loans originated between 2004 and 2006 were high-cost; in others, more than 25 percent. Comparing the areas in Figure Four in red (>50 percent high cost) and orange (25 percent-50 percent high cost) with the areas actually undergoing high numbers of foreclosures (Figure Three) indicates that high-cost loan rates are a good predictor of mortgage foreclosure.

These areas include West and Southwest Philadelphia, Point Breeze, Upper North Philadelphia, East Germantown, Oak Lane, Olney, Frankford, Kensington and Lower Northeast.

FIGURE FIVE - PREDICTED 18-MONTH FORECLOSURE RATE (HUD DATA)



Using data prepared by HUD, Figure Five indicates the likelihood of foreclosures in the coming 18 months. It addresses the third required factor to be considered in distributing funds, areas "likely to face a significant rise in the rate of home foreclosures."

Philadelphia, Point Breeze, North Philadelphia, East German-town, Oak Lane, Olney and Frankford have a very high risk of foreclosure in the future. Areas in orange are also highly likely to experience foreclosures in the next 18 months. These are generally adjacent to the red areas and in particular include portions of Lower Northeast Philadelphia.

Preforeclosure Filings 2007-2008 (YTD) FIGURE SIX -BY ZIP CODE

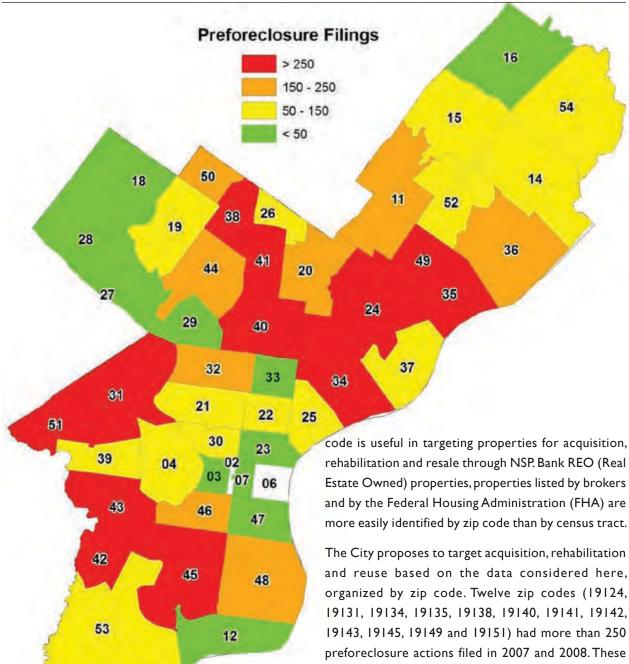


Figure Six indicates the geographic distribution of "Preforeclosure" or initial mortgage foreclosure filings in the City of Philadelphia, by zip code, for 2007 and the first nine months of 2008. This map is very similar to the map of foreclosures in the mortgage diversion program (Figure Three). Organizing by zip

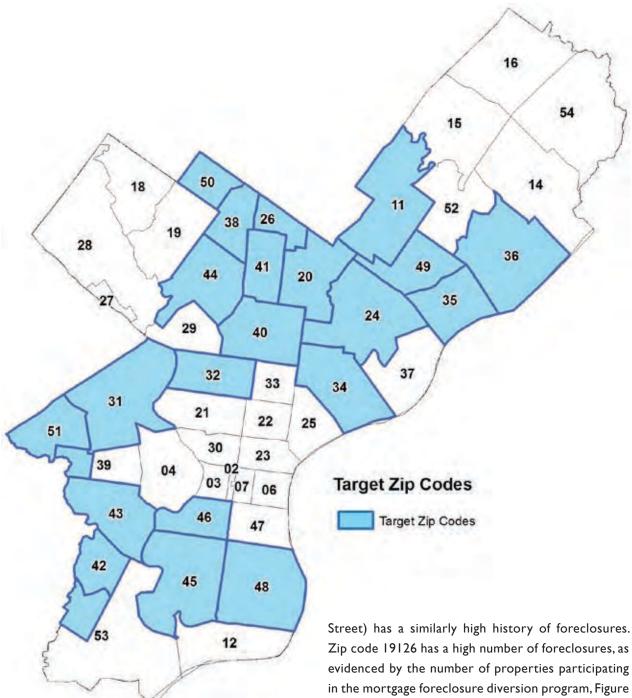
rehabilitation and resale through NSP. Bank REO (Real Estate Owned) properties, properties listed by brokers and by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) are more easily identified by zip code than by census tract.

54

14

The City proposes to target acquisition, rehabilitation and reuse based on the data considered here, organized by zip code. Twelve zip codes (19124, 19131, 19134, 19135, 19138, 19140, 19141, 19142, 19143, 19145, 19149 and 19151) had more than 250 preforeclosure actions filed in 2007 and 2008. These zip codes represented 55 percent of all preforeclosure filings. In Figure Six, these zip codes are shaded red. Eight other zip codes (19111, 19120, 19132, 19136, 19144, 19146, 19148, 19150), which are in orange on Figure Six, had between 150 and 249 filings. These represented 23 percent of preforeclosures. Together, these 20 zip codes represent 78 percent of all preforeclosure actions from 2007 and 2008 to date.

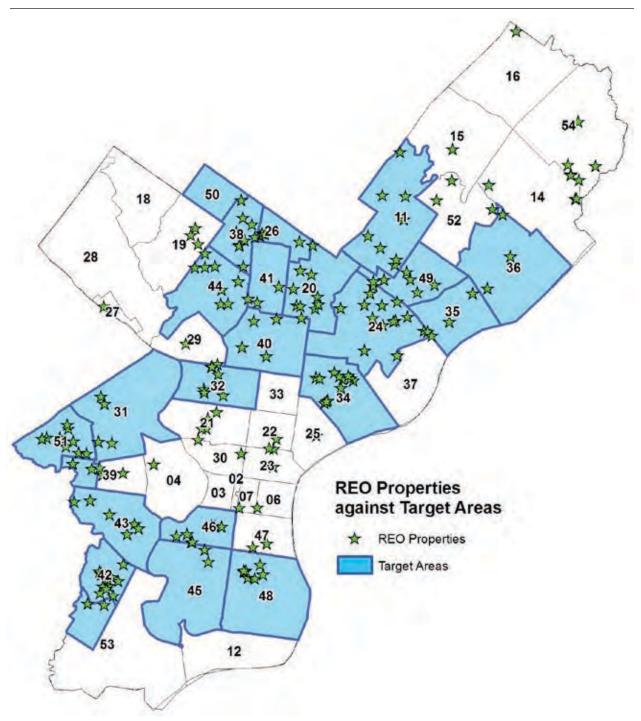
FIGURE SEVEN - TARGET AREAS (ZIP CODES)



