City of Philadelphia

Legislation Details (With Text)

File #:	180937-A	Version: 1	Name:				
Туре:	Bill		Status:	ENACTED			
File created:	10/25/2018		In control	: Committee on Public Health and Human Services			
On agenda:			Final acti	on: 5/23/2019			
Title:	Amending Chapter 6-200 of The Philadelphia Code, entitled "Preventive Medicine," to establish requirements for the testing of blood lead levels in children, all under certain terms and conditions.						
Sponsors:	Councilmember Reynolds Brown						
Indexes:	LEAD-BASED PAINT						
Code sections:	6-200 - Preventive Medicine						
Attachments:	1. Bill No. 180937-A01, As Amended on Floor.pdf, 2. CertifiedCopy180937-A01						

Date	Ver.	Action By	Action	Result	Tally
6/5/2019	1	MAYOR	SIGNED		
5/23/2019	1	CITY COUNCIL			
5/9/2019	0	CITY COUNCIL			
5/9/2019	1	CITY COUNCIL			
5/9/2019	1	CITY COUNCIL			
3/19/2019	0	Committee on Public Health and Human Services			
3/19/2019	0	Committee on Public Health and Human Services			
3/19/2019	0	Committee on Public Health and Human Services			
10/25/2018	0	CITY COUNCIL	Introduced and Referred	Pass	

Amending Chapter 6-200 of The Philadelphia Code, entitled "Preventive Medicine," to establish requirements for the testing of blood lead levels in children, all under certain terms and conditions.

THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA HEREBY ORDAINS:

SECTION 1. Chapter 6-200 of The Philadelphia Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

CHAPTER 6-200. PREVENTIVE MEDICINE

* * *

§ 6-207. [Reserved.] Testing Lead Levels in Children.

(1) A physician who, for any reason, is treating a child between the ages of 9 months and 21 months whose blood lead level has not previously been tested after nine months of age shall test the blood lead level of the child at the first practical opportunity.

(2) A physician treating a child between the ages of 21 months and 72 months whose blood lead level has not been tested once after the age of 21 months shall test the blood lead level of the child at the first practical opportunity.

(3) Exemptions.

(a) A child shall not be tested in connection with a treatment visit if the physician or his or her designee certifies in writing that blood lead level testing may be detrimental to the health of the child.

(b) A child shall not be tested if the child's parent or guardian objects in writing to the testing on religious, moral, ethical or other grounds.

(4) The Board of Health shall establish by regulation rules regarding lead testing of children, including special testing for high risk groups of children, additional testing of lead-poisoned children and preferred methods of testing.

(5) The results of any such testing for blood lead level shall be reported to the Department pursuant to such requirements as may be determined by the Board of Health by regulation.

(6) The Department of Public Health shall conduct a public information campaign, including through the distribution of culturally and linguistically appropriate information, that educates physicians and the public on the requirements of this Section 6-207.

SECTION 2. This Ordinance shall be effective immediately.

Explanation:

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted. *Italics* indicate new matter added.