Three additional zip codes merit consideration for inclusion in the target area: 19153, 19139 and 19126. The upper portion of 19153, north of 84th Street and west of the Reading Railroad tracks, has had a high number of foreclosures, based on Figures Three, Eight and Nine. The western end of 19139 (west of 52nd

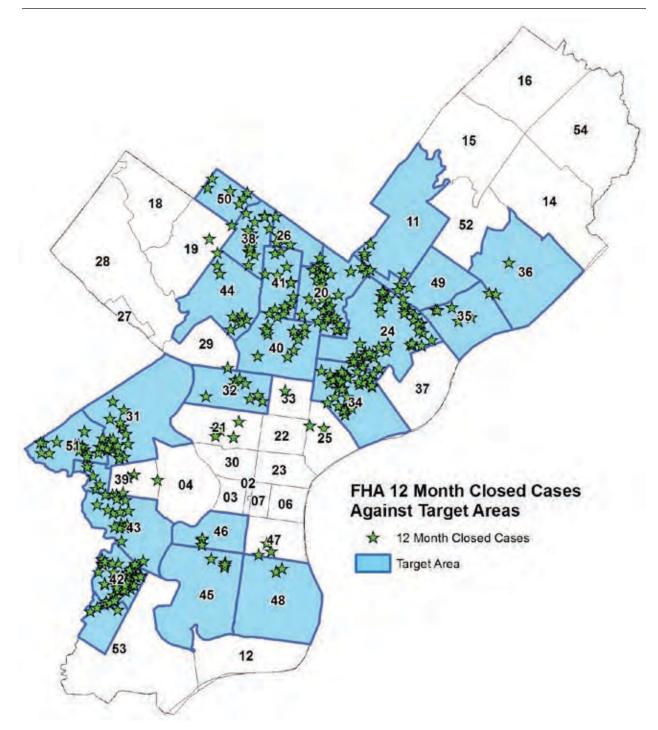
Zip code 19126 has a high number of foreclosures, as evidenced by the number of properties participating in the mortgage foreclosure diversion program, Figure Three. These areas are added to the 20 zip codes previously identified in order to create the City's target area (Figure Seven). The City proposes to target approximately 80 percent of all NSP funds to purchase, rehabilitate and reuse as housing eligible properties in these zip codes or portions of zip codes. The remaining 20 percent of funds will be available citywide.

FIGURE EIGHT - BANK REO PROPERTIES AVAILABLE FOR SALE, OCTOBER 2008



The City has carried out initial research which indicates that the supply of foreclosed properties available for purchase is consistent with the target zip codes. Figure Eight maps 187 properties available for sale from eight bank REOs, as listed on the Internet.

FIGURE NINE - FORECLOSED PROPERTIES SOLD BY FHA IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS



In addition to properties for sale by bank REOs, FHA maintains an inventory of foreclosed properties for sale. FHA properties will be one source of properties to be acquired by the City for NSP. Figure Nine maps FHA properties which were sold in the past 12 months.

Figure Nine indicates an extraordinarily good fit between FHA-foreclosed properties and the City's target zip codes, shown in blue. The City's target zip codes will address the areas of greatest need as required in the NSP regulations.

C. DEFINITIONS AND DESCRIPTIONS

- I. Blighted Structure. Pennsylvania Urban Redevelopment Law contains the following criteria for establishing the presence of blight in a particular area:
- a. Unsafe, unsanitary, inadequate or overcrowded conditions
- b. Inadequate planning
- c. Excessive land coverage
- d. Lack of proper light, air and open space
- e. Faulty street and lot layout
- f. Defective design and arrangement of buildings
- g. Economically or socially undesirable land use

Criteria a, c, d, e, f and g are relevant to the determination that a structure is blighted. Since the City does not intend to demolish properties as part of its use of NSP funds, the definition of Blighted Structure is of limited relevance.

- 2. Affordable Rents. Affordable rental housing means housing for which the household spends no more than 30 percent of its income on housing-related expenses, including rent and utilities, as defined under the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments programs in 24 CFR part 813.
- 3. Continued affordability for NSP-assisted housing. The City adopts the requirements for affordability under the HOME program at 92.252 (Rental Housing) and 92.254 (Homeownership Housing), as summarized below:

Rental Housing Assistance NSP amount per unit	Minimum period of affordability in years		
Under \$15,000	5		
\$15,000 to \$40,000	10		
Over \$40,000	15		
Homeownership Assistance	Minimum period of		
NSP amount per unit	affordability in years		
Under \$15,000	affordability in years 5		
· ·	affordability in years 5		

Continued affordability will be ensured by the recording of liens, deed restrictions or covenants running with the land. The HOME Program Guidelines on pages 158-59 of the Year 34 Consolidated Plan will be the basis for ensuring continued affordability in the NSP. Since NSP may benefit households with incomes up to 120 percent of Area Median Income (AMI), the household income for a new purchaser under Option I is changed from 75 percent to 115 percent for NSP-assisted units with household incomes up to 120 percent of AMI. Any unit sold to a household with an income of less than 50 percent AMI and which was counted as part of the City's requirement to spend at least 25 percent of its NSP funds on households with incomes less than 50 percent AMI must be resold to a household at less than 50 percent AMI if Option I is selected.

4. Housing Rehabilitation Standards. For housing rehabilitation using NSP funds, the City will enforce its building and property maintenance code for existing buildings. The City adopted the 2006 International Existing Building Code through the enactment of Council Bill 060850 on Dec. 20, 2006. This is known as the Philadelphia Existing Building Code (2007 edition). NSP-supported rehabilitation will incorporate energy-efficiency standards appropriate to each structure.

D. LOW-INCOME TARGETING

The City will make available 25 percent (\$4,208,218) of its total NSP award of \$16,832,873 for housing individuals and families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of AMI. It is anticipated that most of this amount will be used for affordable rental housing. Housing units affordable to households with incomes not greater than 50 percent of AMI that are sold to this income group will be counted as satisfying the 25 percent set-aside requirement.

E. Acquisitions and Relocations

The City does not intend to demolish or convert any low- and moderate-income dwelling units as a direct result of NSP-assisted activities. No relocation is planned.

F. Public Comment

OHCD released its Proposed Neighborhood Stabilization Program, the proposed amendment to the Consolidated Plan, on Monday, Nov. 3, 2008, by making copies available on the City's website at www.phila.gov/ohcd/nsp.htm.The City advertised the availability of the proposed amendment in the Philadelphia Inquirer on Nov. 3, the Philadelphia Tribune on Nov. 4 and Al Dia on Nov. 7. A letter was sent to interested parties of record, consistent with OHCD's "Citizen Participation Process for the Consolidated Plan." Printed copies were made available at regional libraries and at OHCD. Public comments on the proposed amendment were solicited until Wednesday, Nov. 19, 2008. OHCD held a briefing on the NSP for members of the Philadelphia City Council on Thursday, Nov. 6. Councilmembers or staff from eight of the 10 Council Districts attended. OHCD also held a meeting with key stakeholders to solicit feedback, including representatives of community development corporations, housing counseling agencies and private developers.

Public Hearing

OHCD held a public hearing on the proposed amendment on Thursday, Nov. 13, 2008. Eight speakers participated in the public hearing. In addition, written comments on the proposed amendment were received by Nov. 19 from 10 people, representing agencies, CDCs, developers, consultants and the general public. Comments were received from the Philadelphia Association of Community Development Corporations, Boat People SOS, Capital Access, Inc., Ceiba, the BlueSquare Realty Group, West Oak Lane CDC, Nicetown CDC, Logan CDC, Pennrose Service Corp., the Philadelphia Housing Authority, the Energy Coordinating Agency, the Greater Philadelphia

Urban Affairs Coalition, Mt Airy Revitalization Corp., Nueva Esperanza, Project H.O.M.E., Diamond & Associates, the Hispanic Association of Contractors & Enterprises and a private citizen.

Comment

The public comments fell into several categories, including the geographic targeting of acquisition and rehabilitation, acquisition methods, and overall implementation issues. Several comments were received about specific projects or issues.

In general, public comment was supportive of OHCD's targeting plan. Several commentators supported the use of supplementary data in determining zip codes to target. Several commentators urged the City to link NSP investment with areas of past City or state investment or with broader neighborhood revitalization strategies.

One commentator suggested a minor change to the target zip codes to include explicitly three areas directly adjacent to the proposed target zip codes.

One commentator suggested adding two zip codes with relatively low foreclosure rates and one suggested waiving the targeting for homeless housing development. In response to comments related to geographic targeting, OHCD has made minor changes to include highly impacted portions of three adjacent zip codes with high foreclosure rates, and has added language to encourage acquisition that supports prior investment or neighborhood revitalization efforts.

Eight commentators urged that redevelopers be allowed to acquire foreclosed-upon properties directly, rather than requiring that all acquisition be carried out by the Redevelopment Authority. Several commentators also asked that the Redevelopers Agreement used by the Redevelopment Authority be revised in order to streamline the acquisition and disposition process. In response to these comments, the City has added language to the activity description to allow for the direct acquisition of properties by redevelopers. The Redevelopment Authority is reviewing its Redevelopers Agreement to determine whether it can be changed or simplified to expedite disposition of property.

Many commentators raised concerns or made suggestions about the implementation of the program. Many supported carrying out the program through community development corporations, either working together, alone, or in partnership with private developers. Several discussed rehabilitation standards to be used, including energy-efficiency standards.

One commentator advocated using minority contractors and neighborhood hiring.

Two commentators advocated the leveraging of other resources with NSP, including the use of federal HOME and CDBG funds.

Two commentators suggested that the funds budgeted for rehabilitation were unrealistically low.

One commentator made detailed suggestions about the redevelopment and contracting process through the Redevelopment Authority.

In response to these comments, the City has added language about energy efficiency to the section on Housing Rehabilitation Standards. The proposed amendment already allows for redevelopment by nonprofit community development corporations as well as for-profit developers. NSP funds are subject to Section 3 requirements and minority participation is part of the Redevelopment Authority's general requirements. Federal HOME and CDBG funds are very scarce and there is no benefit to diverting them as "leverage" to NSP funds. The City has added language to the Activity Description clarifying that it is City policy for rehabilitated properties to be sold at appraised value (but not more than the total NSP investment in the property). The average rehabilitation subsidy is expected to be \$34,000; some properties may require a deeper subsidy which may be recouped through the sales price.

Two commentators sought support for specific redevelopment projects. Both projects are in target zip codes.

One commentator advocated funding new construction rental housing, including rental housing not within the target zip codes. The City is not seeking NSP entitlement funds to carry out new construction housing development because it views this program as primarily one of neighborhood stabilization through the rehabilitation and re-use of short-term vacant, foreclosed properties.

One commentator supported the City's proposed amendment since it does not fund demolition, which can be detrimental to historic preservation.

One commentator advocated using the funds for foreclosure prevention programs, if eligible.

One commentator suggested a longer period of affordability than that provided under the HOME program guidelines, to be consistent with the Commonwealth's proposed NSP amendment. The City has commented on the Commonwealth's proposed amendment to suggest that it allow jurisdictions like Philadelphia which are receiving NSP funds directly from HUD to apply their own, approved definitions, including that for long-term affordability.

Two commentators asked that the City ensure that the program is publicized to persons with limited English proficiency.

G. NSP Information by Activity

I. Activity Name:

Purchase and rehabilitation to sell, rent or redevelop

2. Activity Type:

NSP Eligible Use and CDBG Eligible Activity

NSP Eligible Use	Correlated CDBG Eligible Activities
(B) Purchase and rehabilitate homes and residential	24 CFR 570.201 (a) Acquisition
properties that have been abandoned or foreclosed	(b) Disposition
upon, in order to sell, rent or redevelop such homes	(n) Direct homeownership assistance
or properties.	
	24 CFR 570.202 Eligible rehabilitation and preservation
	activities, including homebuyer counseling for those taking
	part in the activity.

3. National Objective:

Low, Moderate, or Middle Income (LMM) Housing.

4. Activity Description:

The City proposes to use its NSP funding to acquire, rehabilitate and reuse as housing, properties which have been foreclosed upon. The Redevelopment Authority (RDA) may purchase, at a discount, properties from the FHA or bank REOs or other foreclosed properties and make the properties available to redevelopers (either nonprofit or forprofit) to rehabilitate. The RDA may fund developers to acquire, at a discount, properties directly from the FHA or bank REOs or other foreclosed properties. The redeveloper will sell the properties to homebuyers or hold the properties as rental housing. Upon resale to a new homeowner, the City will recover as program income the sales proceeds, with the rehabilitation subsidy and related costs (soft costs, developer fees, etc.) remaining in the deal as a program cost or grant. It is City policy to sell properties for the full appraised value after rehabilitation, provided that value does not exceed a price affordable to an income-eligible household. The sale price of NSP-

supported properties will not exceed the total NSP investment, consistent with NSP regulations.

This activity will address the areas of greatest need, identified as areas which have had substantial foreclosure activity and which are expected to have substantial foreclosure activity in the future. These areas, based on the analysis of data presented in Sections A and B, are identified as 23 targeted zip codes or portions of zip codes. Funds for this NSP activity (purchase and rehabilitation to sell, rent or redevelop) will be used to meet the low-income housing requirement for those below 50 percent of AMI.

5. Location Description:

Specific addresses and blocks have not been identified. Specific addresses will be selected as consistent with the areas (zip codes) of greatest need as identified in the overall narrative. Approximately 80 percent of funds will be used in 23 targeted zip codes or portions of zip codes shown in Figure Seven. The remaining funds will be available for use citywide. In selecting specific properties, the City will consider properties which support prior investment or support a broader revitalization or stabilization strategy.

6. Performance Measures

Activity Percent	Units <50 Percent AMI	Units 51-80 Percent AMI	Units 81-120 AMI
Acquisition	45	70	65
Rehabilitation	45	70	65
Demolition	0	0	0

The performance measures are based on an average acquisition price of \$50,000 per property. This figure is based on a 15-percent discount from the listed sales price of 447 properties in targeted zip codes which are currently offered by bank REOs (Figure Eight) or which were sold in the previous 12 months by FHA (Figure Nine). Subsidy costs are estimated at \$34,000 per unit.

7. Total Budget:

The budget for this activity is \$15,149,585, which is 90 percent of the total allocation to the City of \$16,832,873. The remaining 10 percent will be used for administrative costs as allowed by regulation.

Reserved for Acquisition, Rehabilitation and	
Reuse <50 percent AMI:	\$4,208,218
Balance available for activities benefiting	
households up to 120 percent AMI:	\$10.941,368
Administrative	
(Administration and Planning)	\$1,683,287
Total funding:	\$16,832,873

Program income received from the resale of properties will increase this budget and the number of housing units produced within the allowed five-year period.

The initial budget (before earned program income) will allow the purchase, rehabilitation and reuse of approximately 185 housing units. No private funding is anticipated.

8. Responsible Organization:

Philadelphia Redevelopment Authority

The Philadelphia Redevelopment Authority (RDA), acting for itself or through selected redevelopers, will carry out this activity under contract to the Office of Housing and Community Development. RDA is a quasi-governmental body organized under state law. Name, location and administrator contact information:

Terry Gillen, Executive Director
Philadelphia Redevelopment Authority
1234 Market St., 16th floor
Philadelphia PA 19107
215-854-6603

9. Projected Start Date:

Jan. 15, 2009

10. Projected End Date:

July 14, 2010

II. Specific Activity Requirements:

■ Discount Rate for Acquisition

City adopts the 15-percent overall portfolio discount standard with no single property to be acquired at less than a 5-percent discount from current market value, determined through an appraisal not less than 60 days old.

■ Duration or Term of Assistance

As stated, the City is adopting the federal HOME requirements for long-term affordability. Since new construction is not anticipated, the maximum period of affordability will be 15 years.

Tenure of Beneficiaries (Homeownership or Rental)

It is anticipated that approximately 75 percent of units will be redeveloped as homeownership units. Approximately 25 percent of the units produced will be redeveloped as rental housing, incomerestricted to serve beneficiaries with household incomes of no more than 50 percent of AMI. The

City expects to meet the 25 percent of funding to households up to 50 percent AMI primarily through the production of rental housing units. Some units that are redeveloped may be sold to low-income buyers (<50 percent AMI).

How Continued Affordability will be Ensured

As stated, long-term affordability will be ensured through the recording of liens or covenants running with the land, consistent with the federal HOME program.

SUBSTANTIAL AMENDMENT TO YEAR 34 CONSOLIDATED PLAN AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

As part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA), local communities receiving entitlement funding under the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program were awarded additional one-time CDBG funds. As an entitlement community, the City of Philadelphia will receive \$14,046,629 in CDBG funds from ARRA. These funds are known as CDBG-R funds.

As stated in the HUD guidance,

While grantees have the full range of CDBG eligible activities at their disposal for CDBG-R, Congress clearly intends that CDBG-R funds should primarily be invested in economic development, housing, infrastructure and other public facilities that will quickly spur further economic investment, increased energy efficiency and job creation or retention. In seeking activities for CDBG-R funding, grantees should keep in mind that some eligible activities under the Housing and Community Development Act are unlikely to substantively address the intent of the Recovery Act.

HUD requires grantees to give priority to projects than can award contracts based on bids within 120 days from the date funds are made available, will ensure maximum job creation and economic benefit. The City is proposing to fund activities with CDBG-R that are consistent with Congressional intent, which emphasize projects "ready to go," which leverage other funds, create jobs and assist those most affected by the recession.

HUD has issued guidance detailing the application process and requirements for these funds. The City

must submit a Substantial Amendment to its Year 34 Consolidated Plan by June 5, 2009, to access these funds. While HUD has waived certain local Citizen Participation requirements, the City is required to post its Proposed Substantial Amendment on its web site and to receive Citizen Comments for at least seven days. The City sought City Council approval by Resolution for this Proposed Substantial Amendment, consistent with its Citizen Participation Plan and local requirements. On June 2, 2009, City Council's Finance Committee took public testimony on the Proposed Substantial Amendment. On June 4, 2009, the Finance Committee amended the Proposed Substantial Amendment and the full City Council adopted the Substantial Amendment as amended.

Jurisdiction: City of Philadelphia

Lead Agency: Office of Housing and Community

Development

Jurisdiction Web Address:

www.phila.gov/ohcd

CDBG-R contact person:

Deborah McColloch, Director of Housing

Address: Office of Housing and Community

Development

1234 Market St., 17th floor, Philadelphia, PA 19107

Telephone: 215-686-9750 Fax: 215-686-9801

Email: deborah.mccolloch@phila.gov

The City is following the HUD prescribed outline for its *Proposed Substantial Amendment*:

I. Description of activities to be undertaken to address priority needs and objectives, including other Recovery Act funding to be used and total activity budget from all funding sources, using a HUD-prescribed spreadsheet.

This information is provided in the chart at right.

ACTIVITIES AND BUDGET - RECOVERY ACT FUNDING

5009	Total Activity Budget (\$)	21,983,145	20,750,000	1,700,000	10,721,000	4,050,000	200'000		59,704,145
Date: June 4, 2009	Other Leveraged Funding (\$)	17,586,516	15,000,000	700,000	9,871,000	3,050,000	0		46,207,516
	Additional Recovery Funds (\$)	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
t: \$14,046,629	CDBG-R Projected Budget (\$)	4,396,629	5,750,000	1,000,000	850,000	1,000,000	200'000	250,000	14,046,629
CDBG-R Formula Grant Amount: \$14,046,629	National Objective Citation	570.208(a)(1) LMA	570.208(a)(3) LMH	570.208(a)(2) LMC	570.208(a)(3) LMH	570.208(a)(3) LMH	570.208(a)(4) LMJ	570.208(d)(4)	
CDBG-R Form	Eligibility (Regulatory or HCDA Citation)	570.203 570.204	570.202 570.204 570.201(c)	570.201(e)	570.202	570.201(e)	570.203 570.204	570.205 570.206	
r of Philadelphia	Activity Description	Gap financing for projects that have seen a reduction in debt or other financing as a result of the recession and are seeking financing to complete the project. Anticipated loans will range between \$100,000 and \$1,000,000, in addition to already committed senior lending. This product will target businesses on commercial corridors that both support the surrounding community and are accessible to regional residents by public transportation.	Provide gap financing for shovel-ready affordable housing rehabilitation. or eligible new construction development	Support housing counseling, legal services and outreach efforts to prevent homeowner mortgage foreclosures.	Support repairs to major systems in houses owned by very low- and low-income families.	Provide grants to low-income families who have utility arrearages and are in danger of having utility services discontinued. Utility companies match grants on a dollar for dollar basis.	Grow approximately 10 Creative Industry Businesses with long-term goal of creating new jobs, public revenue and economic development opportunities in under-developed neighborhoods. Eligible applicants are for profit or nonprofit creative industry businesses, or entities representing creative industry businesses.	Eligible administrative and planning activities as allowed.	
Jurisdiction Grantee Name: City of Philadelphia	Activity Name	Transit-Oriented and Livable Communities Commercial Development Fund	Affordable Housing Development	Mortgage Foreclosure Diversion Program	Basic Systems Repair Program	Utility Emergency Services Fund	Creative Industry Workforce Grants	Administration and Planning	

2. Description of how the distribution and uses of the grantee's CDBG-R funds will meet the requirement that priority be given to projects that can award bids within 120 calendar days of the date funds are made available.

Transit-Oriented and Livable Communities Commercial Development Fund.

The competitive Request for Proposals application process has already been established to provide gap financing for shovel ready projects. Requests for Proposals are issued on a monthly basis with one of the requirements being the ability to start construction within 30 days of receipt. The City will only commit to shovel ready projects and therefore they will be given priority because they are the only ones that will receive funding. Priority will be given to projects that can go to loan closing within 120 calendar days after funds are made available to the City.

Affordable Housing Development.

The City has previously committed to support eligible affordable housing development proposals that have development financing gaps or shortfalls. If needed, the City will issue a "short form" Request for Proposals immediately after funds are awarded, with funding priority for projects which can go to loan closing within 120 calendar days after funds are made available to the City.

Mortgage Foreclosure Diversion Program

The City has developed a national model for residential mortgage foreclosure prevention. Full funding to continue this program has not been identified for the period after July I, 2009. At least fifty percent of CDBG-R funds will be placed under contract immediately after July I, 2009, to eligible sub-recipients.

Basic Systems Repair Program

The City's Basic Systems Repair Program has a waiting list of low-income homeowners whose houses need essential repairs. Additional funds for this program will be able to be spent expeditiously.

Utility Emergency Services Fund (UESF)

The City has funded UESF in the past using CDBG funds. CDBG-R funds will be placed under contract as of July 1, 2009 and will be spent expeditiously.

Creative Industry Workforce Grants.

The City has identified a number of potential projects that can use funding within the designated timeline. The majority of Workforce Grants will be provided as gap financing. Construction and renovation projects must be shovel ready

3. Description of how each activity will maximize job creation and economic benefit and will address the Recovery Act by preserving and creating jobs and promoting economic recovery; assisting those most impacted by the recession; providing investment needed to increase economic efficiency; investing in transportation, environmental protection or other infrastructure that will provide long-term economic benefits; minimizing or avoiding reductions in essential services; or fostering energy independence.

Transit-Oriented and Livable Communities Commercial Development Fund.

The Transit Oriented and Livable Communities Commercial Development fund maximizes its economic benefit by leveraging public investment with private funds to create sustainable projects. As a result of the economic recession, many strong Philadelphia businesses have found it very difficult to finance necessary investments in order to grow. This financing constraint is not the result of the companies changing or becoming less financially sound, but from changes to the debt and capital markets. These funds target strong businesses that have been severely hurt by the recession that has crippled banks and made credit almost impossible to obtain. This change in the debt market has made many strong projects unlikely to happen, but for the intervention of the public sector. The City uses commercial bank underwriting standards and follows tested lending criteria to ensure that the

projects are financially sustainable, will be successful and that the jobs created will exist long after the public funding stops.

The leverage of using these funds with private investment from banks or capital investors allows these dollars to have a greater economic impact. Through the existing gap financing product the City was able to achieve leverage of four private dollars invested for every one dollar of public money creating or retaining 467 full-time equivalent jobs. The leverage allows a small investment to have a greater impact on the Philadelphia economy.

The Transit Oriented and Livable Communities Commercial Development fund is targeted to neighborhood businesses that are either unable to grow because of the freeze in the credit markets or need capital to stabilize unpredictable revenues. It is required, as part of the funding, that businesses either retain or create jobs in order to qualify for the program.

Small businesses have been particularly hit hard by the recession as revenues have dropped and credit markets have frozen making it hard for businesses to have the capital to operate. These funds are targeted at neighborhood businesses that have seen the recession jeopardize or reduce conventional debt and put expansion or capital projects at risk of cancellation.

This activity is targeted toward transit supported projects that have access to multiple lines of public transportation (bus, trolley, subway or commuter rail). This may lead to less usage and reliance on cars and therefore reduce the gasoline/oil consumption of both the employees and customers.

Affordable Housing Development

The City's Affordable Housing Program assists those most impacted by the recession by providing affordable rental and homeownership opportunities for those of low- and moderate-income. This activity, which will fill gaps in financing for projects ready to go to construction, will create or retain construction jobs and may reduce the reliance of low income persons on essential government safety-net programs. New

housing construction or rehabilitation will spur economic growth by putting people to work in the depressed construction industry. The City's Affordable Housing Development programs, which support rental, homeownership and special needs development, are described in detail in the Year 34 Consolidated Plan.

Mortgage Foreclosure Diversion Program.

The City's Mortgage Foreclosure Diversion Program assists those most impacted by the recession, in particular, those facing residential mortgage foreclosure. The program includes intensive outreach efforts to those facing foreclosure, court-mediated negotiation with lenders, specialized housing counseling about mortgage workouts and other options, and legal services.

Basic Systems Repair Program.

The City's Basic Systems Repair Program (BSRP) provides repairs to owner-occupied houses in need of essential repair or replacement of roofs, electrical, plumbing and heating systems. The program currently has a waiting list of over 5000 homeowners; these funds can be spent expeditiously to improve service delivery times to very low income families most affected by the recession. The City's BSRP program is described in detail in the Year 34 Consolidated Plan.

Utility Emergency Services Fund.

The Utility Emergency Services Fund assists very lowincome families most impacted by the recession by providing grants to families who have utility arrearages and are in danger of having utilities disconnected.

Creative Industry Workforce Grants.

The Creative Industry Workforce Grants will support shared office space for creative industry businesses, reducing operating costs for existing and new businesses and increasing the subrecipients' economic efficiency. Subrecipients with decreased operating costs will be better positioned to retain and hire new employees and make growth investments. Grants will also support the creation of new or renovated mixeduse facilities and creative industry incubators, designed to attract new businesses and new jobs. In the case of rehabilitation and new construction, energy-efficient developments will receive priority.

4. Number of full- and part-time jobs estimated to be created and retained by the activity (including permanent, construction and temporary jobs).

Transit-Oriented and Livable Communities Commercial Development Fund

This activity will create approximately 425 construction jobs and 186 permanent jobs.

Affordable Housing Development.

This activity will create or retain approximately 700 construction jobs and 45 permanent jobs.

Mortgage Foreclosure Diversion Program.

This activity will create or retain approximately 10 permanent jobs.

Basic Systems Repair Program.

This activity will create or retain approximately 10 construction jobs.

Utility Emergency Services Fund.

This activity will retain approximately 6 jobs.

Creative Industry Workforce Grants.

This activity will create approximately 15 full-time equivalent permanent jobs and six construction jobs.

5. Description of the activities that will be carried out with CDBG-R funds that promote energy conservation, smart growth, green building technologies or reduced pollution emissions.

Transit-Oriented and Livable Communities Commercial Development Fund

Since these funds are targeted toward transit supported projects, they promote energy conservation, smart growth and reduced pollution emissions. This program will fund projects that have "a variety of transit options" and "the creation of walkable neighborhoods", two of the EPA's Smart Growth Objectives. The U. S. Green Building Council gives I point toward LEED certification, a standard to measure the environmental impact of buildings, for projects with access to public transit. Similarly, transit supported projects require less reliance on cars by

both employees and customers, therefore reducing emissions as well as the consumption of oil/gasoline. Finally, the Transit Oriented and Livable Communities Commercial Development fund finances capital improvements and where applicable, will require the use of energy efficient products and construction materials to conserve energy.

Affordable Housing Development.

The City has adopted Energy Star as the minimum acceptable standard in its affordable housing program. The City has a history of supporting progressively more stringent energy efficiency standards in its housing program, including weather-sealing and testing, insulation and energy efficient appliances and products.

Basic Systems Repair Program.

The City's BSRP works in conjunction with its Weatherization Assistance Program; houses in need of repairs in order to weatherize them are eligible for BSRP grants.

Utility Emergency Services Fund.

Intake sites for Utility Emergency Services Fund clients are also Neighborhood Energy Centers. Clients receive referrals to all available energy conservation services, including weatherization services. Thus clients receive financial assistance to cure utility bill arrearages, and also receive assistance in reducing energy useage in the future.

Creative Industry Workforce Grants.

The Creative Industry Workforce Grants will prioritize projects that promote energy conservation, smart growth, green building technologies or reduced pollution emissions.

6. Information on how to contact grantee program administrators

Transit-Oriented and Livable Communities Commercial Development Fund

Andrew Frishkoff, Director of Neighborhood and Economic Development, Commerce Department 1515 Arch St., 12th Floor, Philadelphia, PA 19102 215-683-2026

andrew.frishkoff@phila.gov

Affordable Housing Development, Mortgage Foreclosure Diversion Program, Utility Emergency Services Fund and Basic Systems Repair Program

Deborah McColloch, Director of Housing
Office of Housing and Community Development
1234 Market St., 17th Floor, Philadelphia, PA 19107
215-686-9750

deborah.mccolloch@phila.gov

Creative Industry Workforce Grants

Gary P. Steuer, Chief Cultural Officer
Office of Arts, Culture and the Creative Economy
708 City Hall, Philadelphia, PA 19107
215-686-3989
gary.steuer@phila.gov

7. Public Comments

The City advertised the availability of the Proposed Substantial Amendment in three newspapers (the Philadelphia Inquirer, Philadelphia Tribune, and Al Dia) and posted the full Proposed Substantial Amendment on its website on May 15, 2009. The newspaper advertisements and website indicated that public comments would be received until May 29, 2009, thus exceeding the HUDrequired seven day comment period. The City also posted a summary of the Proposed Substantial Amendment in Spanish on its web site. On May 18, 2009, the City mailed a summary of the Proposed Substantial Amendment to its mailing list of individuals and organizations that have asked to be notified as part of the Consolidated Plan Citizen Participation Process, again seeking public comment until May 29, 2009. The City held a briefing for City Council members and their staffs (which was also open to the public) on May 28, 2009, and City Council's Finance Committee held a public hearing on the Proposed Substantial Amendment on June 2, 2009.

The City received four written comments from organizations on the *Proposed Consolidated Plan*. Three proposals advocated for a larger percentage of CDBG-R funds to be allocated to affordable housing programs than was proposed. One proposal from a community development corporation listed a variety of projects

and proposals that it asserted could benefit from an allocation of CDBG-R funds. One proposal supported the inclusion of funding for the Mortgage Foreclosure Diversion Program in the City's Substantial Amendment. One proposal discussed the need to link transit-oriented development projects to affordable housing developments in a comprehensive fashion.

At the public hearing conducted by City Council's Finance Committee on June 2, 2009, five speakers addressed CDBG-R funding. One speaker advocated for funding for the Utility Emergency Services Fund. Three speakers supported the inclusion of funding for the Mortgage Foreclosure Diversion Program. One speaker also advocated for additional funding for affordable housing programs. One speaker requested administrative support to assist his firm in creating jobs.

On June 4, 2009, City Council's Finance Committee adopted an amendment to the *Proposed Substantial Amendment*. The amendment increased CDBG-R funds for affordable housing development and provided CDBG-R funds for the Utility Emergency Services Fund. These changes are reflected in the *Substantial Amendment* being submitted to HUD and are incorporated in this document.

8. Other Program Requirements

Administration and Planning Cap.

This activity is budgeted at \$550,000, less than 4 percent of the total CDBG-R allocation.

Public Services Cap.

Two activities (Mortgage Foreclosure Diversion Program and Utility Emergency Services Fund) are qualified as Public Services. The total for these two activities is \$2 million, or 14.24 percent of the total CDBG-R allocation.

Evidence that at least 70 percent of the grant amount will benefit persons of low- and moderate- income.

All activities are proposed to be qualified as low income, under 24 CFR 570.208(a). In addition, the City of Philadelphia Code requires that no less than 75 percent of CDBG funds, exclusive of program administration funds, benefit persons of low- and moderate-income.

Guide to Agencies and Programs

AACO — AIDS Activity Coordinating Office

BSRP — Basic Systems Repair Program

CDBG — Community Development Block Grant
CDC — Community Development Corporation

DBH/MRS — Department of Behavioral Health/Mental Retardation Services

DCED — Department of Community and Economic Development (Pennsylvania)

ECA — Energy Coordinating Agency
ESG — Emergency Shelter Grant

FY — Fiscal Year

GA — General Assistance

HRP — Homeownership Rehabilitation Program

HOPWA — Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS

HTF — Housing Trust Fund

HUD — U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
 L&I — Licenses and Inspections Department (Philadelphia)

NAC — Neighborhood Advisory Committee
 NBO — Neighborhood-Based Organization
 NTI — Neighborhood Transformation Initiative

OHCD — Office of Housing and Community Development (Philadelphia)

OSH — Office of Supportive Housing

PCDC — Philadelphia Commercial Development Corp.

PDPH — Philadelphia Department of Public Health

PHA — Philadelphia Housing Authority

PHDC — Philadelphia Housing Development Corp.
 PHFA — Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency
 PIDC — Philadelphia Industrial Development Corp.

PNDC — Philadelphia Neighborhood Development Collaborative

PWDC — Philadelphia Workforce Development Corp.

RDA — Redevelopment Authority of Philadelphia

RFP — Request for Proposal

SBRLF — Small Business Revolving Loan Fund

SHARP — Senior Housing Assistance Repair Program

SVLAP — Small Vacant Lot Abatement Program

TBSRP — Targeted Basic Systems Repair Program

THPP — Targeted Housing Preservation Program

TNCA — Targeted Neighborhood Commercial Area

VPRC — Vacant Property Review Committee

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 01/31/2009

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424 Version 02						
*1. Type of Subm	nission:	*2. Typ	e of Application	on * If Revision, select appropriate letter(s)		
☐ Preapplication	า	⊠ New				
		Continuation *Other (Specify)				
☐ Changed/Cor	rected Application	☐ Revi	ision			
3. Date Received	d: 4.	Applicar	nt Identifier:			
June 5, 2009			18003	47		
5a. Federal Entity	y Identifier:			*5b. Federal Award Identifier:		
State Use Only:						
6. Date Received	d by State:		7. State Ap	plication Identifier:		
8. APPLICANT I	NFORMATION:					
*a. Legal Name:	City of Philadelphia-	- Housing	g and Commu	nity Development, Office of		
*b. Employer/Tax	payer Identification N	lumber (l	EIN/TIN):	*c. Organizational DUNS:		
23-6003047				62-390-0487		
d. Address:						
*Street 1:	<u>1234 Marke</u>	et Street,	Suite 1700			
Street 2:						
*City:	<u>Philadelphi</u>	a		<u> </u>		
County:	<u>Philadelphi</u>	a		<u> </u>		
*State:	PA					
Province:						
*Country:						
*Zip / Postal Code	e <u>19107</u>					
e. Organizationa	al Unit:					
Department Name	e: and Community Dev	olonmon		Division Name:		
				ted on matters involving this application:		
Prefix:	Ms.	-		Deborah		
Middle Name:	Wi3.	•	113t Mairie. <u>1</u>	Debotan		
*Last Name:	McColloch					
Suffix:						
Title:	Director of Housing					
Organizational A	ffiliation:					
*Telephone Num	ber: 215-686-9750			Fax Number: 215-686-9801		
*Email: debora	h.mccolloch@phila.g	OV				

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 01/31/2009

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424	Version 02
*9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Type:	
C. City or Township Government	
Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type:	
Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type:	
*Other (Specify)	

*10 Name of Federal Agency: U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	
11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:	
<u>14-218</u>	
CFDA Title:	
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG-R)	
*12 Funding Opportunity Number:	
<u>N/A</u>	
*Title:	
riue.	
13. Competition Identification Number:	
<u>N/A</u>	
Title:	
14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):	
City of Philadelphia	
only of a madelpina	
*15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project:	
American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Community Development Block Grant Formula Funding.	

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 01/31/2000

Application f	or Federal Assistance SF	424 Version 02
16, Congression *a. Applicant. F	onal Districts Of: PA-1,2,8, 13	*b. Program/Project: PA 1,2,8,13
17. Proposed *a. Start Date:	Project: March 18, 2009	*b End Date: September 30, 2012
18, Estimated	Funding (\$):	
*a. Federal *b. Applicant *c. State	14,046,628	
*d. Local *e. Other *f. Program Inc	46,207,516	
*g TOTAL	59,704,145	
herein are true, with any resulti	complete and accurate to the ng terms if I accept an award civil, or administrative penaltie	the statements contained in the list of certifications** and (2) that the statements best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assurances** and agree to comply I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or claims may subject s. (U. S. Code, Title 218, Section 1001)
The second second	rtifications and assurances, of	an internet site where you may obtain this list, is contained in the announcement of
Authorized Re	presentative;	
Prefix: Middle Name:	Ms	*First Name: Deborah
*Last Name: Suffix:	McColloch	
*Title: Director	of Housing	
*Telephone Nu	mber: 215-686-9750	Fax Number: 215-686-9801
* Email: debor	ah.mccolloch@phila.gov	
*Signature of A	uthorized Representative:	Unah MC Collab Date Signed: June 5, 2009

CERTIFICATIONS

- (1) **Affirmatively furthering fair housing**. The jurisdiction will affirmatively further fair housing, which means that it will conduct an analysis to identify impediments to fair housing choice within the jurisdiction, take appropriate actions to overcome the effects of any impediments identified through that analysis, and maintain records reflecting the analysis and actions in this regard.
- (2) **Anti-displacement and relocation plan.** The jurisdiction will comply with the acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4601), and implementing regulations at 49 CFR part 24; and it has in effect and is following a residential anti-displacement and relocation assistance plan required under section 104(d) of the housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, in connection with any activity assisted with funding under CDBG-R.
- (3) **Drug Free Workplace.** The jurisdiction will or will continue to provide a drug-free workplace by:
 - 1. Publishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance is prohibited in the grantee's workplace and specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violation of such prohibition;
 - 2. Establishing an ongoing drug-free awareness program to inform employees about
 - (a) The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;
 - (b) The grantee's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;
 - (c) Any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and
 - (d) The penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations occurring in the workplace;
 - 3. Making it a requirement that each employee to be engaged in the performance of the grant be given a copy of the statement required by paragraph 1;
 - 4. Notifying the employee in the statement required by paragraph 1 that, as a condition of employment under the grant, the employee will -
 - (a) Abide by the terms of the statement; and
 - (b) Notify the employer in writing of his or her conviction for a violation of a criminal drug statute occurring in the workplace no later than five calendar days after such conviction;
 - 5. Notifying the agency in writing, within ten calendar days after receiving notice under subparagraph 4(b) from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction. Employers of convicted employees must provide notice, including position title, to every grant officer or other designee on whose grant activity the convicted employee was working, unless the Federal agency has designated a central point for the receipt of such notices. Notice shall include the identification number(s) of each affected grant;
 - 6. Taking one of the following actions, within 30 calendar days of receiving notice under subparagraph 4(b), with respect to any employee who is so convicted:
 - (a) Taking appropriate personnel action against such an employee, up to and including termination, consistent with the requirements of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended; or

- (b) Requiring such employee to participate satisfactorily in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a Federal, State, or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency;
- 7. Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug-free workplace through implementation of paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.
- (4) **Anti-lobbying**. To the best of the jurisdiction's knowledge and belief:
 - 1. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of it, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement;
 - 2. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, it will complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions; and
 - 3. It will require that the language of paragraph 1 and 2 of this anti-lobbying certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.
- (5) **Authority of Jurisdiction**. The jurisdiction possesses the legal authority to carry out the programs for which it is seeking funding, in accordance with applicable HUD regulations and other program requirements.
- (6) **Consistency with Plan**. The housing activities to be undertaken with CDBG-R funds are consistent with its consolidated plan.
- (7) **Section 3**. The jurisdiction will comply with section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701u), and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 135.
- (8) **Community development plan.** The jurisdiction certifies that the consolidated housing and community development plan identifies housing and community development needs and specifies both short-term and long-term community development objectives that have been developed in accordance with the primary objective of the statute authorizing the CDBG program.
- (9) **Following a plan**. The jurisdiction is following a current consolidated plan that has been approved by HUD.
- (10) **Use of funds**. The jurisdiction has developed activities so as to give the maximum feasible priority to activities that will benefit low- and moderate-income families or aid in the prevention of slums or blight. Additional activities may be included that are designed to meet other community development needs having particular urgency because existing conditions pose a serious and immediate threat to the health or welfare of the community where other financial resources are not available to meet such needs It has complied with the following criteria:

- 1. **Maximum Feasible Priority**. With respect to activities expected to be assisted with CDBG-R funds, it certifies that it has developed its Action Plan so as to give maximum feasible priority to activities which benefit low and moderate income families or aid in the prevention or elimination of slums or blight. The Action Plan may also include activities which the grantee certifies are designed to meet other community development needs having a particular urgency because existing conditions pose a serious and immediate threat to the health or welfare of the community, and other financial resources are not available);
- 2. **Special Assessments.** The jurisdiction will not attempt to recover any capital costs of public improvements assisted with CDBG-R funds by assessing any amount against properties owned and occupied by persons of low- and moderate-income, including any fee charged or assessment made as a condition of obtaining access to such public improvements. However, if CDBG-R funds are used to pay the proportion of a fee or assessment attributable to the capital costs of public improvements (assisted in part with CDBG-R funds) financed from other revenue sources, an assessment or charge may be made against the property with respect to the public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG-R funds. The jurisdiction will not attempt to recover any capital costs of public improvements assisted with CDBG-R funds, unless CDBG-R funds are used to pay the proportion of fee or assessment attributable to the capital costs of public improvements financed from other revenue sources. In this case, an assessment or charge may be made against the property with respect to the public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG-R funds. In addition, with respect to properties owned and occupied by moderate-income (but not low-income) families, an assessment or charge may be made against the property with respect to the public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG-R funds if the jurisdiction certifies that it lacks CDBG-R or CDBG funds to cover the assessment.
- (11) **Excessive Force**. The jurisdiction certifies that it has adopted and is enforcing: (1) a policy prohibiting the use of excessive force by law enforcement agencies within its jurisdiction against any individuals engaged in non-violent civil rights demonstrations; and (2) a policy of enforcing applicable State and local laws against physically barring entrance to or exit from a facility or location that is the subject of such non-violent civil rights demonstrations within its jurisdiction.
- (12) **Compliance with anti-discrimination laws**. The CDBG-R grant will be conducted and administered in conformity with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d), the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601-3619), and implementing regulations.
- (13) **Compliance with lead-based paint procedures.** The activities concerning lead-based paint will comply with the requirements of part 35, subparts A, B, J, K, and R of this title.
- (14) **Compliance with laws**. The jurisdiction will comply with applicable laws.
- (15) **Compliance with ARRA.** The jurisdiction will comply with Title XII of Division A of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.
- (16) **Project selection.** The jurisdiction will select projects to be funded, by giving priority to projects that can award contracts based on bids within 120 days from the date the funds are made available to the recipient, and that will ensure maximum job creation and economic benefit.
- (17) **Timeliness of infrastructure investments.** When the jurisdiction uses CDBG-R funds for infrastructure investments, the grantee will give preference to quick-start and finish activities, including a goal to use at least 50 percent of the funds for activities within 120 days of enactment of the Recovery Act.

- (18) **Buy American provision.** The jurisdiction will ensure that all iron, steel and manufactured goods used in construction, alteration, repair, or maintenance of a public building or public work project assisted with CDBG-R funds under the Recovery Act must be produced in the United States unless the Secretary finds that: (1) the requirement is inconsistent with public interest; (2) those goods are not reasonably available or produced in sufficient quantity in the U.S.; (3) or the use of the goods will increase the project cost by more than 25 percent.
- (19) **Appropriate use of funds for infrastructure investments.** The Governor, mayor, or other chief executive, as appropriate certifies, that any infrastructure investments have received the full review and vetting required by law and that the chief executive accepts responsibility that the infrastructure investment is an appropriate use of taxpayer dollars. Alternatively, a grantee's chief elected official certifies that infrastructure investments will receive the full review and vetting required by law and that the chief executive accepts responsibility that the infrastructure investment is an appropriate use of taxpayer dollars.
- (20) **70% of CDBG-R for LMI.** The aggregate use of CDBG-R funds shall principally benefit persons of low and moderate income in a manner that ensures that at least 70 percent of the grant is expended for activities that benefit such persons over the life of the CDBG-R grant.

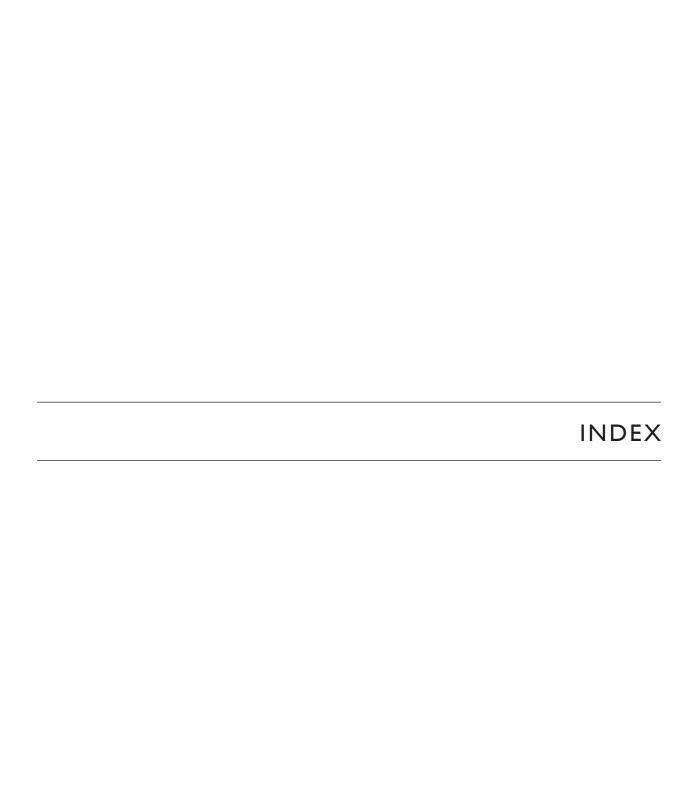
Signature/Authorized Official

dunah Mc Colleb

June 5, 2009

Date

Director, Philadelphia Office of Housing and Community Development Title



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